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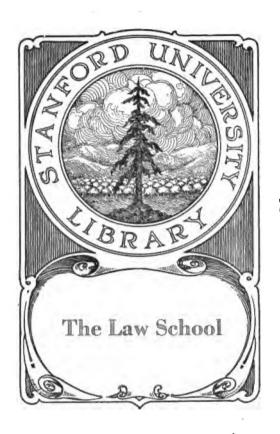
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STATUTES

OF THE

PROVINCE OF CANADA

PASSED IN THE

1447

NINETEENTH AND TWENTIETH YEARS OF THE REIGN OF HER MAJESTY

QUEEN VICTORIA

AND IN THE SECOND SESSION OF THE FIFTH PARLIAMENT OF CANADA.

Begun and holden at Toronto on the Fifteenth of February, in the year of Our Lord One thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-Six.



HIS EXCELLENCY

SIR EDMUND WALKER HEAD, BARONET, GOVERNOR GENERAL.

TORONTO:

PRINTED BY STEWART DERBISHIRE & GEORGE DESBARATS,

Law Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

Anno Domini, 1856.

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DEC & MAC



ANNO **DECIMO-NONO**

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

CAP. I.

An Act to provide for the holding of an additional Term of the Appeal Side of the Court of Queen's Bench for Lower Canada, in the present year.

[Assented to 21st April, 1856.]

THEREAS it has been found inconsistent with the other Preamble. duties of the Judges of the Court of Queen's Bench for Lower Canada, that sittings of the Appeal Side of the said Court should be regularly held and the business before the Court proceeded with, in the March Term of the present year, and it is therefore expedient that another Term should be held for the despatch of such business: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. A Term of the Appeal Side of the said Court of Queen's An additional Bench shall be held in the City of Montreal from the seventh Term to be to the twenty-fourth day, both inclusive, of the month of May in held in 1856, and at what the present year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, to time. which Term all the provisions of the Act constituting the said Court and all other provisions of law shall apply as they do to the Terms mentioned in the said Act: Provided always, that Proviso: as to any thing which ought to have been done in the March Term things which of the Appeal Side of the said Court, but could not be done by should have been done at reason of the non-sitting or the want of a quorum of the Court the March on any day in the said March Term, shall and may be done Term. with the same legal effect on any day in the Term to be held under this Act which the said Court shall appoint for the purpose, so that no legal right of any party shall be lost or impaired by the non-sitting of the said Court in the March Term, or by the lapse of time between it and the Term to be held under this Act

CAP. II.

An Act to authorize the commutation of claims on Ordnance Lands, upon the transfer of such lands to the Province.

[Assented to 21st April, 1856.]

Preamble. 18 V. c. 91,

THEREAS by the Act passed in the now last Session of the Provincial Parliament, and intituled, An Act relating to the Ordnance Lands and Naval and Military Reserves in this Province, and for other purposes, the Governor in Council is empowered to accept the transfer of the lands and property mentioned in the said Act, on such terms and conditions as he may agree upon with Her Majesty's Imperial Government; And whereas the Military Pensioners have been located upon certain of the said lands at Toronto, London, Niagara, Penetanguishene, Amherstburg and Fort Erie, by the Military authorities, and have thereby acquired certain claims upon the said lands. and it has been agreed between Her Majesty's Imperial Government and the Governor in Council, that the said claims on the lands at Toronto, London and Niagara, shall be commuted upon the transfer of the said lands, for a pension of four pounds sterling per annum for life to each of the pensioners located thereon (in number amounting to five hundred) to be paid by this Province: And whereas it may be desirable to effect a like commutation of the claims of the pensioners located on the said lands at Penetanguishene, Amherstburg and Fort Erie, and also to make allowances for such improvements as may have been actually made thereon, according to the original written conditions of location: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Life annuities ed to pension-ers on certain Lands in lieu of their claims

I. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to authorize may be grant- the payment out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, of a life. annuity not exceeding four pounds sterling per annum, to each pensioner located as aforesaid upon the said Ordnance Lands at Toronto, London and Niagara, in consideration of the transfer of the said lands to the Province, and in lieu of all claims of the said pensioners thereon,—provided the number of such pensioners do not exceed five hundred.

The same as to certain other Lands. Allowance for improvements.

II. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, in consideration of the transfer of the said lands at Penetanguishene, Amherstburg and Fort Erie, to authorize the payment of a like annuity out of the said Fund to each of the Pensioners located thereon, and of such further sum for his actual improvements, as he shall be entitled to according to the conditions of his location, such annuity and sum to be in lieu of all his claims upon such land; provided the number of such pensioners do not exceed two hundred, and that the sum paid to any such pensioner pensioner for improvements do not exceed the amount regulated Total amount by such conditions.

III. The said annuities and sums shall be a charge upon the How paid and said Consolidated Revenue Fund, and shall be paid and accounted for. accounted for in like manner as other sums charged thereon.

CAP. III.

An Act to amend the Act for establishing Freedom of Banking.

[Assented to 21st April, 1856.]

TATHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Act for establish- Preamble. ing Freedom of Banking, in the manner hereinafter mentioned: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The thirteenth Section of the Act passed in the Session Section 13 of held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's 13 & 14 V. Reign, and chaptered twenty-one, is hereby repealed, and the cd: and a new following section shall be substituted in lieu thereof:

section substi-

"No individual Banker shall make or issue Bank Notes, Provincial and no Joint Stock Association shall commence the business of securities to be Banking, until they shall have respectively deposited in the fore commenhands of the Receiver General, for the purposes of this Act, cing business, Debentures or other securities issued by, or the payment of the and to what principal and interest whereof is guaranteed by the Government of this Province, under the authority of the Legislature thereof, or secured upon the Upper Canada or the Lower Canada Municipal Loan Fund, and bearing interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, (or if bearing a less rate of interest, then to proportionally greater amounts) to amounts not less than those hereinaster mentioned, that is to say:

Any Joint Stock Association, to the amount of not less than Twenty-Five Thousand Pounds;

Any individual Banker, to the amount of not less than Twenty-Five Thousand Pounds:

The value of the said Debentures or securities being reckoned Value to be at par, and the same being held by the Receiver General in par. pledge for the due redemption of the Bank Notes of the Bank by which they are deposited, and the interest thereon being paid over to such Bank, as the same shall accrue, except as hereinafter provided."

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Which said Section shall be construed as the thirteenth Section of the said Act.

Previes to section 14 repealed. II. The Proviso to the fourteenth Section of the said Act shall be and the same is hereby repealed, and the following Proviso shall be and is hereby substituted therefor, and shall be, and shall be deemed and taken to have been, the Proviso to the said fourteenth Section:

New Proviso substituted,

"Provided always, that all such Bank Notes shall bear date at the City, Town or Village wherein such Bank is situate,—that they shall be made payable to bearer on demand,—that they shall be marked on the face thereof as being secured by deposit of Provincial securities,—and that they shall be held to be payable at the Office of the Bank, and not elsewhere."

CAP. IV.

An Act to change the tenure of the Indian Lands in the Township of Durham.

[Assented to 21st April, 1856.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS an extent of eight thousand four hundred and ninety acres of land, in the Township of Durham in Lower Canada, was granted, in the year one thousand eight hundred and five, to divers Indians, for them and their legal successors, under and by virtue of Letters Patent issued under the hand and seal of Sir Robert Shore Milnes, at that time Lieutenant Governor, on the condition that they should settle thereon and be incapable of selling, alienating, or even leasing the said Lands; And whereas the said Indians, or their legal successors or representatives, have in certain cases sold, leased or alienated all their rights in respect of such lands, for fixed sums of ground rents, and have all abandoned the said lands after having so conveyed them; And whereas the parties to whom such lands were so conveyed, have cleared and improved the same, erected buildings thereon and made agricultural settlements thereof, of great value, and the doubts which have arisen respecting the legality of such transactions are a great obstacle to the further progress of the said settlements, and it is desirable, both in the interest of the Indians who do not reside any more on the said lands, and in that of the public of the said locality, that the said transactions should be rendered legal, in order to secure a just compensation to the former, and incontestable titles to the parties now in possession of the said lands; And whereas the Act passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered one hundred and sixty-seven, is insufficient for the object intended: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The Act intituled, An Act to alter the Tenure of the Indian 18 V. c. 167. Lands in the Township of Durham, is hereby repealed.

II. All conveyances, sales, promises of sale or emphyteotic Conveyances, leases in respect of the said lands by the said Indians, their ladians despecessors or legal representatives, shall hereafter be considered clared valid. as having been made by persons legally qualified to lease, alienate, sell, cede and convey their property, notwithstanding any thing to the contrary contained in the Letters Patent of such lands; Provided always, that an annual ground rent of not less Proviso. than ten dollars for each lot of two hundred acres shall have been stipulated in favor of the Indian to whom any such lot of land was originally granted, or of his heirs or legal representatives; And provided also, that should any contestation arise Proviso. with respect to the said lands between the said Indians and the parties who have purchased or leased or who shall hereafter purchase or lease the same, such contestation shall be referred to the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, and his decision in the matter shall be final and conclusive.

III. Any purchaser of any lot or part of a lot of the Indian Purchasers in Lands in the Township of Durham, now in possession of the may redeem same, may, if he thinks fit, redeem the rent attached to such the rent atland or lot of land by any instrument within the provisions of tached to their the preceding section, and payable to the Indians or their legal lots. representatives, by paying the capital thereof at the rate of six per cent., to the Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, who To whom is hereby authorized to receive every such deposit and give a payable. receipt therefor, according to Schedule A of this Act.

IV. Every such receipt, after the enregistration thereof in the Receipt for Registry Office of the County of Drummond, shall be equivalent money to be to a title under Letters Palent of the Government, and shall equivalent to a discharge every such lot or part of a lot designated in such Patent. receipt, from all rents or other charges which may have theretofore been payable on the same in favor of the Indian or Indians to whom such lands were granted by the Government.

V. The said Superintendent General of Indian Affairs shall Superin-V. The said Superintendent General of Indian Amais shall tendent of In-keep an account of all sums deposited in his hands, and shall dian affairs to pay the interest thereon annually to the Indians, their legal keep accounts representatives or assigne, according to the proportion to which of moneys they are entitled in respect of such property.

VI. In any case in which one or more of the aforesaid Indians Provision in shall, prior to the first day of January, one thousand eight hundian has sold dred and fifty-five, have sold the rent attached to such land, the the rent on a party who shall have bond fide and for a valuable consideration lot. purchased the same, shall be entitled to be reimbursed the sum which he may have paid to such Indian or Indians, as and for the purchase money of such rent, or the sum so paid shall be deducted

deducted from the capital which he shall have to pay for the redemption of the said rent.

Act not to affect other claims to the Cap. 4, 5.

VII. Nothing in this Act contained shall have the effect of determining in any manner the merits of conflicting titles of parties having claims to the said Indian lands in Durham, or of rendering valid contracts made by any parties with any others than the Patentee or Patentees, or his or their heirs or representatives.

Public Act.

VIII. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

I hereby certify that , now in possession , in the range of the Township of Durham (here give a description of the lot or part of lot occupied by the person to whom the receipt shall have been given: If a whole lot, or the one half of a lot is in question, it shall be sufficient to describe it by the numbers of the lot and range, but if a smaller part than one half be referred to, the limits and bounds must be set forth) has, this day, paid to me the sum of being the capital of a ground rent attached to said lot (or part of lot) of land, and that the said sum has been paid to me for the purpose of redeeming the said land from all rent, as provided by the Act, intituled, An Act to change the tenure of the Indian Lands in the Township of Durham, and to avail him as in law may appertain.

Done in duplicate, at , this day of one thousand eight hundred and

A. B., Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

CAP. V.

An Act to repeal in part an Act to provide a remedy against the City. of Quebec in case of injury to property by riot.

[Assented to 21st April, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS by the fourth clause or section of an Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to provide a remedy against the Corporation of the City 16 V. c. 233. of Quebec in case of injury to property by any mob, or during riots in the said City, it is enacted, "that whenever any "lecture, representation, or performance, exhibition or other "public meeting, for admission or entrance to which money " shall be required or paid, shall take place, the said Corporation

"shall not be liable for any demolition or destruction of "property at the place where such lecture, representation, per-" formance, exhibition or other public meeting shall take place, " unless the permission of the Mayor or of the said Council shall " have been first had and obtained:" And whereas protection is due by the constituted authorities to the property and persons of all British subjects lawfully convened at any meeting or assemblage for lawful purposes or such as are not expressly prohibited by the laws of the land, whether money be or be not required of or paid by the attendants thereat, and whether such meeting or assemblage be within the walls of any place of public worship, or of any public or private building, or be held in the open air, and the said above recited clause or section is manifestly to the prejudice of and in violation of the indubitable and most sacred right of British subjects, to meet and discuss in a peaceable and lawful manner, when and where they see fit, all lawful matters of public concernment in which they take an interest, whether of a religious, political, civil, or social character, and it is therefore necessary to repeal the said clause or section: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The said fourth clause or section of the Act first men- Section 4 of tioned in the preamble of this Act, shall be and the same is the said Act hereby repealed.

CAP. VI.

An Act to facilitate the disuniting of the Counties of Lincoln and Welland, and for other purposes therein mentioned.

[Assented to 21st April, 1856.]

THEREAS the Municipal Council of the United Counties Preamble. of Lincoln and Welland, have by their Petition prayed that an Act may be passed to facilitate the disuniting of the County of Welland from the County of Lincoln for judicial and other purposes; And whereas it appears by certificate of the Warden and Clerk of the said Municipal Council that an agreement has been entered into between the Provisional Municipal Council of the said County of Welland and the said Municipal Council of the said United Counties, for the adjustment and settlement of all debts of the said United Counties, in the manner provided by the fifteenth section of the Act of the Parliament of this Province passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act for abolishing the Territorial Division 12 V. c. 78. of Upper Canada into Districts, and for providing for temporary Unions of Counties for Judicial and other purposes, and for the future dissolutions of such Unions, as the increase of wealth and population may require, and that the several other provisions

of the said Section have been complied with by the said County of Welland; And whereas it is necessary and expedient to carry into effect the prayer of the said Petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

When proper buildings are constructed, the Governor may dissolve the union of the Counties by Proclamation.

I. At any time after the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor of this Province, under an Order in Council, to be made so soon as he shall be satisfied that the County Buildings in the County of Welland are completed, to issue a Proclamation under the Great Seal of the Province. dissolving the Union between the said County of Welland and the said County of Lincoln, which dissolution shall take effect upon, from, and after a day to be named for that purpose in such Proclamation.

Provisions of 12 V. c. 78, and 14 & 15 **V.** c. 5, to apply.

II. All the provisions of the said Act hereinbefore first in part recited, and of the Act passed in the Session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to make certain alterations in the Territorial Divisions of Upper Canada, and of any other Act or Acts, in so far as such provisions are or were intended to be applicable to senior and junior Counties after the dissolution of the Union thereof, and in so far as they are not inconsistent with this Act, shall be and are hereby declared to be applicable to the said Counties of Lincoln and Welland respectively, as if such Proclamation had been issued under authority of the fifth Section of the Act last above in part recited.

Special Sessions to be convened after the dissolution Welland.

III. The Judge of the County Court for the said County of Welland shall, within thirty days after the day named in such Proclamation for the dissolution of the said Union, convene a to appoint the special Sessions of the Peace at the said Court House in the Divisions in said County by such form of male said County, by such form of public notice as to the Judge shall seem meet, at which Sessions, one or more Justice or Justices of the Peace for the said County being present, shall be declared and appointed the number, limits and extent of Divisions in the said County of Welland for the holding of Division Courts therein, and such Divisions shall be deemed and taken to be and to have been appointed and declared under authority Proviso: as to of the "Upper Canada Division Courts Acts;" Provided firstly, pending cases. that the Division Courts now appointed by the County Judge of the said United Counties to be held within the limits of the

said County of Welland in the month of April, in the year of Our Lord, 1856, shall be held by the said Judge, and all suits, proceedings and judgments commenced, had and taken therein, shall be prosecuted to completion in the said Courts as if this Act had not been passed, unless transferred by the said

Judge to some one or more of the Division Courts to be established in the said County of Welland, in which case all the provisions of the "Upper Canada Division Courts Extension Act of 1853" applicable to suits transferred from one Court

Court to another, shall apply to such suits, proceedings and judgments so transferred; And provided secondly, that all suits Proviso. and proceedings to be commenced in the Division Courts of the said County of Welland after the last day of service prior to the time so fixed for holding the said April Courts, shall be commenced, prosecuted, and had in the Division Courts to be established in the said County of Welland; And it is hereby Other things declared that the Justices of the Peace so assembled may do may be done and perform all such other things and transact such other sions. business as may now by law be done, performed and transacted at any General Quarter Sessions of the Peace in any County in Upper Canada.

IV. Within twenty days after the day so named for the disso- Clerks of the

lution of the said Union, the Clerks of the several Municipa-Municipalities lities within the limits of the said County of Welland shall Clerk of the prepare and deliver to the Clerk of the Peace for that County, a Peace copies true copy of the Report of the selectors of Jurors for their res- of Reports of pective Municipalities made up in the year one thousand eight Jurors for hundred and fifty-five, and certify the same under their hands 1855. and under the seal of the corporations of which they are such clerks, which copies shall be deemed and taken to be Reports of selectors of Jurors, made in conformity with the provisions of the Act passed in the session held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the 13 & 14 V. consolidation and amendment of the laws relative to Jurors, c. 55. Juries, and Inquests in that part of this Province called Upper Canada, and of the "Upper Canada Jurors' Law Amendment Act of 1853"; and the said Clerk of the Peace, shall, imme-Juror's Book diately after the receipt of such copies, prepare a Juror's Book and ballots to and Ballots in the manner required of Clerks of the Peace in and Ballots in the manner required of Clerks of the Peace in the said last in part recited Acts.

V. At the special Sessions of the Peace authorized to be held Jury Lists for Welland to be by the third Section of this Act, Jury Lists for the said County ballotted for of Welland, for this present year, shall be ballotted in the at the said manner required for ballotting Jury Lists in the said last in Special Sespart recited Acts, and all the provision of the said Acts shall apply to such Jury Lists so ballotted as well as to the Jurors named therein, to all the Courts of Superior or Inferior Jurisdiction thereafter to be held within the said County during the said year, and to all officers and persons whatsoever, except in so far as inconsistent with this Act; Provided firstly, that no Provisoperson who shall be drawn and summoned as a Grand or Petit Juror at any of the Superior or Inferior Courts in virtue of such Lists, who may have already served as a Juror at any of the said Courts for the said United Counties during the present year, shall be required to serve again within the present year notwithstanding he may be so drawn and summoned; And Proviso. provided secondly, that no person whose actual residence may, for the time being, be within the limits of the said County of Welland, shall, after the day on which such Sessions of the

Proviso.

Proviso.

Peace shall be held, be summoned or required to serve as a Grand or Petit Juror at any Court within the County of Lincoln: Provided, thirdly, that the Jury Lists already ballotted for the said United Counties, for this said present year, shall be and remain the Jury Lists for the said County of Lincoln, except in so far as the names therein are those of parties residing in the County of Welland as aforesaid; And provided fourthly, that the number of Petit Jurors to be returned on any general precept for the return of Petit Jurors for the said County of Welland, for the present year, shall not exceed forty-eight.

Taxes for the present year to belong to Welland.

VI. All assessments and taxes for the said present year for the uses and purposes of the said County of Welland, which Municipal Councils of Counties are authorized by law to impose, shall be imposed by the Municipal Council of the said County of Welland, and shall be payable to the Treasurer thereof; any thing in the sixteenth section of the said Act herein first in part recited to the contrary notwithstanding.

Public Act.

VII. This Act shall be a Public Act.

CAP. VII.

An Act to explain and amend the Charter of the City Bank.

[Assented to 21st April, 1856.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS doubts exist whether under the several Acts incorporating the City Bank, it is requisite to the validity of the Notes issued by the said Bank, and intended for general circulation, that such notes shall bear the signature of more than one of the officers thereof, and it is proper to remove such doubts and to provide that the notes of the said Bank need be signed by one officer thereof only: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, declares and enacts as follows:

Notes signed by one officer only to be valid. I. The notes issued and to be issued by the said Bank bearing the signature of any one officer only of the said Bank who shall have been authorized by a resolution of the Directors to that effect, shall be as valid and binding as if signed and countersigned by two officers of the said Bank, and the signature of one such officer only, without any counter signature, shall suffice to make all notes whatsoever good and binding on the said Bank.

Period limited by sections 9 and 10 of 18 V. c. 43, extended. II. The period of one year mentioned in the ninth and tenth sections of the Act passed in the now last session of the Provincial Parliament, and intituled, An Act to amend the several Acts incorporating the City Bank, and to add to its Capital Stock, shall be extended and prolonged and be deemed not to have

expired until six months from and after the passing of this Act; until and within which period of six months the said City Bank may lawfully exercise all the powers in the said two sections mentioned, on the conditions and on compliance with the formalities thereby prescribed, as fully as the said Bank could have done, before the day in the said Act limited and expressed.

III. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. VIII.

An Act to remedy a defect in the Act passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, to amend and extend the Acts incorporating the Champlain and St. Lawrence Railroad Company.

[Assented to 21st April, 1856.]

THEREAS it appears by the Journals of the Legislative Preamble. Assembly, that the Bill which was sent up to and passed by the Legislative Council and was assented to by His Excellency the Governor General in Her Majesty's name, and became an Act of the Parliament of this Province under the title of "An Error in 18 V. Act to amend and extend the Acts incorporating the Champlain c. 177, recited. and St. Lawrence Railroad Company," and which is printed among the Acts of the now last Session and chaptered one hundred and seventy-seven, was at the third reading thereof in the Legislative Assembly, amended by striking out the several words and the proviso hereinafter mentioned, but that the said words and proviso were nevertheless by error allowed to remain in the said Bill, when it was sent up to the Legislative Council and did remain in it as passed by the Legislative Council and assented to by His Excellency the Governor General in Her Majesty's name as aforesaid, so that there was not a concurrent assent of the three branches of the Legislature in all the provisions of the said Act: For remedy thereof, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The words "with any sum which they may borrow under The said Act the ninth section of the said Act," between the words " sum or confirmed and sums as" and the words "shall not in the whole" in the first and a Proviso section of the said Act,—and the words "and after that to be in it, to be held granted for securing the thirty thousand pounds or any part hereafter to thereof to be borrowed under the ninth section of this Act," form no part between the words "any former Act" and the words "and provided also," in the first proviso to the said first section,—and the words "or the said ninth section" between the words "this section" and the words "as shall be necessary," in the second proviso to the said first section, and the whole of the proviso to the ninth section,—shall hereafter be held to form no

part of the said Act, which is bereby declared valid and effectual to all intents and purposes and shall be construed and have effect as if the said words and proviso (which formed no part of the Bill as it was really passed by the Legislative Assembly) had not been left in the said Bill when it was passed by the Legislative Council and assented to by the Governor General in Her Majesty's name: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall impair or affect the rights of the bond fide holders (if there be such) of any of the sterling bonds mentioned in the said proviso to the said ninth section, and which may have been issued for money borrowed under the said proviso since the passing of the said Act, and before the passing of this Act; but so many of the said bonds as shall not have been so issued at the time of the passing of this Act, shall be forthwith cancelled, or if issued hereafter, shall be void and of no effect.

Proviso:
Saving the rights of bond fide holders of bonds issued under the said Proviso.

Public Act. II. This Act shall be a Public Act.

CAP. IX.

An Act to increase the Capital Stock of the Port Darlington Harbour Company.

[Assented to 21st April, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS the President and Directors of the Port Darlington Harbour Company have by Petition set forth, that in consequence of the immense increase of business at the Port Darlington Harbour, it is now necessary that large improvements should be made in enlarging the Harbour, and in making additions to the moles, piers, wharves, buildings and erections now pertaining thereto, and that for such purpose it is necessary that the Capital Stock of the said Company should be increased by Twenty Thousand Pounds: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Capital of the Company may be increased by £20,000.

I. The Capital Stock of the Port Darlington Harbour Company, incorporated by an Act of the Legislature of Upper Canada, passed in the seventh year of the Reign of King William the Fourth, shall be increased by the sum of Twenty Thousand Pounds, and the new stock may be issued as the Directors may find it necessary, and shall be paid in according to the provisions of the original Act of Incorporation of the said Company.

Public Act. II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. X.

An Act to amend the Acts imposing Duties of Customs.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

HEREAS it is expedient to impose the several Duties of preamble. Customs hereinafter mentioned, and with that view to repeal the Duties now imposed on the same articles: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. All Duties of Customs inwards now imposed on the Present duties goods, wares, merchandize and articles mentioned or included on articles mentioned in the Schedule to this Act, shall be and are hereby repealed, the Schedule and instead thereof, there shall be raised, levied, collected and repealed. paid unto Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, upon the said goods, wares, merchandize and articles mentioned or included in the said Schedule, when imported into this Province or taken out of warehouse for consumption therein, the several Duties of Customs respectively inscribed, inserted and set forth in the said Schedule to this Act; and the articles therein directed to be admitted Free, shall be exempt from all Duties of Customs inwards.

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II. This Act shall be construed as one Act with the Act Interpretation passed in the Session held in the tenth and eleventh years of clause. Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act for repealing and 10 & 11 V. consolidating the present Duties of Customs in this Province, c. 31. and for other purposes therein mentioned, and the Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act 12 V. c. 1. to amend the law relative to Duties of Customs; and all words and expressions used in this Act shall have the meaning assigned to them in the said Acts, and all the provisions of the said Acts with regard to the Duties imposed by them, or the regulations to be made under them, shall apply to the Duties imposed by this Act and the regulations to be made under it, except in so far as may be inconsistent with this Act: and all provisions of the said Acts, or of any other Act or law, inconsistent with this Act, are hereby repealed.

III. The foregoing enactments shall take effect upon, from Commenceand after the fifth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and ment of Act. fifty-six, and not before.

S.CHEDULE.

TABLE OF DUTIES OF CUSTOMS INWARDS.

Articles.	 Duty	Cun	rency.
	£	5.	ď.
All Articles which immediately before the coming			
into force of this Act were subject to a Duty of			
12½ per cent. and not hereinafter specifically			
excepted or charged with any other duty, for every £100 value		•	Λ
Leather Manufactures and India Rubber Manufac-	10	0	0
tures, for every £100 value	20	0	0
Canada Plates, Wrought Cranks, Straps for Walking		U	U
Beams, Plough Moulds, Galvanized Iron,			
Frames and Pedestals, Connection Rods,			
Chains other than Chain Cables, Wheels and			
Axles and Hoops and Tires for Locomotives,			
Machinery used in the manufacture of Doors,			
Window Sashes and Blinds, Printing Paper,—			
that is to say, Book Printing Paper and News			
Printing Paper, for every £100 value	5	0	0
Cigars, the lb	0	3	0
Snuff, the lb	0	0	6
Manufactured Tobacco, the lb	0	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Spirits and strong waters of all sorts, for every gallon			
of any strength not exceeding the strength of			
proof by Sykes' Hydrometer, and so in propor-			
tion for any greater strength than that of proof			
and for any greater or less quantity than a			
gallon, viz:	Λ	4	Λ
Brandy, the gallon	0	4 5	0
Gin and other Spirits and Strong Waters not being	U	3	U
Rum, Brandy or Whiskey, the gallon	0	3	6
Rum, the gallon	ŏ	2	3
Whiskey, the gallon	ŏ	õ	71
Wine, in wood, not exceeding in value £10 per	·	Ŭ	. 2
pipe (of 126 gallons), the gallon	0	1	0
Over £10, and not exceeding £15 in value per pipe,	-	-	-
the gallon	0	1	6
Over £15 in value per pipe, the gallon	0	2	0
In quart bottles, on Wine not exceeding 20s. in value			
per dozen, the dozen bottles	0	7	6
Over 20s., and not exceeding 40s. in value per			
dozen, the dozen bottles	0	10	0
Over 40s. in value per dozen, the dozen bottles	0	12	6
Wine in pint bottles, in like proportion, the dozen		_	_
bottles 3s. 9d., 5s. and	_	6	3
Molasses, the gallon	0	0	21
Green Coffee, the lb	0	0	0
Maccaroni, the lb	0	0	11
Maccaroni, the in	7ern		1 <u>‡</u> 11;
'	CIII	HUCC	****

1856. Customs Duties, Amendment.	Cap.	10,	11.	17
Vermicelli, the lb	. 0	0	11	
Vinegar, the gallon	. 0			
Tea, the lb	. 0		21	•
Brooms, the dozen	. 0		6 ×	
Mustard, Cloves, Cassia and Cinnamon, the lb	0		3	
Ginger, Pimento, Pepper and Starch, the lb	. 0			
Mace and Nutmegs, the lb	. 0	0		
Spices unenumerated, the lb	. 0			
Refined Sugar, whether in loaves or lumps, candie		•	•	
crushed, powdered or granulated, or in any other				
form, White Bastard Sugar, or other Sugar equ	a]			
to Refined Sugar in quality, the cwt	0	14	Λ	
White Clayed Sugar, and Brown Clayed Sugar, an	d Č	• •	•	
Yellow Bastard Sugar, or Sugar of any kin	d			
equal in quality to any of the said kinds of Sugar	*			•
but not equal in quality to Refined Sugar, the	10			
cwt		10	0	
Raw Sugar and all Sugar of any kind not equal	in	10	U	
quality to any of those above mentioned, the				
		27	•	
Rice)	. 0	Y	0	•
Wronght Promi Stomes (To be admissed from	•			
Wrought Burr Stones To be admitted free.				
Hat Plush				

CAP. XI.

An Act for the punishment of the Officers and Servants of Railway Companies contravening the By-laws of such Companies, to the danger of person and property.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

WHEREAS it is necessary to adopt means for preventing, Preamble. as far as possible, the great risk and damage to life and property which frequently arise from the non-observance by the officers and servants of Railway Companies of the By-laws and Regulations made for their guidance: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. If any officer or servant of, or person employed by, any Punishment of Railway Company, shall wilfully or negligently contravene any Officers or By-law or Regulation of such Company lawfully made and in travening By-force, and of which a copy shall have been delivered to him, laws, to the or shall have been posted up or open to his inspection in some injury or danplace where his work or his duties, or any of them, are to be ger of persons or property. performed, then if such contravention shall cause injury to any property or to any person, or shall expose any property or any

person to the risk of injury, or render such risk greater than it would have been without such contravention, although no actual injury shall occur, such contravention shall be a misdemeanor, and the person convicted thereof shall be liable, in

the discretion of the Court before whom the conviction shall be had, and according as such Court shall consider the offence proved to be more or less grave, or the injury or risk of injury to person or property to be more or less great, to be punished by fine or imprisonment, or both, so as no such fine shall exceed one hundred pounds, nor any such imprisonment the term of five years: and such imprisonment, if for two years or upwards, shall be in the Provincial Penitentiary.

And H such contravention does not cause such injury or danger.

And if such contravention shall not cause injury to any property or person, nor expose any person or property to the risk of injury, nor make such risk greater than it would have been without such contravention, then the officer, servant or other person guilty thereof, shall thereby incur a penalty not exceeding the amount of thirty days' pay, nor less than fifteen days' pay of the offender from the Company, in the discretion of the Justice of the Peace before whom the conviction shall be had: and such penalty shall be recoverable with costs before any one Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction where the offence shall have been committed, or where the offender shall be found, on the oath of one credible witness other than the informer; and one moiety of such penalty shall belong to Her Majesty for the public uses of the Province, and the other moiety to the informer, unless he be an officer or servant of, or person in the employ of, the Company, in which case he shall be a competent witness and the whole penalty shall belong to Her Majesty for the uses aforesaid; and the Company may in all cases under this Act pay the amount of the penalty and costs, and recover the same from the offender or deduct it from his salary or pay.

Company may travention of By-laws.

impose penal-law to be hereafter made, to impose upon any officer or ties for conservant, or person employed by the Company, a forfeiture to the Company of not less than thirty days' pay of such officer or servant, for any contravention of such By-law, and to retain any such forfeiture out of the salary or wages of the offender; provided he shall, before such contravention, have had cognizance of such By-law, which may be proved by And deduct the proving the delivery of a copy thereof to him, or that he signed a copy thereof, or that a copy thereof was posted in some place offender's pay, where his work or his duties, or some of them, were to be performed; and such proof, with proof of the contravention, shall be a full answer and defence for the Company in any suit for the recovery from it of the amount so retained, and such forfeiture shall be over and above any penalty under the preceding section.

II. It shall be lawful for any Railway Company by any By

CAP. XII.

An Act to amend the Act to provide for the formation of incorporated Joint Stock Companies, for Manufacturing, Mining, Mechanical or Chemical purposes.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

TYPEREAS it is expedient to provide for increasing in Preamble. certain cases, the Capital Stock of the Joint Stock Companies formed under the provisions of an Act passed in the Session of the Provincial Parliament, held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to 13 & 14 V. provide for the formation of incorporated Joint Stock Com-c. 28, panies for Manufacturing, Mining, Mechanical or Chemical purposes, and also of another Act passed in the Session held in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to 16 V. c. 172. amend the Act for the formation of incorporated Joint Stock Companies for Manufacturing and other purposes, and otherwise to amend the law relating to such Companies: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Whenever the Trustees of any such Company which has Trustees may been and shall continue to be, or which shall hereafter be in-call a meeting corporated under the provisions of the said above recited Acts, or for increasing aither of them, shall by a resolution to be possed by the vetos the Capital either of them, shall by a resolution to be passed by the votes stock of a majority of them, declare that the Capital Stock of such Company is insufficient for the purposes thereof, it shall and may be lawful for them to call a General Meeting of the Stockholders of the said Company, giving at least thirty days' notice Notice. of such Meeting, by a written notice signed by the Secretary and addressed to each of the Shareholders or their representatives and transmitted through the Post Office, and by advertisement thereof in a public newspaper published nearest to the place where the said Company's affairs are transacted, and continued to be so published until the day of such Meeting; and it shall be lawful for the said Meeting, by the votes of a majority of all the Stockholders holding a majority of the shares in the Company given thereat in person or by proxy, to pass a By-law for resolution authorizing the Trustees of the Company to increase effecting such the Capital Stock thereof to such amount as they shall deem increase if necessary for the purposes of the Company, the amount whereof shall be expressed in such resolution, and thereupon it shall and may be lawful for the said Trustees to pass a By-law for the purpose of increasing the said Capital Stock, to the amount mentioned in the resolution of the said General Meeting of Stockholders, and for declaring the number of shares into which such Capital Stock shall be divided, and the time, amount and manner of payment of the several calls to be made for the payment of such new Stock.

Declaration to be signed by subscribers for new Stock.

Cap. 12.

II. Upon the passing of the said By-law it shall and may be lawful for all persons who shall desire to become holders of any share or shares of such new Stock, to make and sign a declaration, in which shall be set forth the amount of such new Stock, the total amount of the Company's Capital Stock, including such addition, the number of shares of such new Stock, and the total number of old and new Shares of such Stock, and which declaration shall also contain a column, wherein shall be set in figures opposite to the signature of each subscriber the number of Shares for which he shall subscribe; which declaration shall be so signed in duplicate, and acknowledged before the County Registrar or his Deputy, and shall be certified and How filed and filed in the office of the Provincial Secretary and the County Registry Office, in the manner mentioned in the second Section of the Act first herein recited, which said declaration shall be

proved in evidence, in the manner mentioned in the third

proved.

III. The said declaration shall not be so filed, or certified in Not until one half is submanner aforesaid, until at least one half of such new Stock scribed. shall be subscribed.

Section of the said first recited Act.

New Stockholders to be entered on Company's books, &c.

IV. When the said declaration shall be so filed, the name of every Stockholder contained therein shall forthwith be entered in the books of the said Company as that of a Stockholder, with the date of subscription, and number of Shares subscribed for; and so long as any of the said Stock remains unsubscribed for, it shall be lawful for any person desirous of becoming a Stockholder to subscribe his name to the said declaration filed in the Registry Office, for one or more of such unsubscribed shares, and the name of such subscriber shall forthwith be entered in the books of the said Company in manner aforesaid.

stock.

V. Upon the performance of the several Acts mentioned in Rights of V. Upon the performance of the several Acts incuriously in holders of new the fourth Section of this Act, every such Stockholder whose name shall be subscribed to the said declaration, shall immediately thereupon become a member of such Corporation, and from thenceforth shall have and enjoy the same rights and privileges, and shall be subject to the same conditions, restrictions and liabilities to which the original Stockholders shall thenceforth be entitled or liable; and such new shares of Stock shall from thenceforth be subject to all the provisions of the said above recited Acts, in the same manner as if they had formed a part of the Stock originally subscribed.

Trustees of poses.

VI. The Trustees of any such Company, shall have power to Company may make and enact By-laws for the following purposes, in addition make By-laws to those mentioned in the Act first above cited, namely: for certain pur-

Trustees.

1. For appointing the number of Trustees of such Company, not to exceed nine nor to be less than three;

2.

- 2. For the payment of Trustees, with the consent of a Paying Trusmajority of the Stockholders at the annual meeting, or the ap-tees. pointment of one or more paid Trustees;
- 3. For the amending, altering or repealing any By-law of By-laws. such Company, made under the authority of this or any other Act of Parliament passed heretofore or to be passed hereafter.
- VII. All certificates of the payment of Stock in any such Certificates of Company, to be made in pursuance of this Act, and the said payment of Acts hereinbefore recited, or any of them, shall be signed by be attested. and verified by the affidavit or affirmation of the President or Vice-President, or in their absence one of the Trustees of such Company, and thereupon shall be registered by the County Registrar, without any further signature, or the affidavit of any other person.

VIII. It shall and may be lawful for any such Company to Company may break up any road or street, for the purpose of laying down break up therein any pipe or pipes, which shall in the opinion of the pipes. Trustees be necessary or expedient to enable such Company to conduct their business to greater advantage: Provided always, Proviso: conthat permission to do so be first had and obtained from the sent of Muni-Council of the Municipality having the controll of such road cipality required, &c. or street, that no unnecessary damage be done in the execution of the works, and that care be taken as far as may be to preserve a free and uninterrupted passage through such road or street while they are in progress.

IX. All such Companies shall have power to enforce the pay- Company may ment of calls on the Capital Stock subscribed, by action in any enforce payof the Courts of Law; and in any such action it shall be competent for any of the Stockholders of any such Company to be examined as a witness on behalf of the plaintiff.

CAP. XIII.

An Act to make further provision for the Geological Survey of this Province.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

THEREAS by an Act of the eighth year of Her Majesty's Preamble. Reign, chaptered sixteen, the sum of two thousand 8 V. c. 16. pounds annually, for five years, was appropriated for making a Geological Survey of this Province, and by an Act of the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered twelve, the said Act was revived and further extended for five years; And whereas the said appropriation has been found insufficient to carry on the Survey in an effectual manner, and it is desirable to make such an increase to the establishment as will hasten the completion of the undertaking and enlarge its usefulness:

usefulness: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Appropriation and completing the Survey.

I. Out of the unappropriated public moneys of the Province, for continuing a sum not exceeding five thousand pounds shall be annually applied, for a term not exceeding five years from the passing of this Act, to defray the expenses of the Geological Survey or any arrears of expenditure already incurred, which sum shall be paid at such times and in such manner as the Governor in Council may direct, subject to the provisions hereinafter made.

Governor may employ proper persons to complete the Survey.

Geological to be establish.

II. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to employ a suitable number of competent persons to complete the Geological Survey of this Province, and to direct the publication of such maps and drawings as may be deemed necessary to illustrate the same; to establish a Geological Museum at some Museum, &c., convenient place, which shall be open at all seasonable hours to the public, and which shall be furnished with such books and instruments as may be necessary for the illustration of the science and the prosecution of the Survey, and to order from time to time the distribution of the publications relative to the Survey and of duplicate specimens, to scientific institutions in this Province and other countries.

Candidates for admission as Provincial Land Surveyers to be examined in the rudiments of Geology.

14 & 15 V. c. 4.

III. And further to promote the collection of geological information, all persons who, after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, may apply to be admitted as Provincial Land Surveyors, shall be examined in the rudiments of Geology; and the Director of the Geological Survey shall, with that object, be a member of the two Boards of Examiners constituted by the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the Act concerning Land Surveyors.

Fixed points of reference for latitude, longitude and level to be established.

IV. For the purpose of attaining an accurate basis from which the geological and topographical features of the country may be ascertained, and for the purpose of connecting together local and partial surveys, it shall be the duty of the Director of the Geological Survey to cause permanent marks in some public buildings, or other marks of a durable description, to be made at several convenient stations in the Province, and to fix accurately the latitude and longitude and relative levels thereof, as points of reference.

Plans and sections of Railways, &c., to be furnished.

V. All Railway and Canal Companies hereafter to be incorporated are hereby required to furnish to the Geological Survey, without charge, certified copies of all plans and sections of their Surveys; and all such Companies already incorporated, shall furnish such plans and sections of their Surveys upon the demand of the Director of the Geological Survey, and at the cost of the same.

VI. The Director of the Geological Survey shall make a Yearly Report report to the Governor of this Province, on or before the first to be made. day of March in each year, shewing, generally, the progress made in the Survey.

VII. The due application of the moneys hereby appropriated Accounting shall be accounted for to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Succes- clause. sors, in the manner provided by the Interpretation Act, and an account thereof shall be laid before the Provincial Legislature at the next Session thereof.

CAP. XIV.

An Act to amend the Common School Laws, and . further to promote Elementary Education in Lower Canada.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

TATHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Common Preamble. School Laws of Lower Canada, and to make further provision for the promotion of Elementary Education therein: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for the School Commissioners or Trustees School Comof Dissentient Schools, to cause to be levied by assessment and missioners or rate, in the manner now by law provided, such additional sum cause addicates and cause addicates addicates and cause and cause addicates and cause and cause addicates and cause and cause and cause addicates and cause and cause and cause and cause addicates and cause and cause addicates and cause and cause addicates and cause and cause addicates and cause and cause addicates and cause and cause and cause addicates and cause a as they may think proper beyond that which they may now tional sums to cause to be levied under the tenth sub-section of the twenty- be raised, first Section of the Lower Canada School Act of 1846, provided such additional sum do not exceed that which they may now cause to be levied; and they may also raise an additional sum, And a further not exceeding thirty per cent. upon the total sum so raised as sum for unaforesaid, for the purpose of making good any deficiency which penses. may arise in the collection of the assessment and any unforeseen or contingent expenditure; any thing in the thirty-seventh section of the said Act limiting such additional sum to fifteen per cent. to the contrary notwithstanding: And further, it shall Corporations be lawful for the Corporations of the Cities of Quebec and Monof Quebec and
Montreal may
treal to pay out of their funds an additional sum equal to that
pay additional
which they are authorized to pay under the forty-third section sums for Comof the Lower Canada School Act of 1846, to the Boards of mon School School Commissioners appointed by them, and also an additional sum of thirty per cent. to make good any unforeseen or contingent expenditure.

II. The School Commissioners and the Trustees of Dissen-School Comtient Schools, shall cause to be made by their Secretary Trea- missioners to surers, between the first day of September and the first day of of children October, of every year, a census of the children in each School yearly. Municipality, distinguishing those who to from five to sixteen years

years of age, those from seven to fourteen years, and those actually attending school; and shall transmit such census to the Superintendent of Schools within ten days after its completion.

To state in their report the amount of monthly fees.

Penalty for

fees.

III. The School Commissioners and the said Trustees, in the semi-annual accounts and reports which they are bound to transmit to the Superintendent of Schools, shall state the amount of monthly fees fixed for each child, and the amount of such fees actually collected, either directly by them or by the teacher, under the twenty-first Section of the Lower Canada School Law Amendment Act of 1849; and if the School Commisrefusing to fix sioners or Trustees fail to fix the amount of monthly fees to be or cellect such paid for each child, or to cause the same to be collected, it shall be lawful for the Superintendent of Schools with the approval of the Governor in Council, to refuse the School allowance for the year, to the School Municipality represented by such Commissioners or Trustees in default.

Appropriation towards ex-

Schools.

IV. From and after the first day of July 1856, it shall be lawful for the Superintendent of Schools, with the approval of ense of Model the Governor in Council, out of the School moneys to which any Municipality may be entitled to retain the sum of twenty pounds towards the support of a Model School in such Municipality, as intended to be established under the fourteenth section of the said Act of 1849.

Trustees of Dissentient Schools to assess, &c., Schools.

V. After the first day of July 1856, the Trustees of Dissentient Schools shall alone have the right of fixing and collecting the assessments to be levied on the inhabitants so dissentient; alone for such and thereafter such Trustees shall be exempt from attesting upon oath the statement required of them by the eighteenth section of the said Act of 1849.

Female Teachers not belonging to religious comexamined.

VI. After the first of July 1857, any female not being a Member of any religious community, who shall desire to become a Teacher in a Common School, shall undergo the required munities to be examination before the Board of Examiners; Provided always, that any female Teacher desiring to obtain a certificate or diploma of qualification before the first of July, 1857, may undergo the required examination before that time.

Appropriation out of Legislative grant.

Poor School Municipali-

Jeurnal of Instruction.

Worn out Teachers.

VII. Out of the Legislative School grant, permanent and additional, for Common School purposes in Lower Canada, the following sums may be set apart and expended yearly by the Superintendent of Schools with the approval of the Governor in Council, for the following purposes, that is to say: 1st.—A sum not exceeding one thousand pounds, for special aids to Common Schools in poor School Municipalities; 2nd.—A sum not exceeding four hundred and fifty pounds, to encourage the publication and circulation of a Journal of Public Instruction; and 3rdly, A sum not exceeding five hundred pounds, towards forming a fund for the support of superannuated or worn out Common School

School Teachers in Lower Canada, under such regulations as may be adopted from time to time by the Superintendent of Schools, or by the Council of Public Instruction of Lower Canada as soon as such Council shall be established therein, and approved by the Governor in Council: Provided always, that Provise: as to no such Teacher shall be entitled to share in the said Fund such Teachwho shall not contribute to such Fund at the rate of one pound ers. per annum at the least, for the period of his teaching School or receiving aid from such Fund, and who shall not furnish satisfactory proof of his inability from age or loss of health in teaching, to pursue that profession any longer: Provided also, that Further Prono such allowance to any Teacher shall exceed the rate of one viso as to the pound ten shillings per annum for each year during which such Teacher shall have taught a Common School in Lower Canada.

VIII. The remuneration of Secretary-Treasurers may, in the Remuneration discretion of the School Commissioners or Trustees, be in- of Secretary creased to an amount not exceeding seven per cent. on the Treasurers increased. moneys received by them as such, instead of four per cent. as provided by the twenty-second section of the said Act of 1849; but such remuneration shall include every service which the Limitation of Commissioners shall require from time to time from the Secre-such increase. tary-Treasurer and shall cover all contingent expenses whatever, except such as may be specially authorized by rules and regulations to be made by the Superintendent of Schools from time to time, and shall not exceed thirty pounds in one year in any case.

IX. In addition to the Boards of Examiners constituted Additional under the said Act of 1846, and the Lower Canada School Law Boards of Amendment Act of 1853, there shall be others established for Examiners to be established. such Counties, and to hold their meetings at such places, as may be fixed and determined by the Superintendent of Schools with the approval of the Governor in Council, such Boards to How to be consist of not less than five nor more than seven members, to composed, &c. be governed by the provisions of the said Act of 1846, to be established for such portions or sub-divisions of districts or territorial divisions where Boards are already authorized to be established under the said Act of 1846 and the said Act of 1853, and in mixed religious communities, one to be composed of Roman Catholics and another of Protestant members.

X. It shall be lawful for the Superintendent of Schools to Special assesscause special assessments to be levied in any School Munici-ments for paypality, for the payment of lawful debts admitted by such Muni- ing debts of School Municipality or adjudged by a Court of Justice to be due by such cipalities. Municipality, and which debts such Municipality could not otherwise pay; and whenever such debts shall have been contracted by a Municipality subsequently divided into several Municipalities, or the limits of which may have been subsequently altered, the said Superintendent shall apportion the payment of such debt or debts equitably among the several Municipalities liable for the same.

Deposit and payment of Legislative Appropriation for Common Schools.

XI. Notwithstanding any thing to the contrary in the fortyseventh Section of the said Act of 1846, the sums constituting the Lower Canada Common School Fund may be paid to the Superintendent of Schools in two semi-annual payments, under two accountable Warrants to the Receiver General to be issued by the Governor for that purpose; and the Superintendent shall deposit the said sums in such Bank as the Governor in Council shall direct and apportion the same according to law among the Municipalities, and pay to the School Commissioners and Trustees of Dissentient Schools the respective shares belonging to the Municipalities they represent, by Checks drawn upon such Bank and made payable to their order, and shall account according to law for such moneys.

Superintendent may refuse to pay to School with the law in certain **cases.**

XII. The Superintendent, with the approval of the Governor in Council, may refuse to pay the whole or any part of the share in the said fund, of any School Municipality where his lawful Municipalities instructions or those of the Council of Public Instruction shall not complying have been disobeyed, or where unqualified teachers shall have been employed by the Commissioners or Trustees, or where a qualified teacher shall have been dismissed by the School Commissioners or Trustees, before the time of his engagement and for no valid or just cause, and may pay out of the said share of such Municipality such indemnity as shall appear to him justly due to any teacher so unjustly dismissed.

How he may deal with the share of Legislative grant belonging to School Municipalities paying too little to the Common Fund.

XIII. The Superintendent of Schools shall also have power, with the approval of the Governor in Council, to authorize the School Commissioners or Trustees in any Municipality, to apply the share coming for any one year to any School District the inhabitants of which shall have contributed nothing or too little during the same year to the common fund of such Municipality for school purposes, in such manner as the said Superintendent shall direct for the advancement of education in such Municipality, instead of depositing the said share in a Bank as now provided by law: and the amounts already placed in any Bank for any School District in like cases, shall be liable to be dealt with in like manner, and the shares coming to any such School District which may have been in like cases applied by the School Commissioners or Trustees in any Municipality, with the consent of the said Superintendent, are hereby declared to have been legally and properly dealt with; any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Superintendent may allow School Municipalities which have arisen since 1850, their fair share of the grant

XIV. And whereas in some Counties School Municipalities have sprung up which did not exist at the time of the taking of the now last census, and it would be unjust to withhold from them their fair share of the Legislative grant, therefore it shall be lawful for the Superintendent of Schools, with the approval of the Governor in Council, to allow to any such School Municipality its fair share of the amount of the said Legislative grant coming to the County, in proportion to the actual actual population of such School Municipality at the time, according to the best evidence he shall be able to procure. whenever he shall be of opinion that the said census would not be a fair basis of apportionment.

XV. Whenever any School Commissioner, Trustee, or Penalties on Secretary-Treasurer, after his dismissal, resignation or ceasing persons reto hold office, shall detain any book, paper or thing taining book belonging to the School Commissioners or Trustees of any School Com-Municipality, he shall thereby incur a penalty of not less than missioners. five dollars nor more than five pounds for each day during which he shall retain possession of any such book, paper or thing, after having received a notice from the Superintendent of Schools requiring him to deposit the same in the hands of some person mentioned in such notice; and the said penalty shall be How recoverrecoverable with costs before any Court of competent civil juris- ed and applied. diction, in the name of the Superintendent of Schools, and the same when levied shall be paid into the hands of the said Superintendent, and shall form part of the unexpended balance of the Common School grant, and be dealt with accordingly.

XVI. And inasmuch as it will be conducive to the furtherance Council for of Education in Lower Canada to establish therein a Council Public Inof Public Instruction,—the Governor shall have authority to Lower appoint not more than fifteen and not less than eleven persons Canada. (of whom the Superintendent of Schools for Lower Canada shall be one) to be a Council of Public Instruction for Lower Canada, and such persons shall hold their office during pleasure, and shall be subject to all lawful orders and directions in the exercise of their duties, which shall from time to time be issued by the Governor in Council.

XVII. The Superintendent of Schools shall provide a place Place of meetfor the meetings of the Council of Public Instruction, shall call ing and expenses. the first meeting thereof, and may call a special meeting at any time by giving due notice to the other Members; the expenses attending the proceedings of the said Council shall be defraved and accounted for by the Superintendent of Schools as part of the contingent expenses of the Education Office; a Recording Recording Clerk to the said Council shall be appointed by the Governor in Clerk: his Council, and such Clerk shall enter all its proceedings in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall, as may be directed, procure the requisite maps, books and stationery, and shall keep all the accounts of the said Council.

XVIII. Five members of the said Council at any lawful meeting Quorum. thereof, shall form a quorum for the transaction of business; Duties of and it shall be the duty of the said Council,-

1. To appoint one of its members to be Chairman thereof, and Appointment with the approval of the Governor in Council to establish the time of Chairman. of its meetings and its mode of proceeding; the Chairman

shall have a second or casting vote in case of an equality of votes on any question.

- Making Rules and Regulations for Normal Schools.
- 2. To make from time to time, with the approval of the Governor in Council, such rules and regulations as at the time of the establishment of the Council the Superintendent of Schools shall have the power to cause to be made with the approval of the Governor in Council, for the management of the Normal School or Normal Schools which may be established. and for prescribing the terms and conditions on which students shall be received and instructed therein, the course of instruction to be gone through, and the mode and manner in which Registers and Books shall be kept, Certificates of Study shall be granted to Students, and the reports of the Principal of any such Normal School shall be made to the Superintendent of Schools.
- And for Common Schools.
- 3. To make from time to time, with the approval of the Governor in Council, such regulations as the Council shall deem expedient for the organization, government and discipline of Common Schools, and the classification of Schools and Teachers.

4. To select or cause to be published, with such approval as

Selecting or publishing books, maps,

aforesaid, books, maps and globes, to be used to the exclusion of others, in the Academies, Model and Elementary Schools under the control of the Commissioners or Trustees, due regard being had in such selection to Schools wherein tuition is given in French and to those wherein tuition is given in English; but this power shall not extend to the selection of books having reference to religion or morals, which selection shall be made as provided by the fifth sub-section of the twenty-first section of the said Act of 1846, so much of which sub-section as may be inconsistent with the provision herein made, is hereby repealed.

gion, &c.

Exception as regards reli-

> 5. To make from time to time with such approval as aforesaid, rules and regulations for the guidance of the Boards of Examiners.

Rules for Examiners.

6. To cause to be inserted by the Recording Clerk, in a book Keeping classified list of to be kept for that purpose, in such manner and form as the Teachers, Council may direct, the names and classes of all Teachers holding cerwho have received or shall hereafter receive certificates or ditificates. plomas of qualification from the Boards of Examiners already established or to be hereafter established, also the names of all Teachers, who after having gone through the regular course of

instruction in any Normal School to be hereafter established,

Superintendent to report certain particulars to Council

shall have received certificates or diplomas of qualification from the Superintendent of Schools; And to ensure compliance with the immediate foregoing provision, it shall be the duty of the Superintendent of Schools—Firstly, To report to or cause to be laid before the Council, if it be in his power, the names

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and classes of all Teachers admitted by the different Boards of Examiners since their establishment; Secondly, The names and classes of all Teachers hereafter to be admitted by the different Boards of Examiners; Thirdly, The names of all Teachers who may hereafter receive from him certificates or diplomas of qualification after going through the proper course of instruction in any Normal School.

XIX. It shall be lawful for the Council of Public Instruction Council may to revoke any certificate or diploma of qualification granted or revoke certito be granted by any Board of Examiners, to any Teacher, or any ficates of Teachers in certificate or diploma of qualification to be granted hereafter by certain cases. the Superintendent of Schools to any student in any Normal School which may be established, for any want of good conduct as Teacher, of good morals, or of temperate habits, in the holder thereof; such revocation not to take place, however, unless a charge in writing be made by some complainant, or upon the report of any School Inspector, submitted by the Superintendent of Schools to the said Council, nor unless such charge be fully proved: such charge shall be addressed to How charges the Recording Clerk, who shall lay it before the Council at its against Teachthen next meeting; and if the Council be of opinion that the ers shall be charge is of such a nature as not to require any investigation, tried. it shall be dismissed in limine; but if it be of opinion that the charge is of so grave a nature and character as to require investigation, it shall be the duty of the Recording Clerk to cause the Teacher complained of to be served by any Bailiff of the Superior Court for Lower Canada, with a copy of the charge, accompanied by a notice on behalf of the Council, summoning him to be and appear, either in person or by proxy, before the Council on such day and hour as the Council shall determine, to answer the charge made against him. If the Teacher denies If the Teacher the charge, the Council shall forthwith, or on a subsequent day, denies the proceed to receive the evidence, oral or in writing, which each charge. party shall have to offer, and the Recording Clerk is hereby authorized to administer the oath to any witness who may be produced; and it shall be his duty to take and keep of record the notes of the evidence taken.

It shall be lawful for the said Council to appoint one or two Commission-Commissioners to receive the evidence, when the parties shall ers may be reside at a great distance, or when the Council may see that appointed. by so doing a saving of unnecessary expense will be effected.

The instrument appointing such Commissioner or Commis- In what mansioners shall be issued on behalf and in the name of "the ner. Council of Public Instruction," and under the signature of the Recording Clerk.

Upon the receipt of such instrument, the Commissioner or Proceedings Commissioners shall notify to the parties the time at which before Comthey will have to produce their witnesses; the Commissioner or missioners. Commissioners

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Commissioners shall swear the witnesses, and are hereby authorized to that effect, and the evidence shall be taken by such Commissioner or Commissioners and afterwards transmitted by him or them to the Recording Clerk, who shall lay it before the Council.

If the Teacher do not appear, and neglect to answer the If the Teacher make default charge, the Council shall proceed by default against him, and shall receive and take the evidence, or cause it to be received and taken, in the manner above provided.

If the charge be not proved, the Council shall dismiss it, and Proceedings if the charge be if it be proved, the Council shall order as a penalty that the proved, &c. certificate or diploma of qualification of such Teacher be revoked, and that his name be struck from the book containing the names of the qualified Teachers.

XX. This Act shall be called and known as "The Lower Short Title of Act. Canada School Law Amendment Act of 1856."

Interpretation clause.

XXI. In construing this Act, the words " Teacher" and "Student" shall apply to Female as well as Male Teachers and Students; and any power given to or any obligation imposed upon School Commissioners, shall apply to Trustees of the Dissentient Schools in reference to the schools and school districts under their control: the expression "Common School" shall apply to Dissentient School, and the words "Municipality" or "School Municipalities" shall apply to Dissentient Schools or School Districts under the control of Trustees as well as to Municipalities and Schools under the control of Commissioners; -the Act passed in the ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered twentyseven, shall be understood to be intended by the expression, "the Lower Canada School Act of 1846," or "the said Act of 1846,"—the Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered fifty, shall be understood to be intended by the expression, "the Lower Canada School Law Amendment Act of 1849," or "the said Act of 1849,"—and the Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered two hundred and eight, shall be understood to be intended by the expression, "the Lower Canada School Law Amendment Act of 1853," or "the said Act of 1853."

Repeal of in-

XXII. So much of the said Acts of 1846, of 1849, and of consistent pro- 1853, or of any of them, as may be inconsistent with this Act, is hereby repealed.

CAP. XV.

An Act to provide in a more certain manner for order in Enregistration, and to facilitate Enregistrations and Searches in the Registry Offices of Lower Canada.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

HEREAS it is necessary to make provision for better Preamble. ascertaining the order of the deposit of documents in the Registry Offices of Lower Canada, and for facilitating Registrations and Searches in the said Offices: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The Minute or Day Book mentioned towards the end of Minute or Day the twentieth section of the Registry Ordinance of one thousand Book to be aueight hundred and forty-one, shall, from and after the expiration thenticated as provided by of one year from the passing of this Act, be authenticated section 19 of in the manner required by the nineteenth section of the 4 V. c. 30. said Ordinance with regard to the Registers used for registration, and the Registrars shall make the entries which they Entries to be are bound to make in the said Minute or Day Book, in the nu- made in numerical order of the documents which shall be delivered to them merical order. for registration, and shall state in each entry the number given to the document to which it relates; and they shall give to any Acknowledge person requiring the same on delivering any document for regis-ment to be tration, and without demanding any fee therefor, an acknow-givenledgment stating the number under which such delivery is entered in the said Minute or Day Book.

II. Registration may be made by means of extracts from Registration Notarial Instruments made in the manner prescribed by the may be made tenth section of the Act for the organization of the Notarial by extracts artified under the contribution of the Notarial by extracts. Profession passed in the Session held in the thirteenth and 13 & 14 V. c. fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered thirty-nine; 39, a 10. and such registration shall have the same effect with respect to the extract as the registration of a copy of such instrument at full length, as prescribed by the fifth section of the Act concerning Registration passed in the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered twenty-two; the fee of the Registrar for the Fee. certificate endorsed on such extract shall be that fixed by the first section of the Act relative to Registration passed in the eighth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered twenty-seven, that is to say, one shilling and six pence currency.

III. Every Registrar shall, in the performance of his duties, Penalty for comply with all the requirements of this Act, as well as with non comthose of all other Acts relating to the Registration of Deeds, pliance with under a negative not exceeding ten nounds ourseney for every continuous. under a penalty not exceeding ten pounds currency, for every contraventien of such requirements, without prejudice to damages payable to any party, which may be recovered as well as the penalty

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penalty (with costs) before any Court having jurisdiction in civil matters to the amount, by the party aggrieved by such contravention.

Signature of memorial when the memorialist does to write.

IV. The signature under which any memorial shall be executed, may be written by the hand of any other person when the person requiring the registration of such memorial does not not know how know how to write, provided his name be accompanied by his ordinary mark which he shall make in the presence of the witnesses to the execution of the memorial; and this provision shall be held to have been the law from the time when the Registry Ordinance was brought into force.

CAP. XVI.

An Act to amend the Provincial Act appropriating the moneys arising from the Clergy Reserves.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble. 18 V. c. 2.

HEREAS it is expedient to amend the Act passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to make better provision for the appropriation of moneys arising from the lands heretofore known as the Clergy Reserves, by rendering them available for Municipal purposes: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

How the unappropriated balance of the U. C. Munishall be appropriated yearly.

I. The amount of "The Upper Canada Municipalities Fund," remaining unexpended and unappropriated under the provisions of the first, second, third and fourth sections of the cipalities Fund said Act, on the thirty-first day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and on the same day in each year after the passing of this Act shall, by the Receiver General, be apportioned equally among the several City, Town, Incorporated Village and Township Municipalities in Upper Canada, in proportion to the number of Rate-pavers that shall appear on the Assessment Rolls of such Municipalities for the year next before the time of such apportionment.

Clerks of Municipalities in certain returns eral.

II. It shall be the duty of the Clerks of the several Cities, Towns, Incorporated Villages and Townships in Upper Ca-U.C. to make nada, on or before the first day of July next after the passing yearly to the of this Act, to transmit to the Receiver General a true Return Receiver Gen- of the number of Rate-payers appearing on the said several Assessment Rolls for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and on or before the first day of December in each year thereafter to transmit to the Receiver General a similar Return for the year in which such Return shall be made, and to make an affidavit, to be written on each of the said Returns,

and sworn before a Justice of the Peace, of the correctness of such Return.

III. Any Clerk of any of the said Municipalities who shall Penalty on fail to make any Return required by the next preceding sec-Clerks not tion of this Act, by the time therein limited, shall be liable making such for each failure to a penalty of twenty-five pounds to be return. paid to the Receiver General for the use of the Province, which. penalty may be sued for and recovered by the Crown in any Court of competent jurisdiction.

IV. In case it should at any time appear that by reason Recovery of of an erroneous return too much money has been paid to a money over-Municipality, the excess shall be a debt due and recoverable paid under by the Crown from such Municipality.

erròneous

V. So much of the fifth section of the before mentioned Repeal of in-Act as is inconsistent with this Act, shall be and the same is consistent prohereby repealed.

CAP. XVII.

An Act to incorporate the Town of Galt and to define the limits thereof.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

THEREAS the inhabitants of the Village of Galt, by peti- Preamble. tion, have prayed the Legislature to incorporate the same into a Town, the population, according to a census taken last year, approaching to the number required by law; And whereas it is expedient and necessary and would tend to promote the benefit and convenience of the inhabitants if the prayer of the said petition were granted: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The tract of land within the boundaries or limits herein- Incorporation after described shall, upon, from and after the first day of of the Town January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, of Galt on 1st he incompared into a Toylor to be called and designated as January, 1857. be incorporated into a Town, to be called and designated as the Town of Galt.

II. So much of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Upper Canada Acts as relates to incorporated towns, shall upon, from and after da Municipal the day last aforesaid, apply to the said Town of Galt, which shall Corporations have and exercise all and singular the same rights appropriate to apply have and exercise all and singular the same rights, powers, to it. privileges and jurisdiction as are given, granted or conferred upon, or as shall, by virtue of any Act or parts of Acts now in force in Upper Canada, or which shall hereafter be in force, belong to incorporated Towns; and all the rules, regulations, provisions and enactments therein contained, or which shall in any wise relate or belong to the same, shall apply to the Town

of Galt, as fully as if the said tract of land had become a Town under the ordinary operation of the said Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts, with the exception hereinafter made as regards the first election.

Boundaries of the Town of Galt.

III. The Town of Galt shall consist of that part of this Province situate within the County of Waterloo, in Upper Canada, and lying within the following limits, that is to say: "Commencing on the western limit of lot number seven, in the centre of the tenth concession of the Township of Dumfries, in the said County of Waterloo; thence on the said limit, to the allowance for highway between the tenth and eleventh concessions; thence along the said allowance to its junction with the macadamized road leading from Galt to Dundas; thence on the same course as the side lines of the concession to the Dundas and Waterloo Turnpike Road; thence along the said Turnpike Road, crossing the allowance for Highway between the eleventh and twelfth concessions, to the junction of the said Turnpike Road with the common road leading from Galt to Preston; thence parallel to the allowance for highway between the eleventh and twelfth concessions, crossing the Grand River, to the side line between lots numbers eleven and twelve in the eleventh concession, produced into the twelfth concession; thence along the said side line, crossing the allowance for highway between the eleventh and twelfth concessions, and between lots numbers eleven and twelve in the eleventh concession, crossing the allowance for highway between the tenth and eleventh concessions, and between loss numbers eleven and twelve in the tenth concession, to the centre of the said tenth concession; thence through the centre of the said tenth concession, crossing the Grand River to the place of beginning."

To be divided into five Wards, IV. The said town of Galt shall be divided into five Wards, to be called respectively the First Ward, Second Ward, Third Ward, Fourth Ward, and Fifth Ward:

Rime Ward.

1. The said First Ward shall be bounded as follows, that is to say: commencing at the north-easterly angle of the Town, at the junction of the Dundas and Waterloo Turnpike Road with the common road leading from Galt to Preston; thence in a south-easterly direction along the west side of the Dundas and Waterloo Turnpike Road to Beverly street; thence along the centre of Beverly street to its junction with Church street; thence along Church street northerly to the centre of North street; thence west, along the centre of North street until it crosses North Water street; thence to the Grand River between the properties of James Kay and James Watson; thence northerly, along the east bank of the Grand River to the northern boundary of the Town; thence easterly, along the said boundary to the place of beginning.

- 2. The said Second Ward shall be bounded as follows, that Second Ward. is to say: commencing where Beverly street intersects the Dundas and Waterloo Turnpike Road; thence south-easterly along the west side of the said road to the place where the Town line leaves the said Turnpike Road; thence southward along the Town boundary until it intersects the said Turnpike Road leading from Galt to the Toll-gate; thence westerly along the centre of the said road to the centre of Mill Creek; thence south-westerly along the centre of Mill Creek to the Grand River; thence northerly along the Grand River to the line between the properties of James Kay and James Watson before mentioned; thence easterly along the said line to North Water street; thence crossing North Water street and proceeding along the centre of North street easterly until it intersects Church street; thence southerly along Church street until it intersects Beverly street; and thence north-easterly along the centre of Beverly street to the place of beginning.
- 3. The said Third Ward shall be bounded as follows, that is Third Ward to say: commencing where the Town boundary crosses the Dundas and Waterloo Tumpike Road leading from Galt to the Toll-zate; thence westerly along the road between the tenth and eleventh concessions of the Township of North Dumfries, to where the Town boundary leaves the concession road; thence southerly along the said boundary to the south-east angle of the Town; thence westerly along the southerly boundary of the Town to the Grand River; thence northerly along the easterly bank of the Grand River to the centre of Mill Creek; thence along the centre of Mill Creek to the centre of Main street; and theace along the centre of the Dundas and Waterloo Tumpike Road to the place of beginning.
- 4. The said Fourth Ward shall be bounded as follows, that Fourth Ward is to say: commencing at the centre of the bridge crossing the Grand River at Main street; thence westerly in a produced line from the centre of Main street to its intersection with the western boundary line of the Town; thence northerly along the said boundary to the north-west angle of the Town; thence easterly along the northern boundary thereof to the Grand River; thence southerly along the western bank of the Grand River, to the place of beginning.
- 5. The said Fifth Ward shall be bounded as follows, that is Fifth Ward. to say: commencing at the centre of the bridge crossing the Grand River at Main street; thence southerly along the western bank of the said River to the southerly boundary of the Town; thence west along that boundary to the south-west angle of the Town; thence northerly along the western boundary of the Town to the south-west angle of Fourth Ward; thence easterly along the southerly boundary of Fourth Ward to the place of beginning.

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Returning Officer at first election. V. The Clerk for the time being of the said Village of Galt shall be ex officio Returning Officer for the purpose of holding the first municipal election under this Act, and shall, on or before the Twenty-first day of December next after the passing of this Act, by his warrant, appoint a Deputy Returning Officer for each of the five wards into which the said Town of Galt is hereby divided, to hold the first election therein; and in the discharge of their duties each Deputy Returning-Officer, shall severally be subject to all the provisions of the said Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts applicable to first elections in Towns incorporated under the said Acts.

Public Act.

VI. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. XVIII.

An Act to incorporate the Town of Owen Sound, in the County of Grey.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

TATHEREAS the inhabitants of the Village of Sydenham, in the County of Grey, have by their Petition represented, that by a census taken under the authority of the Municipal Council of the Township of Sydenham, in the month of December now last, the population of the Village amounted to one thousand and nine hundred and forty-five, and was then and is now rapidly increasing, so that by the end of the present year it will probably amount or very nearly approach to three thousand souls, the number required for its incorporation as a Town under the ordinary operation of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts, and further that they are desirous to avoid the delay which must otherwise take place, and to have the said Village incorporated as a Town by the name of Owen Sound by a special Act, and the boundaries thereof and its division into Wards established as hereinafter provided, and it is expedient to grant their prayer and to provide accordingly: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Town of Owen Sound incorperated.

I. The tract of land lying within the boundaries hereinafter mentioned, shall, upon, from, and after the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, be incorporated as, and shall be a Town, to be called and designated as the Town of Owen Sound.

Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts to apply to it.

II. So much of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts as relates to incorporated Towns, shall, from and after the day last aforesaid, apply to the said Town of Owen Sound, and the said Town shall have and exercise all and singular the rights, powers, privileges and jurisdiction which are thereby granted or conferred to or upon, or as shall by virtue of the said Acts, or of any other Act or Acts, now in force or hereafter to be

be in force in Upper Canada, belong to incorporated Towns: and all the rules, regulations and enactments in the said Acts or any of them contained, or which shall in any wise apply to incorporated Towns, shall apply to the said Town of Owen Sound, as fully as if it had become an incorporated Town under the ordinary operation of the said Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts, with the exception hereinafter made.

III. The said Town of Owen Sound shall consist of all that Boundaries of part of the County of Grey which is bounded as follows, that is the said Town. to say: on the East by the tenth Concession of the Township of Sydenham, on the West by the third Concession of the Township of Derby, on the South by the lots number fourteen in the eleventh and twelfth Concessions of the Township of Sydenham and by lots number fourteen in the first and second Concessions of the Township of Derby, and on the North by Owen Sound and the Indian Lands as they are now limited and bounded.

IV. The said Town of Owen Sound shall be divided into Town divided three Wards, to be called respectively: Bay Ward, Centre into three Ward, and River Ward; Bay Ward shall consist of all that part of the Town north of the centre line of Division Street prolonged described. each way to the East and West boundaries of the Town; Centre Ward shall consist of all that part of the Town lying between Bay Ward as above defined and the centre line of Union Street prolonged each way to the East and West boundaries of the Town; and River Ward shall consist of all that part of the said Town lying South of the centre line of Union Street prolonged as aforesaid.

V. The Municipal Council of the Township of Sydenham Appointment shall and may at any time after the passing of this Act, appoint of Returning a fit person to be the Returning Officer for holding the first Election. Municipal Election under this Act, and the person so appointed shall on or before the twenty-first day of December next after the passing of this Act, by his Warrant, appoint a Deputy Returning Officer for each of the three Wards into which the Town of Owen Sound is hereby divided, to hold the first election therein: and in the discharge of their duties such Deputy Returning Officers shall be respectively subject to all the provisions of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts applicable to first Elections in Towns incorporated under the said Acts: Provided always, that at the first Election to be held in the said Proviso: Town, the qualification of Electors and of Councillors shall be Qualification the same as in Townships; And provided also, that inasmuch and Councilas the said Town of Owen Sound comprises two of the five lors. Wards of the said Township of Sydenham, therefore the division Proviso: as to of the said Township into Wards as now established shall cease the Township upon the first Monday in January, one thousand eight hundred of Sydenham. and fifty-seven, on which day the annual Election of Councillors in the Township of Sydenham shall be made at a general Township

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Township Meeting, to be held at the place where the meetings of the Municipal Council of the Township are held.

Public Act. VI. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to separate the County of Bruce from the County of Huron.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

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THEREAS the Reeves of the several Townships of the County of Bruce have by their Petition, prayed that the said County of Bruce, now united to the County of Huron, may be set apart as a separate County for judicial and other purposes, without unnecessary delay, and the sense of the said County being in favour of such separation, and the wealth and population thereof being sufficient to warrant the same, it is expedient to make provision to enable the said County to separate from the said County of Huron as soon as the necessary provisions for that purpose shall have been made: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Upon, from and after the first day of January, one thousand

eight hundred and fifty-seven, the Town Reeves and Deputy

Provisional Council of Bruce constituted.

14 & 15 V. c. 5.

Powers of such Council.

12 V. c. 78.

Town Reeves of the several Townships in the said County of Bruce, as the same is described and limited in and by the Act passed in the Session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled. An Act to make certain alterations in the Territorial Divisions of Upper Canada, shall form a Provisional Municipal Council for the said County, and shall, with respect to the said County, have, possess and exercise all and singular the rights, powers, privileges and duties conferred, granted or imposed by the Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act for abolishing the Territorial Division of Upper Canada into Districts, and for providing for temporary Unions of Counties for judicial and other purposes, and for the future dissolution of such Unions as the increase of wealth and population may require, upon Provisional

may issue.

Municipal Councils erected by Proclamation under the authority of the said Act, and also all the powers which may be conferred on Provisional Municipal Councils generally by any Proclamations other Act or Law in force in Upper Canada; and such Proclamations as may be necessary for such purpose shall and may be issued by the Governor in Council, in the same manner as such Proclamations may be issued under the said last recited Act.

Public Act.

II. This Act shall be deemed to be a Public Act.

CAP. XX.

An Act to amend the Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act of 1855, and to authorize the organization of a Municipal Council in the Village of St. Jérôme.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

THEREAS the Village of St Jérôme has been erected Preamble. into a Municipality, and the inhabitants of the place have expressed a desire to enjoy, immediately, the advantages of Municipal government, and it is expedient that the Legislame should come to their aid in the matter: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The Proclamation erecting the said Village into a Muni-Proclamation cipality shall take effect from the first day of July next, and erecting the village to take thenceforth the Municipal Council for the Village of St. Jérôme effect from 1st shall be organized in virtue of, and in the manner provided by July, 1866. the Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act of 1855, more particularly by sections twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, and thirty-one of the said Act.

II. This Act shall be a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XXI.

An Act to incorporate the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company with power to purchase from the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company their line of Railway, and for other purposes.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

THEREAS the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Preamble. Company have become embarrassed and unable to complete the remaining portion of their line of Railway between the Village of Paris and the Town of Goderich, and the completion of the said portion, and the more perfect finishing and equipment of the portion from Fort Erie to Paris, are highly desirable and will be of great advantage to that part of this Province through which the line of the said Railway is located, and to the Province generally; And whereas the persons hereinafter named together with others, have associated themselves together for the purpose of purchasing from the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, the whole of their Railway, whether already made, or heretofore authorized to be made, and the lands and hereditaments acquired by them for the making and completion thereof, and all the rights, privileges, rolling and other stock, buildings and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all other the property of the same Company,

Cap. 18, 19. Counties Huron & Bruce, Separation. 19 V101.

Township Meeting, to be held at the place where the meetings of the Municipal Council of the Township are held.

Public Act.

28

VI. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. XIX.

An Act to separate the County of Bruce from the County of Huron.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS the Reeves of the several Townships of the County of Bruce have by their Petition, prayed that the said County of Bruce, now united to the County of Huron, may be set apart as a separate County for judicial and other purposes, without unnecessary delay, and the sense of the said County being in favour of such separation, and the wealth and population thereof being sufficient to warrant the same, it is expedient to make provision to enable the said County to separate from the said County of Huron as soon as the necessary provisions for that purpose shall have been made: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Upon, from and after the first day of January, one thousand

eight hundred and fifty-seven, the Town Reeves and Deputy

Town Reeves of the several Townships in the said County of

Bruce, as the same is described and limited in and by the Act

Provisional Council of Bruce constitnted.

14 & 15 V.

c. 5.

Powers of

12 V. c. 78.

passed in the Session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled. An Act to make certain alterations in the Territorial Divisions of Upper Canada, shall form a Provisional Municipal Council for the said County, and shall, with respect to the said County, have, possess and exersuch Council cise all and singular the rights, powers, privileges and duties conferred, granted or imposed by the Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act for abolishing the Territorial Division of Upper Canada into Districts, and for providing for temporary Unions of Counties for judicial and other purposes, and for the future dissolution of such Unions as the increase of wealth and population may require, upon Provisional Municipal Councils erected by Proclamation under the anthority of the said Act, and also all the powers which may be conferred on Provisional Municipal Councils generally by any Proclamations other Act or Law in force in Upper Canada; and such Proclamations as may be necessary for such purpose shall and may be issued by the Governor in Council, in the same manner such Proclamations may be issued under the said last recited Act.

may imue.

Public Act. II. This Act shall be deemed to be a Public Act.

CAP. XX.

An Act to amend the Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act of 1855, and to authorize the organization of a Municipal Council in the Village of St. Jérôme.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

THEREAS the Village of St Jérôme has been erected Preamble. into a Municipality, and the inhabitants of the place have expressed a desire to enjoy, immediately, the advantages of Municipal government, and it is expedient that the Legislature should come to their aid in the matter: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The Proclamation erecting the said Village into a Muni-Proclamation cipality shall take effect from the first day of July next, and erecting the thenceforth the Municipal Council for the Village of St. Jérôme effect from 1st shall be organized in virtue of, and in the manner provided by July, 1856. the Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act of 1855, more particularly by sections twenty-seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, and thirty-one of the said Act.

II. This Act shall be a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XXI.

An Act to incorporate the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company with power to purchase from the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company their line of Railway, and for other purposes.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

THEREAS the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Preamble. Company have become embarrassed and unable to complete the remaining portion of their line of Railway between the Village of Paris and the Town of Goderich, and the completion of the said portion, and the more perfect finishing and equipment of the portion from Fort Erie to Paris, are highly desirable and will be of great advantage to that part of this Province through which the line of the said Railway is located, and to the Province generally; And whereas the persons hereinafter named together with others, have associated themselves together for the purpose of purchasing from the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, the whole of their Railway, whether already made, or heretofore authorized to be made, and the lands and hereditaments acquired by them for the making and completion thereof, and all the rights, privileges, rolling and other stock, buildings and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all other the property of the same Company,

whether situate in Canada or elsewhere, and for the purpose of completing and working the Railway, which Railway is, when completed, intended to extend from Fort Erie to Goderich; And whereas Robert Hilaro Barlow, late of England, and now of Brantford, Esquire, on behalf of the said persons, has entered into an agreement, bearing date the eleventh day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, with the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Com-, pany, for the purposes aforesaid, by and with the approval of the Shareholders of the said Company, testified by a majority of votes at a special meeting of such Shareholders, held at Stratford, in the county of Perth, on the nineteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five; And whereas the said persons hereinafter mentioned, or some of them, on behalf of themselves, and the others, have petitioned to be incorporated: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Certain perated.

I. Charles Mackirdy, Henry Robarts, Thomas Wilde Powell, sons incorpor- Henry W. Andrews, Henry Beardshaw, William Baines, Joseph Goodwin Kershaw, H. Grisewood, W. O. Dodgin, John Proctor, Joseph Curling, Jacob Hulle, Jr., John Wilton, Robert Hilaro Barlow, Adolphus Frederic Slade, and Edward Heseltine, together with such persons as have already become, or shall, under the provisions of this Act, become subscribers to, or proprietors of any share or shares in the said undertaking, and their several and respective executors, administrators, curators or assigns, being proprietors of any share or shares in the said undertaking, shall be, and are hereby united into a Company for purchasing, completing, maintaining, working and manuging the said Railway, and shall, for that purpose, be a body corporate and politic, by the name and style of the "Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company;" and the said Company shall be, and are hereby authorized and empowered, from and after the passing of this Act, by themselves, their deputies, agents, officers, workmen and servants, to make, complete, maintain, work and manage for their own use and benefit the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway.

Corporate name and style.

Liability of Shareholders | limited, and

II. No shareholder shall be liable for the debts or liabilities of the Company, or for any other purpose beyond the amount, Capital Stock. for the time being, not paid up in respect of the shares held by him or them in the Company. The capital stock of the said Company shall be Five hundred thousand Pounds, currency, to be divided into twenty thousand shares of twenty-five pounds currency, or twenty pounds ten shillings sterling, each; Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the said Company to increase the said capital stock to any sum not exceeding in the whole two million pounds currency, as hereinafter provided.

Proviso.

III. From and after the delivery by the said Buffalo, Brant-Railway, and ford and Goderich Railway Company to the said Buffalo and Lake

Lake Huron Railway Company, of the said line of Railway, conditions and the acceptance thereof by them, or any part thereof in the thereof. name of the whole, in pursuance of the said agreement, the said Railway shall be known as and called the "Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway;" and the said Railway and all the property, whe'her the same be real or personal, and whether situate in Canada or elsewhere, of the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, shall become and be the property of the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company and their successors and assigns, subject to the payments mentioned in, and to be made in accordance with the above mentioned agreement; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, if they think fit, to enforce all or any contracts or agreements made or entered into by any person or persons, or body corporate whatsoever, with the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, respecting any land or lands required by the said Company for the purposes of the said Railway; and they may sue in all Courts on any such contract, in their corporate name, as if such contract had been originally entered into by and with the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company; Provided always, Provise. that whenever the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company shall elect to enforce any such contract or agreement, they shall be liable thereon to the same extent that the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company would be, were they enforcing the same.

IV. The bona fide holders of bankers' receipts or provisional Provisional certificates for deposits made on shares already subscribed certificates to for in the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, amount of (heretofore also called the Lake Huron and Buffalo Railway Stock held. Company,) shall on producing such receipts or certificates to the Secretary of the said Company, be entitled to be entered and registered in the books of the said Company as holders of the number of shares mentioned in such receipts or certificates; and shall thereupon have and enjoy all the rights and privileges, and shall be subject to all the liabilities of shareholders in the said Company.

V. It shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Company shares not to dispose of, allot and assign, to such persons, at such times subscribed for and in such manner as they shall think most for the advantage how to be disposed of the said Company, all such shares as shall not be subscribed for or taken at the time of the passing of this Act, and they shall deliver certificates under the common seal of the said Company, to the person or persons to whom they shall so dispose of, allot or assign such shares, of the number of shares so allotted to such person or persons respectively, and such person or persons shall then be the legal owner or owners of such shares, and invested with all the rights and subject to all the liabilities of shareholders in respect of such shares.

VI. In case it shall be deemed expedient by the said Buffalo

and Lake Huron Railway Company at any time or times

Capital Stock may be increased with creased with the sanction of hereafter to increase the capital of the said Company, such two-thirds of Shareholders.

increase may at any time, or from time to time be effected to any extent not exceeding in the whole two million pounds, currency, by resolutions of the Directors of the said Company, sanctioned and approved by two-thirds at least of the votes of the shareholders present in person or by proxy at a general meeting of the shareholders, convened with special notice of such intended increase, or at any special meeting called for

How such increased Capital may be raised.

Proviso:

Priority of claims of present Bondholders secured.

the purpose of sanctioning such increase; and the further capital so authorized may be raised by bond or mortgage upon the property of the said Company or any part thereof, or by the issue of new shares of such denominations and with such privileges as to priority of dividend or otherwise, and upon such terms and conditions, and at such times and to such persons, and in such manner as the shareholders so present, in person or by proxy, at any such meeting, shall by the like proportion of votes approve or direct; Provided that no bond, mortgage or issue of new shares, or any agreement made under this Act, or any thing contained in this Act, shall affect or impair the priority of the Provincial claim for any Provincial Loan or guarantee given to the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, or the security by mortgage bonds now held by any individual or body corporate upon the said Railroad, already given by the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, or which shall be reafter be given by the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, without the consent in writing of such individual or body corporate; but such loan, guarantee or mortgage bonds shall become obligatory and of force according to the purport, conditions and tenor thereof, upon the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, in the same manner and with the same force and effect as if the said loan, guarantee or mortgage bonds had been originally made and executed by and in the name of the said Company.

Directors, their number and manner of election.

qualification.

VII. The Directors of the said Company shall be nine in number, and shall be elected from among the shareholders of the said Company at a general meeting of such shareholders, to be holden on the first Wednesday in September in each year, at Brantford, in the County of Brant, and shall hold office from the time of their election until the first Wednesday in the month of September next following, and from thence until Proviso: as to the election of their successors; Provided always, that no one shall be eligible to be elected as a Director of the said Company unless he be the holder of twenty-five shares of the capital stock of the said Company if resident in Canada or Buffalo, or within twenty miles of the boundary of Canada, and fifty shares of the said stock if resident elsewhere out of Canada; And provided also, that no person shall, by virtue of any office held by him in any municipality or otherwise, be

Proviso, Quorum. exoficio a Director of the said Company; And provided also, Proviso: exthat five Directors, including such as may vote by proxy as cluding hereinafter provided, shall be a quorum and shall exercise all or officio Directany of the powers vested in the said Directors, provided that not less than three Directors be personally present; And pro-Directors may vided also, and it is hereby enacted, that the Directors of the vote by proxy, said Company may vote by proxy, such proxies being them-selves Directors and appointed in the following form or to the selves Directors like effect:

" I hereby appoint " Esquire, one of the Directors of the Buffalo and Lake Huron "Railway Company, to be my proxy as a Director of the said Company, and as such proxy to vote for me at all meet-"tings of the Directors of the said Company, and generally to "do all that I could myself do as each Director if personally " present at any such meeting.

A. B. " (Signature.)

VIII. Any person being otherwise duly qualified may be Aliens may be appointed a Director, notwithstanding he may be an alien.

IX. It shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Manner of Company from time to time to call in and demand payment calling in infrom the shareholders of the said Company, of all such sum or shares. sums of money as shall be unpaid on the shares held by them respectively in the said Company, at such time and times and in such payments or instalments as the said Directors shall deem proper, by notice requiring such payment, to be published four successive weeks previous to the time fixed for such payment, once at least in each week in some newspaper published in the towns of Brantford, Stratford and Goderich, and also in the London Times, England, or in some other morning paper published in London, England; Provided always, that Proviso: as to no more than five pounds sterling on each share shall be made amount of inpayable at any one time, nor more than ten pounds ten shillings atalments. sterling in any one year, exclusive of, and in addition to the ave pounds ten shillings deposit on shares already paid in or which shall be hereafter paid in or received on any of the twenty thousand shares, original capital of the said Company; And provided also, that the publications of such notice as Provise : as to aforesaid in the London Times, England, or in some of the Notice. morning papers published in London, England, shall be sufficient notice of such calls to shareholders residing in England, and the publication thereof in some newspaper published in the said towns of Brantford, Stratford and Goderich as aforesaid, shall be sufficient notice of such calls to shareholders residing in Canada or elsewhere out of England; And provided also, Proviso: that the production of any such newspaper containing the said Evidence of notice for four successive weeks as aforesaid shall be prima collefacie evidence, and shall be received as such in all Courts and

other

other places of the due making of such calls and the due publication of such notice.

- X. General meetings of the shareholders of the said Com-

General meesings of the Company.

pany shall be held half-yearly at such place as the Directors of the said Company shall from time to time appoint, on the first Wednesday in March and September in each year, and Noticethereof. notice of such meeting shall be given in the Canada Gazette, and in one newspaper of Upper Canada, published in some city, town or village through or near to which the said Railway shall pass, and also once in the London Times, England, or in some other morning paper published in London, England, at least one calendar month before the day appointed for such meeting, and continued not less than once a week in the Canadian papers up to and including the week next before that in which such meeting shall be held; and also notice of such meeting shall be mailed to the address of each shareholder of the said Company at least twenty-one days before such meeting; Provided always, that the omission to mail such notice shall not vitiate or render void such meeting, or any act, matter or thing

Proviso.

Special meetings when and how called.

XI. Special meetings of the shareholders of the said Company shall or may be called for considering the affairs of the said Company or doing any act, matter, or thing relating thereto, from time to time, as occasion shall or may seem to require, by notice showing the object and purpose of such special meeting, to be given by three Directors of the said Company, whatever number of shares they may hold, or by five or more shareholders, holding altogether not less than one thousand shares in the said Company, to be mailed and published in the same manner as above provided in respect to notices of general meetings; Provided always, that the omission to mail such notice shall not vitiate or render void such meeting or any act, matter or thing done or transacted thereat.

done or transacted thereat.

Proviso.

Scale of votes Shareholders.

XII. Any party or parties, or body corporate, holding stock at meetings of in the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company to the amount of one hundred shares, or any amount less than one hundred shares, shall at any general or special meeting of shareholders, have one vote for each share up to and including one hundred shares, and for any amount over one hundred shares and not over six hundred shares, one vote for each share up to and including one hundred shares, and one additional vote for every two shares over the first one hundred shares, and for any amount over six hundred and not over one thousand five hundred shares one vote for every share up to and including one hundred shares, and one additional vote for every two shares over the first one hundred shares and up to and including six hundred shares, and one additional vote for every three shares over six hundred shares, and for any amount exceeding one thousand five hundred shares one vote for every share up to and including

including one hundred shares, and one additional vote for every two shares over the first one hundred shares and up to and including six hundred shares, and one additional vote for every three shares over six hundred shares up to and including one thousand five hundred shares, and one additional vote for every four shares over one thousand five hundred shares.

XIII. Duplicates of all registers and debentures of the Com- Duplicates of pany and of the Lists of the shareholders thereof or of the stock register which shall at any time be kept at the principal office of the England, &c. Company in this Province, (such duplicates being authenticated by the signature of the Secretary or principal officer of the said Company in this Province), may be transmitted to and kept at any office of the said Company opened in the city of London, England.

XIV. Whenever any transfer shall be made in England or Transfers of other part of Great Britain or Ireland of any share or stock of shares in the Company, the delivery of such transfer, duly executed, to Great Britain the Secretary or other officer of the said Company, for the time cuted before being authorized by the said Company to receive such transfer Local Secrein London aforesaid, shall be sufficient to constitute the trans- tary. feree or transferees, a shareholder or shareholders in the said Company, in respect of the share or stock so transferred, and such Secretary or other officer as aforesaid shall transmit an accurate list of all such transfers to the Secretary or other principal officer of the said Company in this Province, who shall thereupon make the requisite entries respecting such transfer in the register kept in this Province, and the Directors may from time to time make such regulations as they shall think fit for facilitating the transfer and registration of shares or stock, as well in this Province as elsewhere, and as to the closing of the register or transfer for the purpose of dividend, as they may find expedient, and all such regulations not being inconsistent with the provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act as altered or modified by this Act, shall be valid and binding.

XV. Any party entitled to any debenture of this Province Bonds or Deissued to the Company, or to any bond or debenture of the Com- bentures transpany, may transfer his right and interest in any such bond or ferable by debenture, and in the principal and interest monics account debenture, and in the principal and interest monies secured thereby, to any other person by the delivery of such bond or debenture with the coupons or interest warrants attached thereto, without the necessity of a deed or instrument in writing for the purpose of effecting such transfer.

XVI. It shall be lawful for the said Company to exercise Company to and enjoy the right of ferrying across the Niagara River at or have rights of near Fort Erie, and they may build, purchase, charter, hold, tain places. navigate, and work steamers and other vessels and craft, either as ferry boats for the conveyance of freight and passengers across the Niagara River, at or near Fort Erie Rapids, to and from

from the United States, or for the conveyance of freight and passengers to and from Goderich on Lake Huron, or to and from any other port or place, and may dispose of such steamers, vessels or craft as they shall deem expedient, and may acquire others in their stead, and may establish, demand and take tolls and fees for the conveyance of goods and passengers or other services performed by or with such steamers, vessels or craft either on the said Niagara River, or Lake Huron or elsewhere; Provided always, that the said privileges of ferry on the Niagara River shall be exercised and enjoyed subject to the conditions and restrictions, and according to the terms mentioned and contained in the lease of the said ferry to the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company; Provided that the declarations, oaths, or other acts necessary to effect a registration of any such vessel by or in the name of the said Company, may be made or done by the Secretary or other officer of the Company.

Provise.

Previso.

Company may perary buildings of wood. on certain cenditions.

Proviso.

Proviso.

XVII. The said Company may construct any temporary construct tem- buildings required for the purpose of more conveniently carrying on their works or any of them, of wood or other materials, notwithstanding any such buildings may be within the limits of any Municipality and the construction or building the same of such materials shall be contrary to and in violation of any By-law or By-laws of any such Municipality; Provided always, that any such building when contrary to such By-law or By-laws shall not be intended as a permanent building or be allowed to remain after the completion of the works for carrying on which the same shall be erected; And provided also, that any such building shall not, without the consent of such Municipality, be constructed at a less distance than one hundred yards from any neighbouring building, except such neighbouring building belongs to the Company.

XVIII. The said agreement recited at full length in Sehe-

A certain agreement for dule B to this Act annexed, of the eleventh day of February purchase of Railway au-thorized and confirmed.

in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fiftysix, and the purchase of the said Railway intended thereby, and all other property and privileges of what kind or nature soever mentioned or referred to or intended to be included in the said agreement and in the schedules therein or thereunder written or thereto annexed, are hereby legalized and confirmed; and the said agreement shall and may be read, how it shall be construed, and taken in all Courts of law and equity and elsewhere, as if the same had been made in the name of and by and between the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company and the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company after the incorporation of the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, and as if both Companies had been legally authorized to enter into such agreement; and the said Railway and all and singular the lands,

right of way, and other property, of what kind or nature

Its effect, and executed.

of the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four; and any such purchaser or purchasers thereby acquiring the said Railway and premises shall and may exercise, have and enjoy all the rights, powers and privileges in, over, and in respect of such Railway and premises as the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company had they retained the said Railway and premises could or might have done; Provided always, that nothing done by the said James Previso. Kerby, David Christie, and Myron P. Bush, or by any or either of them, as such mortgagees or trustees, under the authority of any thing in this Act contained, or any thing done by them, or any or either of them, as such trustees or mortgagees, shall be construed to render them in any way personally responsible.

XX. And in the event of the said Buffalo, Brantford In the event of and Goderich Railway Company refusing or failing to Buffalo, Brantford and carry out the said agreement of the eleventh day of Fe-Goderich Railbruary, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and if the way being said Railway shall be sold at the instance of the holders sold Company of Bonds of the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich purchasers. Railway Company, or other person or persons, or otherwise howsoever, it shall and may be lawful for the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company to purchase the said Railway and premises, and every thing appertaining thereto; and the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, or other person or persons shall, in the event of their becoming purchasers of the said Railway, have all the powers, rights and privileges of the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, and conferred on the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company by this Act.

XXI. It shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the Further agreesaid Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company and ments may be of the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company entered into touching respectively, from time to time, to make any further agreement claims of with respect to the claims of the said Companies respectively Companies against each other, or in respect to the mode or terms of pay-respectively. ment mentioned in the said hereinbefore recited agreement, or the immediate sale of, or compounding for a sum in gross in lieu of the sums or any of them payable annually by the said agreement.

XXII. Any copy or extract from the said above mentioned Extracts duly agreement, or of, or from any agreement that shall at any time authenticated hereafter be made between the said Companies as aforesaid, agreements to or of, or from any deed for the purchase of the said Railway, or be prima facie of, or from any proceedings of the Directors or Shareholders of evidence. either Company with reference to such agreement or purchase, certified to be a true copy or extract by the Secretary or principal officer of the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company for the time being, and bearing the corporate seal of the

said Company, shall be prima facie evidence of such agreement. deed or proceedings, or of the part thereof set forth in such extract, in all Courts of Law and Equity and elsewhere.

Company emnowered to impose tolls, &c.

XXIII. It shall and may be lawful for the said Buffale and Lake Huron Railway Company to charge, impose, receive and take tolls upon the said Railway, for the conveyance of passengers and freight at the same rate per mile or other distance, as fixed and determined by the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, and to exercise, use, adopt and put in force all or any of the powers, privileges and By-laws of the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, until the said rate of tells, powers, privileges and By-laws shall be altered or changed by any By-law or By-laws of the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company.

Power to Municipalities, &c., to transfer shares in forto this Company.

XXIV. It shall and may be lawful for any Municipality or body corporate holding bonds of the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, to sell or transfer such bonds mer Company to the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between such Municipality or body and the said Buffalo and Lake Haron Railway Company.

Company may purchase and resell bonds or shares of for-

XXV. It shall and may be lawful for the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, notwithstanding any Act or law to the contrary, to purchase, receive and hold any bonds merCompany, of the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, held by any person or persons, Municipality or body corporate whatsoever, and to resell or transfer the same to any person or persons whomsoever, and while the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company shall be the holders of any such bonds, they shall have all the rights and privileges, and be subject to all the liabilities incident to the said bonds and the holders thereof.

Company may pay interest on shares out of the paid up Capital until Railroad.

XXVI. It shall and may be lawful for the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company to pay interest at any rate not exceeding the rate of six per cent. per annum to the shareholders, on the amount paid up on their shares out of the paid completion of up capital of the said Company, until the said Railway shall be completed; such interest to accrue and be paid at such times and places as the Directors of the said Company shall appoint for that purpose; Provided always, that no interest shall accrue to the proprietors of any share upon which any call shall be in arrears, in respect of such share or any other share held by the same shareholder during the period for which such call shall remain unpaid.

Proviso.

Time for completion of works extended.

XXVII. The time limited to the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, for the completion of the said Railway to Goderich is hereby extended to two years from the

time

time at which the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company shall be put in possession of the Railway and lands under the terms of the said agreement of the eleventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six; and the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company shall and may complete that portion of the said Railway which has not been completed by the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, notwithstanding the failure of the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company to comply with the requirements of the fifteenth Section of the Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled. An Act to authorize the Brantford and Buffalo 16 V.c. 45. Joint Stock Railway Company to construct a Railway from Fort Erie to Goderich; and the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company shall have, exercise and enjoy all the rights, liberties, and privileges that the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company might have enjoyed with respect to the constructing, completing or working of the said Railway, and every thing necessary or incident to the construction, completion, or working of the said Railway, had the requirements of the said last mentioned Act been complied with; any thing in the said last mentioned Act to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

XXVIII. It shall and may be lawful for the said Buffalo and Companymey Lake Huron Railway Company, to acquire and hold for the take, acquire purposes of the said Railway, one hundred acres of land at tain real Goderich, one hundred at or near Fort Erie, forty acres at or estate. near the junction with the Great Western Railway at Paris, forty acres at Stratford, and forty acres at any place or places where the said Railway shall at any time hereafter connect with or cross any other Railway now or hereafter to be made; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, their agents, servants, and workmen, to enter into and upon any lands of Her Majesty, or of any person or persons, body politic, or corporate whatsoever, and to take and hold the same for the purpose of procuring and taking gravel, ballast and other material required for the construction, maintaining or repairing the said Railway and works thereto belonging, whether such lands be delineated or set out on the plans or in the book of reference filed in pursuance of the provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act or not; Provided always, that the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Rail-Proviso. way Company shall make compensation to the owner or owners of any such lands so taken, in the manner pointed out in the provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act

XXIX. For the purpose of estimating the capital of the said Relative value Company or the dividends to be paid by the said Company, of sums currency and the sum of twenty-five pounds currency shall be deemed and sterling. taken to be equal to twenty pounds ten shillings sterling, and

relating to lands and their valuation.

4 •

twenty

twenty pounds ten shillings sterling to be equal to twenty-five pounds currency, and any loss or profit that shall or may arise by means of such equalization of value shall and may be borne and taken by the said Company.

Company may hold Stock in a certain foreign Railroad.

XXX. It shall and may be lawful for the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company to subscribe for, purchase and hold shares in the stock of any Railroad from Black Rock Ferry, in the State of New York, to the City of Buffalo in the same State.

Municipalities not to have the right of naming ex officio Direct-OTS.

XXXI. Any Municipality becoming the holder of shares in the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, either by subscription or purchase of shares, shall have and exercise through the Reeve or Mayor, or other chief officer of such Municipality, the same rights and privileges as other shareholders, and no other rights, and shall not be entitled to nominate or put on the Board of Directors any ex officio Director.

Paid Directors may be appointed.

XXXII. It shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Company to nominate and appoint a managing Director or Superintendent of the affairs of the said Company, with such powers and at such salary as shall be fixed or determined in or by any By-law, or resolution of the Directors of the said Company.

Certain clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act incorporated with this Act.

XXXIII. The several clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act with respect to "Interpretation," "Powers," "Plans and Surveys," "Lands and their valuation, "Highways and Bridges," "Fences," "Tolls," "General Meetings," "Directors, their election and duties," "Shares and their Transfer," "Municipalities," "Shareholders," "Actions for indemnity and fines and penalties and their prosecution," "Working of the Railway," and "General provisions," shall be incorporated with this Act, and shall apply to the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, and to the said Railway, except only in so far as it may be otherwise expressly provided by this Act, or as they may be inconsistent with or qualified by the express enactments of this Act; and the expression "this Act," when used herein, shall be understood to include and shall include the said provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act incorporated with this Act as Proviso: as to aforesaid; Provided always, that any act, matter or thing, things done by done or prosecuted or commenced by the said Buffalo, the former Company.

Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, or by any person or persons for their benefit or in pursuance of their duty under any of the foregoing provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act, shall accrue to the benefit of the said Buffalo and

> Lake Huron Railway Company to the same extent and effect as if done, prosecuted or commenced by themselves or under.

Company.

their authority.

XXXIV. The following persons shall be and constitute a Provisional provisional Board of Directors for the said Company, Charles Board of Di-Hill, Henry Robarts, Charles Makins, James Mackirdy, Thomas rectors consti-tuted. Wilde Powell, Robert Hilaro Barlow, George Brown, Fayette Rumsey, who shall hold office until the first meeting in September next after the passing of this Act and until a Board of Directors shall be elected under the provisions of this Act, and shall exercise, have and enjoy all the powers and privileges, and perform and discharge all the duties and be subject to all the liabilities of a Board of Directors elected under the provisions of this Act.

XXXV. It shall not be lawful for the said Company to make Dividends or declare any dividend payable upon the paid up capital of when to be the said Company, except at the ordinary half-yearly meetings declared. of the shareholders of the said Company.

XXXVI. It shall and may be lawful for the said Company, Certain deviaat any time before or after the expiration of the said two years tions from and within which they are to complete the line to Goderich as extensions of the original aforesaid, to make, construct and bring the said Railway to any line authorpoint on the River Maitland, or to the waters of Lake Huron, ized. at or near the Town of Goderich, with power to construct a Branch of the said Railway to some point at or near the Town of Bayfield, and for this purpose to make any continuation or deviation that may be necessary or in their judgment expedient, of or from the line of the said Railway as at present located, and to take such lands as the Company may deem necessary for such purpose.

XXXVII. It shall and may be lawful for the said Company to Canada Compurchase, and for the Canada Company to sell to the said Com-pany authorizpany if they consent so to do, the harbour of Goderich, commonly Goderich Harcalled Goderich Harbour, and so much of the Islands in the bour and River Maitland, and the shore adjoining the same River, as lands. may from time to time be mutually agreed upon between the said Company and the Canada Company, and all or any part of the harbours, works, piers, jetties, buildings, lands, hereditaments, rights, easements and appurtenances to the said premises or any of them belonging or appertaining, in such manner and upon such terms and conditions and for such consideration in money, shares, bonds or otherwise, as may be mutually agreed upon, and from and after any such sale and purchase, all the right to Companymay take and levy tolls, rents, dues and all other rights, privileges, improve the emoluments and advantages, which immediately before such land. sale and purchase were vested in or could be lawfully exercised or enjoyed by the Canada Company, shall thereupon be vested in and may thenceforth be lawfully exercised and enjoyed by the Company hereby incorporated; and after such purchase it shall be lawful for the said Company to straighten and improve the River Maitland, and deepen, cleanse and improve and alter the navigation thereof, and to deepen, cleanse, improve and

enlarge Goderich Harbour, and construct any basin or basins, dock or docks, piers, wharfs, sheds, warehouses, depots, stores, and other works thereon or adjacent thereto, which they may think proper, and also to take and appropriate the mud and shore of the River Maitland and the bed and soil thereof, and to do all such other acts as they may deem necessary or proper for improving Goderich Harbour and the navigation of the River and the bed and shores thereof, and the land adjacent thereto.

XXXVIII. The guage of the said Railway shall be five feet Guage of Railway. six inches, neither more nor less.

XXXIX. All deeds and conveyances for lands to be conveyed Form and nature of deeds to the said Company for the purposes of this Act, shall and may, and conveyso far as the title to the lands therein mentioned or the ances for circumstances of the party making such conveyance will admit, lands. be made in the form given in the Schedule to this Act, marked A.

As to consent for Great Western Railroad.

XL. The consent required to be obtained by the Great Western Railway Company to cross the said Buffalo, Brantford way Company and Goderich Kailway, by the Act passed in the eighteenth to cross line of year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to enable the Great Western Railway Company to construct a branch Railway

18 V. c. 176. to the Town of Brantford, and for other purposes therein mentioned, shall be obtained from the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, unless such consent shall be obtained before the passing of this Act.

Rights of certain bondholders and other be affected.

XLI. Nothing in this Act contained nor in the said agreement therein mentioned, shall confer or be construed and interpreted parties not to to confer on any creditor or any holder of any bond or bonds or other security of the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, any right or preference or other ground of action or title, than such creditor or holder would have had, had not this Act been passed, nor shall any thing in this Act or the said agreement contained deprive any owner or occupant of lands of his claim for right of way or damages acquired by him against the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, but such claims shall also subsist and continue to subsist against the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company.

Preliminary expenses, how paid.

XLII. The cost, charges and expenses of and incident to the passing of this Act, and also the costs, charges and expenses of or incurred by the Provisional Committee or Directors preliminary to the passing of this Act, shall be paid by the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company.

Public Act. XLIII. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

FORM OF CONVEYANCE.

Know all men by these Presents that I of , (insert the name of the wife also if she is to release her Dower, or for any other reason to join in the conveyance,) do hereby, in consideration of paid to me, (or as the case may be,) by the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, grant, bargain, sell, convey and confirm unto the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever, (or state the duration of the grant according to the fact,) all that certain tract or certain parcel of land situate (here describe the land), the same having been selected and laid out by the said Company, (or the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, as the case may be) for the purposes of their Railway; to have and to hold the said land and premises with all and every the appurtenances thereto belonging to the said Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever (if there be dower to be released, add) and I (name of wife) hereby release my dower on the premises.

As witness my hand and seal, this day of in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty

Signed, sealed and delivered a in the presence of

A. B. (L. S).

SCHEDULE B.

INDENTURE of Agreement referred to in the eighteenth Section of this Act, between the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, and Robert Hilaro Barlow, on behalf of the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company.

This Indenture made the eleventh day of February, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, between the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, of the first part, and Robert Hilaro Barlow, late of England, now of the Town of Brantford, in the County of Brant, and Province of Canada, Esquire, for and on behalf of certain persons intending to become incorporated by the name and style of the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company as hereinafter mentioned, of the second part:

WHEREAS the said party of the second part on behalf of the said intended Company has proposed to the said parties of the first part to take, purchase or acquire from them upon the terms and in manner hereinafter mentioned, the whole of the line of Railway from Fort Erie to Goderich opened and in progress, or

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to be opened, right of way, lands, works, materials for construction, engines, rolling stock, and other the property, rights and privileges whatsoever of the said parties of the first part, whether held or claimed, possessed or enjoyed by them by reason of any Act or Acts of Parliament, deeds, conveyances, agreements or assurances, or otherwise howsoever:

And whereas the said parties of the first part have, in pursuance of certain sesolutions of the Board of Directors of the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company and of the Shareholders of the said Company, in general meeting assembled at Stratford on the nineteenth day of December last past, for the purpose of considering the said proposal, agreed to accept the said proposal:

Now this Indenture witnesseth, that the said parties of the first and second parts, mutually covenant, promise and agree to and with each other as follows:

First—That this Indenture or agreement contains the terms, stipulations and conditions by which each party is to be bound as the basis upon which they will apply for and endeavor to procure the passing of an Act at the next Session of Parliament to incorporate the said intended Company with liability of Shareholders limited to the amount of their shares, and authorize and bind the said parties of the first part and the said intended Company respectively, subject to the conditions hereinafter mentioned, to confirm and fulfil the terms of this agreement and to authorize and confirm the selling or leasing by the said parties of the first part to the said intended Company of their line of Railway, material, stock, right of way, lands, and all other the rights privileges and appurtenances of what kind soever, to the said Railway or to the said parties of the first part belonging or in any wise appertaining, together with all such other engagements and stipulations as are expressly contained or incidentally involved in these presents, or which shall be confirmed by such intended Act.

Second—That the said Act for the incorporating of the said intended Company shall be prayed for and be brought before Parliament, by the said party of the second part or the said intended Company, and shall be under his or their control, but the said parties of the first part shall aid and do all in their power to obtain and procure the passing thereof.

Third—That when and so soon as the said intended Act shall have passed, then these presents shall immediately become and form the actual grant and deed of agreement and conveyance between the said parties of the first part and the said intended Company, and shall be absolute unless modified or altered by mutual consent and agreement, and shall be executed by both Companies under their respective Common Corporate seals as

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soon as may be, and shall be binding upon both Companies as if the covenants, stipulations, clauses, matters and things herein contained had been originally entered into by and between the said Companies both before and after the passing of the said intended Act. And thereupon the said party of the second part, shall be discharged from all individual liability in respect of his covenants herein contained; Provided always that if the said Act shall not be obtained, then this agreement and every matter, clause and thing herein contained shall cease to be binding and shall become null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever.

Now this Indenture also further witnesseth that the said parties of the first part, in consideration of the sums of money or annual payments hereinafter mentioned and agreed to be paid, and of the other covenants, stipulations and agreements entered into on behalf of the said intended company by the said party of the second part, do bereby agree to grant and convey and do by these presents, when they shall become an absolute deed as aforesaid actually grant and convey, bargain, sell, assign, transfer and set over unto the said intended Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company, all the line of Railway, works, stations, lands, ferry, right of way, and other premises, property and effects described and mentioned in the Schedule hereunder written, and numbered "One," which said Schedule is to be taken as part of these presents.

To have and to hold unto the said intended Company their successors and assigns for ever, without the interruption, disturbance, or interference of or by the said parties of the first part, their successors or assigns or any person or persons or body corporate claiming, by, through or under or in trust for them, subject to the payment by the said intended Company, their successors and assigns, in manner required by these presents, of the sums or annual payments hereinafter set forth, That is to say:

Thirty thousand pounds sterling a year for the first seven years.

Thirty-two thousand five hundred pounds sterling for the eighth year.

Thirty-five thousand pounds sterling for the ninth year.

Thirty-seven thousand five hundred pounds sterling for the tenth year.

Forty thousand pounds sterling for the eleventh and each and every subsequent year until the redemption by the said intended Company of the mortgage bonds hereinafter mentioned, and from and after such redemption the sum of ten thousand pounds

pounds sterling a year, for ever; Provided always, that the payment of the sum of ten thousand pounds a year shall not, under any circumstances, commence before the said eleventh year. The time for the payment of the said annual sums to commence and be computed from the day on which the said intended Company shall take possession of the said Railway and premises.

And whereas the said parties of the first part, as hereinafter more particularly mentioned, issued their bonds secured by mortgages over their line of Railway and lands hereby by them agreed to be conveyed; the said parties of the first part do hereby covenant, promise, and agree, to and with the said party of the second part acting on behalf of the said intended Company-That the said parties of the first part shall and will reduce the amount of such bonds to five hundred thousand pounds sterling, and that if at the time of delivery of possession of the said line of Railway to the said intended Company, the parties of the first part shall not have reduced the said bonds to the said sum of five hundred thousand pounds sterling, they the said parties of the first part shall and will issue and deliver to the said intended Company their bonds secured on the above deferred rental over the sum of thirty thousand pounds as above agreed to be paid, sufficient to liquidate and indemnify the said intended Company against the amount of the said bonds in excess of the said sum of five The bonds so to be issued hundred thousand pounds sterling. and delivered to the said intended Company, to be taken by the said intended Company and delivered by the said parties of the first part at their then market value; Provided always, that bonds to the amount of thirty-five thousand pounds sterling now held by Messrs. Hesseltine & Powell, of London, England, as security for the completion of the said road, are not to be considered as outstanding, the said parties of the first part being entitled to a return of the same as soon as the said Railway is completed.

And the said parties of the first part hereby further covenant and agree to and with the said party of the second part, that they have already procured or will procure before the said intended Company shall require possession of the said Railway, a good and sufficient title, to at least five-sixths of the whole land forming the line of Railway from Fort Erie to Goderich, and that they will furnish, make and deliver to the said intended Company a good and sufficient title to the said five-sixths of the said lands for the said line of Railway, and to all other the premises hereby by the said parties of the first part agreed to be conveyed or granted to the said intended Company, free from all incumbrances whatsoever except such as are referred to in these presents.

And it is hereby agreed by and between the parties to these presents, that the said intended Company shall for the purpose of securing the bonds of the said parties of the first part sold or disposed of or to be sold or disposed of in accordance with the provisions in this agreement contained, and for no other purpose, be legally subject to and chargeable with the three several mortgages following, that is to say: A mortgage bearing date the twenty-fifth day of August in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-Two, of the Line of Railway, from Fort Erie to Paris, to secure bonds not exceeding one hundred and twenty-five thousand pounds sterling. Secondly, a mortgage bearing date the first day of July in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-Three, of the Line of Railway from Paris to Goderich, to secure bonds not exceeding one hundred and eighty thousand pounds And thirdly, a mortgage bearing date the first day of June in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-Four, of the whole Line of Railway, securing bonds not exceeding three hundred thousand pounds sterling; and that from and after taking possession by the said intended company of the said Line of Railway and other the premises hereby agreed to be granted, conveyed or assigned to the said intended Company, the said mortgages as security for the said bonds shall be adopted by and be deemed for all practicable purposes to be mortgages and bonds made and given by the said intended Company, who shall be bound to see to the payment of the interest of such bonds and to the discharge of the principal when due, and who shall adopt such bonds as their own proper debts. and shall pay the interest and the principal thereof, respectively. when due, and indemnify the said parties of the first part from all claims and damages in respect thereof: Provided always, that the parties of the first part shall reduce the amount of the said bonds to the sum of five hundred thousand pounds as aforesaid, and that the said bonds shall not bear or call for a greater rate of interest than six per cent per annum. And provided also that it shall and may be lawful for the said intended Company to apply the sum of thirty thousand pounds a year, out of the moneys hereinbefore agreed to be paid annually by the said intended Company, in payment of the interest on the said sum of five hundred thousand pounds, and it is also hereby further agreed that the annual payments shall decrease, in proportion as the said intended Company shall pay off and discharge the said bonds; the decrease to be six per cent on the amount by them from time to time paid off; And it is hereby declared that it shall and may be lawful for the said intended Company at their option and risk to pay off the said bonds, or renew the loans when due, to discharge the present mortgages or create one or more new mortgages in lieu of the old, or to re-borrow all or any of the sums secured thereby, whether at a higher or lower rate of interest, and that any profit or loss arising from such financial operations, or any of them, shall belong to and be borne by the said intended Company, and they shall not be deemed

deemed or taken to be trustees for the said parties of the first part or be in any manner accountable to them, for and in respect of any matter or thing arising out of such financial transactions.

And the said party of the second part on behalf of the said intended Company hereby covenants and agrees to and with the said parties of the first part, that the said intended Company shall and will duly, punctually and regularly pay to the said parties of the first part, their successors and assigns the balance of the said annual sums or payments due to them after payment or deduction in each year of the interest on the said bonds as aforesaid, such balance to be due and payable yearly, at the end of nine calendar months from the commencement of each current year computed from the day on which the said intended Company shall take possession as aforesaid, and that they will pay all lawful rates, taxes, and assessments upon the said Railway and premises, and also that the said intended Company shall and will construct the said line of Railway from Paris to Stratford so as to open the same for traffic within six months, and thence to Goderich within two years from the time the said intended Company shall take possession of the said Railway as aforesaid; Provided always, that the said six months shall not under any circumstances begin to run or be computed from an earlier period than the first day of May next.

And whereas the completion of the said Railway from Paris to Stratford and from thence to Goderich within the periods aforesaid forms one of the principal inducements for the parties of the first part to enter into this agreement, and it is hereby expressly agreed that the said intended Company shall and will pay to the said parties of the first part as liquidated and ascertained damages, the sum of one hundred pounds a day over and above all other payments hereby required to be made by the said intended Company, for every day the said Railway shall remain unopened for public traffic for the conveyance of passengers and goods to Stratford aforesaid, beyond and after the said period of six months above limited for the completion of the said Railway to Stratford, and the like sum of one hundred pounds a day for each and every day the said road shall remain unopened for public traffic as aforesaid to Goderich, beyond and after the time limited for the completion of the said road to Goderich as aforesaid.

And it is hereby further expressly agreed, that in the event of the said parties of the first part being unable to arrange with the Bond-holders and other Creditors of the said Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company, within the space of three calendar months after the passing of the said contemplated Act, so as to enable the said parties of the first part to deliver over the said Railway and all other the property hereby agreed to

be sold to the said intended Company, free from incumbrances, except the said Mortgage Bonds to the amount of five hundred thousand pounds sterling, it shall and may be lawful for the said party of the second part or the said intended Company, upon giving one month's notice in writing of their intention so to do to the said parties of the first part, to withdraw from this agreement and these presents, and every clause, matter, and thing herein contained shall thereupon wholly cease and be void.

And it is hereby further agreed by and between the parties hereto, that at the time of taking possession by the said intended Company of the said Railway, the said parties of the first part shall sell, and the said intended Company shall buy all the property and effects of the said parties of the First Part set forth in the Schedule hereunder written, numbered "Two," which said Schedule is a part of this agreement, at a fair valuation to be previously made by two referees, one to be chosen by the said parties of the first part, and one by the said intended Company, or by an umpire to be chosen by the said referees before they proceed to make such valuation, to decide for them in such items as they cannot agree upon; such property and effects to be delivered over to the said intended Company, free and clear from all chattel mortgages, bills of sale, judgments, executions, liens or incumbrances of any kind or description whatsoever.

And whereas the said several annual sums or payments to be paid by the said intended Company as aforesaid, were and are intended to have reference to the state of the works and construction in the month of July last, the said intended Company shall on taking possession of the line and works pay to the said parties of the first part so much money as shall be the fair value of any new and further useful and available works towards the construction of the road executed since the first day of July last, unless the same shall since have become damaged or injured so as to make the said Road no more valuable or further advanced than it was on the said first day of July last; such work and fair value thereof to be decided in case of disagreement or dispute by some engineer or other competent party, to be named by the said parties of the first part and the said intended Company, or if they cannot agree then by the said intended Company alone, but he shall not be one of their own officers, and in case of his being named by the said intended Company alone, he shall sign a declaration that he will act fairly, honorably and impartially between the two Companies.

And it is further agreed by and between the said parties hereto, that the said parties shall respectively use their utmost endeavours to do and allow to be done in their names on their behalf respectively, all acts, deeds, matters and things that shall

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shall or may be necessary or proper, in order to procure the said intended Act, and that neither party shall or will openly or secretly take any measures to oppose or impede the same, or decline, refuse, or delay at any and all times to adopt or take any needful steps or proceedings towards procuring such Act.

And the said parties of the first part further covenant with the said party of the second part that they shall and will forthwith after the execution of these presents, proceed to make arrangements with their creditors, so as to enable them to early out the stipulations and agreements herein contained, and shall and will in all matters use their utmost endeavours to observe, fulfil and keep each and every stipulation and agreement herein contained and on the part of the said parties of the first part to be observed, fulfilled and keept.

And the said parties of the first part hereby further covenant to and with the said party of the second part, that they shall and will upon and immediately after the passing of the said intended Act, execute, seal and deliver all such other and further deeds, acts, conveyances and assurances in the law as shall or may be necessary or requisite for the more perfectly and absolutely assuring to the said intended Company all and singular the real estate property and effects in the Schedules hereunder written, subject to the payment of the said above mentioned annual sums, and the terms of this agreement as by the said intended Company or their Counsel learned in the law, shall be reasonably advised, devised or required, nevertheless at the proper costs, charges and expenses of the said intended Company.

And whereas the right of way has not been obtained over the whole line from Fort Erie to Goderich, and the portions not yet procured have been estimated at one-sixth of the whole, it has been agreed by and between the said parties hereto, that the said intended Company shall procure, buy and pay for the said one-sixth; Provided always, that the said right of way yet to be procured, shall not exceed the average price of fifteen pounds per acre, and in the event of the right of wayyet to be procured exceeding one-sixth of the whole line or if the average price per acre shall exceed fifteen pounds, then the said parties of the first part shall procure and pay for all the right of way yet to be procured in excess of the said one-sixth part of the whole, and shall and will pay the excess in price over the said sum of fifteen pounds per acre for such right of way so to be procured by the said intended Company.

SCHEDULE Number "One" above referred to, being the property which the said parties of the first part grant, bargain, sell, assign, transfer, set over and give possession of to the said intended Company in consideration of the annual sums above mentioned.

All the line of Railway and works either wholly or partly constructed and in course of construction from Fort Erie to Goderich.

All the docks, stations, piers, landing places, sidings, turntables, watering places, work shops and other buildings of what kind soever of the said parties of the first part.

All the right of way from Fort Erie to Goderich, and all the lands that have been purchased or taken possession of by the said parties of the first part, whether yet paid for or not, and whether the price thereof may have been yet agreed to or not, including all lands bought or taken possession of either for the present purposes of the line, stations, gravel pits or other conveniences, or with a view to further requirements.

All rails, chairs and other iron-work, sleepers, ties, sills and other materials for permanent way not only laid down but such also as are held in store by the said parties of the first part in connection with and for the purpose of a permanent way or otherwise: And specially and expressly, this schedule includes all the rails, chairs and other iron bought for laying the track of the said Railway from Paris to Stratford, and it is hereby agreed by the said parties of the first part, that they shall and will at their own expense furnish to the said intended Company enough rails, chairs and other iron for laying the permanent way of the whole distance from Paris to Stratford; Provided always, that if the rails held by the said parties of the first part, and delivered with possession of the said Railway to the said intended Company, shall be more than sufficient for the construction of the permanent way from Paris to Stratford, the said intended Company shall pay for all rails remaining and not required for the said permanent way to Stratford, at a valuation in manner above mentioned.

Also the lease of ferry, ferry privilege or right, or usage of ferry across the river from Buffalo to the Canadian shore as held and enjoyed by the said parties of the first part, and generally all the property of the said parties of the first part not expressly comprised in the said second schedule.

SCHEDULE Number "Two" above referred to, being the property and effects intended to be sold by the said parties of the first part, to the said intended Company at a valuation.

All the Engines, Tenders, Passenger, Freight and other Cars, and Carriages usually classed under the name of Locomotive Stock or Rolling Stock, owned by the said parties of the first

part, at the time the said intended Company shall take possession of the said Railway and Premises, and all Stores which at that time may be held by the said parties of the first part, in connection with the Locomotive, or Carriage, or Freight departments, and all their Office furniture not being fixtures, it being clearly understood that all fixtures pass as included in the said first said Schedule.

All such Tools, Trucks, Contractors' Engines or other moveable plant, implements or apparatus being such as are used by Contractors in the process of constructing Railways, which the said parties of the first part shall own at the time the said intended Company shall take possession as aforesaid.

In witness whereof the said parties hereto have hereunto set their hands and seals, that is to say: The said parties of the first part, their corporate seal and the hand of John Galt, Esquire, their President, and the said party of the second part, his own proper hand and seal, the day and year first above written.

(Signed,) JOHN GALT, President.

(Signed,) W. JOHNSTONE, Secretary.

(Signed,) ROBERT HILARO BARLOW.

Signed, Sealed and Delivered in presence of,

(Signed,) M. C. CAMEBON.

CAP. XXII:

An Act to revive, continue and amend the Act incorporating the Hamilton and Port Dover Railway Company.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS the Hamilton and Port Dover Railway Company have represented by their Petition, that they have entered into contracts for the completion of the Railway authorized by their Act of Incorporation, and have prayed that the time thereby allowed for commencing their said Railway may be extended, and that certain other amendments may be made to their said Act to facilitate the carrying out of the said undertaking, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of their Petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Time for commencing and completing. I. For and notwithstanding any thing in their special Act, the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act, or in any other Act contained, the said special Act shall, and is hereby declared to be

and to have been in full force and effect, and the corporate the works powers of the said Hamilton and Port Dover Railway Company extended. shall continue in force, provided they shall commence the construction of the works therein mentioned, and expend ten per cent. on the amount of their capital, within three years from the passing hereof.

II. So much of the ninth clause of the special Act as requires, Qualification that each of the Directors of the said Company shall be a of Directors.

Shareholder to the extent of one thousand pounds, shall be and reduced. Shareholder to the extent of one thousand pounds, shall be and the same is hereby repealed, and the Directors of the Company shall be chosen from among the Shareholders holding Stock to the amount of five hundred pounds, which shall be the qualification of a Director.

- III. Whereas the persons incorporated by the Act passed Recital. last Session, intituled, An Act to incorporate the Hamilton and South-Western Railway Company, have elected to abandon their said Charter, and are proceeding to construct a line of Railway under the provisions of the Act incorporating the Hamilton and Port Dover Railway Company: Be it enacted, That the said Act 18 V. c. 193, incorporating the Hamilton and South-Western Railway Com- repealed. pany be and the same is hereby repealed.
- IV. All bonds or debentures issued by the Company, and all Bonds, &c., interest, warrants or coupons attached thereto, which shall be of the Company, how issued by the Company, payable to bearer or to order, shall be assignable. assignable at law by delivery or endorsement; and may be sued on and enforced by the respective bearers and owners thereof, for the time being, in their own names.

V. Any Municipality which may have lawfully subscribed Municipalities for Stock in the said Hamilton and Port Dover Railway subscribing may issue de-Company, or that may hereafter lawfully subscribe for Stock, bentures. or may loan any sum of money to the said Company, may issue its debentures or bonds therefor, payable in sterling or otherwise, and at such place or places in this Province or elsewhere as such Municipality may see fit.

VI. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XXIII.

An Act to extend the line of the Port Dalhousie and Thorold Railway Company.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

THEREAS the Port Dalhousie and Thorold Railway Preamble. Company have prayed for power to extend their Railway to Port Colborne on Lake Erie, and it is expedient to grant such power on the conditions hereinafter mentioned: Therefore,

Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Company may extend their Road to Port Colborne.

I. The said Company shall have full power to lay out, construct, make and finish a double or single Iron Railway or Road, from Thorold to Port Colborne, and to such extension of their said Railway and to all things thereunto relating, all the, provisions and enactments of the Act incorporating the said Company shall extend and apply as fully as to the Railway described in the Act incorporating the said Company.

Capital may be increased by £100,000.

II. For the purpose of extending their Railway as aforesaid to Port Colborne, the Capital Stock of the said Company may be increased by a sum not exceeding One Hundred Thousand Pounds, Currency, to be divided into shares as provided by the Proviso: addi- fifth section of their said Act of incorporation; Provided tional Capital always, that the Company shall not commence the said extension of their Railway or exercise any of the powers hereby given them in respect thereof (except the power of increasing their Capital with a view to making the said extension) until the whole of the said additional Capital of One Hundred Thousand Pounds shall have been bond fide subscribed for, and five per centum thereon shall have been actually paid up; And provided also, that the said extension to Port Colborne shall be actually commenced within two years from the passing of this Act, and completed within five years from the same time, otherwise the right of the Company to make the same shall cease and determine.

must be raised &c., before extension is .commenced.

, Proviso: Pe-· riod for com-. mencing and . completing, Jimited.

Judge of may appoint Guardian to land to the Company, &c.

III. Whenever any lands which are required by the said County Court Company for their Railway or the extension thereof, and which may be taken by them for that purpose under their said Act of Infants to sell Incorporation and the clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act incorporated therewith, or any estate or interest in such lands, shall belong to a minor or infant having no guardian or other person acting for him, upon whom the notice required in such case can be served or who can convey such lands, estate or interest to the Company, then upon application by the Company to the County Judge of the County or Union of Counties in which such lands lie, it shall be lawful for such Judge, after having first made such inquiry (if any) as he may think necessary, to appoint some person to be guardian to such minor or infant for the purpose of the said Acts and as regards such lands, estate or interest, and the person so appointed shall be such guardian accordingly, and may convey such lands, estate or interest to the Company or receive the notice aforesaid, and do all things necessary in the premises; and the word "minor," or "infant," in this section shall include minors or infants.

IV. The Town Council of the Town of Saint Catherines may Council of St. acquire and hold the Stock of the said Company at present held Catherines by private Shareholders; and whenever the said Council shall may purchase the Stock held have acquired and shall hold the whole of the said shares now by private held by private Shareholders, then and thereafter each share of Shareholders: the Stock of the Company held by any Municipality, shall Consequence entitle such Municipality to one vote in the election of Director such purtors, and the Head of each such Municipality shall represent chase, as regards elecsuch Municipality at all such elections, and shall exercise such tions of Diright of voting under the instructions of the Council of his Mu-rectors, &c. nicipality; but the Head of any Municipality holding Stock in the Company shall not, after such purchase by the Town Council of Saint Catherines of all the Stock held by private Shareholders, be a Director ex officio.

V. In addition to the persons already qualified to be Direc- Freeholders to tors of the said Company, any person residing in any Munici- a certain pality which lies on the line of the said Railway and which certain locali-holds Stock in the Company who shall be possessed of freehold ties may be property in such Municipality of the value of seven hundred Directors, and fifty pounds over and above all incumbrances thereon, may ther qualifibe elected a Director of the said Company, without its being cation. necessary that such person should possess any Stock in the said Company.

VI. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XXIV.

An Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the L'Assomption River and Railway Company.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

[THEREAS it is expedient to amend and extend the Act Preamble. passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered one hundred and ninety-one, intituled, An Act to incor- 18 V. c. 19 porate the L'Assomption River and Railway Company, so as to enable the said Company to erect dams and locks on the said River, for the purpose of raising the water to a sufficient height for Steamboat navigation up to the first rapids on the Laquarreau River in the Parish of St. Paul: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The said Company is hereby authorized and empowered Company may to construct a dam at the mouth of the L'Assomption River, at on certain or near the upper end of the Island known as Deschamp's Island, conditions make a dam in the Parish of Repentigny, with a lock and canal for boats or dams and and lumber to pass through; provided such dam shall not raise locks on the the waters more than eight feet six inches above low water Assomption the waters more than eight feet six inches above low water, River. and that the said lock shall not be less than one hundred and

5*

fifty

Proviso.

fifty feet long and thirty-three feet wide, and shall not have less than four feet and a half of water on the sills at low water. nor shall the said canal be less than thirty-three feet wide. nor have less depth of water than that in the lock; And further, provided always, that should the said Company not find it practicable to erect such dam more than four feet six inches high, at the above named place, they shall have the right and privilege of erecting another dam four feet high from low water, above the Village of L'Assomption, at some convenient place, with a lock and canal of the same dimensions as before stated.

Timber to pass free.

II. The said Company shall be bound at all times to leave a free outlet for the passage of wood and timber of every description which shall descend the said River, and for that purpose shall construct any slide which may be necessary to receive the said timber and enable it to pass without obstruction and free of toll.

Company liable for all damages done in carrying their powers into effect.

III. Provided always, that the said Company shall be liable for all damages which the construction of any such dam may cause to the lands, bridges, mills and properties of any individual whomsoever, and also for any other damage whatever reulting from such construction, which damages shall be ascertained and fixed by three arbitrators, one to be appointed by the Company, one by the party claiming compensation and the third by the two said Arbitrators so appointed by the said Com-

appointment of Arbitrators ference.

Provise: as to pany and party claiming compensation: Provided always that if either the Company or party so claiming compensation shall in case of dif. refuse or neglect to appoint an Arbitrator within one month after notice to that effect, then it shall be lawful for any Judge of the Superior or Circuit Court for Lower Canada to select an Arbitrator on behalf of the party so neglecting or refusing, and the two so then appointed shall select a third; and if the two Arbitrators appointed as aforesaid, either by the parties, or by one of them and by a Judge on behalf of the other, cannot agree as to the appointment of a third Arbitrator, it shall be lawful for any Judge of the Superior or Circuit Court for Lower Canada, on the Petition of either of the said Arbitrators and after due notice to the other, to appoint such third Arbitrator, and the decision of a majority of the three Arbitrators shall be final, subject, nevertheless, to the jurisdiction of the Courts of Law.

Public Act.

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. XXV.

An Act to incorporate certain persons under the name and style of the "Canada North-West Railway Company."

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS the Municipalities of the City of Toronto, Saugeen, Elderslie, Brant, Carrick, Bruce, Arthur, Peel

1856.

and Minto, have petitioned that an Act might be passed authorizing the construction of a Railway from the waters of Lake Huron, at or near the Town of Southampton in the County of Bruce, to the waters of Lake Ontario at Toronto, or to intersect some other line of Railway so as to form a Railway connexion betwixt the two first mentioned places; And whereas a Railway so constructed would manifestly tend to open an extensive tract of fertile country and promote its general prosperity: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The Honorable Wm. Cayley, M.P.P., and Alexander Mc- Certain per-County of Grey; Wm. Clarke, M.P.P., Charles Allan, County of Wellington; Honorable J. H. Cameron, M.P.P., John George Bowes, M.P.P., John Beverly Robinson, George Duggan, James Beaty, John Duggan, John Hutchinson, Marcus Rossin, John Harrington, W. F. Meudell and John Ewart, Jun., of the City of Toronto, Esquires, together with such other person or persons, Corporations and Municipalities as shall under the provisions of this Act become Shareholders in the Company hereby incorporated, shall be and are hereby ordained, constituted and declared to be a body corporate and politic by and under the Corporate name of the "Canada North-West Railway Company."

II. The several clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Certain clau-Act with respect to the first, second, third and fourth clauses ses of 14 & 15 V. c. 51 inthereof, and also the several clauses of the said last mentioned Act corporated with respect to "Interpretation," "Incorporation," "Powers," with this Act. "Plans and Surveys," "Lands and their valuation," "Highways and Bridges," "Fences," "Tolls," "General Meetings," "Directors, their election and Duties," "Shares and their transfer," "Municipalities," "Shareholders," "Actions for indemnity, and fines and penalties and their prosecution," "Working of the Railway," and "General Provisions," shall be incorporated with this Act, and shall accordingly apply to the said Company and the said Railway, except only in so far as may be inconsistent with the express enactments hereof; and the expression "this Act" when used herein shall be understood to include the provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act which are incorporated with this Act as aforesaid.

III. The said Company and their servants and agents shall Line of Railhave full power under this Act to lay out, construct and com- way defined. plete a Railway connexion between Lake Huron, at or near the Town of Southampton in the County of Bruce, and Lake Ontario at Toronto, with full power to pass over any portion of the Counties of Wellington, Grey and Bruce, to intersect and unite with the Grand Trunk Railway at the Town of Guelph, as provided by the ninth section of the Railway Clauses

Consolidation

Consolidation Act, and to construct a Fork or Branch to Owen Sound from any point north of Durham.

IV. Deeds and conveyances under this Act for the lands to

Form of deeds to the Company.

be conveyed to the said Company for the purposes of this Act, shall and may as far as the title to the said lands or circumstances of the parties making such conveyance will admit, be made in the form given in the Schedule to this Act marked A, and all Registrars are hereby required to register in their Registry Books such deeds on the production thereof and proof of execution, without any memorial, and to minute every such

Registration.

entry on the Deed; the said Company are to pay the Registrar for so doing the sum of two shillings and six pence, and no more.

Provisional Directors appointed.

V. From and after the passing of this Act the said Honorable William Cayley, M.P.P., and Alexander McNabb, County of Bruce; George Jackson, M.P.P., and W. K. Fletcher, County of Grey; Wm. Clarke, M.P.P., and Charles Allan, County of Wellington; Honorable J. H. Cameron, M.P.P., John George Bowes, M.P.P., John Beverly Robinson, George Duggan, James Beaty, John Duggan, John Hutchinson, Marcus Rossin, John Harrington, W. F. Meudell and John Ewart, Jun., of the City of Toronto, Esquires, shall be the Provisional Directors of the said Company for carrying into effect the object and purposes of this Act.

Vacancies among them, how filled.

VI. It shall and may be lawful for the Provisional Directors for the time being of the said Company, or a majority of them, to supply the place or places of any of their number from time to time dying or declining to act as such Provisional Director or Directors, out of the several subscribers for stock in their said Railway to the amount of at least two hundred and fifty pounds provincial currency each, during the period of their continuance

in office, and such Provisional Directors, except as hereinafter Their powers, is excepted, shall be and they are hereby invested with all the powers, rights, privileges and indemnities, and they shall be and they are hereby made subject unto the like restrictions, as the elected Directors of the said Company, upon their being elected by the Stockholders of the said Company as hereinafter provided, would under the provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act and of this Act, become invested with or subject unto respectively.

First general meeting.

VII. When and so soon as shares to an amount equivalent to four hundred thousand pounds provincial currency, in the capital stock of the said Company shall be taken, and ten pounds per centum thereon shall have been paid in, which amount shall have been paid into some Chartered Bank, and shall not be withdrawn or otherwise applied unless for the purposes of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for the Provisional Directors of the said Company for the time being, to call a meeting

And election Directors.

meeting at the Town of Guelph of the subscribers for stock in the said Company, and who have paid ten per centum thereon as aforesaid, for the purpose of electing Directors of the said Company; Provided always, that if the said Provisional How called if Directors shall neglect or omit to call such meeting, then the Provisional Directors nesame may be called by any ten of the holders of shares in the glect to call it. said Company holding among them not less than an amount equivalent to five thousand pounds provincial currency; And Notice in provided always, that in either case public notice of the time either case. and place of holding such meeting shall be given during one month in some one newspaper published in the Town of Guelph, and also in some one newspaper published in each of the counties through which the said Railway shall pass or be intended to pass, or in such of the said counties as shall have a newspaper published therein respectively; and at such Number and General Meeting the Shareholders assembled, with such proxies qualification as shall be present, shall choose eleven persons to be Directors, &c. of the said Company, being each a proprietor of shares in the said Company to an amount of not less than two hundred and fifty pounds provincial currency, and shall also proceed to pass such Rules, Regulations and By-laws, as shall seem to them fit, provided they be not inconsistent with this Act.

VIII. The Directors so elected or those appointed in their Term of stead in case of vacancy, shall remain in office until the first office. Wednesday in June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and on the said first Wednesday in June and on the first Wednesday in June in each year thereafter, or such other day as shall be appointed by any By-law, an Annual General Annual gene-Meeting of the Shareholders shall be held at the office of the ral meetings. Company for the time being, to choose eleven Directors in the room of those whose period of office shall have expired, and generally to transact the business of the Company; but if at Special geany time it should appear to any ten or more of such Share-neral meetholders holding together one thousand shares, at least, that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders is necessary to be held, it shall be lawful for such ten or more of them to cause fifteen days' notice at least to be given thereof in such newspapers as are hereinbefore provided, or in such manner as the Company shall by any By-law direct or appoint, specifying in Notice. such notice the time and place and the reason and intention of such Special Meeting respectively, and the shareholders are hereby authorized to meet pursuant to such notice and proceed to the execution of the powers by this Act given to them, with respect to the matter so specified only; and all such acts of Power of such the shareholders, or the majority of them at such Special meetings. Meetings assembled, (such majority not having either as principals or proxies less than one thousand shares,) shall be as valid to all intents and purposes as if the same were done at Annual Meetings.

Capital 750,000.

Shares £5 each.

IX. For the purpose of making, constructing and maintaining the Railway and other works necessary for the proper use and enjoyment of the Railway by this Act authorized to be constructed, it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Company for the time being to raise in such manner by loan, subscription of stock, issuing of shares or otherwise as to the Directors of the said Company for the time being shall

Proviso: for increase of Capital.

from time to time seem fit, the sum of seven hundred and fifty thousand pounds provincial currency, such shares to be issued in sums of five pounds provincial currency each; Provided always, that the said capital sum may from time to time if necessary be increased in the manner provided for by those clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act, which in and by the second section of this Act are expressed to be incorporated with this Act.

Directors to issue scrip, bonds, &c.

X. It shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Company for the time being, to make, execute and deliver all such scrip and share certificates, and all such bonds, debentures, mortgages or other securities, as to the said Directors for the time being shall from time to time seem most expedient for raising the necessary capital for the time being authorized to be raised by the said Company, or for raising any part thereof.

Votes: one for each share.

XI. Every proprietor of shares in the said Company shall be entitled on every occasion when the votes of the members of the said Canada North-West Railway Company are to be given, to one vote for every share of five pounds currency held by him.

Assignment of bonds, debentures, &c.

XII. All bonds, debentures and other securities to be executed by the said Canada North-West Railway Company may be payable to bearer, and all such bonds, debentures or other securities of the said Company, and all dividends and interest warrants thereon respectively, which shall purport to be payable to bearer, shall be assignable at law by delivery, and may be sued on and enforced by the respective bearers and owners thereof for the time being, in their own names.

Quorum of Directors. XIII. Any meeting of the Directors of the said Company, at which not less than five of such Directors shall be present, shall be competent to exercise and use all and every of the powers hereby vested in the said Directors.

Calls.

Proviso:
Amount of calls limited.

Proviso: ten

XIV. Calls may be made by the Directors of the said Company for the time being: Provided that no call to be made upon the subscribers for stock in the said Railway Company shall exceed the sum of ten pounds per centum upon the amount subscribed for by the respective Shareholders in the said Company, and that the amount of any such calls in any one year shall not exceed fifty pounds per centum upon the stock so subscribed: Provided also, that upon the occasion of

any

any person or Corporation becoming a subscriber for stock in per cent may the said Company, it shall and may be lawful for the Provisional onsubscribing. and other Directors of the said Company, for the time being, to demand and receive to and for the use of the said Company, the sum of ten pounds per centum upon the amount so, by such person or Corporation, respectively subscribed, and the amount of such calls as shall have already been made payable in respect of the stock then already subscribed, at the time of such person or Corporation respectively subscribing for stock.

XV. And whereas it may be necessary for the said Com-Company pany to possess gravel pits and lands containing deposits of hold land for gravel, as well as lands for stations and other purposes at con-gravel pits, venient places along their line of Railway, for constructing and stations, &c., keeping in repair and for carrying on the business of the said extent limited Railway; And as such gravel pits or deposits cannot at all by the general times be procured without buying the whole lot of land Act. whereon such deposits may be found: It is therefore enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby authorized, from time to time, to purchase, have, hold, take, receive, use and enjoy along the line of the said Railway or separated therefrom, and if separated therefrom then with the necessary right of way thereto, any lands, tenements and hereditaments which it shall please Her Majesty or any person or persons, or bodies politic, to give, grant, sell or convey unto, and to the use of or in trust for the said Company, their successors and assigns, and it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to establish stations or workshops on any of such lots or blocks of land, and from time to time, by deed of bargain and sale or otherwise, to grant, bargain, sell or convey any portions of such lands not necessary to be retained for gravel pits, sidings, branches, wood-yards, station grounds or work-shops or for effectually repairing, maintaining and using to the greatest advantage the said Railway and other works connected therewith.

XVI. The said Railway shall be commenced within two Period for years and completed within five years after the passing of this commencing works, &c.

XVII. All provisions of Law inconsistent with this Act are Enactments and shall be reposled from the precion thereof. and shall be repealed from the passing thereof.

XVIII. The Interpretation Act shall apply to this Act, and Public Act. this Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

Know all men by these presents that I, (insert the name of the wife also, if she is to release her dower, or for any other reason to join in the conveyance,) do hereby in consideration of paid to me (or as the case may

19 Vict

may be,) by the Canada North-West Railway Company, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, grant, bargain, sell, convey and confirm unto the said Canada North-West Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever, all that certain parcel or tract of land situate (describe the land) the same having been selected and laid out by the said Company for the purpose of their Railway, to have and to hold the said land and premises together with every thing appertaining thereto, to the said Canada North-West Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever, (if there be dower to be released, add) and I, (name the wife) hereby release my dower in the premises.

Witness my (or our) hand (or hands) and seal (or seals) this day of , one thousand eight hundred and

A. B. [L. S.]

C. D. [L. S.]

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of

O. K.

CAP. XXVI.

An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Stratford and Huron Railway Company.

7 HEREAS the Stratford and Lake Huron Railway Com-

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

18 V. c. 184.

pany incorporated by the Act passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered one hundred and

eighty-four, have by their petition prayed that the periods limited for the first election of Directors and for the completion of the Railway may be extended, and it is expedient to grant their prayer: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of

Canada, enacts as follows:

Period for first

I. For and notwithstanding any thing in the sixth section or general meet- in any other part of the said Act, the first General Meeting of ing and elec- the Stockholders of the said Company for the election of Direct ing and election of Direction o ors extended, tors, may be held at any time before the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and the Directors elected thereat shall remain in office until the first Wednesday in June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, or until the next Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders for the election of Directors after the said first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight; and the period limited by the fourteenth section of the said Act is hereby extended, so

And for commencing and

that

that the said Railway may be commenced at any time within completing two years, and completed at any time within seven years from the work. the passing of this Act.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act

CAP. XXVII.

An Act to amend the Acts relating to La Banque du Peuple.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

HEREAS by an Act passed in the eighteenth year of Preamble. Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to increase the 18 V. c. 43. Capital Stock of La Banque du Peuple and for other purposes, the said Bank was authorized to add a certain sum to its present Capital Stock, and the Act incorporating the said Bank was continued on certain conditions to the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy; And whereas doubts have arisen whether the members of the Corporation of the said Bank could legally accept the conditions attached to the extension of the duration of its Charter by the eighth section of the said Act, without having previously obtained the consent of the Stockholders Commanditaires; And whereas at the annual general meeting of the said Stockholders called by public notice, and held at their Banking House on Monday the third day of March, of the present year, the members of the said Corporation were specially authorized to accept and carry into effect the provisions of the above mentioned Act, and particularly those relating to the augmentation of the Capital and the extension of the duration of the Act incorporating the said Bank, and it is therefore expedient to allow further time for the Bank to avail itself of the provisions of the said Act: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. It is and shall be lawful for the members of the Corpora-Bank notes tion of the said Bank to authorize one of the Directors or offi-may be signed by one Officer, cers of the said Bank to sign alone, all notes issued or to be is- and be valid. sued by the said Bank; and all notes so signed shall be as valid as if they had been signed and countersigned by two officers of the said Bank.

II. The period of one year mentioned in the eighth and ninth Period allowsections of the Act passed in the now last session of the Pro- ed by 18 V. c. vincial Parliament, and intituled, An Act to increase the Capi- 43, sections 8 tal Stock of La Banque du Peuple and for other purposes, shall be extended and prolonged and be deemed not to have expired until six months from and after the passing of this Act; until and within which period of six months the members of the Corporation of La Banque du Peuple may and they are hereby authorized to exercise all the powers in the said two sections mentioned,

Cap 27, 28.

mentioned, on the conditions and on compliance with the formalities thereby prescribed, as fully as the said La Banque du Peuple could have done before the day in the said Act limited and expressed.

Per centage for collection may be charged in addition to discount in certain cases.

III. In discounting promissory notes, bills or other negotiable securities or paper payable within the Province, at a place different from that at which they are discounted, the Bank may also in addition to the discount make a charge not exceeding one half per centum on the amount of every such note, bill or other negotiable security or paper, to defray the expenses of agency and exchange attending the collection of every such note, bill or other security or paper.

Public Act.

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act to explain and amend the Charter of the Brockville Gas Light Company.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

16 V. c. 108.

WHEREAS it is expedient to explain and amend in the manner hereinafter mentioned, the Act passed in the sixteenth year of the Reign of Her Majesty, intituled, An Ad to incorporate the Brockville Gas Light Company: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Section 2 of the said Act explained.

How moneys may be bor-

rowed by the Company on

its property.

I. The expression "to pledge and hypothecate the property and income of the said Company" used in the second section of the said Act, shall be sufficient to empower the said Company to mortgage or convey by way of mortgage, any property or estate, real or personal, of the said Company, to any personor persons or body corporate or politic whatever, as security for the payment of any money which shall be borrowed by or owing from the said Company; and it shall not be necessary for the said Company to increase their capital stock or to endeavour to procure subscribers for such increase before it shall the security of be lawful for the said Company to borrow moneys, not exceeding three thousand pounds, for the purposes mentioned in the said second section; and any deed, mortgage or conveyance to be made by the said Company shall be considered duly made and executed if the same shall be signed by the President, Vice President and Secretary, and sealed with the corporate seal of the said Company, by order of the Directors of the said Power of sale Company; and any power of sale or other powers, covenants or provisions which shall be contained in any such deed, mortgage or conveyance, shall be binding and capable of being executed and performed by the grantee or grantees, mortgagee

binding.

or mortgagees, whether individuals or bodies corporate or politic, as fully and effectually as if such deed, mortgage or conveyance had been made and given by and from one person to another.

II. The Acts of the Legislature of this Province relating to Acts relative the filing of mortgages of personal property, or copies thereof, to mortgages or statements or affidavits of the debts secured thereby, in the not to apply in offices of the Clerks of the County Courts, shall not apply to certain cases. any mortgage which shall be made by the said Company, in which both real and personal property shall be conveyed or mortgaged; Provided that in the memorial of such mortgage Proviso. registered in the proper Registry Office, the personal property conveyed or mortgaged shall be stated and described as in the mortgage or to the same effect.

III. The Directors of the said Company, by and with the Preferable assent of the Shareholders declared at some regular annual or shares may be special meeting of the Shareholders, may dispose of and issue issued. Scrip for Preferable Shares of the Stock of the said Company, which shares and the holders thereof shall be entitled to such first or additional dividends of the profits of the said Company, or moneys applicable to the payment of dividends, as shall be declared or agreed upon by the Shareholders at such meeting: Provided that notice shall be given in some one or more news- provise. papers published in the Town of Brockville for four weeks before such meeting, to the effect that a proposition will be made at such meeting to sell or dispose of Preferable Shares.

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act to amend the Act relating to Savings Banks.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

HEREAS under the provisions of the Act passed in the Preamble.

Session held in the fourth and fifth recognition. Session held in the fourth and fifth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to encourage the establishment of and regulate Savings Banks in this Province, now in force, it is doubtful whether such institutions can legally acquire and hold landed property; And whereas, also, it is unlawful for any Director or Directors, Trustee or Trustees, or other persons having direction in the management of any Savings Bank established under the said Act, directly or indirectly to have any salary, allowance, profit or benefit whatever from the deposits made therein, or the produce thereof, beyond their actual expenditure for the purposes of such Institution; And whereas it is expedient to amend the said Act in these respects as regards the City and District Savings Bank at Montreal: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of

4 & 5 V. c. 32.

mentioned, on the conditions and on compliance with the formalities thereby prescribed, as fully as the said La Banque du Peuple could have done before the day in the said Act limited and expressed.

Per centage for collection may be charged in addition to discount in certain cases.

III. In discounting promissory notes, bills or other negotiable securities or paper payable within the Province, at a place different from that at which they are discounted, the Bank may also in addition to the discount make a charge not exceeding one half per centum on the amount of every such note, bill or other negotiable security or paper, to defray the expenses of agency and exchange attending the collection of every such note, bill or other security or paper.

Public Act.

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. XXVIII.

An Act to explain and amend the Charter of the Brockville Gas Light Company.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

16 V. c. 108.

THEREAS it is expedient to explain and amend in the manner hereinafter mentioned, the Act passed in the sixteenth year of the Reign of Her Majesty, intituled, An Ad to incorporate the Brockville Gas Light Company: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The expression "to pledge and hypothecate the property

Section 2 of the said Act explained.

and income of the said Company" used in the second section of the said Act, shall be sufficient to empower the said Company to mortgage or convey by way of mortgage, any property or estate, real or personal, of the said Company, to any person or persons or body corporate or politic whatever, as security for the payment of any money which shall be borrowed by or owing from the said Company; and it shall not be necessary for the said Company to increase their capital stock or to endeavour to procure subscribers for such increase before it shall the security of be lawful for the said Company to borrow moneys, not exceeding three thousand pounds, for the purposes mentioned in the said second section; and any deed, mortgage or conveyance to be made by the said Company shall be considered duly made and executed if the same shall be signed by the President, Vice President and Secretary, and sealed with the corporate seal of the said Company, by order of the Directors of the said Power of sale Company; and any power of sale or other powers, covenants or provisions which shall be contained in any such deed, mortgage or conveyance, shall be binding and capable of being

may be bor-rowed by the Company on its property.

How moneys

binding.

or mortgagees, whether individuals or bodies corporate or politic, as fully and effectually as if such deed, mortgage or conveyance had been made and given by and from one person to another.

II. The Acts of the Legislature of this Province relating to Acts relative the filing of mortgages of personal property, or copies thereof, to mortgages or statements or affidavits of the debts secured thereby, in the not to apply in offices of the Clerks of the County Courts, shall not apply to certain cases. any mortgage which shall be made by the said Company, in which both real and personal property shall be conveyed or mortgaged; Provided that in the memorial of such mortgage Proviso. registered in the proper Registry Office, the personal property conveyed or mortgaged shall be stated and described as in the mortgage or to the same effect.

III. The Directors of the said Company, by and with the Preferable assent of the Shareholders declared at some regular annual or shares may be special meeting of the Shareholders, may dispose of and issue issued. Scrip for Preferable Shares of the Stock of the said Company, which shares and the holders thereof shall be entitled to such first or additional dividends of the profits of the said Company, or moneys applicable to the payment of dividends, as shall be declared or agreed upon by the Shareholders at such meeting: Provided that notice shall be given in some one or more news- Proviso. papers published in the Town of Brockville for four weeks before such meeting, to the effect that a proposition will be made at such meeting to sell or dispose of Preferable Shares.

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XXIX.

An Act to amend the Act relating to Savings Banks.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

HEREAS under the provisions of the Act passed in the Preamble.

Session held in the fourth and fifth vocased in the Session held in the fourth and fifth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to encourage the establishment of and regulate Savings Banks in this Province, now in force, it is doubtful whether such institutions can legally acquire and hold landed property; And whereas, also, it is unlawful for any Director or Directors, Trustee or Trustees, or other persons having direction in the management of any Savings Bank established under the said Act, directly or indirectly to have any salary, allowance, profit or benefit whatever from the deposits made therein, or the produce thereof, beyond their actual expenditure for the purposes of such Institution; And whereas it is expedient to amend the said Act in these respects as regards the City and District Savings Bank at Montreal: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of

4 & 5 V. c. 32.

been approved of by the votes of a majority of the Shareholders present or represented at a special general meeting to be called for that purpose.

Company may borrow

II. The said Company shall have power to borrow and take up at interest, in addition to the sums they have already bor-£10,000 more, rowed under their said Act of Incorporation, any sum or sums its property of money not exceeding in the whole at any one time the sum of ten thousand pounds, at such rate of interest not exceeding ten per cent. per annum as may be agreed on, and to pledge the moveable and immoveable estate and effects of the Corporation for such loans and interest.

Public Act.

III. The Interpretation Act shall apply to this Act, which shall be held to be a Public Act.

CAP. XXXI.

An Act to incorporate the "Ontario Hotel Company."

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS Messieurs William P. McLaren, J. W. Willson, H. B. Willson, Burton and Sadlier, J. Brown, Thomas C. Kerr, John Fisher, M. W. Browne, Richard P. Street, Adam Brown, Peter Grant, and R. N. Law, and others, have, by their Petition, represented that it is proposed to form a Joint Stock Company, for the purpose of erecting an Hotel in the Village of Ontario, in the Township of Saltfleet, in the County of Wentworth; and that upwards of Two Thousand Five Hundred Pounds have been subscribed for the purpose; and have prayed that to enable them to do so, they, with such other persons as may associate with them, may be incorporated; And whereas it is desirable to grant the prayer of the said Petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Certain perated.

Corporate name and bowers.

I. The said persons, and all other persons, who now are, or sons incorpor- hereafter shall become stockholders in the said Company, shall be, and are hereby ordained, constituted and appointed, and declared to be a body corporate and politic, in fact and in name, by the name and style of the "Ontario Hotel Company"; and by that name, shall be capable of suing and being sued, of contracting and being contracted with, and shall have perpetual succession, and a common seal, and they and their successors shall be capable in law of purchasing, having and holding to them and their successors, any real or personal property which may be necessary for the site and erection of the Hotel and other buildings and pleasure grounds to be attached to it, and for the furnishing and conducting thereof generally, but not for other purposes, and of morigaging, selling, letting, conveying, or otherwise departing therewith,

1856.

for the benefit and behalf of the Company from time to time, as they shall deem expedient.

II. Each share in the stock of the Company shall be ten Amount and pounds, and the number of shares shall not exceed Two Thousand, number of and books of subscription shall be opened within six months shares. after the passing of this Act, when, where, and under such regulations as a majority of the Petitioners shall direct.

Cap. 31.

III. It shall and may be lawful for any person or persons to Instalments, subscribe for any number of shares, the amount whereof shall their amount be due and payable to the Company in manner hereinafter and how and when payable. mentioned, that is to say, one per centum on each share so subscribed shall be payable at the time of such subscription, and the remainder shall be payable in such instalments as a majority of the Directors shall determine upon; Provided Proviso. always, that no instalment shall exceed ten per cent. on the capital stock, nor be called for, nor become payable in less than thirty days after public notice shall have been given in one newspaper published in the City of Hamilton, and by a circular addressed to each stockholder at his or her last known place of residence; and if any stockholder or stockholders shall refuse or neglect to pay such calls, he, she, or they, shall, at the option of the Company, forfeit such share or shares so subscribed for, with the amount previously paid thereon; and such forfeited share or shares may be sold by public auction by the Directors, after such notice as they may direct, and the moneys arising therefrom applied for the purposes of this Act; Provided always, Proviso. that if the moneys produced by any such sales shall be more than sufficient to pay all arrears and interest, together with the expenses of such sale, the surplus of such money shall be paid, on demand, to the owner—and no more shares shall be sold than shall be deemed necessary to pay such arrears, interest and expenses; Provided also, that such purchaser or purchasers Proviso. shall pay to the said Company the amount of the instalment required over and above the purchase money of the share or shares to be purchased by him, her or them, as aforesaid, immediately after the sale, and before any certificate of the transfer of such sales shall be given.

IV. If payment of such arrears, interest and expenses be Recovery of made before any shares so forfeited and vested in the Company arrears of inshall have been sold, such share shall revert to the party to not paid. whom the same belonged before such forfeiture, as if such call had been duly paid; and in all actions and suits for calls, which the Company are hereby authorized to bring and institute, it shall be sufficient to allege that the defendant, being the owner of such shares, is indebted to the Company in such sums as the arrears amount to, for such and so many shares, whereby an action hath accrued to the Company by virtue of this Act; and on the trial, it shall only be necessary to prove that the defendant was owner of some shares in the said Company,

19Vict.

that such calls were in fact made, and that notice was given as directed by this Act, and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such calls, or any other matter whatever.

First meeting Directors.

Cap. 31.

V. So soon as four hundred shares of the said stock shall for election of have been subscribed as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the subscribers, or any of them, to call a meeting, giving ten days' notice thereof in some newspaper to be published in Hamilton, of the time and place of such meeting, for the purpose of proceeding to the election of Directors; and the persons then and there chosen, shall be the first Directors, and shall be capable of serving until the next election of Directors, and the Directors so chosen, shall and may, immediately after such appointment, commence the business and operations of the Company.

Certain powers vested in Corporation.

VI. The Corporation hereby created shall have power and authority to make and enter into all such mortgages, contracts, agreements, deeds and other instruments, as may be necessary for acquiring lands for the purpose of a site for an Hotel and conveniencies to be used therewith as aforesaid, and for the erection of such Hotel as they may deem desirable, and to furnish the same, for the purpose of borrowing money on the said site, Hotel and furniture, (for the intent of completing and furnishing the said Hotel, and securing the payment of debts contracted therefor,) and for the sale of any and such portion or portions of the said site so to be purchased as aforesaid on such terms and conditions as the said Corporation may see fit; Provided always, that the said sum or sums so to be borrowed on the said mortgages, shall not exceed ten thousand pounds; and that such loan or loans shall not be effected until sanctioned by a majority of the stockholders present at a meeting or meetings duly called for the purpose, by notice in writing, at least three days before such meetings; and, also, that the sum or sums so borrowed, shall not bear a greater interest than ten per centum per annum; and to enter into and execute all such leases and other agreements for leasing and letting the same, as they may deem most advantageous for the interests of the Company; and all mortgages, deeds, leases, agreements, contracts and other instruments, shall be subscribed by the President, or, in case of his absence, by any two of the Directors and the Secretary.

Loans limited. How loans must be au-

Proviso:

thorized.

In case of failure to eftect loan.

VII. In case the said Corporation shall not be able to borrow the said sum of Ten Thousand Pounds in manner aforesaid, then the said Directors may issue to the original Stockholders, who shall make cash advances to the said Company, preference stock to the amount of such cash advances, upon such terms and conditions as the Directors may consider most beneficial for the interests of the Company.

Directors, their number

VIII. The stock, property, affairs and concerns of the said Company shall be under the management of five Directors, one

of whom shall be elected President by and amongst themselves, and manner which said Directors shall be Stockholders, and the first Direc- of election. tors shall be chosen in manner hereinbefore appointed, and thereafter shall be elected at a general meeting of the Stockholders to be holden on the first Monday in June in each year, at such place and in such manner as the majority of the Directors for the time being shall direct and appoint; and the election shall be held and be made by such of the Stockholders as shall attend either in person or by proxy; and such election shall be made by ballot, and if it shall happen at any such election, that two or more persons have an equal number of votes, so that a greater number than five appear to have been elected, then the Stockholders shall proceed to ballot a second time, and determine which of the persons so having an equal number of votes, shall be a Director or Directors, so as to complete the number of Directors; and if any Director shall die, re-Filling vacansign, refuse or become incapable to act, or cease to be a Direc-cies. tor from any other cause, the remaining Directors shall, if they think proper, elect in his place another Stockholder to be a Director until the next annual meeting.

IX. In case, at any time, an election of Directors shall not Provision in be made on the day herein appointed, the said Company shall case of failure not on that account be deemed to be dissolved, but it shall and rectors on day may be lawful on any other day to hold and make an election appointed. of Directors in such manner as shall have been regulated by the by-laws, rules and regulations of the said Company.

X. A majority of the Directors shall have full power and Powers of authority to make, prescribe and alter such by-laws, rules, Directors. regulations and ordinances as shall appear to them proper and needful, touching the management and disposition of the stock, property, estate and effects of the Corporation and the management of its affairs,—to declare and cause to be paid and distributed to the respective Shareholders any dividend or dividends of profits at such times as they may think proper, or add the same to the paid up portion of the capital stock,—and also to appoint such officers, clerks, servants and agents, and at such salaries as they may think proper.

XI. Each Shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each Scale of votes. share held by him or her, in the stock of the Company, in his, her or their own name or names, for at least two months previous to the day of the election; and no transfer of any share Transfer of shall be valid until entered in the books of the Company ac-ated. cording to such form as the Directors may from time to time appoint; and until the full amount of the shares subscribed for shall have been paid up, it shall be necessary to obtain the consent of the Directors to such transfer being made; Provided Proviso. always, that no Stockholder indebted to the Company shall be permitted to make a transfer or receive a dividend until such debt be paid, or secured to be paid, to the satisfaction of the Directors.

XII. This Act shall be held to be a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XXXII.

An Act to authorize Henry Wulf Trigge, Esquire, and others, to construct a Toll-bridge on the North-east branch of the River Nicolet, near the Church of the Parish of St. Monique, in the County of Nicolet, and to incorporate the said Henry Wulf Trigge, and others, under the name of the "St. Monique Bridge Company."

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS the construction of a Toll-bridge on the northeast branch of the River Nicolet, in the Parish of St. Monique, in the County of Nicolet, in the District of Three-Rivers, opposite to the Church of the said Parish, about an arpent and a half higher up than the Banal Mill of the said Parish of St. Monique, would greatly tend to promote the welfare and intercourse of the inhabitants of the said Parish, and of the neighbouring Parishes and Townships, and of the public generally; And whereas Henry Wulf Trigge, Samuel Waterford Woodward, Sévère Réné, Esquires, Célestin Zéphirin Rousseau, Priest, Curé, Etienne Beauchemin, Jean Réné and Felix Beauchemin, of the said Parish of St. Monique, have by a petition presented by them for that object, prayed to be incorporated by the name of the "St. Monique Bridge Company," and to be authorized to construct a Toll-bridge on the said North-east branch of the said River Nicolet, at the place above mentioned: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Certain perated.

Corporate eral powers.

I. The above mentioned persons, and their heirs, executors, sons incorpor- curators and assigns, together with all such other persons as are now or shall at any time hereafter become Shareholders in the said Bridge and its appurtenances, shall be and are hereby constituted and established a body corporate and politic in fact and in name, by the name of the "Saint Monique name and gen- Bridge Company;" and the said persons are hereby authorized to erect and construct at their own cost and expense, a solid and sufficient Toll-bridge over the said North-east branch of the River Nicolet, in the said Parish of St. Monique, at the place aforesaid, and to erect and construct a Toll-house and Toll-gate, with other dependencies and approaches to or upon the said Bridge; and also to do and execute all such other matters and things as shall be necessary, useful or advantageous for erecting and constructing, keeping up and maintaining the said intended Bridge, Toll-house, Toll-gate and other dependencies, according to the true intent and meaning of this Act; and in all suits and other judicial proceedings, service of process upon the President of the said Company shall be held to be legal and sufficient.

II. The Capital of the said Company for the construction of Amount of the said Bridge and dependencies shall not exceed three Capital and hundred and fifty pounds currency, and shall be divided into number of one hundred and forty parts or shares of the value of two pounds ten shillings, currency, each; Provided always, that it shall be Proviso. lawful for the President and Directors of the Company to increase the Capital of the said Company by the sum of two hundred and fifty pounds; and the said shares shall be deemed Shares, how personal and moveable estate; and as such shall be transfer-transferable. able by sale or otherwise by the Shareholders in the said Company; and any party acquiring one or several of the said shares shall on the production of a copy of his deed of acquirement to the Directors of the said Company, to be deposited among the Records of the said Company, be considered as a Shareholder in the said Company, and shall enjoy all the privileges and advantages conferred upon and granted by this Act to the other Shareholders in the said Company; Provided always, that no Proviso. person who shall acquire any shares in the said Company from a Director thereof, shall be entitled to be a Director in the said Company without having been elected as such; Provided also, Proviso. that no party who shall have acquired any share shall be considered as a Shareholder until he shall have produced his deed of acquirement.

III. The first General Meeting of the Shareholders in the said First general Company after its incorporation, shall be held in a house or meeting. place in the Village of the said Parish of St. Monique, to be designated by the party calling the meeting, after the expiration of one month from the day of the passing of this Act of Incorporation, of which meeting notice shall be given at the door of the Church of the said Parish of Saint Monique by the said Company or by any of the Shareholders appointed for that purpose; and the said notice shall be read and posted up at the door of the Church of the said Parish, and given in writing to the Shareholders residing without the limits of the said Parish at least eight days before such meeting, and shall state the day and hour at which such meeting shall take place; at which meeting the Shareholders present and the absent Shareholders by their proxies, shall appoint a Chairman and a Secretary, for such meeting, and shall choose among the said Shareholders Directors to be four Directors to manage the affairs of the said Company, who appointed. shall only remain in office as Directors until the second Monday in the month of December thence next ensuing, and at the said first meeting the Shareholders present and the absent Shareholders by their proxies, may make and establish such By-laws. Rules and Regulations not being inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as they shall deem expedient for the management and government of the affairs of the said Company; and the said By-laws, Rules and Regulations shall be entered in a book to be kept for that purpose by the said Company, and shall bind all parties interested in the said Company as effectually as if they formed part of this Act, and shall

be and remain in force until altered, amended, extended or repealed.

Scale of votes.

IV. In all cases in which the votes of the Shareholders of the said Company shall be taken, the said votes shall be in proportion to the number of shares held by each Shareholder in the stock of the said Company, reckoning one vote for each share, and any Shareholder, if he shall see fit, may vote by proxy; and all questions shall be decided by the majority of votes, and in case of an equal division; the President shall have a casting vote.

President and Secretary-Treasurer to be elected by Directors.

V. The majority of the Directors elected as aforesaid, shall, after each election of Directors, elect one among themselves to be the President, who shall cease to be President at the next election, and also a Secretary who shall at the same time be the Treasurer, but shall not be one of the Directors; and the said Directors shall require good and sufficient security from the said Secretary-Treasurer, whom it shall be lawful for them to remove at their will and pleasure; and the said Directors so appointed, three of whom including the President shall form a quorum, shall

Proviso.

exercise all the powers vested in them: Provided always, that no Director shall have more than one vote at the meetings of the said Directors, and in case of any equal division the President shall have the casting vote; And provided also, that the said Directors shall conform to the orders and directions given to them by the Shareholders, at the general meetings of the said Shareholders, in conformity with the rules and regulations of the said Company.

Proviso.

Annual genand proceedings at such meetings.

VI. After the first meeting to be held as aforesaid, a general eral meetings, meeting of the Shareholders in the said Company shall take place on the second Monday of December in every year, in a house or place in the village of the said parish of St. Monique, to be designated by the party who shall call the meeting, to choose and elect other Directors in the place and stead of the Directors going out of office, and also to transact the business of the said Company, and to modify, amend, alter, repeal, or extend the by-laws, rules and regulations of the said Company, or to substitute others in lieu thereof, as may appear to them advantageous: which said meeting shall be called in the same manner as the first meeting, except that the said notices shall be given and signed by the Secretary-Treasurer of the said

Who shall preside.

Company: and at all meetings of the said Directors, or of the Shareholders of the said Company, the President of the said Company, elected by the said Directors, and in his absence, a Chairman chosen by the majority of the persons present at such meeting, shall preside: and the Secretary-Treasurer shall act as Secretary at all meetings of the said Shareholders: Provided always, that the Directors going out of office may be re-elected, and after each election of Directors, the said Directors shall proceed as above mentioned, to elect a Chairman of the said Directors for the time during which they shall be Directors.

Proviso.

VII. Any failure to hold the first general meeting or any Failure' to other meeting, or to elect such Directors or President, shall not hold general dissolve the said Company, but such failure or omission shall or other meetand may be supplied by and at any special meeting to be Directors, not called as the Directors, in conformity with the by-laws of the to dissolve said Company, may see fit to appoint, and until such election Company. of new Directors, those who may be in office for the time being, shall be and continue in office and exercise all the rights and powers thereof until such new election be made as hereinbefore provided: Provided always, that it shall be lawful at Province all times for any six of the Shareholders in the said Company, if they shall deem it necessary and expedient, to call a special special genmeeting of all the Shareholders at some house or place in the eral meetings village of the parish of Saint Monique, to be designated by the how calledperson who shall call the meeting, after having given notice thereof and read and posted the same at the door of the church of the said parish, at least a fortnight before such meeting, and also after having given notice in writing of such meeting to the Shareholders residing without the limits of the said parish: which said notice shall state the purpose of such meeting, and the said meeting shall proceed to transact the business for which it shall have been called, in the same manner as at the annual meeting.

VIII. At any general meeting, three Auditors may be ap-Auditors may pointed to examine all accounts of moneys received and be appointed disbursed by the Directors, and to report thereon to the Share-at general holders, and it shall be lawful for the majority of the Share-meetings. holders: and it shall be lawful for the majority of the Shareholders present, their heirs, executors, curators and assigns, at Directors may any special meeting, to remove any of the said Directors and be removed & others appoint elect others in their stead: and it shall also be lawful for them ted. to elect others in the room of any of the said Directors who may die, resign or become incapable of acting through sickness or any other cause whatsoever: and to repeal, modify or amend Powers. any of the by-laws of the said Company, and to enact others in lieu thereof, as they may deem most advantageous for the said Company.

IX. It shall be lawful for the said Directors to meet at all Instalments, times, and at such Meetings to direct such instalments to be the amount paid on the shares as they shall require, in order to meet the thereof, and expenses of the said Company. Provided that no such install expenses of the said Company: Provided that no such instal-payable. ment shall exceed twelve shillings and six pence currency, for each share, and provided also that no instalments shall be made payable within less than one month from each other; and no instalment shall be demanded unless eight days' notice thereof shall be given at the door of the church of the said parish of Saint Monique, on a Sunday or Holy-day, and unless eight days' notice in writing shall be given to the Shareholders residing without the limits of the said Parish; and all such instalments shall be paid into the hands of the Secretary-Treasurer, at such times and places as shall be ordered by the said Directors,

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Directors, under the restrictions above mentioned, and if any of the said instalments shall not be paid at the time required for the payment thereof, it shall be lawful for the President of the said Company, in the name of the said Company, to sue such Shareholders as shall not have paid the amount of their instalments, before any court of competent jurisdiction, and to institute all such legal proceedings as shall be necessary to secure the payment of all sums due to the said Company; and the shares of all such Shareholders as shall be sued and against whom judgment shall be recovered, shall be liable to seizure and sale for the satisfaction of the said judgments in the same manner as their other goods and chattels, and as in ordinary actions: Provided always, that in any action for the recovery of any instalment due, or of any balance due upon any instal ment, it shall not be necessary to set forth the special matter in the declaration, but it shall be sufficient to allege that the defendant is the holder of one or more shares in the said Company, (stating the number of shares), and that he is indebted to the Company in the sum of money to which the instalments in arrear shall amount, (stating the number and amount of such instalments), whereby an action hath accrued to the Company by virtue of this Act; and it shall be sufficient to maintain the said action, to prove by one witness that the defendant at the time of making such call, was a holder to the number of shares mentioned in the declaration, and that a demand was made and notice thereof given, in conformity with the above mentioned requirements, or of any other By-laws which shall have been made for that purpose by the said Company; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the said Directors, nor any other matter whatsoever, in order to obtain judgment

Proviso: Recovery of instalments not paid.

Directors may servants, &c.

X. It shall be the duty of the said Directors to appoint as appoint agents, many agents, officers, keepers and servants as they shall deem expedient for the interests of the said Company, and to fix the salaries and remuneration of the said agents, officers, keepers and servants; and to make all payments and contracts for the purposes of the said Company, and all other matters necessary for the transaction of its affairs; to answer in the name of the said Company in all legal suits and actions, and plead to the same, and generally to do all things which they shall deem necessary and advantageous for the said Company; Provided they shall not be in opposition to the By-laws of the said Company, nor to this Act.

in favor of the said Company.

Proviso.

Provision in case of any person ceasing to be Secretary-Treasurer.

XI. It shall be the duty of any person who shall cease to act as Secretary-Treasurer to the said Company, to deliver over to the President thereof, all books, papers, records, documents, and other objects which he may have in his possession, belonging to the said Company; and on his refusal to deliver over the same on demand, to the said President, he shall be liable to the said Company in the sum of twenty-five pounds currency,

and shall deliver up every article in his possession belonging to the said Company, with costs; and it shall be lawful for the President in the name of the said Company, to sue for the recovery of the said amount, and the delivery of the said articles, before any Court of justice of competent jurisdiction.

XII. For the purpose of erecting, building, maintaining and Companymay supporting the said Bridge, the said Company shall from time take land on to time have full power and authority to take and use the land both sides of the river. on either side of the said river, and there to work up or cause to be worked up the materials and other things necessary for erecting, constructing, or repairing the said Bridge accordingly, doing as little damage as possible, and making just and reasonable compensation for the damage so caused, and the value of the land so taken or occupied as aforesaid.

XIII. The said Bridge and the said Toll-house, Toll-gate, Bridge, &c., and dependencies to be erected thereon, or near thereto, and vested in also the ascents or approaches to the said Bridge, and all Company. materials which shall be from time to time found or provided, for erecting, building, or maintaining and repairing the same, shall be vested in the said Company for ever; Provided that Proviso: after the expiration of fifty years from the passing of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Succes- Her Majesty sors, to assume the possession and property of the said Bridge, may assume Toll-house, Toll-gate and dependencies, and the ascents and approaches thereto, upon paying to the said Company the full and entire value which the same shall at the time of such assumption, bear and be worth: Provided always, that nothing Proviso: and herein contained shall be construed to prevent any number of so may the inhabitants interested in the said bridge from assuming at any interested. time the possession and property of the said Bridge, Toll-house, Toll-gate and dependencies, and the ascents and approaches thereto, upon paying to the said Company the full and intrinsic value which the same shall at the time of such assumption bear and be worth, with an addition of twenty-five per cent upon such intrinsic value, and that, after such assumption of the said Bridge, it shall become a free Bridge.

XIV. When and so soon as the said Bridge shall be erected Bridge to be and built, and made fit and proper for the passage of travellers, certified as fit cattle, horses and carriages, and the same shall have been tollsare taken. published in each of the English and French languages, at the doors of the Church of the Parish of St. Monique, it shall be lawful for the said Company from time to time and at all times, to ask, demand, receive, take, sue for and recover to and for their own proper use, benefit and behoof, for pontage, as or in the name of a toll or duty, before any passage over the said Bridge shall be permitted, the several sums following, that is to say :

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Tolls to be taken.

For every carriage or other four wheeled vehicle drawn by two horses, eight pence currency;

For every four wheeled vehicle drawn by one horse, four pence currency;

For every cart, calèche or other two wheeled vehicle, and for every winter vehicle drawn by one horse, four pence currency:

For every extra additional beast of draught, two pence currency;

For every horse, ass or mule, with its rider, three pence currency;

For every horse, mare, stallion, ass or mule, ox, bull, cow, or other horned animal, one penny half-penny currency;

For every sheep, calf, lamb, goat or pig, one penny currency;

XV. Provided always, That no person, horse or carriage,

For every person on foot, one penny currency.

Proviso: Cerbe exempt from payment of tolls.

tain parties to employed in conveying a Mail or letters, under the authority of Her Majesty's Post Office, nor the horses or carriages, laden or unladen, and drivers attending officers and soldiers of Her Majesty's Forces, or of the Militia whilst upon their march or on duty, nor the said officers or soldiers nor any of them, nor carriages or drivers or guards sent with prisoners of any description, as well going as coming, provided they are not otherwise loaded, shall be chargeable with any toll or rate whatsoever: Provided also, that it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to diminish the said tolls, or any of them, and afterwards if they see fit, again to augment the same or any of them, so as not to exceed in any case the rates by this Act authorized to be taken: Provided also, that the said Company shall affix or cause to be affixed in some conspicuous place at or near the said Toll-gate, or upon the said bridge, a Table of the rates payable for passing over the said Bridge, and so often as such rates may be diminished or augmented, they shall cause such alteration to be affixed in manner aforesaid.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Tolls vested in Company for ever.

Proviso: if Her Majesty assume the Bridge.

XVI. The said tolls shall be, and the same are hereby vested in the said Company for ever: Provided that if Her Majesty shall, in the manner hereinbefore mentioned, after the expiration of fifty years from the passing of this Act, assume the possession and property of the said Bridge, Toll-house, Tollgate and dependencies, and the ascents and approaches thereto, then the said Tolls shall from the time of such assumption appertain and belong to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors who shall from thenceforward be substituted in the place and stead

stead of the said Company for all and every the purposes of this Act.

XVII. If any person shall forcibly pass through the said Toll- Fines for forgate or over or upon the said Bridge, without paying the said cibly passing Toll or any part thereof, or shall interrupt or disturb the said toll-gate, &c. Company, or any person or persons employed by them for building or repairing the said Bridge, or making or repairing the way over the same or any road or avenue leading thereto, or shall at any time drive faster than a walk on the said Bridge. every person so offending in each of the cases aforesaid, shall for every such offence, forfeit a sum not exceeding forty shillings currency, or be imprisoned for a period not exceeding ten days in the common gaol of the District.

XVIII. As soon as the Bridge shall be passable and opened No means of for the use of the Public, no person shall erect, or cause to be passage to be erected, any bridge or bridges, for the carriage of any two miles of person, cattle or carriage whatsoever, for hire or otherwise, said Bridge. across the said branch of the said river, within the distance of two miles above and two miles below the said Bridge, measuring along the banks of the said branch of the said river, and following its windings; and if any person or persons shall erect a Toll-bridge or Toll-bridges, or any free bridge or bridges over the said branch of the said River, within the said limits, he shall pay to the said Company treble the tolls hereby imposed for the persons, cattle, horses and carriages which shall pass over such Bridge or Bridges.

XIX. If any person shall maliciously pull down, burn, destroy Malicious or injure the said Bridge or any part thereof, or the Toll-gate, damage to Toll-house or other dependencies to be erected by virtue of this Bridge. Act, every person so offending and thereof legally convicted, shall be deemed guilty of felony.

XX. The said Company, to entitle themselves to the benefits Period for and advantages to them by this Act granted, shall, and they completion of are hereby required to erect and complete the said Bridge, Tollhouse, Toll-gate and dependencies, within four years from the day of the passing of this Act, and if the same shall not be completed within the term last mentioned, so as to afford a convenient and safe passage over the said Bridge, the said Company shall cease to have any right, title or claim of, in or to the Tolls hereby imposed, which shall from thenceforward belong to Her Majesty; and the said Company shall not by the said Tolls, or in any other manner or way, be entitled to any re-imbursement of the expense they may have incurred in and about the building of the said Bridge; and in case the said Provision if Bridge after it shall have been erected and completed, shall at the Bridge become at any any time become impassable or unsafe for travellers, cattle or time unsafe. carriages, the said Company shall and they are hereby required, within two years from the time at which the said Bridge shall

by Her Majesty's Court of General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in and for the said District of Three-Rivers, be ascertained to be impassable or unsafe, and notice thereof to them by the said Court be given, to cause the same to be made safe and commodious for the passage of travellers, cattle and carriages, and if within the time last mentioned, the said Bridge be not repaired or rebuilt as the case may require, then the said Bridge or such parts thereof as shall be remaining, shall be and be taken and considered to be the property of Her Majesty, and after such default to repair or rebuild the said Bridge, the said Company shall cease to have any right, title or claim of, in or to the said Bridge, or to the remaining parts thereof; and the Tolls hereby granted, and their and each and every of their rights in the premises shall be wholly and for ever determined.

Penalties how to be collect-

XXI. The penalties hereby inflicted shall, upon proof of the offence, respectively, before any one or more of the Justices of ed and applied, the Peace for the said District of Three-Rivers, either by the confession of the offender or by the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses (which oath such Justice is hereby empowered and required to administer), be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of such offender, by warrant signed by such Justice or Justices of the Peace, and the overplus, after such penalties and the charges of such distress and sale are deducted, shall be returned on demand to the owner of such goods and chattels, and one half of such penalties, respectively, when paid and levied, shall belong to Her Majesty, and the other half to the person suing for the same.

Height of arches above

XXII. Provided always, That the said Bridge hereby authorized to be constructed over the north-east branch of the River Nicolet, shall have under its arches an elevation of six feet above the ordinary high water mark, with a space not less than fifty feet between each abutment.

Liability of Shareholders limited.

XXIII. Nothing in this or any other Act contained shall be construed to make or render any Shareholder of the said Saint Monique Bridge Company individually liable or responsible for any debts, losses or engagements of the said Company, beyond the amount of his or her share or shares in the said Company.

XXIV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act. Public Act.

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CAP. XXXIII.

An Act to change the name of George Byron Lyon, and of his family, by adding the name of Fellowes.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

WHEREAS George Byron Lyon, of the City of Ottawa Preamble. (late the Town of Bytown) in Upper Canada, Esquire, by his petition hath set forth, that in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, he married Mary Matilda Ottley Fellowes, and that by such marriage they have two sons and two daughters, named respectively, George Rockliffe Lyon, Charles Lyon, Catherine Lyon, and Charlotte Florence Lyon, and that for the benefit of his said wife and children it has become necessary for himself, his said wife and children, to adopt the family name of his said wife, and hath prayed the passing of an Act for such purpose, which prayer it is expedient to grant : Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The said George Byron Lyon shall hereafter be called Surname of and known by the name of George Byron Lyon Fellowes; the G. B. Lyon said Mary Matilda Ottley Fellowes (alias Lyon,) his said wife, family changeled hereafter be called and because the said wife, family changes and the said wife, family changes are said with the said wife, family changes and the said wife, family changes are said with the said wife, family changes are said wife, family changes are said with the said with th shall hereafter be called and known by the name of Mary ed. Matilda Ottley Lyon Fellowes; the said George Rockliffe Lyon, Charles Lyon, Catherine Lyon, and Charlotte Florence Lyon, their said children, shall hereafter be respectively called and known by the respective names of George Rockliffe Lyon Fellowes, Charles Lyon Fellowes, Catherine Lyon Fellowes, and Charlotte Florence Lyon Fellowes.

II. The said George Byron Lyon, and Mary Matilda Ottley Change of Fellowes, (alias Lyon) his said wife, George Rockliffe Lyon, name not to Charles Lyon, Catherine Lyon, and Charlotte Florence Lyon, rights, or those Ryon of Coorge Byron Catherine Lyon, or those cather than the cather th their said children, by their respective names of George Byron of other par-Lyon Fellowes, Mary Matilda Ottley Lyon Fellowes, George ties. Rockliffe Lyon Fellowes, Charles Lyon Fellowes, Catherine Lyon Fellowes, and Charlotte Florence Lyon Fellowes, shall hereafter claim, obtain, exercise and enjoy all and every advantage, benefit, calling, profession, occupation, addition, title. and degree which they respectively have, exercise and enjoy, or have been or might be entitled to by and under the surname of Lyon; and also shall respectively recover, have, hold and possess and be capable of inheriting all real and personal property and rights, interests, credits, moneys and securities of any nature or kind whatsoever, which they respectively at present have, hold or possess, or are respectively capable of recovering, having, holding, possessing or inheriting, or might hereafter respectively be capable of recovering, having, holding, possessing or inheriting, by and under the surname of Lyon; \mathbf{And}

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And also shall not hereafter, by reason of the change of name hereby made, be deprived of or disqualified from exercising or enjoying any addition, title, degree, qualification, advantage, benefit, possession, calling, appointment, honor, position, or any interest or property of any nature or kind whatsoever, which they now respectively have, hold, possess or enjoy, or are, or might hereafter respectively be capable of recovering, having, holding, possessing, inheriting and enjoying, if the said change of name had not been made by the adoption and addition of the said name of Fellowes.

Pending pro-

III. If any suit, or legal or equitable proceeding has been ceedings not to commenced by or against any of the said parties whose names are changed by virtue of this Act, by their or his or her former name, such suit or proceeding shall not be abated, nor any relief or recovery sought thereby be prevented, by reason of any such change of name, but the same may be continued and carried on to judgment and execution, and until satisfaction and discharge had, as if this Act had not passed.

Public Act.

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. XXXIV.

An Act to authorize the Court of Chancery, and the Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas, in Upper Canada, to admit Henry Spencer Papps to practise as a Solicitor and Attorney.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

Act of U: C., 2 G. 4, c. 5.

THEREAS by an Act of the Legislature of Upper Canada, passed in the second year of the Reign of His Majesty, King George the Fourth, intituled, An Act to repeal part of and amend an Act passed in the thirty-seventh year of His late Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for the better regulating the practice of the law,' and to extend the provisions of the same, it is amongst other things enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, no person shall be admitted by the Court of King's Bench to practise as an Attorney, unless upon an actual service under articles for five years with some practising Attorney; And whereas it appears by the Petition of Henry Spencer Papps, of the City of Hamilton, in the County of Wentworth, and Province of Canada, gentleman, and by certificates and documents therein referred to and produced in support thereof, that the petitioner was duly articled for five years to William Yeats Aiken, of Lincoln's Inn, in the City of London, England, in the United Kingdom, then a practising Attorney of Her Majesty's Courts of Exchequer, Queen's Bench and Common Pleas, as also a Solicitor in Her Majesty's High Court of Chancery, in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, called England; And whereas it also appears that the Petitioner

Petitioner has taken the usual oaths of allegiance for admission, and was duly admitted, and is now an Attorney of Her Majesty's Courts of Exchequer, Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, Bankruptcy, and also a Solicitor of the High Court of Chancery in England; And whereas it appears that the Petitioner came into this Province in the month of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and settled in the City of Hamilton with the intention of practising his profession in Upper Canada; And whereas it appears that the Petitioner has been for upwards of one year preceding the presentation of the said petition, acquiring a knowledge of the practice of the Provincial Laws of Canada, under the direction of a practising Barrister and Solicitor of Upper Canada; And whereas the said Petitioner is desirous of practising in the Courts of Law and Equity in Upper Canada, and it is expedient to relieve him from the disability imposed by the said Act: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. It shall and may be lawful for the Courts of Queen's Courts of Law Bench and Common Pleas in Upper Canada, in their discretion, and Equity in to admit the said Henry Spencer Papps, without further U.C. may in their discreservitude or oath of allegiance, to practise as an Attorney of the tion admit H. said Courts; And it shall also be lawful for the Court of Chan- 8. Papps to cery, in Upper Canada aforesaid, in its discretion to admit the Practise as an Attorney, &c. said Henry Spencer Papps to practise as a Solicitor in the said Court of Chancery, without further oath of allegiance or servitude as aforesaid; any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XXXV.

An Act to vest a certain allowance for Road in the Township of Hamilton, County of Northumberland, in John Wade and Benjamin Seymour.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

HEREAS the Honorable Benjamin Seymour is the owner Preamble. in fee of the rear seventy agree of let numberable. in fee of the rear seventy acres of lot number thirty-four, in the first concession of the Township of Hamilton, in the County of Northumberland, and John Wade is the owner in fee of the residue of the said lot; And whereas the original allowance for road between lots numbers thirty-four and thirtyfive in the first concession of the said Township is impracticable, and in consequence thereof there has been opened across and through the said lot number thirty-four a travelled road which is now become established by user, and for which no compensation was ever made to the owners of the said lot; And whereas there is now no necessity for the opening of the

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said allowance for road between lots numbers thirty-four and thirty-five, save and except that part thereof between the old travelled road and the concession line in front of the said first concession; And whereas the said Honorable Benjamin Seymour and John Wade have prayed the Legislature to vest in them the said road allowance in lieu of and as compensation for the land taken for the said Road across lot number thirtyfour as before mentioned; And whereas it is expedient to vest in them the said road allowance, so far as the same adjoins their respective estates, save and except that part thereof hereinbefore mentioned: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

The said aled in the Hon. B. Seymour and J. Wade.

I. The said allowance for road so far as it adjoins that part lowance vest of the said lot number thirty-four, in the first concession of the said Township of Hamilton, now owned by the said Honorable Benjamin Seymour, shall be vested in him, his heirs and assigns for ever; and that part of the said allowance for road which adjoins the property of the said John Wade, shall be vested in him, his heirs and assigns for ever; save and except that part of the said allowance south of the point where it intersects the old travelled road between Toronto and Kingston, and the present gravelled road.

Pablic Act.

II. This Act shall be held to be a Public Act.

CAP. XXXVI.

An Act to vest in Samuel Doolittle and Robert Johnson, a certain allowance for Road in the Township of Haldimand.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS Samuel Doolittle and Robert Johnson, both of the Township of Haldimand, in the County of Northumberland, farmers, and divers other freeholders of the said Township, have by their petition represented, that the said Samuel Doolittle is the owner in fee and occupier of the north halves of lots numbers fourteen and fifteen, in the Broken Front, Concession A, of the said Township, and that the said Robert Johnson is the owner in fee and occupier of the south halves of the same lots; that the allowance for road between the said lots has never been opened, but that instead thereof, and for the greater convenience of the public, in consequence of the extreme unfitness of the said road allowance for a road, a strip of land taken for the most part from off the east side of the said lot number fourteen, has been used by the public as a highway for nearly fifty years, and is now used as such from the regular highway between Cobourg and Kingston to the Lake Shore, for which no compensation has been made to the said Doolittle and Johnson, and the petitioners have prayed that the said present

present highway may be confirmed, and the original road allowance vested in the said Samuel Doolittle and Robert Johnson. each for his proper share, and it is right to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Notwithstanding any thing to the contrary in any Act of The said al-Law, so much of the original allowance for road between lots lowance vestnumbers fourteen and fifteen in the said Broken Front, Conces-ed in Doolittle sion A, of the said Township of Haldimand, as lies between the north halves of the said lots, is hereby vested in the said Samuel Doolittle, his heirs and assigns for ever; and so much of the said allowance for road as lies between the south halves of the said lots is hereby vested in the said Robert Johnson, his heirs and assigns for ever; and the strip of land mentioned in the Preamble as being now used as a highway instead of the said allowance for road, shall be a public highway from the main road between Kingston and Cobourg to the Lake Shore.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XXXVII.

An Act to vest in James Taunton, a certain Allowance for Road in the Township of Southwold.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

THEREAS the original allowance for road between Lot Preamble. number Ten in the Second Range East of the River Road and Lot number Forty, South of Talbot Road East, presented great obstacles to its being rendered fit for travel, and in consequence thereof a new Road was established across and through the fronts of lots numbers forty, forty-one and forty-two, whereby a part of the said lot number forty, south of Talbot road east was severed and detached from the other part of the said lot; And whereas the proprietor of the said lot number forty never received any compensation for the land taken for the said new road, and whereas James Taunton, of the Township of Southwold, farmer, has purchased and now owns the said part or parcel of lot number forty so severed as aforesaid which adjoins other property of the said James Taunton; And whereas the said James Taunton hath petitioned the Legislature to vest in him so much of the said original allowance for Road as lies between the point where the said new road diverges from the said original allowance for road in front of the said lot number forty, and the boundary line between the said lot number forty and the lot number forty-one adjoining the same; And whereas it is reasonable and proper to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and

with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

The said allowance vested in James Taunton. I. That part of the said original allowance for road between the point where the said new road diverges from the said original allowance for road in front of the said lot number forty and the boundary line between the said lots numbers forty and forty-one, south of Talbot road east, shall be and the same is hereby vested in the said James Taunton, his heirs and assigns for ever, and the said new road is hereby declared a public highway in place of the said old allowance for road.

Public Act.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. XXXVIII.

An Act to vest in John Farley the younger, a certain Allowance for Road, in the Township of Darlington.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS the allowance for Road between the North halves of lots numbers eighteen and nineteen in the Fifth Concession of the Township of Darlington is not required as a road and would be impassable if opened; And whereas John Farley the younger, of Darlington, Gentleman, has granted a road in lieu thereof, and the municipal Council of Darlington have consented that the said allowance for road should be vested in the said John Farley the younger, in lieu of the road granted by him as aforesaid: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

The said allowance vesten in John "Farley.

I. For and notwithstanding any thing in any Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada or of Canada contained, the road or concession allowance between the North halves of lots numbers eighteen and nineteen in the Fifth Concession of the said Township of Darlington shall be and is hereby vested in the said John Farley the younger, his heirs and assigns for ever, and the said road so granted by the said John Farley the younger, is hereby declared a public highway in lieu of the said road or concession allowance.

Public Act.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. XXXIX.

An Act to vest in Daniel Burritt a certain Allowance for Road in the Township of Marlborough.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, a road from the River Rideau through the Broken Front and first concession of the Township of Marlborough, (then in the District of Johnstown, but now in the County

County of Carleton,) was laid out by Stephen Burritt, the Road Surveyor for the place, then in office, on the west side of lot number twenty-five in the said Broken Front and concession, then and now the property in fee of Daniel Burritt, of the said Township, farmer, and has ever since been used and travelled by the public, and is much more practicable and convenient for the purpose than the allowance for road between lots numbers twenty-four and twenty-five in the said Broken Front and concession for which it was substituted; And whereas such substitution was made without the consent of the said Daniel Burritt, and without any compensation to him, and it is just and right that the said allowance for road should be granted to him as such compensation, as he hath by his petition prayed: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The allowance for road between lots numbers twenty-four The said aland twenty-five in the said Broken Front and first concession lowance vestof the said Township of Marlborough, shall be, and is hereby ed in Daniel Burritt. vested in the said Daniel Burritt, his heirs and assigns for ever; and the road so laid out as aforesaid by Stephen Burritt as Road Surveyor, shall be a legal highway instead of the said allowance for road.

II. This Act shall be held to be a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XL.

An Act to naturalize Hervey Killam.

[Assented to 16th May, 1856.].

WHEREAS Hervey Killam, of the Township of Townsend, Preamble. in the County of Norfolk, Machinist, has by his Petition in that behalf represented, that he has been a resident in this Province ever since sometime in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, and that he has determined to become a permanent resident in this Province, and has prayed that he may be naturalized as a subject of Her Most Gracious Majesty; And whereas it seems expedient that his prayer should be granted: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The said Hervey Killam shall be deemed, adjudged and H. Killam na taken to be and to have been a natural born British Subject of turalized. Her Majesty and of Her Royal Predecessors, to all intents, constructions and purposes whatsoever, as if he had been born in this Province; Provided always, that in order to entitle Proviso: he himself to the benefit of this Act, the said Hervey Killam shall must take the take and subscribe within three months from the date of the giance. passing of this Act, before the Clerk of the Peace of the said County of Norfolk, (who is hereby authorized and directed to administer

administer the same,) the oath of Allegiance to Her Majesty. Her Heirs and Successors, and that such oath so taken and subscribed shall be kept by the said Clerk of the Peace among the records of his office.

Public Act.

II. This Act shall be taken to be a Public Act.

CAP. XLI.

An Act to provide for the execution of the Office of Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, in certain cases.

Preamble.

THEREAS great public inconvenience might ensue from the unavoidable absence of the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly of this Province, from illness or other cause, at any time when any sitting of the said Legislative Assembly ought to be held; and His Excellency the Governor General being advised thereof, hath, in Her Majesty's name, consented that the Legislature should adopt such measures as to them might appear expedient to avoid such inconvenience: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Speaker finding it necessary to be absent on any day, may appoint a Member to act tor him during such day.

I. Whenever the Speaker of the said Legislative Assembly shall, from illness or other cause, find it necessary to leave the Chair during any part of the sittings of the said Assembly on any day, it shall be lawful for him to call upon any member thereof to take the Chair and to act as Speaker during the remainder of such day, unless the Speaker shall himself resume the Chair before the close of the sittings for that day: and the Member so called upon shall take the Chair and act as Speaker accordingly; and every Act passed, and every Order made and thing done by the said Assembly, while such member is acting as Speaker as aforesaid, shall be as valid and effectual to all intents and purposes as if done while the Speaker himself was presiding in the Chair.

CAP. XLII.

An Act to impose an additional Excise Duty on Spirits.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS it is expedient to increase the duty payable on Spirits manufactured in this Province: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Duty imposed I. In addition to the quity imposed by the second on Spirits matches the Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign and the Act comparing duties intituled, An Act to continue and amend the Act imposing duties bond, after 5th on Spirits distilled in this Province, and to provide for the warehousing

woarehousing of Spirits, on Spirits lawfully manufactured within July, 1856, this Province, there shall be payable on all such Spirits manuing addition factured upon or after the fifth day of July next, on to that under which having been so manufactured before that day, and warehoused under the said Act, shall, upon or after the saine be taken out of warehouse for consumption, a further duty of one half penny currency per gallon, wine measure, so that the total duty payable on such Spirits shall be one penny and one half penny currency per gallon.

II. This Act shall be construed as one Act with the Act last Interpretation above cited, and with the Act thereby amended, passed in the clause. ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to 9 V. c. 2. repeal certain Acts therein mentioned, and to impose a duty on Distillers and the Spirituous Liquors made by them, and to provide for the collection of such duties; and all the provisions of the said Acts not inconsistent with this Act, shall apply to the duty hereby imposed, and all words and expressions herein used shall have the same meaning as in the said Acts; and the word "manufactured," in this Act, shall be equivalent to the words "distilled, manufactured or made," in the said Acts.

CAP. XLIII.

An Act to amend, repeal and consolidate the provisions of certain Acts therein mentioned, and to simplify and expedite the proceedings in the Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas in Upper Canada.*

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

THEREAS it is expedient to simplify and expedite the Preamble. proceedings in the Courts of Queen's Bench and of Common Pleas for Upper Canada: Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts, as follows:

I. The provisions of this Act shall come into operation Commenceon the twenty-first day of August one thousand eight hundred ment of this and fifty-six.

And with respect to the sealing and issuing of Writs and to Sealing and the offices of the Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas issuing Writs. in the different Counties or Unions of Counties: Be it enacted as follows:

II. There shall be an officer appointed by the Governor Clerk of the of this Province, who shall be called the Clerk of the Process. Process to be

III. appointed.

[•] NOTE.—The Notes in Brackets indicate the sources from which the provisions of the clauses opposite to which they stand, are derived. "1852," stands for the English Common Law Procedure Act of 1852, (15, 16 V. c. 76,) and "1854," for that of 1854, (17, 18 V. c. 125.) The Provincial Acts are referred to by Reign and chapter in the usual manner. Where there is no Bracketed Note, the provincian of the clause are original. The clauses from the English Acts are taken with their adaptation to II. C. Law and Inspection. as little change as was consistent with their adaptation to U. C. Law and Institutions.

To be an Officer of both Courts.

III. The Clerk of the Process shall be deemed an officer of both of the said Superior Courts of Common Law, and shall keep his Office in Osgoode Hall, and shall have a reasonable allowance for printing, procuring and transmitting blank forms of all Writs and Process, and for necessary books and To be subject stationery, and shall be subject to such rules for his guidance, as shall be, from time to time, made according to and under the powers for making rules hereinafter set forth.

To seal the writs, &c., of both Courts.

to rules, to be

made.

And supply Clerks and Deputy Clerks.

To issue writs, &c., to parties and their Attorneys.

alternately, from each Court

IV. The Clerk of the Process shall have a seal for sealing Writs in each of the said Courts, to be approved by the Chief Justice of each Court respectively, and he shall seal therewith and sign all Writs and Process whatsoever which are to be issued from such Courts respectively; he shall keep each Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Pleas supplied with all Writs and Process so signed and sealed in blank to be by them filled up and issued; and he shall in like manner keep the Clerks of the Crown and Pleas supplied with all Writs and Process other than those which he is required to issue; and the Clerk of the Process shall issue to the parties or their Attorneys all Writs of Summons and capias and alias and pluries Writs of Summons and Capias, and Writs of capias in actions already commenced and concurrent Writs, and shall renew such Writs as hereinafter authorized, which shall be required to be issued Writs to issue from the principal office at Toronto; And it shall be his duty and the duty of each Deputy Clerk of the Crown, to issue Writs for the commencement of actions alternately one from each Court and not otherwise, provided that this shall not be understood in any way to affect the issue of concurrent Writs.

To make quarterly returns to Inspector General.

Clerks and to account as at present. Clerk of Process to pay over fees received by him.

V. The Clerk of the Process shall make quarterly returns, verified by his affidavits, to the Inspector General, of all Writs and Process issued by him in suits brought at Toronto or supplied by him in order to be issued, to the Clerks or Deputy Clerks of the Crown; and such Clerks or Deputy Clerks shall Deputy Clerks account for and pay over all fees receivable by them on such Writs and Process, as they are now bound by law to do in respect to other fees received by them; And the Clerk of the Process shall receive the fees on Writs and Process issued by him as aforesaid at Toronto, and shall in like manner, account for and pay over such fees to form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province.

Proper Office

VI. In cases in which the cause of action shall be transitory, for taking out the Plaintiff may sue out the Writ for the commencement of sitory actions. the action from the office of the Clerk of the Crown and Pleas of either of the said Courts, or from the office of any of the Deputy Clerks of the Crown and Pleas.

When the

VII. When the venue is local, the Writ for the commencevenue is local. ment of the action must be sued out from the office within the proper County.

VIII.

VIII. The venue in any action may be changed according Provision to the practice now in force, but notwithstanding a change of if the venue the venue, the proceedings shall continue to be carried on in be changed. the office from which the first process in the action was sued out.

IX. All proceedings to final judgment shall be carried on in Proceedings the office from which the first process in the action was sued to be carried out, and the service of all papers and proceedings subsequent on in office whence writ to the Writ, shall be made upon the Defendant or his Attorney, issues, &c., according to the practice now in force, unless special provision service of is otherwise made in this Act, and if the Attorney of either papers, &c. party do not reside or have not a duly authorized agent residing in the County wherein such action was commenced, then service may be made upon the Attorney wherever he resides, or upon his duly authorized agent in Toronto, or if such Attorney have no duly authorized agent there, then service may be made by leaving a copy of the papers for him in the office where the action was commenced, marked on the outside as copies left for such Attorney.

X. Final judgment may be entered upon a cognovit actionem As to Judgor Warrant of Attorney to confess judgment, which shall have ments on been given or executed, in the first instance and before the cognovits. suing out of any process, in any of the said offices or at the option of the Plaintiff, unless some particular office in which the judgment is to be entered be expressly stated in such cognovil or warrant.

XI. All Writs of Execution may issue from the office wherein Writs of the judgment is entered, or after the transmission of the roll to execution. the principal office, such Writs may, at the option of the party entitled thereto, be issued out of such principal office.

XII. Either party may as of right, upon giving two days' Revision of notice to the opposite party, have the taxation of costs made taxation of by any Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Pleas, revised by the principal Clerk of the Court wherein the proceedings were had; and it shall be lawful for such Court or a Judge, by rule Costs of Revior summons, to call upon the Deputy Clerk who taxed any sion may be Bill, to shew cause why he should not pay the costs of revising charged to Deputy in cerhis taxation and of the application, if in the opinion of the tain cases. Court or Judge, on the affidavits and hearing the parties, such Deputy Clerk has been guilty of gross negligence, or of wilfully taxing fees or charges for services or disbursements larger or other than those sanctioned by the Rules and Practice of the Court.

XIII. Each Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Pleas shall, if Deputy proper accommodation be afforded him, keep his office in the keep their Court House of his County, and until he can obtain such offices in the accommodation he shall keep his office in some convenient Court House place

if possible: and if not, at some convenient place in the same town.

Hours of attendance, &c. place in the County Town; and every Deputy Clerk's office shall (except between the first day of July and the twenty-first day of August) be kept open from ten o'clock in the morning until three o'clock in the afternoon, Sundays, Christmas Day, Good Friday, Easter Monday, the birthday of the Sovereign, and any day appointed by Royal proclamation for a general fast or thanksgiving, excepted; and between the first day of July and the twenty-first day of August, such offices shall be kept open from nine in the morning until noon.

Rules to return process, may be issued by Deputy Clerks.

XIV. Every Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Pleas may sign and issue rules on any Sheriff or Coroner to return Writs and Process issued out of the office of such Deputy and directed to such Sheriff or Coroner; and it shall be the duty of each Sheriff or Coroner to return such Writs to the office from which such rule issued, in case he shall be served with any such rule.

Preserving evidence of Sheriff's sales.

And whereas many titles to land depend upon Sheriff's sales upon executions, and it is therefore important to provide for the preservation of evidence of the judgments upon which such executions issued, and also for the more speedy registration of judgments; Be it enacted as follows:

Deputy nuting all Judgments, Æс.

Judgments to be also docketed at Toronto.

If the original roll be lost. copies may be used, &c.

Deputy Clerks may give certificates of Judgments entered by them, which certificates may be registered in the proper County and bind lands.

XV. Every Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Pleas shall Clerks to keep keep a regular book, in which shall be minuted and docketed books for miall Judgments entered by such Deputy Clerk; and such minute shall contain the name of every Plaintiff and Defendant, the date of the commencement of the action, the date of the entry of such judgment, the form of action, the amount of debt or damages recovered, the amount of costs taxed; and whether such judgment was entered upon or by verdict, default, confession, non pros, non-suit, discontinuance, or how otherwise; and within three months after the entry of each judgment, the Deputy Clerk shall transmit to the principal Clerk of the proper Court in Toronto, every such judgment-roll and all papers of or belonging thereto, and such judgment shall be also docketed in the principal office, and in case the original judgment-roll be lost or destroyed, so that no exemplification or examined copy thereof can be procured, a copy of the entry in either of such docket books, certified by the Clerk or Deputy Clerk having such book in his custody, shall be evidence of all matters therein set forth and expressed: and when any such Deputy shall enter up any Judgment in either of the said Courts, he may give to the party on whose behalf it is entered, or to his legal representative, a certificate signed by him, of such Judgment, containing the like particulars as are required in certificates of Judgments given by the Clerks of the Crown and Pleas, and such certificate may be registered in the Registry Office of any County in Upper Canada, and the same certificate and the registration thereof, shall have the like force and effect in binding or operating as a charge upon lands, tenements and hereditaments situated within such County, as if if the certificate had been granted at the principal office at

And with respect to the Writs for the commencement of per- Writs for sonal actions in the said Courts, against Defendants, whether commencement in or out of the jurisdiction of the Courts; Be it enacted as actions. follows:

XVI. All personal actions brought in the said Courts where Mode of comthe Defendant is residing or supposed to reside within the mencing perjurisdiction thereof, except in cases where it is intended to where Defendant to special bail, shall be commenced by dant resides within the jurisdiction. Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 1, and in every (1852, s. 2.) such Writ and copy thereof, the place and county of the residence or supposed residence of the party Defendant, or wherein the Defendant shall be or shall be supposed to be, shall be mentioned.

XVII. It shall not be necessary to mention any form or cause Form or cause of action in any Writ of Summons or in any notice of Writ of of action need not be men-Summons issued under the authority of this Act.

tioned in writ.

XVIII. Every Writ of Summons shall contain the names of Names of Deall the Defendants, and shall not contain the name or names fendants, must of any Defendant or Defendants in more actions than one.

(1852, s. 4.)

XIX. Every Writ of Summons or Capias issued under the Date of Writ. authority of this Act, shall bear date on the day on which the same shall be issued, and shall be tested in the name of the Teste. Chief Justice of the Court from which the same shall issue, or (1852, s. 5.) in case of a vacancy of such office, then in the name of the Senior Puisne Judge of the said Court.

XX. The Clerk or Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Pleas Office whence who shall issue any Writ, shall mark in the margin a memo- issued to be randum stating from what office and in what County such writ, Writ was issued, and shall subscribe his name to such memorandum.

XXI. Every Writ of Summons or of Capias shall be indorsed Name of Atwith the name and place of abode of the Attorney actually torney or persuing out the same, and when the Attorney actually suing any writ to ap-Writ, shall sue out the same as agent for any other Attorney, pear on it. the name and place of abode of such other Attorney shall also be indorsed upon the said Writ; and in case no Attorney shall Further partibe employed to issue the Writ, then it shall be indorsed with Plaintiff sue a memorandum expressing that the same has been sued out in person. by the Plaintiff in person, mentioning the City, Town, incor- (1852, s. 6.) porated or other Village or Township within which such Plaintiff resides.

added

Commencement of actions where it is intended to hold Defenbail.

(This and the two following sections amend the repealed provisions of

2 G. 4, c. 1. 5 W. 4, c. 3. 8 V. c. 48, s. 44.) Execution of process. Indorsement thereof on

Declaration when to be made, when Defendant is imprisoned for want of bail.

writ.

Proviso: Some Defendants may be arrested, and others not.

Effect of service as to those not arrested.

Affidavit for suing out Capias. (See sect. xxii.)

Previso: Where the . cause of action is other than a debt certain.

XXII. In all such actions wherein it shall be intended to arrest and hold any person to special bail, the process shall be by a Writ of Capias according to the form contained in schedule (A) to this Act annexed, and marked No. 2, and may be dant to special directed to the Sheriff of any County or Union of Counties in Upper Canada; and so many copies of such process, together with every memorandum or notice subscribed thereto and all indorsements thereon, as there may be persons intended to be and consolidate arrested thereon or served therewith, shall be delivered with the original Writ, to the Sheriff or other officer who may have the execution or return thereof, and who shall upon or immediately after the execution of such process, cause one such copy to be delivered to every person upon whom such process shall be executed by him, whether by service or arrest, and shall indorse on such Writ the true day of the execution thereof, whether by service or arrest, within three days at furthest after such service or arrest; and if any Defendant be taken or charged in custody upon any such process, and imprisoned for want of sureties for his appearance thereto, the Plaintiff in such process may, before the end of the next tem after the arrest of such Defendant, declare against such Defendant and proceed thereon, in the manner and according to the directions contained in the third and fourth rules of the Court of Queen's Bench, made in Easter Term, in the fifth year of Her Majesty's Reign: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Plaintiff or his Attorney, to order the Sheriff or other officer to whom such Writ shall be directed, to arrest one or more of the Defendants therein named, and to serve a copy thereof on one or more of the others, which order shall be duly obeyed by such Sheriff or other officer, and such service shall be of the same force and effect as the service of the Wnt of Summons hereinbefore mentioned, and no other.

XXIII. It shall not be lawful to assue or sue out any such writ of capias, unless an affidavit be first made by such Plaintiff, his servant or agent, of the Plaintiff's cause of action, and that the amount thereof (being in no case less than ten pounds) is justly and truly due to the Plaintiff, and also that such Plaintiff, his servant or agent hath good reason to believe and verily doth believe that the Defendant is immediately about to leave Upper Canada with intent and design to defraud the Plaintiff of the said debt: Provided always, that where the cause of action is other than a debt certain, a writ of capias may be issued and sued out to arrest and hold the Defendant to special bail, a Judge's order having been first obtained for that purpose, in such cases and in such manner as has heretofore been the practice; Provided also, that nothing in this Act contained, shall subject any person to arrest who by reason of any privilege, usage or otherwise may now by law be exempt there-Proviso: Act from; Provided also, that it shall not be necessary that any such not to subject affidavit shall be at the time of the making thereof, entitled of to arrest per- or in any Court, but that the style and title of the Court may be 1856.

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added at the time of suing out the process, and shall be that sons now exof the Court out of which the process is issued, and that such empted. style and title when so added, shall be for all purposes and in all Provise: as to proceedings whether civil or criminal, taken and adjudged to entitling the have been part of the affidavit ab initio.

XXIV. Special bail may be put in and perfected according Special bail. o the practice now in force; and after special bail is so put in, (See sect. xxii.) he plaintiff may proceed by filing a declaration or otherwise Declaration, o judgment, in like manner as if the action had been com- and further nenced by writ of summons and the Defendant had appeared proceedings. hereto.

XXV. Every Attorney whose name shall be endorsed on any Attorney writ issued for the commencement of any action shall, on de-mand in writing made by or on behalf of any Defendant, declare indersed on the writ to declare authority or privity, and if he shall answer in the affirmative, whether he then he shall also, in case the Court or a Judge shall so order sued it out, and direct, declare in writing, within a time to be limited by such Plaintiff's Court or Judge, the profession or occupation and place of abode name, &c. if so of the Plaintiff, on pain of being guilty of a contempt of the ordered. Court from which such writ shall appear to have been issued; and if such Attorney shall declare that such writ was not issued Proceedings by him or with his authority or privity, all proceedings upon stayed it he the same shall be stayed, and no further proceedings shall be not sue it out. taken thereon without leave of the Court or a Judge.

(1852, s. 7.)

XXVI. Upon the writ and copy of any writ served or execut- Amount of ed for the payment of any debt, the amount of the debt shall be debt and costs stated, and the amount of what the Plaintiff's Attorney claims of writ to be for the costs of such writ, copy and service, and attendance to &c. receive debt and costs; and it shall be further stated, that upon payment thereof within eight days, to the Plaintiff or his At- And a certain lomey, further proceedings will be stayed, which indorsement notice. shall be written or printed in the following form or to the like "The Plaintiff claims £ for debt and £ "costs; and if the amount thereof be paid to the Plaintiff or his "Attorney within eight days from the service hereof, further "proceedings will be stayed"; But the Defendant shall be at Defendant liberty, notwithstanding such payment, to have the costs taxed, may have and if more than one sixth be disallowed, the Plaintiff's At- (1852, s. 8.) tomey shall pay the costs of taxation.

XXVII. The Plaintiff in any action may, at any time during Plaintiff may six months from the issuing of the original Writ of Summons obtain conor of capias, issue from the office whence the original Writ issned, one or more concurrent Writ or Writs of the same kind, to be tested of the same day as the original Writ, and to be Their date. marked by the Clerk or Deputy Clerk issuing the same, with acthe word "concurrent" in the margin, with the memorandum required by the twentieth Section of this Act; Provided that Proviso.

such concurrent Writ or Writs shall only be in force for the period during which the original Writ in such action shall be in force.

XXVIII. No original Writ of Summons or capias shall be in

force for more than six months from the day of the date

thereof, including the day of such date; but if any Defendant

Within what time Writs must be served, &c.

Renewing writs.

therein named, may not have been served therewith the original or concurrent Writ of Summons or Capias may be renewed at any time before the expiration, for six months from the date of such renewal, and so from time to time, during the currency of the renewed Writ, by being marked in the margin, with a memorandum to the effect following: " Renewed for " six months from the day of signed by the Clerk or Deputy Clerk who issued such Writ or his successor in office, upon delivery to him by the Plaintiff or his Attorney, of a præcipe, in such form as has heretofore been required to be delivered upon the obtaining of an alias Win; and a Writ of Summons or Capias so renewed, shall remain in force and be available to prevent the operation of any Statute whereby the time for the commencement of the action may be (1852, s. 11.) limited, and for all other purposes from the date of the issuing the original Writ.

Effect of renewal as to Statute of limitations.

Renewing and returning writs issued before the commencement of this Act, &c.

As to writs issued in continuance of preceding writs under the Act.

12 V. c. 63. (1852, s. 12.)

XXIX. When any Writ of Summons or Capias in any such action shall have been issued before, and shall be in force at the commencement of this Act, such Writ may, at any time before the expiration thereof, be renewed under the provisions of, and in the manner directed by this Act; and where any Writ, issued in continuation of a preceding Writ, according to the provisions of the Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to make further provision for the administration of Justice, by the establishment of an additional Superior Court of Common Law, and also a Court of Enor and Appeal in Upper Canada, and for other purposes, shall be in force and unexpired, or where one month next after the expiration thereof, shall not have elapsed at the commencement of this Act, such continuing Writ may, without being returned non est inventus, or entered of record according to the provisions of the said Act, be filed in the proper office of the Court, within one month next after the expiration of such Writ, or within twenty days after the commencement of this Act, and the original Writ of Summons or capias in such action may thereupon, but within the same period of one month next after the expiration of the continuing Writ, or within twenty days after the commencement of this Act, be renewed under the provisions of, and in the manner directed by this Act; and every such Wni shall, after such renewal, have the same duration and effect for all purposes, and shall be, if necessary, subsequently renewed in the same manner as if it had originally issued under the authority of this Act.

XXX. The production of a Writ of Summons or Capias with Proof of such memorandum signed as required in the foregoing Section, renewal of wing such Writ to have been renewed according to this Act, writs. (1852, s. 13.) the commencement of the action as of the first date of such weed Writ, for all purposes.

IXXI. The Writ of Summons in any action may be served Service in any my County in Upper Canada.

(1852, s. 14.)

XXII. The person serving the Writ of Summons shall, and Indorsement is hereby required within three days at furthest after such of the day of rice, to indorse on such Writ, the day of the month and week writ. the service thereof, otherwise the Plaintiff shall not be at erty in case of non-appearance to proceed under this Act; Penalty for every affidavit of service of such Writ shall mention the default. on which such indorsement was made.

XXIII. Every such Writ of Summons issued against a Writs against poration aggregate, may be served on the Mayor, Warden, Corporations how served. re, President, or other head Officer, or on the Township, n, City or County Clerk, Clerk, Cashier, Manager, Treaor Secretary, or Agent of such Corporation, or of any ach or agency thereof in Upper Canada; and every person who shall be o shall, within Upper Canada, transact or carry on any of deemed agents business of, or any business for any Corporation whose of Corporations in certains in certain the constant of the cons place of business shall be without the limits of Upper tain tases. ada, shall, for the purpose of being served with a Writ of (1852, s. 16.) mons issued against such Corporation, be deemed the at thereof.

XXIV. The service of the Writ of Summons wherever it Service to be y be practicable, shall, as heretofore, be personal; but it personal. Il be lawful for the Plaintiff to apply from time to time, on davit, to the Court out of which, the Writ of Summons issued ba Judge and in case it shall appear to such Court or Exception: ge that reasonable efforts have been made to effect personal rice, and either that the Writ has come to the knowledge of Service may Defendant or that he wilfully evades service of the same, be dispensed with by the has not appeared thereto, it shall be lawful for such Court or a and appears that the Plaintiff be at liberty to proceed as Judge, on ensonal service had been effected, subject to such condication facts. as to the Court or Judge may seem fit.

(1852, s. 17.)

XXV. In case any Defendant being a British subject, is Summons to a ding out of the Jurisdiction of the said Superior Courts, party being hall be lawful for the Plaintiff to issue a Writ of Summons ject residing the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, out of the thed No. 3, which Writ shall bear the indorsement con-jurisdiction and in the said form, purporting that such Writ is for service Courts. of the Jurisdiction of the said Superior Courts, and the he for appearance by the Defendant shall be regulated by

the

the distance from Upper Canada of the place where the Defendant is residing, having due regard to the means of, and Service there- necessary time for postal or other communication; and it shall of, &c. be lawful for the Court or Judge, upon being satisfied that

not be made.

there is a cause of action which arose within the Jurisdiction, or in respect of the breach of a contract made within the Jurisdiction, and that the Writ was personally served upon the M Service can- Defendant, or that reasonable efforts were made to effect personal service thereof upon the Defendant, and that it came to

case by the Court or a Judge, on Affidavit.

his knowledge, and either that the Defendant wilfully neglects Order in such to appear to such Writ, or that he is living out of the Jurisdiction of the said Courts, in order to defeat or delay his creditors, to direct from time to time, that the Plaintiff shall be at liberty to proceed in the action in such manner and subject to such conditions as to such Court or Judge may seem fit, having regard to the time allowed to the Defendant to appear being reasonable, and to the other circumstances of the case; Provided always, that the Plaintiff shall be and he is hereby re-

Proviso: Plaintiff must prove his case. (1852, s. 18.)

quired to prove the amount of the debt or damages claimed by him in such action, either before a Jury on an assessment in the usual mode, or by reference to compute in the manner hereinafter provided, according to the nature of the case, as such Court or Judge may direct, and the making such proof shall be a condition precedent to his obtaining Judgment.

If the Defendant be not a British Subjeet.

XXXVI. In any action against a person residing out of the Jurisdiction of the said Courts and not being a British subject, the like proceedings may be taken as against a British subject (1852, s. 19.) resident out of the Jurisdiction, except that the Plaintiff shall, instead of the Summons mentioned in the next preceding Section, issue a Writ of Summons according to the form contained in the said Schedule (A) marked No. 4, and shall in manner aforesaid serve a notice of such last mentioned Writ upon the Defendant, which notice shall be in the form contained in the said Schedule also marked No. 4; and such service or reasonable efforts to effect the same, shall be of the same force and effect as the service or reasonable efforts to effect the service of a Writ of Summons in any action against a British subject resident abroad, and by leave of the Court or a Judge, upon their or his being satisfied by affidavit as aforesaid, the like proceedings may be had and taken thereupon.

Amendment omits any thing in the indorsement . on, or in the writ. (1852, s. 20.)

XXXVII. If the Plaintiff or his Attorney shall omit to insert if the Plaintiff in or indorse on any Writ or copy thereof, any of the matters required by this Act to be inserted therein or indorsed thereon, such Writ or copy thereof shall not on that account be held void, but it may be set aside as irregular, or amended, upon application to be made to the Court out of which the same shall issue, or to a Judge, and such amendment may be made upon any application to set aside the Writ, upon such terms as to the Court or Judge may seem fit.

XXXVIII. If either of the forms of Writ of Summons con-Amendment tained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, and marked if one form of respectively Nos. 1, 3, and 4, shall by mistake or inadvertence writ be subbe substituted for any other of them, such mistake or inadver- error for antence shall not be an objection to the Writ or any other pro-other. ceeding in such action, but the Writ may, upon an ex parte (1852, s. 21.) application to a Judge, whether before or after any application to set aside such Writ or any proceeding thereon, and whether the same or notice thereof shall have been served or not, be amended by such Judge, without costs.

XXXIX. A Writ for service within the Jurisdiction may be Certain writs issued and marked as a concurrent Writ with one for service may be made out of the Jurisdiction, and a Writ for service out of the Juris- (1852, s. 22.) diction may be issued and marked as a concurrent Writ with one for service within the Jurisdiction.

XL. Any affidavit for the purpose of enabling the Court or Affidavits for a Judge to direct proceedings to be taken against a Defendant enabling proresiding out of the Jurisdiction of the said Courts, may be taken against swom before the Chief Justice or Judge of any Court of Supe-a party out of nor Jurisdiction in the Country wherein such Defendant shall the jurisdicreside or be served, or before the Mayor or Chief Magistrate of tion, before whom to be any City, Town or place wherein the Defendant shall reside made. or be served, or before any Consul General, Consul, Vice-Consul, or Consular Agent for the time being, appointed by Her Majesty at any foreign port or place at or near which the Defendant shall reside or be served, and every affidavit so sworn by virtue of this Act, may be used and shall be admitted in evidence saving all just exceptions, providing it purport to be sworn before such Chief Justice, Judge, Mayor, or Chief Magistrate, Consul General, Consul, Vice Consul, or Consular Agent; Provided always, that if any person shall forge any Proviso. signature to any such affidavit, or shall use or tender in evidence Punishment any such affidavit with any false, forged or counterfeit signature for forging thereto, knowing the same to be false, forged or counterfeit, he signatures, &c. shall be guilty of felony, and shall upon conviction, be liable, at the discretion of the Court, to be kept confined at hard labour in the public Penitentiary of this Province, for any term not less than four years nor more than ten years, and every person who shall be charged with committing any felony under this Act, may be dealt with, indicted, tried, and if convicted, sentenced, and his offence may be laid and charged to have been committed, in the county or place in which he shall be apprehended or be in custody; and every accessory before or after the fact to any Accessories. such offence, may be dealt with, indicted, tried, and if convicted, sentenced, and his offence may be laid and charged to have been committed, in any county or place in which the principal offender may be tried; Provided also, that if any person Proviso: trial, shall wilfully and corruptly make a false affidavit before such punishment, Chief Justice, Judge, Mayor, Chief Magistrate, Consul Ge- &c., for taking neral. Consul. Vice Consular Agent every person false affidaneral, Consul, Vice Consul or Consular Agent, every person

19 Vict.

the

vits, out of U. C. (1853, s. 23.) Cap. 43.

so offending shall be deemed and taken to be guilty of perjury, in like manner as if such false affidavit had been made in Upper Canada before competent authority, and may be dealt with, indicted, tried, and if convicted, sentenced, and his offence may be laid and charged to have been committed, in that county or place where he shall have been apprehended or be in custody.

In demands for liquidated sums, certain particulars may be indorsed on the writ.

XLI. In all cases where the Defendant resides within the Jurisdiction of the Court, and the claim is for a debt or liquidated demand in money, with or without interest, arising upon a contract express or implied, as for instance, on a Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note or Cheque, or other simple contract debt, or on a bond or contract under seal for payment of a liquidated amount of money, or on a statute where the sum sought to be recovered is a fixed sum of money, or in the nature of a debt or on a guarantee, whether under seal or not, where the claim against the principal is in respect of such debt or liquidated demand, bill, note or cheque, the Plaintiff shall be at liberty to make upon the Writ of Summons and copy thereof, a special indorsement of the particulars of his claim, in the form contained in Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 5, or to the like effect; and when a Writ of Summons has been in-

dorsed in the special form hereinbefore mentioned, the indor-

sement shall be considered as particulars of demand, and no

further or other particulars need be delivered unless ordered

No further particulars need be given order.

unless on (1852, s. 25.) by the Court or a Judge.

Plaintiff may obtaiu capias in certaiu cases, after commencing the suit by writ of summons, affidavit required Form of writ. To whom

directed. Copies.

16 V. c. 175. s. 3.

One copy to be delivered on whom the writ shall be executed.

XLII. It shall be lawful for the Plaintiff, after the commencement of any action by Writ of Summons but before Judgment in such action, upon making and filing an affidavit conformably to the provisions of the twenty-third section of this Act or on obtaining a Judge's order for that purpose to sue out of the office whence such Summons was issued a Writ of Capias, and one or more concurrent Writs, and to renew such Writs in manner directed by this Act—which Writ of Capias in every such case shall be in the form contained in Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, and marked No. 6, and may be directed to the Sheriff of any county or union of counties in Upper Canada, and so many copies of such Writ with every memorandum or notice subscribed thereto, and all endorsements thereon as there may be persons intended to be arrested thereon shall be delivered with such writ to the Sheriff or other officer who may have the execution or return thereof, and who shall immediately, upon or after the execution thereof, cause one such copy to be delivered to every person upon whom such to each person process shall be executed by him, and shall indorse upon such Writ the true day of the execution thereof within three days at farthest after such execution; and the proceedings in any such action may be carried on to Judgment without regard to the issuing of such Capias or to any proceedings in any way arising from or dependent thereon—and on entering Judgment

the Plaintiff shall be entitled to tax the costs of such Writ or Costs. Writs of Capias and the proceedings thereon in like manner as if the suit had been originally commenced by Capias, together with the other costs incurred and taxable in the cause: Pro-Proviso: vided always, that notwithstanding any thing contained in the from the same fourth section of this Act, such Writ shall be issued in the Court as the Court out of which the original Writ in the cause was sued out. original writ.

And as regards proceedings against absconding debtors who Absconding shall have real or personal property, credits or effects in Upper Debtors. Canada: Be it enacted as follows:

XLIII. If any resident in Upper Canada indebted to any Form of Writ person, shall depart from Upper Canada with intent to defraud against abhis creditors, and shall, at the time of his so departing, be Sconding Debtors, &c. possessed to his own use and benefit, of any real or personal (The proviproperty, credits or effects in Upper Canada, he shall be sions under property, credits or effects in Upper Canada, he shall be stont under deemed an absconding debtor, and his property, credits and next 15 sec-effects aforesaid, may be seized and taken for the satisfying of tions amend his debts by a Writ of Attachment, which shall also contain a and consolidate the provisions Summons to the absconding debtor, and shall be in the form of the repealed in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 7, and Acts—such Writ shall be dated on the day on which it is sued out, 2 W. 4, c. 5. and shall be in force for six months from its date, and may be and shall be in force for six months from its date, and may be renewed for the purpose of effecting service on the Defendant, writtin like manner as a Writ of Summons issued under the author Renewal. rity of this Act.

XLIV. Upon affidavit made by any Plaintiff, his servant or Proceedings agent, that any such person so departing is indebted to such upon affidavit Plaintiff in a sum exceeding twenty-five pounds, and stating fendant hath the causes of action, and that the Deponent hath good reason departed, &c. to believe and doth verily believe such person hath departed from Upper-from Upper Canada and hath gone to (stating some place to the purpose of which the absconding Debtor is believed to have fled or that avoiding paythe Deponent is unable to obtain any information to what place ment or serhe hath fled,) with intent to defraud the Plaintiff of his just cess. dues, or to avoid being arrested or served with process, which affidavit shall be accompanied by the affidavit of two other Further credible persons, that they are well acquainted with the Debtor Affidavit in mentioned in the first named affidavit, and have good reason of the former. to believe and do believe that such Debtor hath departed from Upper Canada with intent to defraud the said Plaintiff, or to avoid being arrested or served with process, it shall be lawful for either of the said Courts or a Judge, or for the Judge of any County Court, by rule or order, to direct that a Writ of Writ of At-Attachment shall issue (to be in the "Inferior Jurisdiction" tachment to if the case be within the Jurisdiction of the County Court, and to be marked and the costs to be allowed accordingly,) and to appoint in such rule or order the time for the Defendants putting in Special Bail, which time shall be regulated by the distance from Upper Canada of the place to which the absconding

Writ of Attachment to be in duplicate.

Debtor is supposed to have fled, having due regard to the means of and necessary time for postal or other communication; and such Writ of Attachment shall issue in duplicate, and shall be so marked by the officer issuing the same (the costs of suing out the same being allowed only as if a single Writ issued), and one Writ shall be delivered to the Sheriff to whom the same shall be directed, and the other shall be used for the purpose of effecting service on the Defendant.

Further proservice or attempted service.

XLV. Upon its appearing on affidavit to the Court or a ceedings after Judge, that a copy of the Writ was personally served on the Defendant, or that reasonable efforts were made to effect personal service thereof on him, and that such Writ came to his knowledge, or that the Defendant hath absconded in such a manner that after diligent inquiry no information can be obtained as to the place he hath fled to, it shall be lawful for such Court or Judge, if the Defendant has not put in Special Bail, either to require some further attempt to effect service or to appoint some act to be done which shall be deemed good service, and thereupon, or on the first application, if it shall so seem fit to the Court or a Judge, to direct that the Plaintiff may proceed in the action in such manner and subject to such conditions as the Court or Judge may direct or impose: Provided always, that the Plaintiff shall prove the amount of the debt or damages claimed by him in such action either before a Jury on an assessment or by reference to compute in the

Proviso: Plaintiff must prove his claim.

before execution shall issue.

manner provided by this Act according to the nature of the case, and the making such proof shall be a condition prece-Further affida- dent to his obtaining Judgment, and no execution shall issue until the Plaintiff, his Attorney or Agent shall make oath of the sum justly due by the absconding Debtor to the Plaintiff, after giving him credit for all payments and claims which might be set off or lawfully claimed by the Debtor at the time of making such last mentioned affidavit, and the execution shall be indorsed to levy the sum so sworn to with the taxed costs of suit or the amount of the Judgment, including the costs which ever shall be the smaller sum of the two.

Plaintiff may rent writs, to

XLVI. The Plaintiff may at any time within six months obtain concur- from the date of the original Writ of Attachment, without other Sheriffs. further order from the Court or a Judge, issue from the office whence the original Writ issued, one or more Concurrent Writ or Writs of Attachment, to bear teste on the same day as the original Writ, and to be marked by the Officer issuing the same with the word "Concurrent" in the margin, which Concurrent Writ or Writs of Attachment may be directed to any Sheriff other than the Sheriff to whom the original Writ They shall be was issued, and need not be sued out in duplicate or be served on the Defendant, but shall operate merely for the attachment of his real or personal property, credits or effects in aid of the original Writ.

used merely for attaching property.

XLVII The Court or a Judge may at any time before or after Court may let final Judgment, but before execution executed, in their discre- in Defendant tion, and having regard to the time of the application and other to put in Special Bail, and Affidavit reto defend the action, upon an application supported upon satis-quired. factory affidavits, accounting for Defendant's delay and default and disclosing a good defence on the merits.

XLVIII Upon the Defendant's putting in and perfecting Spe- Property of cial Bail to the action in like manner as if he had been arrested Defendant to on a Writ of Capias, for the amount sworn to on obtaining the his putting in attachment either within the time limited by the Writ or within the winterpretable limited by the within the within the within the with attachment, either within the time limited by the Writ or within Special Bail; such time as shall be specified by the Court or a Judge on letting in the Defendant to defend as aforesaid, all his property, credits and effects which have been attached in that suit, excepting any which may have been disposed of as perishable, and then the net proceeds of the goods so disposed of, shall be Or proceeds if restored and paid to him unless there be some other lawful sold. ground for the Sheriff to withold or detain them, and after Special Bail shall be so put in and perfected the Defendant shall be let in to plead, and the action shall proceed as in ordinary cases begun by Writ of Capias; Provided always, that Proviso: as terafter obtaining Judgment it shall not be necessary for the Plain- ca. sa. tiff to make or file any other or further affidavit than that on which the Writ of Attachment was ordered, in order to sue out a Writ of capias ad satisfaciendum; And provided also, that if Proviso: if it shall appear at any time before execution issued, upon mo-the Defendant tion to be made in Court for that purpose and upon hearing the was not an parties by affidavit, that the Defendant was not an absconding absconding Debtor within the true meaning of this Act, at the time of the Debtor when the original suing out of the Writ of Attachment against him, such Defen-writ issued. dant shall recover his costs of defence, and the Plaintiff shall, by rule of Court, be disabled from taking out any Writ of Execution for the amount of the verdict rendered or ascertained upon reference to compute or otherwise recovered in such action, unless the same shall exceed, and then for such sum only as the same shall exceed the amount of the taxed costs of the Costs, and re-Defendant, and in case the sum so recovered shall be less than medy of Dethe amount of the taxed costs of the Defendant, then the fendant for Defendant shall be entitled, after deducting the amount of the sum recovered as aforesaid from the amount of such Defendant's taxed costs, to take out execution for the balance in like manner as a Defendant may now by law have execution for costs in ordinary cases.

XLIX. The Sheriff to whom any Writ of Attachment shall sheriff to atbe directed shall forthwith take into his charge or keeping tach all the all the property, credits and effects, including all rights and credits of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association or Corporation (which the little of Deshares in any Association shares in any Association or Corporation (which shall fendant be attached in the same manner as they might be seized in execution under the provisions of an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's

19 VICT.

12 Vic. c. 23. Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to provide for the seizure and sale of shares in the Capital Stock of Incorporated Inventory to

be made of property seized.

Companies,) of the absconding Debtor as set forth in such Writ, and shall be allowed all necessary disbursements for keeping the same; and he shall immediately call to his assistance two substantial freeholders of his County, and with their aid he shall make a just and true inventory of all the personal property, credits and effects, evidences of title or debt, books of account, vouchers and papers that he shall attach, and shall return such inventory, after it shall have been signed by himself and the said freeholders, together with the Writ of Attachment.

How perishable goods shall be dealt with.

Sale of all such goeds if Plaintiff give security to restore apif he fail.

L. In case any horses, cattle, sheep, pigs or any perishable goods or chattels, or such as from their nature (as timber or staves) cannot be safely kept or conveniently taken care of, shall be taken under any Writ of Attachment, it shall be the duty of the Sheriff who has attached the same to have them appraised and valued, on oath, by two competent persons; and in case the Plaintiff suing out the Attachment shall desire it and shall deposit with the Sheriff a Bond to the Defendant executed by two freeholders, whose sufficiency shall be approved praised value, by the Sheriff in double the amount of the appraised value of such articles, conditioned for the payment of such appraised value to the Defendant, his executors or administrators, together with all costs and damages that may have been incurred by the seizure and sale thereof, in case Judgment shall not be obtained by the Plaintiff against the Defendant, then the Sheriff shall proceed to sell all or any such enumerated articles at public auction, to the highest bidder, giving not less than six days' notice of such sale, unless any of the articles are of such a nature as not to allow of that delay, in which case the Sheriff Sheriff to hold may sell such articles last mentioned forthwith; and the Sheriff shall hold the proceeds of such sale for the same purposes as he would hold any property seized under the attachment.

proceeds.

security.

Such goods to LI. If the Plaintiff in any Writ of Attachment, after notice be restored if Plaintiff fail to himself or his Attorney, of the seizure of any such articles give sufficient as enumerated, shall neglect or refuse to deposit any such Bond, or shall only offer a Bond of sureties insufficient in the judgment of the Sheriff, then, after the lapse of four days next after such notice, the Sheriff shall be relieved from all liability to such Plaintiff in respect to the articles so seized, which the said Sheriff is thenceforth authorized and directed to restore to the

person from whose possession he took the same.

Liability of ant paying him after notice of the seizure, &c,

LII. If any person who is indebted to or has the custody or debtors, &c., possession of any property or effects of an absconding Debtor, shall, after notice in writing of the Writ of Attachment duly served upon him by the Sheriff or by or on behalf of the Plaintiff in such Writ, pay any debt or demand or deliver any such property or effects to such absconding Debtor, or to any

person

person for the individual use and benefit of such absconding Debtor, the person paying such debt or demand or delivering such property or effects, shall be deemed to have done so fraudulently, and is hereby made liable for the amount of such debt or demand or for such property and effects or the value thereof, to the Plaintiff in such Writ of Attachment, pro- Proviso: vided such Plaintiff recover Judgment against the absconding Defendant's Debtor, and if the property and effects actually seized by the debtor sued Sheriff are insufficient to satisfy such Indoment. Sheriff are insufficient to satisfy such Judgment; and if any the seizure, person indebted to any absconding Debtor or having custody may obtain of his property as aforesaid, shall be sued for such debt, demand ceedings. or property after notice as aforesaid of the Writ of Attachment, by the absconding Debtor or by any person to whom the absconding Debtor may have assigned such debt or property after the date of the Writ of Attachment, he may, on affidavit, apply to the Court or a Judge, to stay proceedings in the action against himself, until it shall be known whether the property and effects so seized by the Sheriff, shall be sufficient to discharge the sum or sums recovered against the absconding Debtor, and it Court or shall be lawful for the Court or a Judge to make such rule or Judge may order in the matter as they may think fit, and if necessary to the make a rule, direct an issue to try any disputed question of fact.

LIII. If the real and personal property, credits and effects of Debtor of Deany absconding Debtor attached by any Writ of Attachment as fendant may aforesaid, shall prove insufficient to satisfy the executions obtained in the suit thereon against such absconding Debtor, the property Sheriff having the execution thereof may by rule or order of seized be not the Court or a Judge to be granted on the application of the satisfy Plaintiff, in any such case, sue for and recover from any person Plaintiff. indebted to such absconding Debtor, the debt, claim, property or right of action attachable under this Act and owing to or recoverable by such absconding Debtor, with costs of suit, in which suit the Defendant shall be allowed to set up any defence which would have availed him against the absconding Debtor at the date of the Writ of Attachment, and a recovery in such suit by the Sheriff shall operate as a discharge as against such absconding Debtor; and such Sheriff shall hold the moneys Money recorecovered by him as part of the assets of such absconding vered to be Debtor, and shall apply them accordingly; provided that the of assets of abdeclaration in such action shall contain an introductory aver- sconding ment to the effect following:—"A. B., Sheriff of, (&c.) who debtor. " sues under the provisions of the law respecting absconding Proviso: aver-"Debtors, in order to recover from C. D., Debtor to E. F., an ment to be in-"absconding Debtor, the debt due (or other claim according to Sheriff's decla"the facts) by the said C. D., to the said E. F. complains, &c." ration.

Provided also, that no Sheriff shall be bound to sue any party proviso: as aforesaid until the attaching creditor shall give his bond with Sheriff not two sufficient sureties payable to such Sheriff by his name of bound to sue office in double the amount or value of the debt or property give bond to sued for conditioned to indemnify him from all costs, losses and indemnify expenses to be incurred in the prosecution of such action or to him.

Proviso: Sheriff's successor may action.

1.12

which he may become liable in consequence thereof: Provided lastly, that in the event of the death, resignation or removal from office of any Sheriff after such action brought, the action shall not abate, but may be continued in the name of his successor to whom the benefit of the bond so given shall enure as if he had been named therein, and a suggestion of the necessary facts as to the change of the Sheriff as Plaintiff shall be entered of record.

Costs in such cases, and how paid.

LIV. The costs of the Sheriff for seizing and taking charge of property, credits and effects under a Writ of Attachment, including the sums paid to any persons for assisting in taking an inventory, and for appraising (which shall be paid for at the rate of five shillings for each day actually required for and occupied in making such inventory or appraisement) shall be paid in the first instance by the Plaintiff in the Writ of Attachment, and may after having been taxed be recovered by the Sheriff by action in any Court in Upper Canada, having jurisdiction for the amount, and such costs shall be taxed to the party who pays the same as part of the disbursements in the suit against the absconding Debtor and be so recovered from him; Provided always, that the Sheriff having made an inventory and appraisement on the first Writ of Attachment against any absconding Debtor, shall not be required to make any new inventory and appraisement on a subsequent Writ of Attachment coming into his hands, nor shall he be allowed any charge for any inventory or appraisement except upon the first Writ.

Proviso: New writ not to make new Inventory requisite.

Persons having previously commenced suits against the same Detendant may proment, &c.

Proviso: If such suit be fraudulent or collusive.

LV. Any person who shall have commenced a suit in any Court of Record of Upper Canada, the process wherein shall have been served or executed before the suing out a Writ of Attachment against the same defendant as an absconding Debtor, shall, notwithstanding the suing out of the Writ of ceed to judg. attachment, be entitled to proceed to Judgment and execution in his suit in the usual manner; and if he shall obtain execution before the Plaintiff in any such Writ of Attachment, he shall have the full advantage of his priority of execution in the same manner as if the property and effects of such absconding Debtor still remained in his own hands and possession, subject to the prior satisfaction of all costs of suing out and executing the Attachment if the Court or a Judge shall so order; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the Court in which such action is brought or a Judge from setting aside any such judgment and execution, or staying proceedings therein on the application of the Plaintiff on any Writ of Attachment, if such judgment shall appear to be fraudulent, or such action has been brought in collusion with the absconding Debtor, or for the fraudulent purpose of defeating the just claims of other Creditors of such absconding Debtor.

1856.

LVI. If any Sheriff to whom a Writ of Attachment is de- If the Sheriff livered for execution, shall find any property or effects, or the find property proceeds of any property or effects which have been sold as of a Bailiff, or perishable, belonging to the absconding Debtor named in such Clerk of a Writ of Attachment, in the hands, custody and keeping of any Division Constable or of any Bailiff or Clerk of a Division Court by Court under 13 & 14 V. virtue of any warrant of attachment issued under the provisions c. 53. of the Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the Session held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to consolidate and amend the several Acts now in force regulating the practice of Division Courts in Upper Canada, and to extend the Jurisdiction of the same, it shall be the duty of such Sheriff to demand and to take from such Constable, Bailiff or Clerk, all such property or effects, or the proceeds of any part thereof as aforesaid, and it shall be the duty of such Constable, Bailiff or Clerk, on demand by such Sheriff and notice of the Writ of Attachment, forthwith to deliver all such property, effects and proceeds as aforesaid to the Sheriff, upon penalty of forfeiting double the value or the amount thereof, to be recovered by such Sheriff, with costs of suit (which sheriff shall, after deducting his own costs, hold and account for such penalty as part of the property and effects of the absconding Debtor); Provided always, that Provise: the Creditor who has sued out such Warrant of Attachment Division Court may proceed to judgment against the absconding Debtor in may proceed the Division Court, and on obtaining Judgment, and serving a to judgment, memorandum of the amount thereof, and of his costs to be certified under the hand of the Clerk of the Division Court, he shall be entitled to satisfaction in like manner as and in rateable proportion with the other Creditors of the absconding Debtor who shall obtain Judgment as hereinafter mentioned.

LVII. When several persons shall sue out Writs of Attach-Proceedings if ment against any absconding debtor, the proceeds of the prosons take out perty and effects attached and in the Sheriff's hands, shall be writs against rateably distributed among such of the Plaintiffs in such Writs the same abas shall obtain Judgments and issue execution, in proportion Debtor. to the sums actually due upon such Judgments, and the Court or a Judge may, in their discretion, delay the distribution, in order to give reasonable time for the obtaining of Judgment against such absconding Debtor; and every Creditor who shall produce a certified memorandum from the Clerk of any Division Court, of his Judgment as aforesaid, shall be considered a Plaintiff in a Writ of Attachment who has obtained Judgment and issued execution, and shall be entitled to share accordingly; Provided always, that when the property and effects of Proviso: the absconding Debtor shall be insufficient to satisfy the sums Who shall due to such Plaintiffs, none shall be allowed to share, unless share if the property will their Writs of Attachment were issued and placed in the hands not pay all. of the Sheriff for execution within six months from the date of the first Writ of Attachment, or in case of a Warrant of Attachment, unless the same was placed in the hands of the Constable

Cap. 43.

Constable or Bailiff before or within six months after the date of the first Writ of Attachment.

When all the tors are satisfied, the remaining property to be delivered up.

LVIII. If after the period of one month next following the seizing Credi- return of any execution against the property and effects of any absconding Debtor, or after a period of one month from a distribution under the order of the Court or a Judge, whichever shall last happen, and after satisfying the several Plaintiffs entitled, there shall be no other Writ of Attachment or execution against the same property and effects in the hands of the Sheriff, then all the property and effects of the absconding Debtor, or unappropriated moneys the proceeds of any part of such property and effects, remaining in the hands of the Sheriff, together with all books of account, evidences of title or of debt, vouchers and papers whatsoever belonging thereto, shall be delivered to the absconding Debtor or to the person or persons in whose custody the same were found, or to any lawfully appointed Agent of the absconding Debtor, and thereupon the responsibility of the Sheriff in respect thereto shall determine.

> And with respect to the appearance of the Defendant and the proceedings of the Plaintiff in default of appearance; Be it enacted as follows:

Plaintiff need pearance for Defendant.

LIX. From the time when this Act shall commence and not enter ap take effect, no appearance need be entered by the Plaintiff for the Defendant.

(1852, s. 26.) **Proceedings** on non-appeafendant on writ specially ındorsed.

LX. In case of non-appearance by the Defendant where the Writ of Summons is indorsed in the special form hereinbefore provided, it shall be lawful for the Plaintiff on filing an affidavit of personal service of the Writ of Summons, or a rule of Court, or a Judge's order for leave to proceed under the provisions of this Act, and the Writ of Summons, at once to

Signing judgment

sign final Judgment in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 7, bis, (on which Judgment no proceeding in error or appeal shall lie) for any sum not exceeding the sum indorsed on the Writ, together with interest to the date of the Judgment and costs to be taxed in the ordinary

Execution.

way: and the Plaintiff may upon such Judgment, issue execution at the expiration of eight days from the last day for appearance, and not before; Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the Court or a Judge, either before or after final may be let in Judgment, to let in the Defendant to defend, upon an application supported by satisfactory affidavits accounting for the nonappearance and disclosing a defence upon the merits.

Proviso; Defendant to detend. (1852, s. 27.)

And if the writ be not so specially indorsed.

LXI. In case of such non appearance where the Writ of Summons is not indorsed in the special form hereinbefore provided, it shall be lawful for the Plaintiff, on filing an affidavit of personal service of the Writ of Summons or a Judge's Order for leave to proceed under the provisions of this

Act,

Act, and the Writ of Summons, to file a declaration indorsed with a notice to plead in eight days, and to sign Judgment by Declaration. default at the expiration of the time to plead so indorsed as Signing judgaforesaid, and in the event of no plea being filed and served ment. where the cause of action mentioned in the declaration is for any of the claims which might have been inserted in the special indorsement on the Writ of Summons, the Judgment shall be final, and execution may issue for an amount not Execution. exceeding the amount indorsed on the Writ of Summons with interest and costs; Provided always, that in such case the Proviso: as to plaintiff shall not be entitled to more costs than if he had made Costs. such special indorsement and signed Judgment upon non- (1952, s. 28.) appearance.

LXII. The Defendant may appear at any time before Judg- Plaintiff may ment, and if he appear after the time specified either in the appear at any Writ of Summons or in the warning indorsed in any Writ judgment. of Capias served on him, or in any rule or order to proceed as if personal service had been effected, he shall, after notice of such appearance to the Plaintiff or his Attorney, as the case His position. may be, be in the same position as to pleadings or other proceedings in the action as if he had appeared in time; Provided Proviso. always, that a Defendant appearing after the time appointed by the Writ, shall not be entitled to any further time for pleading or any other proceeding, than if he had appeared within such appointed time: Provided also, that if the Defen-Proviso. dant shall appear after the time appointed by the Writ, and (1852, s. 29.) shall omit to give such notice of his appearance, the Plaintiff may proceed as in case of non-appearance.

LXIII. Every appearance by the Defendant in person shall Defendant apgive an address at which it shall be sufficient to leave all pearing in pleadings and other proceedings not requiring personal service, an address, &c. and if such address be not given, the appearance shall not be where pleadreceived, and if an address as given shall be illusory or ings, &c, may
fictitious, the appearance shall be irregular and may be set be served.

aside by the Court or a Judge, and the Plaintiff may be (1852, s. 30.) permitted to proceed by sticking up the proceedings in the office from whence the Writ was sued out.

LXIV. The mode of appearance to every such Writ of Sum- Mode and mons or under the authority of this Act, shall be by filing with form of appearance. the proper officer in that behalf, a memorandum in writing (1852, s. 31.) according to the following form, or to the like effect:

A. B., Plaintiff, against C. D. Defendant, \() The Defendant, C. D. appears in person against C. D. and another } E.F. Attorney for C. against C. D. and others. D. appears for him.

(If the Defendant appears in person, here give his address.)

Entered the

day of

A. D., 18 LXV.

At what time certain proceedings may be taken if not appear.

Proviso: for Holidays.

Proviso: for Dog-days.

Proviso. Dog-days.

LXV. All such proceedings as are mentioned in any Writ of Summons or Capias, or notice or warning thereto or thereon, issued, made or given by authority of this Act, may be had and Defendant do taken (in default of a Defendant's appearance or putting in special bail) at the expiration of ten days from the service or execution thereof, on whatever day the last of such ten days may happen to fall, whether in term or vacation; Provided always, that if the last of such ten days shall in any case happen to fall on a Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday, in either of such cases the following day, or the following Monday when Christmas Day falls on a Saturday, shall be considered as the last of such ten days; Provided also, that if such Writ shall be served or be executed on any day between the first day of July and the twenty-first day of August in any year, special bail may be put in by the Defendant on bailable process, or appearance entered by the Defendant on process not bailable, at the expiration of such ten days; Provided also, that no declaration or pleading after declaration shall be filed or served (1852, s. 32.) between the said first day of July and the said twenty-first day of August.

Proceedings if some of the Defendants appear and others do not specially indorsed.

LXVI. In any action brought against two or more Defendants when the Writ of Summons is indorsed in the special form hereinbefore provided, if one or more of such Defendants only shall appear and another or others of them shall not the writ being appear, it shall be lawful for the Plaintiff to sign Judgment against such Defendant or Defendants only as shall not have (1852, s. 33.) appeared, and before declaration against the other Defendant or Defendants, to issue execution thereupon, in which case be shall be taken to have abandoned his action against the Defendant or Defendants who shall have appeared; or the Plaintiff may before such execution declare against such Defendant or Defendants as shall have appeared, stating by way of suggestion the Judgment obtained against the other Defendant or Defendants who shall not have appeared, in which case the Judgment so obtained against the Defendant or Defendants who shall not have appeared, shall operate and take effect in like manner as a Judgment by default obtained before the commencement of this Act against one or more of several Defendants in an action of debt.

> And with respect to the joinder of parties to actions; Be it enacted as follows:

Court may in certain cases order any party not joined as

LXVII. It shall be lawful for the Court or a Judge at any time before the trial of any cause, to order that any person or persons not joined as Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in such cause shall be so joined, or that any person or persons originally joined as Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be struck out from such cause, if it shall appear to such Court or Judge that injustice will not be

done

done by such amendment, and that the person or persons to be Plaintiff, to be added as aforesaid, consent either in person or by writing so joined, or a under his, her or their hands to be so joined, or that the person to be struck or persons to be struck out as aforesaid, were originally intro- out before duced without his, her or their consent, or that such person or trial. persons consent in manner aforesaid to be struck out; and such (1852, s. 34.) amendment shall be made upon such terms as to the amendment of the pleadings, if any, postponement of the trial, and otherwise, as the Court or Judge by whom such amendment is made shall think proper; and when any such amendment shall have been made, the liability of any person or persons who shall have been added as co-Plaintiff or co-Plaintiffs shall, subject to any terms imposed as aforesaid, be the same as if such person or persons had been originally joined in such

LXVIII. In case it shall appear at the trial of any action Proceedings for that there has been a mis-joinder of Plaintiffs, or that some the misjoinder person or persons not joined as Plaintiff or Plaintiffs ought to of Plaintiffs; have been so joined, and the Defendant shall not at or before or an omisthe time of pleading have given notice in writing that he those who objects to such non-joinder, specifying therein the name or ought to be names of such person or persons, such mis-joinder or non-joined, appear joinder may be amended as a variance at the trial by any the Defendant Court of Record holding plea in civil actions, and by any not having Judge sitting at nisi prius, or other presiding officer, in like given notice of objection. manner as to the mode of amendment and proceedings consequent thereon, or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will admit, as in the case of amendment of variances under the Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the seventh year of the Reign of King William the Fourth, intituled, An Act for the further amendment of the law and the better Act of U. C. advancement of Justice, if it shall appear to such Court or Judge or other presiding officer, that such mis-joinder or nonjoinder was not for the purpose of obtaining an undue advantage, and that injustice will not be done by such amendment, and that the person or persons to be added as aforesaid, consent either in person or by writing under his, her or their hands to be so joined, or that the person or persons to be struck out as asoresaid were originally introduced without his, her or their consent, or that such person or persons consent in manner aforesaid to be so struck out, and such amendment shall be made upon such terms as the Court or Judge or other presiding officer by whom such amendment is made, shall think proper; Liabilty of and when any such amendment shall have been made, the persons liability of any person or persons, who shall have been added joined as as co-Plaintiff or co-Plaintiffs shall, subject to any terms im- Plaintiffs. posed as aforesaid, be the same as if such person or persons (1852, s. 35.) had been originally joined in such action.

LXIX. In case such notice be given, or any plea in abate- If such notice ment of non-joinder of a person or persons as co-Plaintiff or have been co-Plaintiffs Defendant, or

pleaded in abatement. (1852, s. 36.)

non-joinder be co-Plaintiffs (in cases where such plea in abatement may be pleaded) be pleaded by the Defendant, the Plaintiff shall be at liberty, without any order, to amend the writ and other proceedings before plea, by adding the name or names of the person or persons named in such notice or plea in abatement, and to proceed in the action without any further appearance, on payment of the costs of and occasioned by such amendment only, and in such case the Defendant shall be at liberty to plead de novo.

LXX. It shall be lawful for the Court or a Judge in the case

Mis-joinder of Defendants discovered before trial in tract.

And at trial.

of the joinder of too many Defendants in any action on contract, at any time before the trial of such cause to order that the action on con- name or names of one or more of such Defendants be struck out, if it shall appear to such Court or Judge that injustice will not be done by such amendment, and the amendment shall be made upon such terms as the Court or Judge by whom such amendment is made shall think proper; and in case it shall (1852, s. 37.) appear at the trial of any action on contract, that there has been a mis-joinder of defendants, such mis-joinder may be amended as a variance at the trial in like manner as the mis-joinder of Plaintiffs has been hereinbefore directed to be amended, and upon such terms as the Court or Judge or other presiding officer by whom such amendment is made shall think proper.

If the non-

fendants be

such action.

pleaded in abatement in

LXXI. In any action on contract where the non-joinder of joinder of De- any person or persons as co-Defendant or co-Defendants has been pleaded in abatement, the Plaintiff shall be at liberty, without any order, to amend the Writ of Summons and the declaration by adding the name or names of the person or persons named in such plea in abatement as joint contractors, and to serve the amended Writ upon the person or persons so named in such plea in abatement, and to proceed against the original Defendant or Defendants and the person or persons so named in such plea in abatement; Provided that the date of such amendment shall, as between the person or persons so named in such plea of abatement and the Plaintiff, be considered for all purposes as the commencement of the action.

Proviso. (1852, s. 38.)

Costs of such plea in abatement, &c.

Judgment as regards De-fendants liable or not liable, respectively.

LXXII. In all cases after such plea in abatement and amendment, if it shall appear upon the trial of the action that the person or persons so named in such plea in abatement was or were jointly liable with the original Defendant or Defendants, the original Defendant or Defendants shall be entitled as against the Plaintiff to the costs of such plea in abatement and amendment; but if at such trial it shall appear that the original Defendant or any of the original Defendants is or are liable, but that one or more of the persons named in such plea in abatement is or are not liable as a contracting party or parties, the Plaintiff shall nevertheless be entitled to Judgment against the other Defendant or Defendants who shall appear to be liable,

liable, and every Defendant who is not so liable shall have Judgment and shall be entitled to his costs as against the Plaintiff, who shall be allowed the same together with the costs on the plea in abatement and amendment, as costs in the cause against the original Defendant or Defendants who shall have so pleaded in abatement the non-joinder of such person; Provided that any such Defendant who shall have so pleaded Proviso. in abatement, shall be at liberty on the trial to adduce evidence (1852, s. 39.) of the liability of the Defendants named by him in such plea

LXXIII. Provided always that in any action to be brought Action not to in Upper Canada against any joint obligor or contractor, the abate by nonjoinder of action shall not abate on account of any other joint obligor or joint contractcontractor not being made a Defendant, unless the party plead- or, &c., uning such non-joinder shall aver in his plea that such joint averred and obligor or contractor is living within the limits of Upper sworn that he Canada, and shall state the place of his residence, nor unless lives in Upper Caan affidavit of the truth of such plea be filed therewith.

nada. 59 G. 3, c. 25.

LXXIV. The joint obligation, contract or promise may be Joint contract given in evidence against any one or more of the joint obligors &c, may be or contractors, and shall have the same force and effect for the dence against recovery of Judgment thereon as if it were only the obligation, any one concontract or promise of the Defendant or Defendants actually tractor, &c. 59 G. 3, c. 25. sued.

LXXV. Causes of action of whatever kind, provided they Several causes be by and against the same parties and in the same rights, of action may be joined in the same suit, but this shall not extend to ject to certain replevin or ejectment; and where two or more of the causes of conditions. action so joined are local and arise in different Counties, the venue may be laid in either of such Counties, but the Court or a Judge shall have power to prevent the trial of different causes of action together, if such trial would be inexpedient, and in such case the Court or a Judge may order separate records to be made up and separate trials to be had; Provided trials. always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to Proviso: as to restrict or diminish the obligation or right of a Plaintiff to in-promissory clude in one action all or any of the drawers, makers, endorsers notes, bilis, and acceptors of any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note. (1852, s. 41.)

LXXVI. In any action brought by a man and his wife on Cases where any cause of action accruing personally to the wife, in respect a husband and of which they are necessarily co-Plaintifs, it shall be lawful for Plaintiffs. the husband to add thereto claims in his own right, and separate actions brought in respect of such claims may be consolidated, if the Court or a Judge shall think fit; Provided, that in case Proviso. of the death of either Plaintiff, such suit, so far only as relates (1852, s. 40.) to the causes of action, if any, which do not survive, shall abate.

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And for the determination of questions raised by the consent of the parties without pleading; Be it enacted as follows:

Parties may issue of fact. and try it.

LXXVII. Where the parties to an action are agreed as to the agree upon an question or questions of fact to be decided between them, they may, after writ issued and before Judgment, by consent and order of a Judge, (which order any Judge shall have power to make upon being satisfied that the parties have a boná fide interest in the decision of such question or questions, and that the same is or are fit to be tried,) proceed to the trial of any question or questions of fact without formal pleadings, and such question or questions may be stated for trial in an issue in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked ing questions, No. 8, and such issue may be entered for trial and tried accordingly in the same manner as any issue joined in an ordi-(1852, s. 42) nary action, and the proceedings in such action and issue shall be under and subject to the ordinary control and jurisdiction of the Court, as in other actions.

Form of statand trial of issue thereon.

And may enter into agreement to pay money or not, according to the result.

LXXVIII. The parties may, if they think fit, enter into an agreement in writing, which shall be embodied in the said or any subsequent order, that upon the finding of the Jury in the affirmative or negative of such issue or issues, a sum of money to be fixed by the parties, or to be ascertained by the Jury upon (1852, s. 43.) the issue or issues and evidence submitted to them, shall be paid by one of such parties to the other of them, either with or without the costs of the action.

Judgment ed and execution issued, finding. (1852, s. 44.)

LXXIX. Upon the finding of the Jury upon any such issue, may be enter- Judgment may be entered for any such sum as shall be so agreed or ascertained as aforesaid, with or without costs, as &c., upon the the case may be, and execution may issue upon such Judgment forthwith, unless otherwise agreed, or unless the Court or a Judge shall otherwise order for the purpose of giving either party an opportunity for moving to set aside the verdict or for a new trial.

Proceedings. may be recorded, &c. Effect of judgment. (1852, s. 45.)

LXXX. The proceedings upon any such issue may be recorded at the instance of either party; and the Judgment, whether actually recorded or not, shall have the same effect as any other Judgment in a contested action.

Parties may agree upon a special case without plead-(1852, s. 46.)

LXXXI. The parties may, after writ issued and before Judgment, by consent and by order of a Judge, state any question or questions of law in a special case for the opinion of the Court, without any pleadings.

And may agree to pay or not to pay money, according to the decision upon

LXXXII. The parties may, if they think fit, enter into an agreement in writing, which shall be embodied in the said or any subsequent order, that upon the Judgment of the Court being given in the affirmative or negative of the question or questions of law raised by such special case, a sum of money fixed fixed by the parties, or to be ascertained by the Court or in such case, &c. such manner as the Court may direct, shall be paid by one of (1852, s. 47.) such parties to the other of them, either with or without costs of the action, and the Judgment of the Court may be entered for such sum as shall be so fixed or ascertained, with or without costs as the case may be, and execution may issue upon such Judgment forthwith, unless otherwise agreed or unless stayed by proceedings in error or appeal.

LXXXIII. In case no agreement shall be entered into as to Costs, when the costs of such action, the costs shall follow the event, and be there is no recovered by the successful party.

agreement about them. (1852, s. 48.)

And for the more expeditious determination of mere matters of account; Be it enacted as follows:

LXXXIV. If it be made to appear, at any time after the The Court or issuing of the writ to the satisfaction of the Court or a Judge, a Judge on the upon the application of either party, that the matters in dispute application of consist wholly or in part of matters of mere account, which may refer the cannot conveniently be tried in the ordinary way, it shall be whole or any lawful for such Court or Judge, upon such application, if they part to an arbitrator, offior he think fit, to decide such matter in a summary manner, or cer or County to order that such matter, either wholly or in part, be referred to Judge. an arbitrator appointed by the parties, or to an officer of the Enforcing Court, or in country causes to the Judge of any County Court, such order or upon such terms as to costs and otherwise as such Court or decision under Judge shall think reasonable; and the decision or order of such (1854, s. 3.) Court or Judge, or the award or certificate of such referee, shall be enforceable by the same process as the finding of a Jury upon the matter referred.

LXXXV. If it shall appear to the Court or a Judge that the Any incidenallowance or disallowance of any particular item or items in tal question of such account depends upon a question of law fit to be decided by the by the Court, or upon a question of fact fit to be decided by a Court, or one Jury, it shall be lawful for such Court or Judge to direct a case of fact by a to be stated or an issue or issues to be tried; and the decision of special case the Court upon such case, and the finding of the Jury upon or issue. such issue or issues, shall be taken and acted upon by the arbi- (1854, s. 4.) trator as conclusive.

LXXXVI. It shall be lawful for the arbitrator upon any Arbitrator compulsory reference under this Act, or upon any reference by may make consent of parties where the submission is or may be made a award in the form of a sperule or order of any of the Superior Courts of Law or Equity cial case. in Upper Canada, if he shall think fit and if it is not provided to the contrary, to state his award as to the whole or Effect thereof. any part thereof, in the form of a special case for the opinion of (1854, s. 5.) the Court, and when an action is referred, judgment if so ordered may be entered according to the opinion of the Court.

Proceedings before arbitrator and his power to be (1854, s. 7.)

LXXXVII. The proceedings upon any such arbitration as aforesaid shall, except otherwise directed hereby or by the submission or document authorizing the reference, be conducted as upon refe- in like manner and subject to the same rules and enactments rence by con- as to the power of the arbitrator and of the Court, the attendance of witnesses, the production of documents, enforcing or setting aside the award, or otherwise, as upon a reference made by consent under a rule of Court or Judge's order.

Case may be remitted to the arbitrator ration, &c., whenever the reference is Court. (1854, s. 8.)

LXXXVIII. In every case of reference to arbitration, whether under this Act or otherwise, where the submission shall be for reconside- made a rule of any Court of Upper Canada, such Court or a Judge thereof shall have power at any time and from time to time to remit the matters referred or any or either of them to the made a rule of reconsideration and redetermination of the arbitrator or arbitrators or umpire as the case may require, upon such terms as to costs and otherwise as to the said Court or Judge may seem proper.

Period within which application to set aside award (1854, s. 9.)

LXXXIX. All applications to set aside any award made on a compulsory reference under this Act, shall and may be made within the first six days of the term next following the publicamust be made tion of the award to the parties, whether made in vacation or term; and if no such application be made, or if no rule be granted thereon, or if any rule granted thereon be afterwards discharged, such award shall be final between the parties.

Award may, by order of a said period has not elapsed. (1854, s. 10.)

When parties ment hereafter made have agreed that between them shall be retration, the Court or a Judge may stay proceedings in any action or suit, respecting such diffe-·rence, on application of

proof of cerđain matters.

XC. Any award made on a compulsory reference under this Act, may, by authority of a Judge on such terms as to him may judge, be en. Act, may, by authority of a Judge on such terms as to annimal forced the the seem reasonable, be enforced at any time after six days from the time of publication, notwithstanding that the time for moving to set it aside has not elapsed.

XCI. Whenever the parties to any deed or instrument in to any instru- writing to be hereafter made or executed, or any of them, shall agree that any then existing or future differences between them or any of them shall be referred to arbitration, and any one or any difference more of the parties so agreeing or any person or persons claiming through or under him or them, shall nevertheless commence ferred to arbi- any action at Law or suit in Equity against the other party or parties or any of them, or against any person or persons claiming through or under him or them in respect of the matters so agreed to be referred or any of them, it shall be lawful for the Court in which such action or suit is brought or a Judge thereof, on application by the Defendant or Defendants or any of them after appearance and before plea or answer, upon being satisfied that no sufficient reason exists why such matters candetendant and not be or ought not to be referred to arbitration according to such agreement as aforesaid, and that the Defendant was at the time of the bringing of such action or suit and still is ready and willing to join and concur in all acts necessary and proper for causing such matters so to be decided by arbitration,

to make a rule or order staying all proceedings in such action or suit, on such terms as to costs and otherwise, as to such Court or Judge may seem fit; Provided always, that any such Proviso. role or order may at any time afterwards be discharged or va- (1854, s. 11.) ried as justice may require.

XCII. If in any case of arbitration, the document authorizing Provision for the reference provides that the reference shall be to a single supplying the arbitrator, and all the parties do not, after differences have place of a arisen, concur in the appointment of an arbitrator, or if any trator or umappointed arbitrator refuse to act, or become incapable of acting, pire, dying, or die, and the terms of such document do not shew that it refusing to was intended that such vacancy should not be supplied, and when the the parties do not concur in appointing a new one, or if, where reference does the parties or two arbitrators are at liberty to appoint an umpire intention that or third arbitrator, such parties or arbitrators do not appoint an his place umpire or third arbitrator, or if any appointed umpire or third should not be arbitrator refuse to act, or become incapable of acting, or die, supplied. and the terms of the document authorizing the reference do not shew that it was intended that such vacancy should not be supplied, and the parties or arbitrators respectively do not appoint a new one, then and in every such instance, any party may Notice. serve the remaining parties or the arbitrators, as the case may be, with a written notice to appoint an arbitrator, umpire or third arbitrator respectively; and if within seven clear days after such notice shall have been served, no arbitrator, umpire or third arbitrator be appointed, it shall be lawful for any Judge of any of A Judge to the Superior Courts of Law or Equity in Upper Canada, upon other in desummons to be taken out by the party having served such notice fault of the as aforesaid, to appoint an arbitrator, umpire or third arbitrator proper party. as the case may be, and such arbitrator, umpire or third arbitra- (1854, s. 12) tor respectively, shall have the like power to act in the reference and make an award as if he had been appointed by consent of all parties.

XCIII. When the reference is or is intended to be to two ar- when the rebitrators, one appointed by each party, it shall be lawful for ference is to either party in case of the death, refusal to act or incapacity two arbitrator appointed by them, to substitute a new arbitrator appointed by them. trator, unless the document authorizing the reference shew that to appoint, it was intended that the vacancy should not be supplied, and if the other may, on such a reference one party fail to appoint an arbitrator either notice, &c., originally or by way of substitution as aforesaid, for seven appoint his arbitrator to clear days after the other party shall have appointed an act alone, arbitrator and shall have served the party so failing with no-unless the retice in writing to make the appointment, the party who has ference proappointed an arbitrator may appoint such arbitrator to act as vides that the sole referee in the reference, and an award made by him shall should not be be binding on both parties as if the appointment had been by con- supplied. sent; provided however that the Court or a Judge may revoke Proviso such appointment on such terms as shall seem just.

(1854, s. 13.)

Two arbitrators may always appoint an umpire, unless the reference forbid it. (1854, s. 14.)

XCIV. When the reference is to two arbitrators and the terms of the document authorizing it do not shew that it was intended that there should not be an umpire, or provide otherwise for the appointment of an umpire, the two arbitrators may appoint an umpire at any time within the period during which they have power to make an award, unless they be called upon by notice as aforesaid to make the appointment sooner.

Award to be made within a certain period.

XCV. The arbitrator acting under any such document or compulsory order of reference as aforesaid, or under any order referring the award back, shall make his award under his hand and (unless such document or order respectively shall contain a different limit of time) within three months after he shall have been appointed and shall have entered on the reference, or shall have been called upon to act by a notice in writing from any Period may be party, but the parties may by consent in writing enlarge the term for making the award; and it shall be lawful for the Superior Court of which such submission, document or order is or may be made a rule or order, or for any judge thereof, for good cause to be stated in the rule or order for enlargement from time to time, to enlarge the term for making the award, and if no period be stated for the enlargement in such consent or

enlarged.

order for enlargement, it shall be deemed an enlargement for When the Um- one month; and in any case where an umpire shall have been pire shall act. appointed, it shall be lawful for him to enter on the reference (1854, s. 15.) in lieu of the arbitrators if the latter shall have allowed their time to expire without making an award, or shall have delivered to any party or to the umpire a notice in writing stating that they cannot agree.

When the possession of real property to be delivermay order such delivery, and enforce it as a judgment in ejectment.

XCVI. When any award made on any such submission, doaward directs cument or order of reference as aforesaid, directs that possession of any lands or tenements capable of being the subject of an action of ejectment shall be delivered to any party either forthed, the Court with or at any future time, or that any such party is entitled to the possession of any such lands or tenements, it shall be lawful for the Court of which the document authorizing the reference is or is to be made a rule or order, to order any party to the reference who is in possession of any such lands or tenements, (1854, s. 16.) or any person in possession of the same claiming under or put in possession by him since the making of the document authorizing the reference, to deliver possession of the same to the party entitled thereto pursuant to the award, and such rule or order to deliver possession shall have the effect of a Judgment in ejectment against every such party or person named in it, and execution may issue and possession shall be delivered by the sheriff as on a judgment in ejectment.

Every sub-

XCVII. Every agreement or submission to arbitration by mission to ar- consent, whether by deed or instrument in writing not under bitration may seal, may be made a rule of any one of the Superior Courts of he made a rule of Court, law or equity in Upper Canada on the application of any party

thereto, unless such agreement or submission contain words unless the inspurporting that the parties intend that it should not be made !rument forbid a rule of Court; and if in any such agreement or submission it.

a rule of Court; and it in any such agreement of such association of what Court it is provided that the same shall or may be made a rule of one it may be to be the court of it may be to be the court of it may be the court of it m in particular of such Superior Courts, it may be made a rule of made a rule.

that Court only; and if when there is no such provision a case And if a case be stated for the opinion of one of the Superior Courts and such be stated in Court be specified in the award, and the document authorizing the award for the reference have not before the publication of the award to a Court.

made a rule only of the Court specified in the award; and Other Courts when in any case the document authorizing the reference is or not to interhas been made a rule or order of any one of such Superior (1854, s. 17.) Courts, no other of such Courts shall have any jurisdiction to

And with respect to the language and form of pleadings in general; Be it enacted as follows:

entertain any motion respecting the arbitration or award.

the parties been made a rule of Court, such document may be

XCVIII. All statements which need not be proved, such as Statemnents the statement of time, quantity, quality and value where these which need are immaterial, the statement of losing and finding, and bail-not be proved not be ment in actions for goods and their value—the statements of made. acts of trespass having been committed with force and arms (1852, s. 49.) and against the peace of our Lady the Queen-the statement of promises which need not be proved, as promises in indebitatus counts and mutual promises to perform agreements, and all statements of a like kind, shall be omitted.

XCIX. Either party may object by demurrer to the plea- Demurrers toding of the opposite party on the ground that such pleading be for subdoes not set forth sufficient ground of action, defence or reply, stance only. as the case may be; and where issue is joined on such demur- Court may rer, the Court shall proceed and give Judgment according as give judgment the very right of the cause and matter in law shall appear unto on the substance without them, without regarding any imperfection, omission, defect in regarding or lack of form, and no Judgment shall be alrested, stayed or form. reversed for any such imperfection, omission, defect in or lack (1852, s. 50.) of form.

C. After this Act comes into operation, no pleading or amen-invalid for ded pleading shall be deemed insufficient for any defect which cause now could heretofore only be objected to by special demurrer.

pleadable only by special de-

CI. If any pleading be so framed as to prejudice, embarrass, (1852, s. 51.) or delay the fair trial of the action, the opposite party may Unfair pleadapply to the Court or a Judge to strike out or amend such pleadings may be ing, and the Court or any Judge shall make such order respectively. ing the same, and also respecting the costs of the application, (1852, s. 52.) as such Court or Judge shall see fit.

CII. No rule to declare, to declare peremptorily, to reply or Notice instead of Rule, to de plead any pleading whatever, shall be allowed, but a notice clare, etc. (1852, s. 53.) requiring the opposite party to declare, reply, rejoin, or otherwise, as the case may be, within eight days, otherwise Judgment, shall be sufficient; and such notice may be delivered separately or be indorsed on any pleading which the other party is required to answer.

Entering, dating, and recording pleadings.

CIII. Every declaration or other pleading shall be entitled of the proper Court, and of the day of the month and year when the same was filed, and shall bear no other time or date, and (1852, s. 54.) every declaration or other pleading shall also be entered on the record made up for trial, and on the Judgment Roll, under the date of the day of the month and year when the same respectively took place, and without reference to any other time or date, unless otherwise specially ordered by the Court or a Judge.

CIV. It shall not be necessary to make profert of any deed Profert, oyer, &c., unneces- or other document mentioned or relied on in any pleading; and, (1852, s. 55.) if profert shall be made, it shall not entitle the opposite pary to crave over of or set out upon over, such deed or other docu-

CV. A party pleading in answer to any pleading in which Setting out in answer docu- any document is mentioned or referred to, shall be at liberty to ments referred and out the whole or any part thereof, which may be metarial to in pleading, set out the whole or any part thereof which may be material, (1852, s. 56.) and the matter so set out shall be deemed and taken to be part of the pleading in which it is set out.

As to averment of performance or non performance of a cedent. (1852, s. 57.)

CVI. It shall be lawful for the Plaintiff or Defendant in any action to aver performance of conditions precedent generally, and the opposite party shall not deny such performance generally, but shall specify in his pleading the condition or condicondition pre- tions precedent the performance of which he intends to contest.

> And with regard to the time and manner of declaring; Be it enacted as follows:

CVII. A plaintiff shall be deemed out of Court unless he Plaintiff must declare within declare within one year after the Writ of Summons is return-(1852, s. 58.) able. a year.

Commenceration. Conclusion. (1852, s. 59.)

CVIII. Every declaration shall commence as follows, or to ment of decla- the like effect: " (Venue.) A. B. by E. F. his Attorney (or in " person, (as the case may be) sues C. D., who has been sum-" inoned (or arrested) by virtue of a Writ issued on the

" day of A. D., 18, for (here state cause of action) ": and shall conclude as follows or to the like effect, " and the

" Plaintiff claims £, (or if the action is brought to recover " specific goods,) the Plaintiff claims a return of the said goods

" or their value, and £ for their detention."

CIX. In all cases in which after a plea in abatement of the Commencenon-joinder of another person as Defendant, the Plaintiff shall, ment after without having proceeded to trial on an issue thereon, commence another action against the Defendant or Defendants in (1852, s. 60.) the action in which such plea in abatement shall have been pleaded, and the person or persons named in such plea in abatement as joint contractors, or shall amend by adding the omitted Defendant or Defendants, the commencement of the declaration shall be in the following form, or to the like effect:

" (Venue.) A. B. by E. F., his Attorney, (or in his own Form. " proper person, sues C. D. (the defendant originally named " in the Summons) who has been summoned (or arrested) by " virtue of a Writ issued on the day of

"18, and G. H., which said C. D. has heretofore pleaded " in abatement the non-joinder of the said G. H. for," &c.

CX. In actions of libel and slander, the Plaintiff shall Averments in be at liberty to aver that the words or matter complained of actions for were used in a defamatory sense—specifying such defamatory libel sense without any prefatory averment to show how such words (18)2, s. 61.) or matter were used in that sense, and such averment shall be put in issue by the denial of the alleged libel or slander; and where the words or matter set forth, with or without the alleged meaning, show a cause of action, the declaration shall be suffi-

And as to pleas and subsequent pleadings; Be it enacted as follows:

CXI. No rule to plead or demand of plea shall be necessary, Notice to and a notice to plead served shall be sufficient.

plead suffi-(1852, s. 62.)

CXII. In cases where the Defendant is within the jurisdic- Time for tion, the time for pleading in bar, unless extended by the pleading in Court or a Judge, shall be eight days, and a notice requiring bar, when Dethe Defendant to plead thereto in eight days, otherwise judg-within the ment, may be indorsed on the copy of the declaration served jurisduction. or delivered separately.

(1852, s. 63.)

CXIII. Express colour shall no longer be necessary in any Express pleading.

colour unne-(1852, s. 64.) traverses.

CXIV. Special traverses shall not be necessary in any And special pleading.

(1852, s. 65.)

CXV. In a plea or subsequent pleading it shall not be ne- Certain allecessary to use any allegation of actionem non or actionem ulte- gations and rius non, or to the like effect, or any prayer of Judgment; nor required. shall it be necessary in any replication or subsequent pleading (1552, s. 66.) to use any allegation of preclude non, or to the like effect, or any prayer of Judgment.

CXVI.

CXVI. No formal defence shall be required in a plea or

avowry or cognizance, and it shall commence as follows, or to

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Commencement of plea. Ac.

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Second plea, &c.

Formal conclusion unnecessary. (1852, s. 67.)

Defence arising after action, how pleaded.

the like effect :- "The Defendant, by E. F., his Attorney, (or " in person, as the case may be) says that (here state first defence)"; and it shall not be necessary to state in a second or other plea or avowry or cognizance, that it is pleaded by leave of the Court or a Judge or according to the form of the statute, or to that effect, but every such plea, avowry or cognizance, shall be written in a separate paragraph and numbered, and shall commence as follows, or to the like effect; "And for a second (&c.,) plea to (stating to what it is pleaded) the Defendant says that &c.," and no formal conclusion shall be necessary to any plea, avowry, cognizance, or subsequent pleading.

CXVII. Any defence arising after the commencement of any action shall be pleaded according to the fact without any formal commencement or conclusion, and any plea which does not (1852, s. 68.) state whether the defence therein set up arose before or after action shall be deemed to be a plea of matter arising before action.

Or after the last pleading.

Affidavit required. (1852, s. 69)

CXVIII. In cases in which a plea puis darrein continuance has heretofore been pleadable in Banc or at Nisi Prius, the same defence may be pleaded with an allegation that the matter arose after the last pleading; but no such plea shall be allowed unless accompanied by an affidavit that the matter thereof arose within eight days next before the pleading of such plea, or unless the Court or a Judge shall otherwise order.

Defendant may pay money into Court, except in certain cases.

CXIX. It shall be lawful for the Defendant in all actions (except actions for assault and battery, false imprisonment, libel, slander, malicious arrest or prosecution, criminal conversation or debauching of the Plaintiff's daughter or servant), and (by leave of the Court or a Judge upon such terms as they or he may think fit,) for one or more of several Defendants, to pay into Court a sum of money by way of compensation or amends; provided that nothing herein contained shall be taken to affect the provisions of a certain Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the law relating to slander and libel.

" of the Plaintiff in respect of the matter herein pleaded to."

13 & 14 V. c. 60. (1852, s. 70.)

CXX. When money is paid into Court, such payment shall Such payment be pleaded in all cases as near as may be in the following how pleaded. (1852, s. 71.) form, mutatis mutandis: "The Defendant, by E. F., his At-"torney (or in person, &c.,) (if pleaded to part, say, as to £ " parcel of the money claimed), brings into Court the sum of , and says the said sum is enough to satisfy the claim

CXXI.

CXXI. No rule or Judge's Order to pay money into Court No rule or shall be necessary except in the case of one or more of several order required. Desendants, but the money shall be paid to the proper Officer Exception. of either Court who shall sign a receipt for the amount in the (1852, s. 72.) margin of the plea, and the said sum shall be paid out to the Plaintiff, or to his Attorney upon a written authority from the Plaintiff, on demand.

CXXII. The Plaintiff, after the filing and service of a plea Reply of of payment of money into Court, shall be at liberty to reply to Plaintiff in the same, by accepting the sum so paid into Court in full satisfaction and discharge of the cause of action in respect of which it has been paid in, and he shall be at liberty in that case to Plaintiff satax his costs of suit, and in case of non-payment thereof within tisfied. forty-eight hours, to sign Judgment for his costs of suit so taxed; or the Plaintiff may reply that the sum paid into Court is not Plaintiff not enough to satisfy the claim of the Plaintiff in respect of the satisfied. matter to which the plea is pleaded, and in the event of an (1852, s. 73.) issue thereon being found for the Defendant, the Defendant shall be entitled to Judgment and his costs of suit.

CXXIII. And because certain causes of action may be con-Plea good, sidered to partake of the character both of breaches of contract though it treat and of wrongs, and doubts may arise as to the form of pleas breach of conin such actions, and it is expedient to preclude such doubts; tract as a any plea which shall be good in substance shall not be ob- wrong, or vice verad. jectionable on the ground of its treating the declaration either (1852, s. 74.) as framed for a breach of contract or for a wrong.

CXXIV. Pleas of payment and set off, and all other plea- Distributive dings capable of being construed distributively, shall be taken plea to be distributively, and if issue is taken thereon and so much thereof tributively, as shall be a sufficient answer to part of the causes of action &c. proved, shall be found true by the Jury, a verdict shall pass for the Defendant in respect of so much of the causes of action as shall be answered, and for the Plaintiff in respect of so much If on set off of the causes of action as shall not be so answered; and if Defendant upon a plea of set off the Jury shall find a larger sum proved due from to be due from the Plaintiff to the Defendant than is proved to Plaintiff than be due from the Defendant to the Plaintiff, a verdict shall pass to him. for the Defendant for the balance remaining due to him, and (1852, s. 75.) the Defendant shall have Judgment to recover such balance and his costs of suit.

CXXV. A Defendant may either traverse generally such of Traversing the facts contained in the declaration as might have been facts alleged denied by one plea, or may select and traverse separately any in declaration material allegation in the declaration although it might have been included in a general traverse.

CXXVI. A Plaintiff shall be at liberty to traverse the whole Traversing of any plea or subsequent pleading of the Defendant by a general pleas. denial, (1852, c. 77.) denial, or admitting some part or parts thereof to deny all the rest or deny any one or more allegations.

And replications, &c. (1852, s. 78.)

CXXVII. A Defendant shall be at liberty in the like manner to deny the whole or part of a replication or subsequent pleading of the Plaintiff.

Joining issue.

CXXVIII. Either party may plead in answer to the plea or subsequent pleading of his adversary, that he joins issue thereon, which joinder of issue may be as follows, or to the like effect: "The Plaintiff joins issue on the Defendant's, first, (&c. spe-" cifying which or what part) plea." "The Defendant joins " issue upon the Plaintiff's replication to the first (&c. speci-"fying which) plea," and such form of joinder of issue shall be deemed to be a denial of the substance of the plea or other subsequent pleading, and an issue thereon; and in all cases where the Plaintiff's pleading is in denial of the pleading of the Defendant or some part of it, the Plaintiff may add a joinder of issue for the Defendant.

Joinder how construed, &c. (1852, s. 79)

Pleading and demurring at the same time.

be required. (1852, s. 80.)

CXXIX. Either party may, by leave of the Court or a Judge, plead and demur to the same pleading at the same time, upon an affidavit by such party or his Attorney, if required by the Affidavit may Court or Judge, to the effect that he is advised and believes that he has just ground to traverse the several matters proposed to be traversed by him, and that the several matters sought to be pleaded as aforesaid by way of confession and avoidance are respectively true in substance and in fact, and that he is further advised and believes that the objections raised by such demurrer are good and valid objections in law, and it shall be in the discretion of the Court or a Judge to direct which issue shall be first disposed of.

Several matters may be pleaded by eave of the Court or of a Judge.

On affidavit if required.

CXXX. The Plaintiff in any action may, by leave of the Court or a Judge, plead in answer to the plea or subsequent pleading of the Defendant as many several matters as he shall think necessary to sustain his action, and the Defendant in any action may by leave of the Court or a Judge plead in answer to the declaration or other subsequent pleading of the Plaintiff, as many several matters as he shall think necessary for his defence, upon an affidavit of the party making such application or his Attorney, if required by the Court or a Judge, to the effect that he is advised and believes that he has just ground to traverse the several matters proposed to be traversed by him, and that the several matters sought to be pleaded as aforesaid by way of confession and avoidance, are respectively true in substance and in fact; Provided that the costs of any issue either of fact or of law, shall follow the finding or Judgment (1852, s. 81.) on such issue, and be adjudged to the successful party, what-

ever may be the result of the other issue or issues.

Proviso. Costs.

CXXXI. No rule of Court for leave to plead several matters Rule not shall be necessary where a Judge's Order has been made for required. the same purpose.

CXXXII. All objections to the pleading of several pleas, Objections replications or subsequent pleadings, or several avowries or when to be cognizances, on the ground that they are founded on the same (1852, s. 83.) ground of answer or defence, shall be heard upon the summons to plead several matters.

CXXXIII. The following pleas or any two or more of them Certain pleas may be pleaded together as of course, without leave of the may be pleaded together as of course, without leave of the may be pleaded together or a Judge, that is to say: a plea denying any con-without leave. tract or debt alleged on the declaration, a plea of tender as to (1852, s. 84.) part, a plea of the statute of limitations, set off, discharge of the Defendant under the Bankruptcy or Insolvent law, plene administravit, plene administravit præter, infancy, coverture, payment, accord and satisfaction, release, not guilty, a denial that the property an injury to which is complained of is the Plaintiff's, leave and license's son assault demesne, and any other pleas which the Judges of the said Superior Courts, or any four of them of whom Chief Justices of the said Court shall be two, shall, by any rule or order to be from time to time by them made in term or vacation, order and direct.

CXXXIV. The Signature of Counsel shall not be required to Signature of Counsel not any pleading.

required.

CXXXV. Except in the cases herein specially provided for, In other cases, if either party plead several pleas, replications, avowries, several pleas, cognizances or other pleadings without leave of the Court or a be filed with-Judge, the opposite party shall be at liberty to sign Judgment, out leave. provided that such Judgment may be set aside by the Court or Penalty. a Judge upon an affidavit of merits, and such terms as to costs (1852, s. 86.) and otherwise as they or he may think fit.

CXXXVI. One new assignment only shall be pleaded to any One new asnumber of pleas to the same cause of action, and such new signment only assignment shall be consistent with and confined by the partipleas to the culars delivered in the action, if any, and shall state that the same cause Plaintiff proceeds for causes of action different from all those of action. which the plea professes to justify, or for an excess over and (1852, s. 87.) above what all the defences set up in such pleas justify, or both.

CXXXVII. No plea which has already been pleaded to the Pleas to new declaration shall be pleaded to such new assignment, except a assignment. plea in denial, unless by leave of a Court or Judge, and such (1852, s. 88.) leave shall only be grounded upon satisfactory proof that the repetition of such plea is essential to a trial on the merits.

CXXXVIII. The form of a demurrer shall be as follows, or to the like effect:

Form of demurrer.

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" The Defendant, by his Attorney, (or Plaintiff, as the case may be,) (or in person, &c.,) says that the declaration (or plea, &c.) (1852, s. 89.) is bad in substance,"

and on the margin thereof some substantial matter of law intended to be argued shall be stated; and if any demurrer shall be delivered without such statement, or with a frivolous statement, it may be set aside by the Court or a Judge, and leave may be given to sign Judgment as for want of a plea; and the form of a joinder on demurrer shall be as follows, or to the like effect :

"The Plaintiff (or Defendant) says that the declaration (or Form of joinder on demur- plea, &c.) is good in substance."

CXXXIX. Where an amendment of any pleading is allowed, Time for pleading to an no new notice to plead thereto shall be necessary, but the opamended posite party shall be bound to plead to the amended pleading pleading, &c. (1952, s. 90.) within the time specified in the original notice to plead, or within two days after amendment, whichever shall last expire, unless otherwise ordered by the Court or a Judge; and in case the pleading amended had been pleaded to before such amendment, and is not pleaded to de novo within two days after amendment, or within such other time as the Court or a Judge shall allow, the pleading originally pleaded thereto shall stand and be considered as pleaded in answer to the amended pleading.

> And whereas it is desirable that examples should be given of the statements of the causes of action and of forms of pleading; Be it enacted as follows:

Forms of pleading in Schedule B, of observed in substance to be sufficient. (1852, s. 91.)

CXL. The forms contained in the Schedule (B) to this Act annexed shall be sufficient, and those and the like forms may be used with such modifications as may be necessary to meet the facts of the case, but nothing herein contained shall render it erroneous or irregular to depart from the letter of such forms, so long as the substance is expressed without prolixity.

Judgment by default, &c.

And with respect to Judgment by default, and the mode of ascertaining the amount to be recovered thereon; Be it enacted as follows:

No rule or order to compute required. Saving of pending cases. (1852, s. 92.)

CXLI. No rule or order to compute shall be used; but this shall not invalidate any proceedings already taken or to be taken by reason of any rule or order to compute, made or applied for before the commencement of this Act.

Judgment by (1852, s. 93.)

CXLII. In actions where the Plaintiff seeks to recover a debt default final in or liquidated demand in money, the true cause and amount of which is stated in the special indorsement on the Writ of Summons or in the declaration, Judgment by default shall be final.

CXLIII. In actions in which it shall appear to the Court or How the a Judge that the amount of damages which ought to be reco-amount of vered by the Plaintiff is substantially a matter of calculation, it be ascertained shall not be necessary to assess the damages by a Jury, but the when the Court or a Judge may direct that the amount for which final Court shall be Judgment is to be signed, shall be ascertained—if the proceed- of opinion that it is substanings be carried on in the principal Office at Toronto, by the tially a matter Clerk of the Crown and Pleas of the proper Court-or, if the of calculation. proceedings be carried on in the Deputy Clerk's Office in any (1852, s. 94.) County, then by the Judge of the County Court of such County; and the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents before such Clerk of the Crown or Judge of the County Court may be compelled by subpæna, in the same manner as before a Jury upon a writ of inquiry; and it shall be lawful for such Clerk or Judge of the County Court, to appoint the day for hearing the case, and to adjourn the inquiry from time to time, as occasion may require; and such Clerk of the Crown, or Judge of the County Court, shall indorse upon the rule or order for referring the amount of damages to him, the amount found by him, and shall deliver the rule or order with such indorsement to the Plaintiff, and such and the like proceedings may hereupon be had, as to taxation of costs, signing Judgment, and otherwise, as upon the finding of a Jury upon an assessment of damages.

CXLIV. In all actions where the Plaintiff recovers a sum of Sum of money, money, the amount to which he is entitled may be awarded to be awarded him by the Judgment concells without any distinction being be awarded him by the Judgment generally, without any distinction being generally. therein made as to whether such sum is recovered by way of a debt, or damages.

CXLV. Notwithstanding any thing in this Act contained, Provisions of the provisions of a certain Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, a certain passed in the Session held in the eighth and ninth years of the of 8, 9 W. 3, Reign of King William the Third, intituled, An Act for the c. 11, to rebetter preventing frivolous and vexatious suits, as to the main inforce. assignment or suggestion of breaches, or as to Judgment, shall (1852, s. 96.) continue in force in Upper Canada.

And with respect to notice of trial or of assessment of Notice of trial or assessment, damages, and countermand thereof; Be it enacted as follows:

CXLVI. Eight days' notice of trial or of assessment shall be Notice of trial given, and shall be sufficient in all cases, whether at Bar or or assessment.
(1852, s. 97.) at Nisi Prius.

CXLVII. A countermand of notice of trial or assessment Countermand shall be given four days before the time mentioned in the of notice. notice of trial or assessment, unless short notice has been given, and then two days before the time mentioned in the notice, unless otherwise ordered by the Court or a Judge, or by consent.

CXLVIII. A rule for costs of the day for not proceeding to Rule for costs of the day, on trial or assessment pursuant to notice, or not countermanding affidavit. in sufficient time, may be drawn up on affidavit without motion (1852, s. 99.) made in Court.

And with respect to Judgment for default in not proceeding Judgment for not proceeding to trial; Be it enacted as follows: to trial.

A certain British Act of 14 Geo. 2, c. 17, not to U.C.

Exception.

CXLIX. The Act of the Parliament of Great Britain, passed in the fourteenth year of the Reign of King George the Second, intituled, An Act to prevent inconveniences from delays of be in force in causes after issue joined, so far as the same relates to Judgment as in case of a nonsuit, shall no longer be in force in Upper Canada, except as to proceedings taken or commenced there-(1852, s. 100.) upon before the commencement of this Act.

Town causes and Country causes distinguished.

CL. Causes in which the venue is or shall be laid in the United Counties of York and Peel, or in the County of York alone, when no longer united with the said County of Peel, shall be called Town Causes, and all other causes shall be called Country Causes.

If Plaintiff to trial within atter issue joined. Defendant may give notice to Plaintiff to hring issue to trial, &c.

CLI. Where any issue is or shall be joined in any cause, neglects to go and the Plaintiff has neglected or shall neglect to bring such a certain time issue on to be tried, that is to say, in Town Causes where issue has been or shall be joined in, or in the vacation before Hilary, Trinity or Michaelmas Term, and the Plaintiff has neglected or shall neglect to bring the issue on to be tried at or before the second Assizes following such term, or if issue has been or shall be joined in or in the vacation before Easter (1852, 8. 101) Term, then if the Plaintiff has neglected or shall neglect to bring the issue on to be tried at or before the first Assizes after Easter Term,—and in Country Causes where issue has been or shall be joined in, or in the vacation before Hilary or Trinity Term, and the Plaintiff has neglected or shall neglect to bring the issue on to be tried at or before the second Assizes following such Term, or if issue has or shall be joined in or in the vacation before Easter or Michaelmas Term,—then if the Plaintiff has neglected or shall neglect to bring the issue on to be tried at or before the first Assizes after such Term, whether the Plaintiff shall in the meantime have given notice of trial or not, the Defendant may give twenty days' notice to the Plaintiff to bring the issue on to be tried at the Assizes next after the expiration of the notice; and if the Plaintiff afterwards neglects to give notice of trial for such Assizes, or to proceed to trial as required by the said notice given by the Defendant, the Defendant may suggest on the record that the Plaintiff has failed to proceed to trial, although duly required so to do, (which suggestion shall not be traversable, but only be subject to be set aside if untrue,) and may sign Judgment for his costs; provided that the Court or a Judge, shall have power to extend the time for proceeding to trial with or without terms; and provided

provided also, that no rule for trial by proviso shall thereafter be necessary.

And with respect to the holding of Courts of Nisi Prius and Courts of Nisi to the Nisi Prius record and to the trial; Be it enacted as fol- Prius, &c. lows:

CLII. Courts of Assize and Nisi Prius, of Oyer and Terminer Courts of and of General Gaol delivery, shall be held in every County or Assize and Nisi Prius &c. Union of Counties in Upper Canada (except in that within which to be held in the City of Toronto is situate) in each and every year, in the each County vacations between Hilary and Easter Terms and between Tri- or Union (except that innity and Michaelmas Terms, with or without Commissions as cluding Toto the Governor of this Province shall seem best, and on such ronto), and at days as the Chief Justices and Judges of the Superior Courts what periods. of Common Law in Upper Canada shall respectively name; and preside. if Commissions are issued then such Courts shall be presided over by the person or persons named in such Commissions; if commissions are but if no such Commissions are issued, then the Courts of issued. Assize and Nisi Prius shall be presided over by one of the And if not. Chief Justices or of the Judges of the said Superior Courts of 18 V. c. 92. Common Law, or in their absence, then by some one of Her Majesty's Counsel learned in the Law and of the Upper Canada Bar who may be requested by any one of the said Chief Justices or Judges to attend for that purpose, or by some one Judge of a County Court who may be so requested; and the Courts of Uyer and Terminer and General Gaol delivery And in Courts shall be presided over by either of the said Chief Justices or Terminer and Judges, or by any such of Her Majesty's Counsel or any such Gaol Delivery. Judge of a County Court, each and every of whom shall be deemed to be of the quorum, together with any one or more of the persons who shall be named as Associate Justices of the said Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol delivery; and the said Chief Justices and Judges and such of Her Ma- Fowers of jesty's Counsel as aforesaid, and such Judge of a County Judge, &c., presiding at Court, presiding at any Court of Assize and Nisi Prius, shall Nisi Prius. and may possess and exercise the like powers and authorities as have been usually expressed and granted in Commissions issued for the holding of such Courts; and the said Chief Jus- And in Courts tices and Judges and such of Her Majesty's Counsel as afore- of Gaol Delisaid, and such Judge of a County Court presiding at any Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol delivery, and the person or persons named as Associate Justices, shall and Powers of asmay possess and exercise the like power and authorities as sociates. have been usually expressed and granted in and by Commissions issued for holding such last mentioned Courts, and wherein such Chief Justices and Judges and Queen's Counsel and Judges of County Courts would have been named of the quorum; and such Courts shall in like manner be held in Periods of the County or Union of Counties within which the City of holding such Courts in the Toronto is situate, three times in each year, to commence on County or

Union including Toronto.

Cap. 43.

Proviso for special commissions.

the Thursday next after the holding the Municipal Elections in January, on the second Monday in April, and on the second Monday in October in each year; Provided that nothing herein contained shall restrict the Governor of this Province from issuing special Commissions for the trial of any offenders, when he shall deem it expedient to issue any such Commission.

Governor to name Asso-Secretary to notify them, if no commission issues. 18 V. c. 92.

CLIII. The Governor of this Province shall name the Associate Justices, and it shall be the duty of the Provincial ciate Justices; Secretary, when no Commissions are issued, on or before the first day of the several terms next after which such Courts are to be holden, to transmit to the Chief Justices aforesaid, and to the Sheriff of each County or Union of Counties, lists of the names of the persons who are so named Associate Justices for each several Court of Over and Terminer and General Gaol delivery, and also to give due notice to every such person of his nomination and appointment; Provided always, that no greater number of persons than five shall be named as Associate Justices for any one Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol delivery; and provided also that the Clerk of Assize shall be ex officio one of the Associate Justices.

CLIV. The record of Nisi Prius shall not be sealed or passed,

the Crown of the proper County or Union of Counties, before

County or Union; and the party entering any record shall

issue or a defended issue; and the Deputy Clerk of the Crown

shall make three lists and enter each Record in one of the said lists, in the order in which the Records are received by him,

and on the first list he shall enter all the assessments and

in the discretion of the Judge at Nisi Prius to postpone the trial of causes in the third list until all the others are disposed of, and to call on the causes in the first list at such time and times as he

shall find most convenient for disposing of the business; Pro-

vided always, that the Judge at Nisi Prius may permit a

record in any suit to be entered after the time above limited, if

upon facts disclosed on affidavit, or on the consent of both

Proviso: Number limited. Clerk of Assize to be one

ex officio.

How and when Records but shall in Country Causes be entered with the Deputy Clerk of of Nisi Prius shall be entered in coun- noon of the Commission or opening day of the Assizes for such try causes.

Certain parti- indorse thereon whether it be an assessment, an undefended culars to be indorsed on

Three lists to be made by Deputy Clerk undefended issues, and in the second list all defended issues of the Crown. not marked "Inferior Jurisdiction," and on the third list all

Order of call- defended issues marked "Inferior Jurisdiction," and it shall be ing causes.

Proviso ; Judge may allow entry of a Record mited.

after time li-(1852,s. 102.) parties, he shall see fit to do so.

Entry of such Records in Town Causes.

CLV. In Town Causes the Records shall be entered with the Clerk of Assize, who shall attend at the Court House on the Commission or opening day for the purpose of receiving and entering the same, from nine in the morning until noon, after which he shall not receive any without the order of the Presiding Judge, who shall have the same power in this respect as set forth in the preceding Section, and the Clerk of Assize shall make three lists as aforesaid, which shall be regulated and the business disposed of as in Country Causes.

Lists, &c.

CLVI.

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CLVI. In all actions involving the investigation of long In actions inaccounts on either side, the Judge at Nisi Prius may at and volving long during the trial direct a reference of all issues in fact in the accounts Judge may cause, or of such of the said issues and of the accounts and direct a refermatters involved in all or any such issues as he shall think fit, ence as to taking the verdict of the Jury upon any issue or issues not so part and a verdict as to other referred, and directing a verdict to be entered generally, on all parts, &c., or any of the issues, for either party, subject to such reference, or leave the or he may leave all or any issues in fact to be found by the Jury. Jury, referring only to the amount of damages to be ascertained; and if the parties agree upon the Arbitrators, (hot more Appointment than three) the names of those agreed on shall be inserted in of arbitrators the Order of Nisi Prius, but if the parties cannot agree, the in referred ludge shall name the Arbitrator or Arbitrators and appoint Judge shall name the Arbitrator or Arbitrators, and appoint all other terms and conditions of the reference to be inserted in such Order of Nisi Prius, and the award may be moved As to motion against, as in ordinary cases, within the first four days of the to set aside award. Term next after the making of the award.

(1854, s. 6.)

CLVII. Upon the trial of any cause the addresses to the Right of ad-Jury shall be regulated as follows: the party who begins, or dressing the his Counsel, shall be allowed, in the event of his opponent not ated. announcing at the close of the case of the party who begins, (1854, s. 18.) his intention to adduce evidence, to address the Jury a second time at the close of such case, for the purpose of summing up the evidence; and the party on the other side, or his Counsel, shall be allowed to open the case and also to sum up the evidence (if any), and the right to reply shall be the same as at present.

CLVIII. It shall be lawful for the Court or Judge at the trial Power to adof any cause where they or he may deem it right for the pur- journ the poses of justice, to order an adjournment for such time and (1854, s. 19.) subject to such terms and conditions, as to costs and otherwise, as they or he may think fit.

CLIX. A party producing a witness shall not be allowed to How far a impeach his credit by general evidence of bad character, but party may he may in case the witness shall, in the opinion of the Judge, discredit his prove adverse, contradict him by other evidence or by leave own witness. prove adverse, contradict him by other evidence, or by leave (1854, s. 22.) of the Judge, prove that he has made at other times a statement inconsistent with his present testimony; but before such last mentioned proof can be given, the circumstances of the supposed statement, sufficient to designate the particular occasion, must be mentioned to the witness, and he must be asked whether or not he has made such statement.

CLX. If a witness upon cross examination as to a former Proof of constatement made by him relative to the subject matter of the tradictory statements by cause, and inconsistent with his present testimony, does not adverse witdistinctly admit that he has made such statement, proof may ness be given that he did in fact make it; but before such proof can (1854, s. 23.)

be given, the circumstances of the supposed statement, sufficient to designate the particular occasion, must be mentioned to the witness, and he must be asked whether or not he has made such statement.

Cross-examination as to previous statements in writing.

CLXI. A witness may be cross-examined as to previous statements made by him in writing, or reduced into writing, relative to the subject matter of the cause, without such writing being shewn to him; but if it is intended to contradict such witness by the writing, his attention must before such contradictory proof can be given, be called to those parts of the writing which are to be used for the purpose of so contradicting him; Provided always, that it shall be competent for the Judge at any time during the trial, to require the production of the writing for his inspection, and he may thereupon make such use of it for the purposes of the trial as he shall think fit.

Proviso: Judge may require production of the writing, &c. (1854, s. 24.)

Proof of previous conviction of a witness may be given if he denies it on being asked, as he may be.

been convicted of any felony or misdemeanor, and upon being so questioned, if he either denies the fact or refuses to answer, it shall be lawful for the opposite party to prove such conviction, and a certificate containing the substance and effect only (omitting the formal part) of the indictment and conviction for such offence, purporting to be signed by the Clerk of the Court or other officer having the custody of the records of the Court where the offender was convicted, or by the Deputy of such Clerk or Officer, (for which certificate a fee of five shillings What shall be and no more shall be demanded or taken,) shall upon proof of the identity of the persons be sufficient evidence of the said conviction, without proof of the signature or official character

CLXII. A witness may be questioned as to whether he has

sufficient proof. (1854, s. 25.)

CLXIII. It shall not be necessary to prove by the attesting Attesting witwitness, any instrument to the validity of which attestation is ness need not not requisite, and such instrument may be proved by admission or otherwise, as if there had been no attesting witness thereto.

of the person appearing to have signed the same.

be called where none was required by law. (1854, s. 26.) Comparison of disputed

CLXIV. Comparison of a disputed writing with any writing proved to the satisfaction of the Judge to be genuine, shall be permitted to be made by witnesses; and such writings and the (1854, s. 27.) evidence of witnesses respecting the same, may be submitted to the Court and Jury, as evidence of the genuineness or otherwise of the writing in dispute.

genuine.

Admission of Documents.

writing with

And with respect to the admission of Documents; Be it enacted as follows:

Calling on parties to admit Documents.

CLXV. Either party may call upon the other party, by notice, to admit any Document, saving all just exceptions, and in case of refusal or neglect to admit, the costs of proving the Document shall be paid by the party so neglecting or refusing, whatever whatever the result of the cause may be, unless at the trial the Judge shall certify that the refusal to admit was reasonable; and no costs of proving any Document shall be allowed unless Costs. such notice be given, except in cases where the omission to (1852, s. 117.) give the notice is, in the opinion of the Taxing Officer, a saving of expense.

CLXVI. An affidavit of the Attorney in the cause, or his Evidence of Clerk, of the due signature of any admissions made in pursuance admissions. of such notice, and annexed to such affidavit, shall be in all (1852, s. 118) cases sufficient evidence of such admissions.

CLXVII. An affidavit of the Attorney in the cause, or his Evidence of Clerk, of the service of any notice to produce in respect to service of which notice to admit shall have been given, and of the time produce. when it was served, with a copy of such notice to produce, (1852, s. 119) annexed to such affidavit, shall be sufficient evidence of the service of the original of such notice, and of the time when it was served.

And with respect to rules for new trials or to enter a verdict Rules for new or non-suit; Be it enacted as follows:

CLXVIII. In every rule nisi for a new trial or to enter a Ground to be verdict or non-suit, the grounds upon which such rule shall have stated in rule been granted shall be shortly stated therein; provided that in trial. case of any omission, the Court may permit the rule to be (1854, s. 33.) amended and served again on such terms as shall be Proviso: deemed reasonable; and when a new trial is granted on the Court may ground that the verdict is against evidence, the costs of the first allow amendtrial shall abide the event, unless the Court shall otherwise ment. order.

(1854, s. 44.)

And with respect to procuring affidavits from unwilling persons and the production of documents generally, and also for the discovery of documents and other matters from the parties to a cause; Be it enacted as follows:

CLXIX. Upon motions founded upon affidavits, it shall be Affidavits on lawful for either party with leave of the Court or a Judge, to new matter, make affidavits in answer to the affidavits of the opposite party, affidavits. upon any new matter arising out of such affidavits, subject to (1854, s. 45.) all such rules as shall hereafter be made respecting such affidavits.

CLXX. Upon the hearing of any motion or Summons, it shall Court or Judge be lawful for the Court or a Judge at their or his discretion, ing any and upon such terms as they or he shall think reasonable, motion or from time to time to order such documents as they or he may summons, think fit to be produced, and such witnesses, as they or he may duction of dothink necessary, to appear and be examined viva voce either cuments or before such Court or Judge, or before a Judge of any County oral evidence.

Court, (1854, s. 46.)

Court, or before any Clerk or Deputy Clerk of the Crown, and upon hearing such evidence or reading the report of the Judge of the County Court, or Clerk or Deputy Clerk of the Crown, to make such rule or order as may be just.

Power to comof witnesses or production of documents in such cases.

CLXXI. The Court or Judge may by such rule or order, or pel attendance by any subsequent rule or order, command the attendance of the witnesses named therein for the purpose of being examined, or the production of any writings or other documents to be mentioned in such rule or order, and may direct the attendance of any such witness to be at his own place of abode or elsewhere if necessary or convenient so to do; and the wilful disobedience of any such rule or order shall be a contempt of Court, and proceedings may be thereupon had by attachment (the Judge's order being made a rule of Court before or at the time of the application for an attachment) if in addition to the service of the rule or order, an appointment of the time and place of

Proviso.

attendance in obedience thereto, signed by the person or persons appointed to take the examination, or by one or more of such persons, shall be also served together with or after the service of such rule or order; Provided always, that every person whose attendance shall be so required, shall be entitled to the like payment for attendance and expences as if he had been subpænaed to attend upon a trial; Provided also, that no person shall be compelled to produce under any such rule or order any writing or other document that he would not be compellable to

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produce at a trial of the cause; Provided lastly, that it shall be (1854, s. 47.) lawful for the Court or Judge, or person appointed to take the examination, to adjourn the same from time to time as occasion may require.

Inspection of real or per-sonal pro-perty by jury, parties or witnesses.

CLXXII. Either party shall be at liberty to apply to the Court or a Judge for a rule or order for the inspection by the Jury or by himself or by his witnesses of any real or personal property, the inspection of which may be material to the proper determination of the question in dispute, and it shall be lawful for the Court or a Judge, if they or he think fit, to make such rule or order upon such terms as to costs and otherwise, as such Court or Judge may direct; Provided always, that nothing (1854, s. 59.) herein contained shall affect the provisions of any previous Acts as to obtaining a view by a Jury.

Proviso.

How prisoners may be brought up to

CLXXIII. It shall be lawful for any Sheriff, Gaoler or other Officer having the custody of any prisoner, to take such prisoner give evidence, for examination under the authority of this Act by virtue of a Writ of habeas corpus to be issued for that purpose, which Writ may be issued by the Court or Judge, under such circumstances and in such manner as such Court or Judge may now by law issue the Writ commonly called a habeas corpus ad testificandum.

CLXXIV. Any party to any civil action or other civil pro-Persons refusing to make ceeding in any of the Superior Courts requiring the affidavit of a person who refuses to make an affidavit, may apply by affidavit, may Summons for an order to such person to appear and be examined be compelled upon oath before a Judge, or any other person to be named in to appear and be examined, such order to whom it may be most convenient to refer such or to produce. examination as to the matters concerning which he has refused to papers, &c. make an affidavit, and a Judge may, if he think fit, make such (1854, s. 48.) order for the attendance of such person before the person therein appointed to take such examination for the purpose of being examined as aforesaid, and for the production of any writings or documents to be mentioned in such order, and may therein impose such terms as to such examination and the costs of the application and proceedings thereon as he shall think just, and such order shall be proceeded upon in like manner as the order mentioned in the section of this Act numbered one hundred and seventy-one.

CLXXV. Upon the application of either party to any cause Provision for or civil proceeding in any of the Superior Courts, upon an the discovery or civil proceeding in any of the Superior Courts, upon an of documenta affidavit by such party of his belief that any document to the in the possesproduction of which he is entitled for the purpose of discovery sion of the ador otherwise, is in the possession or power of the opposite party, verse party, it shall be lawful for the Court or a Judge to order that the party (1854, s. 50.) against whom such application is made, or if such party is a body corporate that some Officer to be named of such body corporate, shall answer on affidavit stating what documents he or they has or have in his or their possession or power relating to the matters in dispute, or what he knows as to the custody they or any of them are in, and whether he or they objects or object (and if so, on what grounds) to the production of such as are in his or their possession or power, and upon such affidavit being made, the Court or Judge may make such further order thereon as shall be just.

CLXXVI. In all causes in any of the Superior Courts, by order Interrogatories of the Court or a Judge, the Plaintiff may with the declaration, may be served and the Desendant may with the plea, or either of them by party, who leave of the Court or a Judge may at any other time, deliver shall be reto the opposite party or his attorney (provided such party if not quired to ana body corporate would be liable to be called and examined as (1854, s. 51.) a witness upon such matter,) interrogatories in writing upon any matter upon which discovery may be sought, and require such party, or in the case of a body corporate, any of the Officers of such body Corporate, within ten days to answer the questions in writing by affidavit to be sworn and filed in the ordinary way; and any party or Officer omitting without just cause, sufficiently to answer all questions as to which discovery may be sought, within the above time, or such extended time as the Court or a Judge shall allow, shall be deemed guilty of a contempt, and shall be liable to be proceeded against accordingly.

Affidavit upon which the application for leave to serve such interrogatories must be founded.

CLXXVII. The application for such order shall be made upon an affidavit of the party proposing to interrogate, and his attorney or agent, or in the case of a body corporate, of their attorney or agent, stating that the deponents or deponent believe or believes that the party proposing to interrogate, whether Plaintiff or Defendant, will derive material benefit in the cause from the discovery which he seeks, that there is a good cause of action or of defence upon the merits, and if the application be made on the part of the Defendant, that the discovery is not sought for the purpose of delay; Provided that where it shall happen from unavoidable circumstances, that the Plaintiff or Defendant cannot join in such affidavit, the Court or a Judge may, if they or he think fit, upon affidavit of such circumstances by which the party is prevented from so joining therein, allow and order that the interrogatories may be delivered without such affidavit.

Proviso: Where the party is prevented from joining in such affidavit. (1854, s. 52.)

In case of omission to answer, the party may be examined orally, or commanded to produce the documents: and before whom.

CLXXVIII. In case of omission, without just cause, to answer sufficiently such written interrogatories, it shall be lawful for the Court or a Judge, at their or his discretion, to direct an oral examination of the interrogated party as to such points as they or he may direct, before a Judge or any other person to be specially named; and the Court or a Judge, may by such rule or order, or by any subsequent rule or order, command the attendance of such party or parties before the person appointed to (1854, s. 53.) take such examination for the purpose of being orally examined as aforesaid, or the production of any writings or other documents to be mentioned in such rule or order, and may impose therein such terms as to such examination and the costs of the application and of the proceedings thereon, and otherwise, as to such Court or Judge shall seem just, and such rule or order shall have the same force and effect and may be proceeded upon in like manner as an order made under the one hundred and seventy-first section of this Act.

Examination to be filed in the office of the Court.

CLXXIX. Whenever by virtue of this Act, an examination of any party or parties, witness or witnesses, has been taken before a Judge of either of the Superior Courts, or of any County Court, or before any Officer or other person appointed to take the same, the depositions taken down by such examiner shall be returned to and kept in the office of the Court (principal or Deputy Clerk's office, as the case may be,) in which the proceedings are being carried on, and office copies of such depositions may be given out, and the examinations and depositions certified under the hand of the Judge or other officer or person taking the same, shall and may without proof or the signature be received and read in evidence, saving all just exceptions.

May be used in evidence. (1854, a. 55.)

Examiner may make a special report to the Court.

CLXXX. It shall be lawful for every Judge, Officer or other person named in any such rule or order as aforesaid, for taking examinations under this Act, and he is hereby required to make if

need

need be, a special report to the Court in which such proceedings are pending, touching such examination and the conduct or absence of any witness or other person thereon or relating thereto; and the Court is hereby required to institute such proceedings Orders thereand make such order or orders upon such report as justice may upon. require, and as may be instituted and made in any case of (1854, s. 56.) contempt of the Court.

CLXXXI. The costs of every application for any rule or As to costs order to be made for the examination of parties or witnesses by of rule and virtue of this Act, and of the rule or order and proceedings there(1854, s. 57.) on, shall be in the discretion of the Court or Judge by whom such rule or order is made.

And with respect to Execution; Be it enacted as follows: Execution.

CLXXXII. In all actions brought in either of the said Courts, After verdict or in any County Court, the Judge before whom any issue or non-suit, joined in such action shall be to be tried, or damages to be Judge may joined in case the Plaintiff or Demandant therein shall execution become non-suit, or a verdict shall be given for the Plaintiff or ought to issue Demandant, Defendant or Tenant, may certify under his hand forthwith. 16 V. c. 175. on the back of the Record, at any time before the end of the Sittings or Assizes, that in his opinion, execution ought to issue in such action forthwith, or at some day to be named in such certificate, and subject or not to any condition or qualification, and in case of a verdict for the Plaintiff, then either for the whole or any part of the sum found by such verdict, in all which cases costs may be taxed in the usual manner and Taxing costs. judgment entered forthwith, and execution may be issued Execution. forthwith or afterwards, according to the terms of such certifi- Entering cate, on any day in vacation or term, and the postea with such Postea. certificate as a part thereof, shall and may be entered of record as of the day on which the judgment shall be signed; Provided Provises. always, that the party entitled to such judgment may postpone the signing thereof.

CLXXXIII. Every Judgment to be signed by virtue of the Entry and next preceding Section may be entered and recorded as the record of Judgment of the Court wherein the action shall be pending, judgment. though the Court may not be sitting on the day of the signing thereof, and shall be as effectual as if the same had been signed and recorded according to the course of the common law.

CLXXXIV. Notwithstanding any Judgment signed or re- Judgmentmay corded or execution issued by virtue of the two next preceding be set aside, Sections, the Court in which the action shall have been brought, &c. 175. may order such Judgment to be vacated and execution to be stayed or set aside, and may enter an arrest of Judgment or grant a new trial or a new assessment of damages, as justice may appear to require, and thereupon the party affected by

Consequence

Proviso:

such Writ of Execution shall be restored to all that he may of its being so. have lost thereby, in like manner as upon the reversal of a Judgment by Writ of Error, or otherwise as the Court may think fit to direct; Provided that any application to vacate such Judgment must be made within the first four days of the Term next after the rendering of the verdict.

On what affidavit writ of Ca. Sa. may issue. 2 G. 4, c. 1.

CLXXXV. In cases which the Defendant has been held to special bail, it shall not be necessary before suing out a Capias ad Satisfaciendum, to make or file inv further or other affidavit than that upon which the Writ of Canas issued in the first instance, but where the Desendent has not been held to special bail, a writ of Capias ad Schisfuciendum may issue after Judgment upon an affidavit in the same form (mutulis mutandis) as is hereinbefore required to be made for the purpose of suing out a writ of Capius as aforesaid, or upon an affidavit by the Plaintiff, his servant or agent, that he hath reason to believe the Defendant hath parted with his property or made some secret or fraudulent conveyance thereof, in order to prevent its being taken in execution.

Writ to Sheriff where the venue is laid, may be dispensed with. (1852, s. 121)

CLXXXVI. It shall not be necessary to issue any wnt of the County directed to the Sheriff of the County or United Counties in which the venue is laid, but writs of execution may issue at once into any County or United Counties and be directed to and executed by the Sheriff of any County or United Counties without reference to the Counties or United Counties in which the venue is laid, and without any suggestion of the issuing of a prior writ into such County or United Counties.

If the Sheriff against land. Proviso.

CLXXXVII. If the Sheriff shall go out of office during the grout of office currency of any writ of execution against lands, and before the during currency of a writ sale, such writ shall be executed and the sale and conveyance of the lands made by his successor in office, and not by the old Sheriff; Provided, that it shall be lawful for any Sheriff, after he has gone out of office, to execute any deed or conveyance necessary to effectuate and complete a sale of lands made by him while in office.

Advertisement execution, &c.

CLXXXVIII. The advertisement in the Official Gazette, of during curren any lands (giving some reasonable definite description of them,) sufficient com for sale under a Writ of Execution, during the currency of the mencement of writ, shall be deemed and taken to be a sufficient commencement of such execution to enable the same to be completed after it shall be returnable, by a sale and conveyance of the lands.

Duration of tion.

CLXXXIX. Every writ of execution issued after the comwrit of execu- mencement of this Act, shall bear date and be tested on the day on which it is issued, and shall remain in force for one year from the teste, and no longer if unexecuted, unless renewed in the manner hereinaster provided, but such writ may, at any

time

1856.

time before its expiration, be renewed by the party issuing it, Renew for one year from the date of such renewal, by being marked in the margin, with a memorandum to the effect following: "Renewed for one year from day of signed by the Clerk or Deputy Clerk who issued such writ or newal. by his successor in office; and a writ of execution so renewed (1852, s. 124.) shall have effect and be entitled to priority according to the time of the original delivery thereof.

CXC. The production of a writ of execution marked as Evidence of renewed in manner aforesaid, shall be sufficient evidence of renewal. (1852,s. 125.) its having been so renewed.

CXCI. A written order under the hand of the Attorney in the As to order cause by whom any writ of Capias ad Satisfaciendum shall have by the Plainbeen issued, shall justify the Sheriff, Gaoler or person in whose Attorney for custody the party may be under such writ, in discharging such discharge of party, unless the party for whom such Attorney professes to Defendant. act, shall have given written notice to the contrary to such (1852, s. 126.) Sheriff, Gaoler or person in whose custody the opposite party may be, but such discharge shall not be a satisfaction of the debt unless made by the authority of the creditor, and nothing herein contained shall justify any Attorney in giving such order for discharge without the consent of his client.

CXCII. Writs of execution to fix bail may be tested and Teste of write returnable in vacation. (1851, s. 90.)

CXCIII. It shall be lawful for any creditor who has obtained Examination a Judgment in any of the Superior Courts to apply to the of a judgment debtor, as to Court or a Judge for a rule or order that the judgment debtor what debts should be orally examined as to any and what debts are owing are due to to him, before the Judge of any County Court or before any him. (1854, s. 60.) Clerk or deputy Clerk of the Crown, or any other person to be specially named; and the Court or Judge may make such rule or order for the examination of such Judgment debtor, and for the production of any books or documents, and the examination shall be conducted in the same manner, as in the case of an oral examination of an opposite party under this Act.

CXCIV. It shall be lawful for a Judge upon the ex parte Judge may on application of such Judgment creditor, either before or after application and affidavit, such oral examination, and upon his affidavit or that of his order attach-Attorney, stating that Judgment has been recovered and that it ment of such is still unsatisfied and to what amount, and that any other debts; person is indebted to the Judgment debtor and is within the jurisdiction, to order that all debts owing or accruing from such third person (hereinafter called the garnishee) to the Judgment debtor shall be attached to answer the Judgment; and by the Andmay order same or any subsequent order it may be ordered that the to appear, &c. garnishee shall appear before the Judge or some officer of the Court to be specially named by such Judge, to shew cause why

he should not pay the Judgment creditor the debt due from him to the Judgment debtor, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the Judgment debt: Provided always that this Proviso. (1854, s. 61.) section shall not apply in actions commenced or carried on against a Defendant as an absconding debtor.

Order or notice thereof to bind the garnishee.

CXCV. Service of an order that debts due or accruing to the Judgment debtor shall be attached, or notice thereof to the garnishee in such manner as the Judge shall direct, shall bind (1554, s. 62.) such debts in his hands.

Amount due by garnishee may be levied by execution, if not disputed

CXCVI. If the garnishee does not forthwith pay into Court the amount due from him to the Judgment debtor, or an amount equal to the Judgment debt, and does not dispute the debt due or claimed to be due from him to the Judgment debtor, or if he (1854, s. 63) does not appear upon summons, then the Judge may order execution to issue, and it may be sued forth accordingly, without any previous writ or process, to levy the amount due from such garnishee towards satisfaction of the Judgment debt.

CXCVII. If the garnishee disputes his liability, the Judge, Proceedings if the garnishee instead of making an order that execution shall issue, may dispute the order that the Judgment creditor shall be at liberty to proceed debt. (1854, s. 64.) against the garnishee, by writ calling upon him to shew cause why there should not be execution against him for the alleged debt, or for the amount due to the Judgment debtor if less than the Judgment debt, and for costs of suit, and the proceedings upon such suit shall be the same, or as nearly as may be, as upon a writ of revivor issued under this Act.

Payment by garnishee to be a valid discharge to him.

CXCVIII. Payment made by or execution levied upon the garnishee under any such proceeding as aforesaid, shall be a valid discharge to him as against the Judgment debtor to the (1854, s. 65) amount paid or levied, although such proceeding may be set aside or the Judgment reversed.

Attachment book to be kept in the office of the Clerk of the Crown and his deputies. (1854, s. 66.)

CXCIX. In each of the Superior Courts there shall be kept at the several offices of the Clerk of the Crown and his deputies, a debt attachment book, and in such book entries shall be made of the attachment and proceedings thereon, with names, dates and statements of the amount recovered and otherwise; and the mode of keeping such books shall be the same in all the offices, and copies of any entries made therein may be taken by any person upon application to the proper officer.

CC. The costs of any application for an attachment of debt · Costs of such application. under this Act, and of any proceedings arising from or inci-(1854, s. 67.) dental to such application, shall be in the discretion of the Court or a Judge.

: Specific delivery of a

CCI. The Court or a Judge shall have power if he or they see fit so to do, upon the application of the Plaintiff in any

action

action for the detention of any chattel, to order that execution chattel may shall issue for the return of the chattel detained, without giving he compelled, the Defendant the option of retaining such chattel upon paying and how. the value assessed, and that unless the Court or a Judge should otherwise order, the Sheriff shall distrain the Defendant by all his lands and chattels in the said Sheriff's bailiwick, till the Defendant render such chattel, or at the option of the Plaintiff, Option to the that he cause to be made of the Defendant's goods the value of Plaintiff. such chattel: Provided that the Plaintiff shall, either by the Proviso: as to same or by a separate writ or writs of execution to be issued in damages, the ordinary manner, be entitled to have made of the Defendant's (1854, s. 78.) goods or lands, the damages, costs and interest in such action.

And with respect to proceedings for the revival of Judgments Revival of and other proceedings, by and against persons not parties to judgments, &c. the record: Be it enacted, as follows:

CCII. During the lives of the parties to a Judgment, or those Execution of them during whose lives execution may at present issue without scire within a year and a day without a scire facias, and within one revival.

year from the recovery of the Judgment, execution may issue (1852, s. 128.) without a revival thereof.

CCIII. In case where it shall become necessary to revive a Application Judgment, either by reason of lapse of time or of a change by for revival of death or otherwise of the parties entitled, or liable to execution, a Judgment and execution, and execution the party alleging himself to be entitled to execution may either thereupon. sue out a writ of revivor in the form hereinaster mentioned, or (1852, c. 129.) apply to the Court or a Judge for leave to enter a suggestion upon the roll, to the effect that it manifestly appears to the Court that such party is entitled to have execution of the Judgment, and to issue execution thereupon, such leave to be granted by the Court upon a rule to shew cause, or by a Judge upon a Summons to be served according to the present practice, or in such other manner as such Court or Judge may direct, and which rule or summons may be in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed marked No. 9, or to the like effect.

CCIV. Upon such application, in case it manifestly appears If the Court that the party making the same is entitled to execution, the be satisfied Court or Judge shall allow such suggestion as aforesaid to be entered in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed marked No. 10, or to the like effect and execution to issue thereupon, and shall order whether or not the costs of such application shall be paid to the party making the same; and in case it does not manifestly so appear, the Court or Judge And if not. shall discharge the rule or dismiss the Summons with or without costs: Provided nevertheless, that in such last men- Proviso. tioned case, the party making such application shall be at (1852,s. 130.) liberty to proceed by writ of revivor or action upon the Judg-

Writ of receedings thereon.

CCV. The writ of revivor shall be directed to the party vivor and pro- called upon to shew cause why execution shall not be awarded, and shall bear teste on the day of its issuing, and after reciting the reason why such writ has become necessary, it shall call upon the party to whom it is directed to appear within tendays after service thereof in the Court out of which it issues, to shew cause why the party at whose instance such writ has been issued should not have execution against the party to whom such writ is directed, and it shall give notice that in default of appearance, the party issuing such writ may proceed to execution; and such writ may be in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed marked No. 11, or to the like effect, and may be sued out and served in any County or Union of Counties, and otherwise proceeded upon whether in term or vacation in the same manner as a writ of Summons; and the venue in a declaration upon such writ may be laid in the

Declaration, &c.

Costs. (1852, s. 131)

County or Union of Counties in which the writ has been sued out; and the pleadings and proceedings thereupon, and the rights of the parties respectively to costs, shall be the same as in an ordinary action, and notice in writing to the Plaintiff, his Attorney or agent, shall be sufficient appearance to a writ of revivor.

Certain write ot scire facias to be proceeded upon in like manner as wris of revivor.

CCVI. All writs of scire facias issued out of either the Count of Queen's Bench, or of Common Pleas, against bail on a recognizance, against members of a Joint Stock Company or other body, upon a Judgment recorded against a public officer or other person sued as representing such Company or body, or against such Company or body itself, by or against a husband to have execution of a Judgment for or against a wife, for restitution after a reversal on Error or Appeal, upon a suggestion of further breaches after Judgment, for any penal sum pursuant to the Statute passed in the Session holden the eighth and ninth Imperial Act, years of the reign of King William the Third, intituled, As Act for the better preventing frivolous and vexatious suits,-

8 & 9 W. 4, c. 11.

(1852,s. 132.) shall be tested, directed and proceeded upon in like manner as writs of revivor. CCVII. A writ of revivor to revive a Judgment less than ten

Age of judgment as respects writs of revivor.

years old, shall be allowed without any rule or order; if more than ten years old, not without a rule of Court or Judge's (1852,s. 134) Order; nor if more than fifteen years old without a rule to shew cause.

> And with respect to the effect of death or marriage upon the proceedings in an action; Be it enacted as follows:

Death of Plaintiff or Defendant.

CCVIII. The death of a Plaintiff or Defendant shall not cause the action to abate, but it may be continued as hereinafter (1832,s. 135.) mentioned.

CCIX. If there be two or more Plaintiffs or Defendants and If there be more than one one or more of them shall die, if the cause of such action shall survive

survive to the surviving Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, or against the Plaintiff or surviving Defendant or Defendants, the action shall not be Defendant, thereby abated, but such death being suggested on the record, and the cause the action shall proceed at the suit of the surviving Plaintiff or vive to the Plaintiffs against the surviving Defendant or Defendants.

CCX. In case of the death of a sole Plaintiff or sole surviving Death of sole Plaintiff, the legal representative of such Plaintiff may, by leave Plaintiff. of the Court or a Judge, enter a suggestion of the death, and (1832, s. 137.) that he is such legal representative, and the action shall thereupon proceed; and if such suggestion be made before the trial, the truth of the suggestion shall be tried thereat, together with the title of the deceased Plaintiff, and such Judgment shall follow upon the verdict, in favor of or against the person making such suggestion, as if such person were originally the Plaintiff.

CCXI. In case of the death of a sole Defendant or sole sur- Death of sole viving Defendant where the action survives, the Plaintiff may or sole surviv-make a suggestion either in any of the pleadings, if the cause has not arrived at issue, or by filing a suggestion with the other pleadings, if it has so arrived, of the death, and that a If there have person named in such suggestion is the executor or administrator of the deceased, and may thereupon serve such executor or administrator with a copy of the writ and suggestion, and of the said other pleadings, and with a notice signed by the Plaintiff or his Attorney, requiring such executor or administrator to appear within ten days after service of the notice, inclusive of the day of such service, and that in default of his so doing the Plaintiff may sign Judgment against him as such executor or administrator; and the same proceedings may be had and taken in case of non-appearance after such notice as upon a writ against such executor or administrator in respect of the cause for which such action was brought; and in case no pleadings have If there have taken place before the death, the suggestion shall form part of heen no plead the declaration, and the declaration, with a notice to plead, and ingethe suggestion, may be served together, and the new Defendant shall plead thereto at the same time, and within eight days after the service; and in case the Plaintiff shall have declared, If Plaintiff but the Defendant shall not have pleaded before the death, the have declared new Defendant shall plead at the same time to the declaration and Defendant and suggestion within eight days after service of the suggestion within eight days after service of the suggestion. and suggestion within eight days after service of the suggestion; ed. and in case the Defendant shall have pleaded before the death, the new Defendant shall be at liberty to plead to the suggestion only, and within eight days after the service thereof, by way of denial, or such plea as may be appropriate to and rendered necessary by his character of executor and administrator, unless by leave of the Court or a Judge he should be permitted to plead fresh matter in answer to the declaration; and in case If Defendant the Defendant shall have pleaded before the death, but the has pleaded. pleadings shall not have arrived at issue, the new Defendant, besides pleading to the suggestion within eight days after the

service thereof, shall continue the pleadings to issue in the same manner as the deceased might have done, and the pleadings upon the declaration and the pleadings upon the suggestion shall be tried together; and in case the Plaintiff shall recover, he shall be entitled to the like Judgment in respect of the debt or sum sought to be recovered, and in respect of the costs prior to the suggestion, and in respect of the costs of the suggestion and subsequent thereto, as in an action originally commenced against the executor or administrator.

If Plaintiff recover. (1852 s. 138.)

Death between verdict and judgment

CCXII. The death of either party between the verdict and Judgment shall not hereafter be alleged for error, so as such (1852,s. 139.) Judgment be entered within two terms after such verdict.

Plaintiff dying between interlocutory and final judgment.

And if De-

CCXIII. If the Plaintiff in any action happen to die after an interlocutory Judgment and before a final Judgment obtained therein, the action shall not abate by reason thereof if such action might be originally prosecuted or maintained by the executor or administrator of such Plaintiff; and if the Defendfeudant so die. ant die after such interlocutory Judgment and before final Judg-(1852, s. 140.) ment therein obtained, the action shall not abate if such action might be originally prosecuted or maintained against the executor or administrator of such Defendant; and the Plaintif, or, if he be dead after such interlocutory Judgment, his executor or administrator, shall and may have a writ of revivor in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 11, or to the like effect, against the Defendant, if living, after such interlocutory Judgment, or if he be dead then against his executors or administrators, to show cause why damages in such action should not be assessed and recovered by the Plaintiff, or by his executor or administrator; and if such Defendant, his executor or administrator, shall appear at the return of such writ, and not show or allege any matter sufficient to arrest the final Judgment, or shall make default, the damages shall be as sessed, or the amount for which final Judgment is to be signed shall be referred to the proper officer as hereinbefore provided; and after the assessment had, or the delivery of the order with the amount endorsed thereon to the Plaintiff, his executor or administrator, final Judgment shall be given for the Plaintiff, his executor or administrator, prosecuting such writ of revivor against such Defendant, his executor or administrator respectively.

Marriage of a

CCXIV. The marriage of a woman Plaintiff or Defendant woman Plain- shall not cause the action to abate, but the action may notwithtiff or Defend- standing be proceeded with to judgment, and such judgment (1852,s 141.) may be executed against the wife alone, or by suggestion of writ of revivor pursuant to this Act, judgment may be obtained against the husband and wife and execution issue thereon; and in case of a Judgment for the wife, execution may be issued thereupon by the authority of the husband without any writed revivor or suggestion; and if in any such action the wife shall me or defend by Attorney appointed by her when sole, such Attorney shall have authority to continue the action or defence, mless such authority be countermanded by the husband, and he Attorney changed according to the practice of the Court.

CCXV. Where an action would but for the provisions of this Right of De-Act have abated by reason of the death of either party and in fendant in which the proceedings may be revived and continued hereby, action which he defendant or person against whom the action may be so abated but for continued may apply by summons to compel the plaintiff or this Act. person entitled to proceed with the action to proceed according (1854, s. 92.) to the provisions of this Act within such time as the Judge shall order; and in default of such proceeding the defendant or other person against whom the action may be so continued as aforesaid shall be entitled to enter a suggestion of such default and of the representative character of the person by or against whom the action may be proceeded with as the case may be, and to have judgment for the costs of the action against the plaintiff, or against the person entitled to proceed in his room as the case may be, and in the latter case, to be levied of the goods of the testator or intestate.

CCXVI. Proceedings against Executors upon a Judgment of Against Exeassets in futuro may be had and taken in the manner herein pro- assets in vided as to Writs of revivor.

(1854, s. 91.)

And with respect to the proceedings upon motions to arrest the Judgment and for Judgment non obstante veredicto; Be it enacted as follows:

CCXVII. Upon any motion made in arrest of Judgment or Proceedings for Judgment non obstante veredicto by reason of the non aver- on motions in ment of some material fact or facts, or material allegation or arrest of judg other cause, the party whose pleading is alleged or adjudged to judgment be therein defective, may by leave of the Court, suggest the non obstante. existence of the omitted fact or facts or other matter which if Suggestion of facts by party whose plead. may be pleaded to by the opposite party within eight days after ing is objected notice thereof, or such further time as the Court or a Judge may to.
(1852, s. 143.) such pleadings shall be the same as in ordinary actions.

CCXVIII. If the fact or facts suggested be admitted or be If suggestion found to be true, the party suggesting shall be entitled to such be found true. Judgment as he would have been entitled to, if such fact or facts or allegations had been originally stated in such pleading and proved or admitted on the trial, together with the costs of and occasioned by the suggestion and proceedings thereon; but if if untrue. such fact or facts be found untrue, the opposite party shall be (1852, a. 144.) entitled to his costs of and occasioned by the suggestion and proceedings thereon, in addition to any other costs to which he may be entitled.

CCXIX.

Costs on ment non obstante.

CCXIX. Upon an arrest of Judgment or Judgment non obarrest of judg- stante veredicto, the Court shall adjudge to the party against ment, or judg whom such Judgment is given, the costs occasioned by the trial of any issues in fact arising out of the pleading for defect (1852, a. 145.) of which such Judgment is given, upon which such party shall have succeeded, and such costs shall be set off against any money or costs adjudged to the opposite party, and execution may issue for the balance, if any.

Ejectment,

And with respect to the action of Ejectment; Be it enacted as follows:

Ejectment, how commenced. Writ.

CCXX. The action of ejectment shall be commenced by Writ, directed to the persons in possession by name, and to all persons entitled to defend the possession of the property claimed (1852, s. 168.) which property shall be described in the Writ with reasonable certainty.

Contents of writ.

Where to issue.

Duration. Form, &c.

CCXXI. The Writ shall state the names of all the persons in whom the title is alleged to be, and command the persons to whom it is directed to appear within sixteen days after service thereof, in the Court from which it is issued, to defend the possession of the property sued for, or such part thereof as they may think fit, and it shall contain a notice that in default of appearance they will be turned out of possession; and the Writ shall bear teste of the day on which it issued, and shall be issued out of the office in the County or Union of Counties wherein the lands mentioned in such Writ lie, and shall be in force for three months, and shall be in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this 'Act annexed, marked No. 12, or (1852, s. 169.) to the like effect, and the name and abode of the Attorney issuing the same (or if no Attorney, the name and residence of the party) shall be indorsed thereon, in like manner as hereinbefore enacted with reference to the indorsements on a Writ of Summons in a personal action, and the same proceedings may be had to ascertain whether the Writ was issued by the authority of the Attorney whose name was indorsed thereon, and who and what the Claimants are, and their abode, and as to staying the proceedings upon Writs issued without authority, as in the case of Writs in personal actions.

Notice of naant's title to be attached to the writ. New.

CCXXII. To the Writ and to every copy thereof served on any ture of Claim- party, shall be attached a notice of the nature of the title intended to be set up by the Claimant, as for example by grant from the Crown, or by deed, lease or other conveyance derived from or under the grantee of the Crown, or by marriage, descent or devise, stating to or from whom, or by length of possession, or otherwise, as the case may be, according to the nature of the Not to contain Claimant's title, stating it with reasonable certainty: And more than one such notice shall not contain more than one mode in which mode of setting title is set up, without leave of the Court or a Judge, and at the up title, withtrial the Claimant shall be confined to proof of the title set up

out leave.

in the notice: Provided that nothing in this section shall be Proviso: Certain particulars not dates or particular contents of any Letters Patent, Deeds, Wills required exor other instruments or writings, which show or support his cept by order. title, or the date of any marriage or death, unless it be specially directed by order of the Court or a Judge.

CCXXIII. The Writ shall be served in the same manner as Service of in ejectment was formerly served, or in such manner as the writ. (1852,s. 170.) Court or a Judge shall order, and in case of vacant possession, by posting a copy thereof upon the door of the dwelling house or other conspicuous part of the property.

CCXXIV. The persons named as Defendants in such Writ, Defendants, or either of them, shall be allowed to appear within the time or any of them, may appointed; and every person so appearing shall, with his apappear within pearance, file a notice addressed to the Claimant, stating that time limited. the Defendant, besides denying the title of the Claimant, asserts (1852,s. 171.) the in himself, or in some other persons, (stating whom) under Notice to be whom he claims, and setting forth the mode in which such filed with title is claimed, in like manner and to the same extent and appearance, subject to the same conditions, rules and restrictions as are set stating nature forth in the two hundred and twenty-second section of this Act, title or claim in respect to the notice of a Claimant's title, and the giving proof &c. thereof at the trial.

CCXXV. Any other person not named in such Writ, shall, Any other by leave of the Court or a Judge, be allowed to appear and appear by delend, on filing an affidavit shewing that he is in possession leave. of the land either by himself or his tenant.

(1852, s. 172.)

CCXXVI. All appearances shall be entered in the Office from which the Writ issued, and all subsequent proceedings shall be and proceed. conducted in the same Office.

CCXXVII. Any person appearing to defend as landlord in Personappearrespect of property whereof he is in possession in person or by ing to defend his tenant, shall state in his appearance that he appears as (1852, s. 173.) landlord, and such person shall be at liberty to set up any defence which a landlord appearing in an ejectment has heretolore been allowed to set up, and no other.

CCXXVIII. Any person appearing to such Writ shall be at Party appearliberty to limit his defence to a part only of the property men-ing may limit his defence to tioned in the Writ, describing that part with reasonable certain-part of the ty in a notice entitled in the Court and cause, and signed by property. the party appearing or his Attorney, such notice to be served within four days after appearance, upon the Attorney whose name is endorsed on the Writ if any, and if none, then to be Notice of such filed in the proper Office; and an appearance without such limitation, &c. notice confining the defence to part, shall be deemed an ap- (1852, s. 174.) pearance to defend for the whole.

CCXXIX.

Want of reasonable certainty in description, how cured.

CCXXIX. Want of "reasonable certainty" in the description of the property or part of it, in the Writ or notice of defence, or in the notice of the title given by either party, shall not nullify them, but shall only be ground for an application to a Judge (1552,s. 175) for better particulars of the land claimed or defended, or of the title thereto, which a Judge shall have power to order in all cases.

CCXXX. The Court or a Judge shall have power to strike Defence by persons not in out or confine appearances and defences set up by persons not possession. in possession by themselves or their tenants. (1852,s. 176)

Judgment if or appearance as to part only.

CCXXXI. In case no appearance shall be entered within noappearance, the time appointed, or if an appearance be entered, but the defence be limited to part only, the Plaintiff shall be at liberty to sign a Judgment that the person whose title is asserted in the Writ shall recover possession of the land, or of the part thereof to which the defence does not apply, which Judgment

Forms. (1852, s. 177.)

if for all may be in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 13, or to the like effect, and if for part may be in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 14, or to the like effect.

Issue may be made up by Claimant if entered.

CCXXXII. In case an appearance shall be entered, an issue may be made up without any pleadings, by the Claimants of appearance be their Attorney, setting forth the Writ and stating the fact of the appearance with its date, and the notice limiting the defence, if any, of each of the persons answering, so that it may appear for what desence is made, and directing the Sheriff to summon a Jury; and such issue, in case defence is made for the whole, may be in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act (1852,s. 178.) nnnexed, marked No. 15, or to the like effect, and in case de-

> fence is made for part, may be in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 14, or to the like

Forms.

CCXXXIII. By consent of the parties and by leave of a Judge, a special case may be stated as in other actious.

Special case, by leave. (1852_{,8}, 179.)

upon.

Questions to be tried if no special case be agreed

effect.

CCXXXIV. The Claimants may, if no special case be agreed to, proceed to trial in the same manner as in other actions, and the particulars of the claim and defence and of the notices of Claimant and Defendant of their respective titles, if any, or copies thereof, shall be annexed to the record by the Claimants; and the question at the trial shall, except in the cases hereinafter mentioned, be whether the statement in the Writ of the title of the Claimants is true or false, and if true, then which of the Claimants is entitled, and whether to the whole or part, and

of verdict.

Form of entry if to part, then to which part of the property in question; and the entry of the verdict may be made in the form contained in (1852, s. 190.) the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 16, or to the like effect, with such modifications as may be necessary to meet the facts.

1856.

CCXXXV. In case the title of the Claimant shall appear to If Claimant have existed as alleged in the Writ, and at the time of service was entitled thereof, but it shall also appear to have expired before the time at service of of trial, the Claimant shall, notwithstanding, be entitled to a afterwards. verdict according to the fact, that he was entitled at the time of (1852, s. 181.) the bringing the action and serving the Writ, and to Judgment for his costs of suit.

CCXXXVI. The Court or a Judge may, on the application Court may of either party, on grounds shewn by affidavit, order that the alter place of trial shall take place in any County other than that in which trial on affithe venue is laid, and such order being suggested on the (1852,s.i182.) record, the trial may be had accordingly.

CCXXXVII. If the Defendant appears, and the Claimant Defendant does not appear at the trial, the Claimant shall be non-suited, appearing and and if the Claimant appear and the Defendant does not appear, making dethe Claimant shall be entitled to recover without any proof of fault, and vice: his title.

(1852, s. 183.)

CCXXXVIII. The Jury may find a special verdict, or either Special verparty may tender a bill of exceptions.

dict, &c. (4852, s. 184.)

CCXXXIX. Upon the finding for the Claimant, Judgment Judgment if may be signed and execution issue for the recovery of posses- Claimant resion of the property or of such part therof as the Jury shall find cover. the Claimant entitled to, and for costs, within such time not exceeding the fifth day in Term after the verdict, as the Court Execution and or Judge before whom the cause is tried, shall order, and if no costs. such order be made, then on the fifth day in Term after the (1852, s. 185.) verdict.

CCXL. Upon a finding for the Defendants or any of them, Costs to De-Judgment may be signed and execution issue for costs against fendant if the Claimants named in the Writ, within such time not exceed- Claimant fail. ing the fifth day in Term after the verdict, as the Court or a Judge before whom the cause is tried shall order, and if no such order is made, then on the fifth day in Term after the

CCXLI. Upon any Judgment in ejectment for recovery of One or more possession and costs, there may be either one Writ or separate Writs of Exe-Writs of Execution for the recovery of possession, and for the issue. costs, at the election of the Claimant.

cution may (1852,s. 187.)

CCXLII. In case of such an action being brought by some As to Defendor one of several persons entitled as joint tenants, tenants in ants being common or coparcenary, any joint tenant, tenant in common or tenants in coparcener in possession, may, at the time of appearance or common, &c., within four days after, give notice in the same form as the no-admitting tice of a limited defence, that he or she defends as such and Claimant to admits the right of the Claimant to an undivided share of the

property

an undivided share, &c. (1852, s. 188.)

property (stating what share,) but denies any actual ouster of him, from the property, and may within the same time file an affidavit, stating with reasonable certainty, that he or she is joint tenant, tenant in common or coparcener, and the share of such property to which he or she is entitled, and that he or she has not ousted the Claimant, and such notice shall be entered in the issue in the same manner as the notice limiting the defence, and upon the trial of such an issue, the additional question of whether an actual ouster has taken place shall be tried.

Question to be tried, if such joint tenancy, &c., with Claimant, be found, &c., and the con-

CCXLIII. Upon the trial of such issue as last aforesaid, if it shall be found that the Defendant is joint tenant, tenant in common, or coparcener with the Claimant, then the question whether an actual ouster has taken place shall be tried, and unless such actual ouster shall be proved the Defendant shall be entitled to Judgment and costs; but if it shall be found trary. De entitled to Juagment and costs; but it is shall be found (1852,s. 189.) either that the Defendant is not such joint tenant, tenant in common, or coparcener, or that an actual ouster has taken place, then the Claimant shall be entitled to such Judgment for the recovery of possession and costs.

Death of either party not to abate the action. (1852 s. 190.)

CCXLIV. The death of a Claimant or Defendant shall not cause the action to abate, but it may be continued as hereinafter mentioned.

Right of one viving to another.

CCXLV. In case the right of the deceased Claimant shall Claimant sur- survive to another Claimant, a suggestion may be made of the death, which suggestion shall not be traversable, but shall only (1852,s. 191.) be subject to be set aside if untrue, and the action may proceed at the suit of the surviving Claimant; and if such a suggestion shall be made before the trial, then the surviving Claiman shall have a verdict and recover such Judgment as aforesaid, upon it being made to appear that he was entitled to bring the action either separately or jointly with the deceased Claimant;

If the right of - the decrased Claimant does another, &c.

CCXLVI. In case of the death before trial of one of several Claimants, whose right does not survive to another or other not survive to of the surviving Claimants, when the legal representative of the deceased Claimant shall not become a party to the suit in the (1852,s. 192.) manner hereinaster mentioned, a suggestion may be made of the death, which suggestion shall not be traversable, but shall only be subject to be set aside if untrue, and the action may proceed at the suit of the surviving Claimant for such share of the property as he is entitled to and costs.

One or more of several Claimants dying after verdict for them, but be-

CCXLVII. In case of a verdict for two or more Claimanis, il one of such Claimants die before execution executed, the other Claimant may, whether the legal right to the property shall survive or not, suggest the death in manner aforesaid, and pro ceed to Judgment and execution for the recovery of possession of the entirety of the property and the costs; but nothing hereis contained

contained shall affect the right of the legal representative of the fore execudeceased Claimant, or the liability of the surviving Claimant tion to such legal representative, and the entry and possession of (1852, s. 193.) such surviving Claimant under such execution shall be considered an entry and possession on behalf of such legal representative in respect of the share of the property to which he shall be entitled as such representative, and the Court may direct possession to be delivered accordingly.

CCXLVIII. In case of the death of a sole Claimant, or Death of sole before trial of one of several Claimants whose right does not Claimant, or survive to another or others of the Claimants, the legal repre-right does not sentative of such Claimant may, by leave of the Court or a survive to ludge, enter a suggestion of the death, and that he is such legal another. representative, and the action shall thereupon proceed, and if such suggestion be made before the trial, the truth of the suggestion shall be tried thereat, together with the title of the deeased Claimant, and such Judgment shall follow upon the rerdict in favor or against the person making such suggestion, 18 hereinbefore provided with reference to a Judgment for or against such Claimant; and in case such suggestion in the ase of a sole Claimant be made after trial and before execution executed by delivery of possession thereupon, and such sugrestion be denied by the Defendant within eight days after notice hereof, or such further time as the Court or a Judge may allow, hen such suggestion shall be tried, and if upon the trial thereof, redict shall pass for the person making such suggestion, he shall be entitled to such Judgment as aforesaid, for the recovery of possession and for the costs of and occasioned by such sug- Costs. restion, and in case of a verdict for the Defendant, such De- (1852, s. 194.) endant shall be entitled to such Judgment as aforesaid for costs.

CCXLIX. In case of the death before or after Judgment of Death of one me of several Defendants in ejectment who defend jointly, a of several aggestion may be made of the death, which suggestion shall ante. 10t be traversable, but only be subject to be set aside if untrue, (1852, s. 195.) and the action may proceed against the surviving Defendant Judgment and execution.

CCL. In case of the death of a sole Defendant, or of all the Death of sole Defendants in ejectment before trial, a suggestion may be Defendant, or nade of the death, which suggestion shall not be traversable, of all the Deonly be subject to be set aside if untrue, and the Claimants fore trial. hall be entitled to Judgment for recovery of possession of the (1852, s. 196.) moperty, unless some other person shall appear and defend within the time to be appointed for that purpose, by the order of he Court or a Judge, to be made upon the application of the Clainants; and it shall be lawful for the Court or a Judge upon such nggestion being made, and upon such application as aforesaid, o order that the Claimants shall be at liberty to sign Judgment within such time as the Court or a Judge may think fit, unless he person then in possession by himself or his tenant or the 11 • legal

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legal representative of the deceased Defendant, shall within such time appear and defend the action; and such order may be served in the same manner as the Writ, and in case such person shall appear and defend the same, proceedings may be taken against such new Defendant as if he had originally appeared and defended the action, and if no appearance been tered and defence made, then the Claimant shall be at liberty to sign Judgment pursuant to the order.

Death of sole Defendant or of all the Defendants, after verdict.

CCLI. In case of the death of a sole Desendant or of all the Defendants in ejectment, after verdict, the Claimants shall nevertheless be entitled to Judgment as if no such death had taken place, and to proceed by execution for recovery of po-(1862,s. 197.) session without suggestion or revivor, and to proceed for the recovery of the costs in like manner as upon any other Judgment for money, against the legal representatives of the deceased Defendant.

Death before trial of a Defendant defending sepa-

CCLII. In case of the death, before trial, of one of several Defendants in ejectment, who defends separately for a portion of the property for which the other Defendant or Defendants do rately for part. not defend, the same proceedings may be taken as to such (1852,s. 198.) portion as in the case of a sole Defendant, or the Claimant may proceed against the surviving Defendants in respect of the portion of the property for which they defend.

Death before trial of a Defendant who defends separately, but for property for which others also defend.

CCLIII. In case of the death, before trial, of one of several Defendants in ejectment, who defends separately in respect to property for which surviving Defendants also defend, it shall be lawful for the Court or a Judge at any time before trial to allow the person in possession, at the time of the death, of the property, or the legal representative of the deceased Defendant, to appear and defend on such terms as may appear reasonable (1852, 199.) and just, upon the application of such person or representative. and if no such application be made or leave granted, the Claimant suggesting the death in manner aforesaid, may proceed against the surviving Defendants to Judgment and execution.

Claimant may to one or more Defend-

CCLIV. The Claimant in ejectment shall be at liberty at any discontinue as time to discontinue the action as to one or more of the Defend ants, by giving to the Defendant or his Attorney a none headed in the Court and cause, and signed by the Claimant (1852,s. 200.) his Attorney, stating that he discontinues such action, a thereupon the Defendant to whom such notice is given shall entitled to and may forthwith sign Judgment for costs in 1 form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, mark No. 17, or to the like effect.

One of several

CCLV. In case one of several Claimants shall be desired claimants may to discontinue, he may apply to the Court or a Judge to he (1862, s. 201.) his name struck out of the proceedings, and an order may mad

made thereupon upon such terms as to the Court or Judge shall seem fit, and the action shall thereupon proceed at the suit of the other Claimants.

CCLVI. If after appearance entered, the Claimant without Claimant not going to trial, allow the time fixed by the practice of the Court proceeding to for going to trial in ordinary cases after issue joined to elapse, time after the Desendant in ejectment may give twenty days' notice to the notice. Claimant to proceed to trial at the Assizes next after the expimtion of the notice, and if the Claimant afterwards neglects to give notice of trial for such Assizes, or to proceed to trial in pursuance to the said notice given by the Defendant, and the Right of Detime for going to trial shall not be extended by the Court or a fendant in Judge, the Defendant may sign Judgment in the form contained such case. in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 18, and recover the costs of the defence.

CCLVII. A sole Defendant or all the Defendants in eject- Sole Defendant ment, shall be at liberty to confess the action as to the whole or all the Deor a part of the property, by giving to the Claimant a notice fendants may headed in the Court and cause, and signed by the Defendant action as to the or Defendants, such signature to be attested by his or their At- whole or or Defendants, such signature to be attested by his or their factorney, and thereupon the Claimant shall be entitled to and property. may forthwith sign Judgment and issue execution for the re- (1852, 202) covery of possession and costs, in the form contained in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 19, or to the like effect.

CCLVIII. In case one of several Defendants in ejectment, And so may who defends separately for a portion of the property for which one of several the other Defendant or Defendants do not defend, shall be de- defending for sirous of confessing the Claimant's title to such portion, he a part for may give a like notice to the Claimant, and thereupon the which others Claimant shall be entitled to and may forthwith sign Judgment do not defend.

(1852, 204.) and issue execution for the recovery of possession of such portion of the property, and for the costs occasioned by the desence relating to the same, and the action may proceed as to the residue.

CCLIX. In case one of several Defendants in ejectment, who And if defend severally in respect of property for which other Defend-others defend ants also defend, shall be desizous of confessing the Claimant's as to the same title, he may give a like notice thereof, and thereupon the (1852, 206.) Claimant shall be entitled to and may sign Judgment against such Defendant for the costs occasioned by his defence, and may proceed in the action against the other Defendants to Judgment and execution.

CCLX. It shall not be necessary before issuing execution on Proceedings any Judgment in ejectment under the authority of this Act, to need not be en enter the proceedings upon any roll, but an incipitur thereof execution. may be made upon paper, shortly describing the nature of the Jugdment

Proviso.

Judgment according to the practice heretofore used, and Judgment may thereupon be signed, and costs taxed and execution issued; Provided nevertheless, that the proceedings shall be (1852, s. 206.) entered on the roll whenever the same may become necessary for the purpose of evidence or of bringing error, or appealing, or the like.

Effect of judgment.

13 & 14 V. c. 57.

(1852.s. 207.)

CCLXI. The effect of a Judgment in an action of ejectment under this Act shall be the same as that of a Judgment in ejectment obtained before the passing of the Act of this Province, in the Session of Parliament held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to aller and amend the practice and proceedings in actions of Ejectment in Upper Canada.

Penalty on tenant receiving writ in ejectment and not notifying

his landlord.

CCLXU. Every tenant to whom any Writ in ejectment shall be delivered, or to whose knowledge it shall come, shall forthwith give notice thereof to his landlord, or his bailiff or receiver, under the penalty of forfeiting the value of three years improved or rack rent of the premises demised or holden in the (1852.s. 209.) possession of such tenant, to the person of whom he holds, to be recovered by action in any Court of Common Law having jurisdiction for the amount.

Landlord having power to re-enter for mon-payment of rent, may recover pos-session by

ejectment.

right shall be exercised.

CCLXIII In all cases between landlord and tenant, as often as it shall happen that one half year's rent shall be in arrest. and the landlord or lessor to whom the same is due, hath right by law to re-enter for the non-payment thereof, such landlord or lessor shall and may, without any formal demand or re-entry. serve a Writ in ejectment for the recovery of the demised premises, or in case the same cannot legally be served or no tenant be in actual possession of the premises, then such landlord of And how such lessor may affix a copy thereof upon the door of any demised messuage, or in case such action in ejectment shall not be for the recovery of any messuage, then upon some notorious place of the lands, tenements or hereditaments comprised in such Writ in ejectment, and such affixing shall be deemed legil service thereof, which service or affixing of such Writ in ejectment shall stand instead and place of a demand and re-entry? and in case of Judgment against the Defendant for non-appearance, if it shall be made to appear to the Court wherein the said action is depending, by affidavit, or be proved upon the trial in case the Defendant appears, that half a year's rent was due before the said Writ was served, and that no sufficient distress was to be found on the demised premises countervailing the arrears then due, and that the lessor had power to re-enter, then and in every such case the lessor shall recover judgment and have execution in the same manner as if the rent in arrest had been legally demanded and a re-entry made; and in case the lessee or his assignee, or other person claiming or deriving under the said lease, shall permit and suffer Judgment to be had and recovered on such trial in ejectment and execution to

Consequences of the exercise of such right.

be executed thereon, without paying the rent and arrears together with full costs, and without proceeding for relief in equity within six months after execution executed, then and in every such case the said lessee and his assignee and all other persons claiming and deriving under the said lease, shall be barred and foreclosed from all relief or remedy in law or equity, other than by bringing a Writ of appeal for reversal of such Judgment in case the same shall be erroneous, and the said landlord or lessor shall from thenceforth hold the demised premises discharged from such lease; and if on such ejectment, a If verdict be verdict shall pass for the Defendant, or the Claimant shall be for defendant, non-suited therein, then and in every such case, such Defend- &c. ant shall have and recover his costs; Provided that nothing Proviso: as to herein contained shall extend to bar the right of any mortgagee mortgagees of of such lease or any part thereof, who shall not be in posses-lease. (1852,s. 210.) sion, so as such mortgagee shall and do within six months after such Judgment obtained and execution executed, pay all rent in arrear and all costs and damages sustained by such lessor or person entitled to the remainder or reversion as aforesaid, and perform all covenants and agreements which on the part and behalf of the first lessee are or ought to be performed.

CCLXIV. In case the said lessee, his assignee or other person Proceedings claiming any right, title or interest in law or equity of, in or to if the tenant the said lease shall, within the time aforesaid, proceed for relief in any Court of Equity, such person shall not have or continue Equity. any injunction against the proceedings at law on such ejectment, unless he does or shall, within forty days next after a full and perfect answer shall be made by the Claimant in such eject- Rent must be ment, bring into Court and lodge with the proper officer such paid into sum of money as the lessor or landlord shall, in his answer, injunction swear to be due and in arrear over and above all just allow- shall issue. ances, and also the costs taxed in the said suit, there to remain until the hearing of the cause, or to be paid out to the lessor or landlord on good security, subject to the decree of the Court; and in case such proceedings for relief in equity shall be taken If such prowithin the time aforesaid, and after execution is executed, the ceedings belessor or landlord shall be accountable only for so much and no after execution more as he shall really and bond fide without fraud, deceit, or (1852, s. 211.) wilful neglect, make of the demised premises from the time of his entering into the actual possession thereof, and if what shall be so made by the lessor or landlord happen to be less than the rent reserved on the said lease, then the said lessee or his assignee, before he shall be restored to his possession, shall pay such lessor or landlord what the money so by him made fell short of the reserved rent for the time such lessor or landlord held the said lands.

CCLXV. If the tenant or his assignee do and shall at any Discontinutime before the trial in such ejectment, pay or tender to the ance if tenant lessor or landlord, his executors or administrators, or his or rent and costs their Attorney in that cause, or pay into the Court wherein the before trial, same &c.

same cause is depending, all the rent and arrears together with the costs, then and in such case all further proceedings on the said ejectment shall cease and be discontinued; and if such lessee, his executors, administrators or assigns, shall, upon such proceeding as aforesaid, be relieved in equity, he and they shall have, hold and enjoy the demised lands according to the lease thereof made, without any new lease.

If he be relieved in Equity. (1852. 212)

Proceedings the lands leased, shall have expired. deliver possession, after notice.

Notice to tenant to find security.

Rule to shew cause why tenant should not give security.

And if no cause be shewn, judglard.

CCLXVI. Where the term or interest of any tenant now or when the term hereafter holding under a lease or agreement in writing, any for which any lands, tenements or hereditaments for any term or number of years certain, or from year to year, shall have expired, or been determined either by the landlord or tenant by regular notice to and the tenant quit, and such tenant or any one holding or claiming by or shall refuse to under him, shall refuse to deliver up possession accordingly, after lawful demand in writing made and signed by the landlord or his agent, and served personally upon or left at the dwelling house or usual place of abode of such tenant or person, and the landlord shall thereupon proceed by action of ejectment for recovery of possession, it shall be lawful for him at the foot of the Writ in ejectment, to address a notice to such tenant or person, requiring him to find such bail, if ordered by the Court or a Judge, and for such purposes as are hereinafter next specified, and upon the appearance of the party, or in case of nonappearance on making and filing an affidavit of service of the Writ and notice, it shall be lawful for the landlord producing the lease or agreement, or some counterpart or duplicate thereof and proving the execution of the same by affidavit, and upon affidavit that the premises have been actually enjoyed under such lease or agreement, and that the interest of the tenant has expired or been determined by regular notice toquit, as the case may be, and that possession has been lawfully demanded in manner aforesaid, to move the Court or to apply to a Judge at Chambers for a rule or summons for such tenant or person, to shew cause, within a time to be fixed by the Court or Judge on the consideration of the situation of the premises, why such tenant or person should not enter into a recognisance by himself and two sufficient sureties, in a reasonable sum, conditioned to pay the costs and damages which shall be recovered by the Claimant in the action, and it shall be lawful for the Court or Judge upon cause shewn or upon affidavit of the ment for land- service of the rule or summons, in case no cause shall be shewt, to make the same absolute in whole or in part, and to order such tenant or person within a time to be fixed upon a consideration of all the circumstances, to find such bail, with such conditions and in such manner, as shall be specified in the said rule or summons, or such part of the same so made absolute, and in case the party shall neglect or refuse so to do, and shall lay no ground to induce the Court or Judge to enlarge the time for obeying the same, then the lessor or landlord filing an affidavit that such rule or order has been made or served and not complied with, shall be at liberty to sign Judgment

Judgment for recovery of possession and costs of suit, in the form contained in Schedule (A) to this Act annexed, marked No. 20, or to the like effect: Provided always, that nothing Proviso. herein contained shall be held to prevent or restrict any landlord from proceeding against his tenant, who shall wrongfully Landlord may hold over after his term has expired, according to the provi-preced under sions contained in an Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, 4 W. 4, c. 1. passed in the fourth year of the Reign of His late Majesty (1852, s. 213.) King William the Fourth, intituled, An Act to amend the law New. respecting real property, and to render the proceedings for recovering possession thereof in certain cases, less difficult and expensive.

CCLXVII. Whenever it shall appear on the trial of any Court may ejectment at the suit of a landlord against a tenant, that such allow proof of tenant or his Attorney hath been served with due notice of trial, as trial, as the Judge before whom such cause shall come on to be tried, soon as the shall, whether the Defendant shall appear upon such trial or landlord shall not, permit the claimant on the trial, after proof of his right to ed his right to recover possession of the whole or of any part of the premises recover posmentioned in the Writ in ejectment, to go into evidence of the session, &c. mesne profits thereof which shall or might have accrued from the day of the expiration or determination of the tenant's interest in the same, down to the time of the verdict given in the cause, or to some preceding day to be specially mentioned therein, and the Jury on the trial finding for the Claimant shall in such case give their verdict upon the whole matter, both as to the recovery of the whole or any part of the premises, and also as to the amount of the damages to be paid for such mesne profits, and in such case the landlord shall have Judgment within the time hereinbefore provided, not only for the recovery of possession and costs, but also for the mesne profits found by the Jury; Provided always, that nothing hereinbefore Proviso: as to contained shall be construed to bar any such landlord from mesne profits bringing any action for the mesne profits which shall accrue after verdict, from the verdict, or from the day so specified therein, down (1852,s. 214.) to the day of the delivery of possession of the premises recovered in the ejectment.

CCLXVIII. In all cases in which such security shall have Court may been given as aforesaid, if upon the trial a verdict shall pass order execufor the Claimant, unless it shall appear to the Judge before tion within whom the same shall have been had, that the finding of the cases where Jury was contrary to the evidence or that the damages given security is were excessive, such Judge may in his discretion order that given, unless, Judgment may be entered and execution issue in favour of the (1852,s. 215.) Claimant at the expiration of six days next after the giving of such verdict.

CCLXIX. All recognizances and securities entered into in As to recogpursuance of the Section of this Act numbered two hundred nizances under section secti and sixty-six, may and shall be taken respectively in such

manner

and proceedings on them.

manner and by and before such persons as are provided and authorized in respect of recognizances of bail upon actions and (1852, s. 216.) suits depending in the said Superior Courts, and subject to the like fees and charges; but no action or other proceeding shall be commenced upon any such recognizance or security after the expiration of six months from the time when possession of the premises or any part thereof shall actually have been delivered to the landlord.

Rights of landiords not prejudiced by this Act.

Mortgagor sued in eject-

ment by his

mortgagee,

Court the

CCLXX. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prejudice or affect any other right of action or remedy which landlords may possess in any case hereinbefore provided for, (1852, s. 218.) otherwise than hereinbefore expressly enacted.

amount of the mortgage shall thereon may be ordered to recoverv.

CCLXXI. Where an action of ejectment shall be brought by any mortgagee, his heirs, executors, administrators or assignees for the recovery of the possession of any mortgaged lands, tenements or hereditaments, and no suit shall be then depending may pay into in the Court of Chancery for or touching the foreclosing or redeeming of such mortgaged lands, tenements or hereditadebt, interest ments, if the person having right to redeem such mortgaged and costs, and lands, tenements or hereditaments, and who shall appear and be discharged, become Defendant in such action, shall at any time pending and mortgagee such action, pay unto such mortgagee, or in case of his refusal shall bring into the Court where such action shall be depending, all the principal moneys and interest due on such mortgage, and (1852, s. 219.) also all such costs as have been expended in any suit at law or in equity upon such mortgage, (such money for principal, interest and costs, to be ascertained and computed by the Court where such action is or shall be pending, or by the proper officer by such Court to be appointed for that purpose), the moneys so paid to such mortgagee or brought into such Court shall be deemed and taken to be in full satisfaction and discharge of such mortgage, and the Court shall and may discharge every such mortgagor or Defendant of and from the same accordingly, and shall and may by rule of the same Court compel such mortgagee to assign, surrender or re-convey such mortgaged lands, tenements and hereditaments, and such estate and interest as such mortgagee has therein, and to deliver up all deeds, evidences and writings in his custody relating to the title of such mortgaged lands, tenements and hereditaments unto such mortgagor who shall have paid or brought such moneys into the Court, his heirs, executors or administrators, or to such other persons as he or they shall, for that purpose, nominate and appoint.

Next preceding Section not to extend to cases where the right to sum due is contested.

CCLXXII. Nothing herein contained shall extend to any case when the person against whom the redemption is or shall be prayed, shall (by writing under his hand or the hand of his Attorney, Agent or Solicitor to be delivered before the money redeem, or the shall be brought into such Court of law to the Attorney or Solicitor for the other side), insist either that the party praying a redemption

redemption has not a right to redeem, or that the premises are chargeable with other or different principal sums than what appear on the face of the mortgage or shall be admitted on the other side, or to any case where the right of redemption to the mortgaged lands and premises in question in any cause or suit shall be contravened or questioned by or between different Defendants in the same cause or suit, or shall be any prejudice Or to prejuto any subsequent mortgage or subsequent incumbrance, any dice any sub-thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

(1852,s. 220.)

CCLXXIII. If any persons shall bring an action of eject- The same ment after a prior action of ejectment shall have been unsuc- Claimant in cessfully brought by such person or by any person through or subsequent action for the under whom he claims, against the same Defendant or against same property any person through or under whom he defends, the Court or a may be order-Judge, may, if they or he think fit, on the application of the security for Defendant at any time after such Defendant has appeared to costs. the Writ, order that the Plaintiff shall give to the Defendant (1854, s. 93.) security for the payment of the Defendant's costs, and that all further proceedings in the cause shall be stayed until such security be given, whether the prior action shall have been disposed of by discontinuance or by non-suit, or by Judgment for the Defendant. -

CCLXXIV. The several Courts and the Judges thereof res- Courts may pectively, shall and may exercise over the proceedings in eject-exercise ment under this Act, the like jurisdiction as exercised in the diction as old action of ejectment, so as to ensure a trial of the title and formerly; over of actual ouster when necessary, and for all other purposes proceedings in ejectment. for which such jurisdiction might have been exercised.

And in order to give to Plaintiff a further remedy by Writ of Mandamus. Mandamus: Be it enacted as follows:

CCLXXV. The Plaintiff, in any action in either of the Superior Plaintiff giv-Courts, except replevin or ejectment, may indorse upon the ing notice Writ and copy to be served, a notice that the Plaintiff intends writ, may to claim a Writ of Mandamus, and the Plaintiff may thereupon claim Mandaclaim in the declaration, either together with any other demand mus for enforwhich may now be enforced in such action, or separately, a Writ of Defendant of Mandamus commanding the Defendant to fulfil any duty in towards him. the fulfilment of which the Plaintiff is personally interested.

CCLXXVI. The declaration in such action shall set forth what shall be sufficient ground upon which such claim is founded, and shall stated in the set forth that the Plaintiff is personally interested therein, and declaration in such case. that he sustains or may sustain damage by the non-performance (1854, s. 69.) of such duty, and that performance thereof has been demanded by him and refused or neglected.

CCLXXVII. The pleadings and other proceedings in any Proceedings action in which a Writ of Mandamus is claimed, shall be the insuch action.

same in all respects as nearly as may be, and costs shall be Costs. (1854, s. 70.) recoverable by either party, as in an ordinary action for the recovery of damages; and in case Judgment shall be given for Judgment and the Plaintiff that a Mandamus do issue, it shall be lawful for execution. the Court in which such Judgment shall be given, if it shall see fit, besides issuing execution in the ordinary way for the costs and damages, also to issue a peremptory Writ of Men-Peremptory demus to the Defendant, commanding him forthwith to perform (1864, s. 71.) the duty to be enforced.

Form of such peremptory writ.

CCLXXVIII. Such Writ need not recite the declaration or other proceedings or the matter therein stated, but shall simply command the performance of the duty, and in other respects shall be in the form of an ordinary Writ of Execution, except

dressed.

To whom ad- that it shall be directed to the party and not to the Sheriff, and may be issued in term or vacation and returnable forthwith, and no return thereto, except that of compliance, shall be allowed, Returnthereto, but time to return it may upon sufficient ground be allowed by

(1854, s. 72.) the Court or a Judge, either with or without terms.

Its effect and

CCLXXIX. The Writ of Mandamus so issued as aforesaid, how enforced shall have the same force and effect as a peremptory Writ of (1854, s. 73.) Mandamus, and in case of disobedience, may be enforced by attachment.

Court may order the thing to be done by the costs of the Defendant

CCLXXX. The Court may upon application by the Plaintiff, besides or instead of proceeding against the disobedient party by attachment, direct that the act required to be done may be Plaintiff at the done by the Plaintiff or some other person appointed by the Court, at the expense of the Defendant, and upon the act being done, the amount of such expense may be ascertained by the Court either by Writ of enquiry or reference to the proper officer, as the Court or a Judge may order, and the Court may Execution for order payment of the amount of such expenses and costs, and enforce payment thereof by execution.

such costs. (1854, s. 74.)

mes not af-

fected.

CCLXXXI. Nothing herein contained shall take away the Present power to issue prero- Jurisdiction of either of the Superior Courts to grant Writs of Mandamus; nor shall any Writ of Mandamus issued out of such Courts be invalid by reason of the right of the prosecutor to (1864, a. 75.) proceed by action for Mandamus under this Act.

Provisions

CCLXXXII. Upon application by motion for any Writ of concerning the Mandamus, the rule may in all cases be absolute in the first issue of pre-rogative Writ instance, if the Court shall think fit, and the Writ may bear of Mandamus. teste on the day of its issuing and may be made returnable (1854, s. 76.) forthwith whether in term or in vacation, but time may be (1854, s. 77.) allowed to return it by the Court or a Judge either with or without terms; and the provisions of this Act, so far as they are applicable, shall apply to the pleadings and proceedings upon a prerogative Writ of Mandamus issued by either of the Superior Courts.

And in order to give to Plaintiff a further remedy by Writ of Injunction. injunction: Be it enacted as follows:

CCLXXXIII. In all cases of breach of contract or other In case of injury, where the party injured is entitled to maintain and has breach of conbrought an action, he may in like case and manner as herein-tract or other before provided, with respect to Mandamus, claim a Writ of tiff may claim injunction against the repetition or continuance of such breach injunction of contract or other injury, or the committal of any breach of against repe-contract or injury of a like kind arising out of the same con-also damages. tract or relating to the same property or right, and he may also (1854, s. 79.) in the same action include a claim for damages or other redress.

CCLXXXIV. The Writ of Summons in such action shall be Form of writ in the same form as the Writ of Summons in any personal and notice to action, but on every such Writ and copy thereof, there shall be indorsed on it. be indorsed a notice, that in default of appearance the Plaintiff (1884, s. 80.) may, besides proceeding to Judgment and execution for damages and costs, apply for and obtain a Writ of injunction.

CCLXXXV. The proceedings in such action shall be the Proceedings same as nearly as may be, and subject to the like control as and judgment the proceedings in an action to obtain a Mandamus under the provisions hereinbefore contained, and in such action Judgment may be given that the Writ of injunction do or do not issue as justice may require; and in case of disobedience, such Writ Enforcing of injunction may be enforced by attachment by the Court of injunction. when such Court shall not be sitting by a Judge.

CCLXXXVI. It shall be lawful for the Plaintiff at any time Plaintiff may after the commencement of the action, and whether before or apply exparts after Judgment, to apply ex parte to the Court or a Judge for injunction after Judgment, to apply ex parte to the Court or a Judge for at any stage of a Writ of injunction to restrain the Defendant in such action the case. from the repetition or continuance of the wrongful act or breach of contract complained of, or the committal of any breach of contract or injury of a like kind, arising out of the same contract or relating to the same property or right; and Court may such Writ may be granted or denied by the Court or Judge impose terms. upon such terms as to the duration of the Writ-keeping an account—giving security—or otherwise, as to such Court or Judge shall seem reasonable and just; and in case of disobe- Enforcing indience, such Writ may be enforced by attachment by the Court, junction. or when such Court shall not be sitting, by a Judge; Provided Proviso: always, that any order for a Writ of injunction made by a Order made by a Judge, or any Writ issued by virtue thereof may be discharged, may be set or varied or set aside by the Court on application made thereto aside by the by any party dissatisfied with such order.

(1854, 8.82.)

And as to the action of replevin; Be it enacted as follows:

Replevin.

CCLXXXVII. It shall be lawful for the Plaintiff or Defen-Rentable dedant in replevin, in any cause in either of the Superior Courts fence may be

in pleaded.

in which, if Judgment were obtained, he would be entitled to relief against such Judgment on equitable grounds, to plead the facts which entitle him to such relief by way of defence, and the said Courts are hereby empowered to receive such defence by way of plea; provided that such plea shall begin with the words "for defence on equitable grounds," or words to the like effect.

(1854, s. 83.) Equitable defence by way of audila que-

Commencement of plea.

CCLXXXVIII. Any such matter which if it arose before or during the time for pleading would be an answer to the action by way of plea, may, if it arise after the lapse of the period (1854, s. 84.) during which it could be pleaded, be set up by way of audite querela.

Replication on equitable grounds. (1854, s. 85.)

CCLXXXIX. The Plaintiff may reply, in answer to any plea of the Defendant, facts which avoid such plea upon equitable grounds, provided that such replication shall begin with the words "for replication on equitable grounds," or words to the like effect.

Striking out any such plea &c., which cannot be dealt with by a

CCXC. Provided always, that in case it shall appear to the Court or any Judge thereof, that any such equitable plea or equitable replication cannot be dealt with by a Court of Law so as to do justice between the parties, it shall be lawful for Court of Law. such Court or Judge to order the same to be struck out, on such (1854, s. 86.) terms, as to costs and otherwise, as to such Court or Judge may seem reasonable.

> And whereas the power of amendment now vested in the Courts, and the Judges thereof is insufficient to enable them to prevent the failure of Justice by reason of mistakes and objections of form; Be it enacted as follows:

The Courts amendments in any civil sary to do full justice.

CCXCI. It shall be lawful for the Superior Courts of Commay and must mon Law, and every Judge thereof, and any Judge sitting at make all such Nisi Prius, at all times to amend all defects and errors in any proceeding in civil causes, whether there is any thing in writing proceedings as to amend by or not, and whether the defect or error be that of may be neces- the party applying to amend or not, and all such amendments may be made with or without costs, and upon such terms as (1852,s. 222.) to the Court or Judge may seem fit, and all such amendments as may be necessary for the purpose of determining in the existing suit the real question in controversy between the parties, shall be so made.

Negotiable Instruments.

And with regard to actions on Bills of Exchange or other negotiable instruments; Be it enacted as follows:

Court may a defence, on

CCXCII. In case of any action founded on a bill of exchange order loss, &c., or other negotiable instrument, it shall be lawful for the Court not to be made or a Judge to order that the loss of such instrument shall not be set up, provided an indemnity be given to the satisfaction of the Court or Judge or any officer of the Court, to whom the indemnity same may be referred by such Court or Judge, against the being given. claims of any other person upon such negotiable instrument.

(1854, s. 87.)

And with respect to proceedings in error and appeal; Be it enacted as follows:

CCXCIII. No Judgment, decree or other proceeding, either Appeal must at law or in equity, shall be reversed or avoided for any error be brought or defect therein, unless the Writ of appeal be sued out and within four years. prosecuted with effect within four years after such Judgment, (1852, s. 146.) decree or proceeding shall have been entered of record, made, pronounced, had or completed.

CCXCIV. If any person who is or shall be entitled to bring Further time error or appeal as aforesaid, shall be at the time such title allowed in accrued, within the age of twenty-one years, feme covert, non cases of discourses mention or without the limits of this Province then such ability to compos mentis, or without the limits of this Province, then such bring appeal person shall be at liberty to sue out his Writ of appeal so as at the time such person commences or brings and prosecutes the same before limited. with effect within six years after coming to or being of full age, discovert, of sound memory, or return to the Province; and if the opposite party shall, at the time the title to bring error and appeal accrued, be without the limits of this Province, then the Writ of appeal may be sued out, provided the proceeding be commenced and prosecuted with effect within six years after the return of such party to this Province.

And with respect to the payments of weekly allowance to The provisions insolvent debtors, and as to Gaol limits, and to the discharge under this head of such debtors; Be it enacted as follows:

CCXCV. If any debtor in close custody upon any mesne pro-visions ofcess, or in execution, or upon an attachment, or other process 2 G. 4, c. 8 issued by any Court in Upper Canada, for non-payment of costs, \$ G. 4, c. 8or for non-payment of any sum of money awarded, or for the non
4 W. 4, c. 3payment of any claim in the nature of a debt or demand due, 10 & 11 V. being a sum certain or capable of being ascertained by computa- c. 15 tion, and not in the nature of a penalty to enforce the doing of (Insolvent some act, other than the payment of a sum of money, (in which 11 G. 4, c. 3—several cases, the debtor shall be deemed to be a prisoner in ex- 4 W. 4, c. 10 several cases, the debtor shall be declined to be a prisoner in close custody, 16 V.c. 175—ecution,) shall make oath that he is a prisoner in close custody, (Gaol limits.) setting forth on which of the causes of detention above specified, and that he is unable to find security for the limits, and is not In what cases worth the sum of five pounds, and in case he is in custody on close custody mesne process that he is unable to procure bail to the action, and shall be enthat he does not believe the demand of the Plaintiff to be just, and titled to weekfor that cause and no other he resists payment of the same and 45 G. 3, c. 7. refuses to confess Judgment for the sum sworn to, it shall be 4 W. 4, c. 3. lawful for the Court from which the process against such debtor 8 G. 4, c. 8. issued, or any Judge having authority to dispose of matters arising in suits in such Court, to make a rule or order on the Plaintiff

amend and consolidate the

19 Vier.

weekly

Cap. 43.

The allowance; and how payuble.

Discharge if not paid.

Proviso.

Plaintiff at whose suit such debtor is detained, to pay to such debtor on the third Monday after the service of such rule or order, and upon each Monday thereafter, so long as such debtor shall be detained in prison at the suit of such Plaintiff for such cause, the sum of ten shillings, such payment to be made to the debtor or to the Gaoler in whose custody he is, for the use of such debtor, and in default of such payment such debtor shall after service of a rule nisi or Judges' Summons, to be obtained on oath of the default, be discharged from custody by rule or order, unless sufficient cause to the contrary be shewn: Provided always that such discharge shall not, when the debtor was confined on mesne process, prevent the Plaintiff from proceeding to Judgment and execution against the body, lands or goods according to the practice of the Court, and that such discharge shall not, when the debtor was a prisoner in execution, be construed as a release or satisfaction of the Judgment or other debt or demand for the non-payment whereof such debtor was in custody, or to deprive the Plaintiff of any remedy against the lands or goods of such debtor.

Debtor not entitled to allowance er to his discharge in default of payment thereof, until he shall have answered interroga-tories touching his property. 2 G. 4, c. 8. 4 W. 4, c. 3.

CCXCVI. Whenever any such debtor shall apply for the weekly allowance, or to be discharged from custody for the non-payment thereof, it shall be lawful for the Plaintiff at whose suit he is confined, to file interrogatories for the purpose of discovering any property or effects which such debtor may be possessed of or entitled to, or which may be in the possession or under the control of some other person for the use or benefit of such debtor, or which such debtor, having been in possession of may have fraudulently disposed of to injure his creditor, and to serve a copy of such interrogatories on such debtor, and thereupon and until such debtor shall have fully answered such interrogatories upon oath to the satisfaction of the Court or Judge, and filed his answers and given sufficient notice of such filing to the Plaintiff or his Attorney, no rule or order for the payment of such weekly allowance shall be made, or if previously made no order for his discharge for non-payment thereof shall be made.

Filing interrogatories to debtor, &c. 2 G. 4, c. 8.

CCXCVII. Where any such debtor shall have obtained the order for payment of the weekly allowance, the Plaintiff at whose suit he is confined may at any time file and serve such interrogatories as aforesaid, and it shall be lawful for the Court from which the process issued or a Judge as aforesaid, on application of the Plaintiff, to stay further payment until the debtor shall have sworn to and filed his answers, and have given to the Plaintiff or his Attorney four clear days' notice thereof.

Defendant in eustody on several writs only entitled

CCXCVIII. Whenever such debtor is a prisoner in close custody in several suits or matters, he must make all the Plaintiffs in such suits or matters parties to his application for the weekly allowance, and he shall only be entitled to one

weekly sum of ten shillings, although he is in custody in to one allowseveral suits and matters; and in any such case if the weekly ance, &c. allowance be unpaid, the debtor shall have the same right as when he is in custody in one suit only, to be discharged from custody in all the suits or matters named in the order for payment, and the Plaintiffs named in such order must all be made parties on any application for the debtor's discharge on account of non-payment, and all such Plaintiffs must join in administ Interrogatering interrogatories to the Defendant, as if they were Plaintiffs tories in such in one suit, and such Plaintiffs shall regulate among themselves case. the apportionment of the weekly allowance and the arrangement for payment thereof.

Cap. 43.

CCXCIX. The Plaintiff in any suit shall be entitled to Allowance recover from his debtor all sums paid to him for weekly may be reallowance while a prisoner on mesne process, and upon proof debtor as of the amount of such payment before the proper taxing Officer, costs. such sums shall be allowed as disbursements in the suit and 4 W. 4, c. 3. be taxed as part of the costs thereof.

CCC. Any debtor according to the intent and meaning of this Debtor in Act, who shall have been confined in close custody in execution prison over for three successive calendar months, may, (on giving to the party may obtain at whose suit he is a prisoner or to his Attorney, fifteen days' no- his discharge tice of his intention to apply to be discharged from custody) upon on certain proof of such notice, and upon making oath that he is not 5 W. 4, c. 3 worth five pounds exclusive of his necessary wearing apparel and that of his family, and their beds and bedding and their ordinary household utensils, not exceeding in the whole the value of ten pounds, and that he hath answered all interrogawies which have been filed by the Plaintiff, and hath given due notice of such answers (or if no interrogatories have been served, that he hath not been served with any interrogatories), apply to the Court from which the process on which he is confined issued, or to a Judge as aforesaid, for a rule or summons ho shew cause why he should not be discharged from custody, and upon the return of such rule or summons, and where there are interrogatories if the answers thereto are deemed sufficient by such Court or Judge, such debtor shall be by rule or order discharged from custody, and such discharge shall have the same and no other effect as a discharge for non-payment of the weekly allowance: Provided that the Court or Judge may on Proviso: for the return of the rule or summons, if the Plaintiff has already the interrogafied interrogatories (which he is hereby authorized to do in ike manner as on an application for the weekly allowance), and if further inquiry appears requisite for the ends of Justice, allow to the Plaintiff a reasonable time to file further interro-Salories, and for the debtor to answer them before the rule or summons be finally disposed of: Provided also, that the Court Provise: or Judge may make it a condition of the debtor's discharge, Assignment by that he shall first assign and convey to the party at whose suit required. be is in custody any right or interest which he may have or be

presumed

Provise: if debt arose from fraud. breach of trust, kc.

presumed to have in and to any property, credits and effects other than the wearing apparel, beds, bedding and household utensils before mentioned, such assignment or conveyance to be approved by the Court or Judge; Provided lastly, that if it shall appear that the debt for which such debtor is confined was contracted by any manner of fraud or breach of trust, or that he is confined by reason of any Judgment in an action for breach of promise of marriage, seduction, criminal conversation, libel or slander, the Court or Judge may order the Applicant to be recommitted to close custody for any period not exceeding twelve calendar months and to be then discharged.

Limits of Counties to be thereof. 10 & 11 V. c. 15. See also-18 V. c. 69. Sheriff may take security from any debtor that be will keep the limits, obey all lawful orders of the Court, &c. 11 G. 4, c. 3. 10 & 11 V. c. 15. 16 V. c. 176.

CCCI. The limits of each County and Union of Counties limits of gaols in Upper Canada for judicial purposes, shall be and are hereby declared to be the limits of the Gaols of such Counties or Unions of Counties respectively.

> CCCII. The Sheriff of any such County or Union of Counties may take from any debtor confined in the Gaol thereof in execution or upon mesne process, a bond with not less than two or more than four sufficient sureties, to be jointly and severally bound in a penalty double the amount for which such debtor is so confined, conditioned that such debtor shall remain and abide within the limits of such Gaol and shall not depart therefrom, unless discharged from custody in the suit or matter upon which he was so confined by due course of law, and also that such debtor shall and will during all the time that he shall be upon the limits subject to such custody, observe and obey all notices, orders or rules of Court touching or concerning such debtor, or his answering interrogatories, or his returning and being remanded into close custody, and that they will produce such debtor to the Sheriff when they or eithe of them shall be required, upon reasonable notice; and the Sheriff may also require each surety when there are only two to make oath in writing, to be annexed to the bond, that he is freeholder or householder in some part of Upper Canada, stating where, and is worth the sum for which the debtor is in custody (naming it) and fifty pounds more over and above what will pay all his debts, or where there are more than two surelies then that each surety shall make oath as aforesaid, that he is a freeholder or householder as aforesaid, and is worth one half the sum for which the debtor is in custody, (naming it) and fifty pounds more, over and above what will pay all his dehu

. Justification of the sureties.

> On receipt of such security Sheriff may allow the debtor the

CCCIII. Upon receipt of such bond, accompanied by a affidavit of a subscribing witness of the due execution thered and by the sureties' affidavits of solvency, if required by the Sheriff, it shall be lawful for the Sheriff to permit and allo limits, without the debtor to go out of close custody in Gaol, into and upon the for an escape. Gaol limits, and so long as such debtor shall remain with 11 G. 4, c. 2. the said limits without departing therefrom, and shall in other respects observe, fulfil and keep on his part the condition

of the said bond, such Sheriff shall not be liable to the party at whose suit such debtor was confined, in any action, for the escape of such debtor from Gaol.

CCCIV. In case the Sheriff shall have good reason to appre- 11 the sureties hend that such sureties or either of them, have, after entering become insolinto such bond, become insufficient to pay the amount severally sworn to by them, it shall be lawful for him again to arrest re-take the the debtor, and to detain him in close custody, and the sureties debtor, &c. of such debtor may plead such arrest and detention in bar of any 16 V. c. 175. action to be brought against them upon the bond so entered into by them, and such plea if sustained in proof shall wholly discharge them from such action; Provided always, that such Proviso, debtor may again obtain the benefit of the Gaol limits, on giving 4 W. 4, c. 10. a new bond with sureties as aforesaid, to the Sheriff.

CCCV. Upon any breach of the condition of such bond, the In case of party at whose suit the debtor is confined, may require the breach, Sheriff Sheriff to assign the same to him, which assignment shall be may be remade in writing, under the seal of the Sheriff, and attested by sign the Bond, at least one witness, and the assignee of the Sheriff or the and on doing executors or administrators of such assignee, may maintain so shall be discharged from an action in his or their own names upon such bond, which liability. action the Sheriff shall have no power to release; but upon 11 G. v. c. 176. executing such assignment at such request, the Sheriff shall 16 V. c. 175. be thenceforth discharged from all liability on account of the debtor or his safe custody.

CCCVI. The sureties of any such debtor may surrender him Sureties may into the custody of the Sheriff at the gaol, and it shall be the make or tenduty of the Sheriff, his Deputy or Gaoler, there to receive such der a surrendebtor into custody, and the sureties may plead such surrender debtor. or an offer to surrender, and the refusal of the Sheriff, his Deputy or Gaoler to receive such debtor into custody at the gaol, in bar of any action brought on the bond for a breach of the condition happening after such surrender or tender and refusal, and such plea, if sustained in proof, shall discharge Proviso. them from any such action: Provided always, that such debtor 11 G. 4, c. 3. may again obtain the benefit of the limits on giving a new bond with sureties as aforesaid, to the Sheriff.

CCCVII. The party at whose suit any debtor is confined, Debtor on may at any time while the debtor enjoys the benefit of the limits bound limits, file and serve such interrogatories, to be answered by terrogatories, such debtor in manner aforesaid; and in case such debtor shall neglect or omit for the space of fifteen days next after service thereof, to answer such interrogatories and to file the answers, and to give immediate notice of such filing to the party at whose suit he is in custody, or to the Attorney of that party, the Court or a Judge as aforesaid, may make a rule or order for such debtor's being committed to close custody, and it shall be the duty of the Sheriff on due notice of such rule or order, forthwith

Penalty for refusal. 11 G. 4, c. 3. 4 W. 4, c. 10. 16 V. c. 175.

to take such debtor and re-commit him to close custody until he shall obtain a rule of Court or Judge's order for again admitting him to the limits, on giving the necessary bond as aforesaid, (which rule or order may be granted on the debtor's shewing that he has filed his answers to such interrogatories, and has given to the Plaintiff or his Attorney ten days' notice thereof, and of his intention to apply), or until he shall be otherwise discharged by due course of law.

Plaintiff may have execution against property of debtor on the limits.

CCCVIII. The party at whose suit any debtor is confined in execution, may, whenever such debtor shall take the benefit of the limits, sue out any execution against his lands or goods, notwithstanding such debtor was charged in execution, and such execution shall not be stayed, but shall be proceeded with until executed, although such debtor has been re-committed to close custody; Provided always, that the wearing apparel of such debtor and that of his family, and their beds and bedding, and household utensils, not exceeding together the value of ten pounds, and the tools and implements of the trade of such debtor, not exceeding in value ten pounds, shall be protected from such subsequent execution.

Proviso.

Exemptions from execution. 11 G. 4, c. 3.

Foregoing provisions not to extend to persons in custody, &c., on any criminal charge. 11 G. 4, c. 3. See clso-11 G. 4, c. 4. False swearing under preceding Sections to be perjury.

CCCIX. None of the foregoing provisions relative to the weekly allowance, discharge from custody on account of insolvency or Gaol limits, shall extend or be applicable to debion who shall, at the same time be in custody upon any criminal charge.

CCCX. Every person who shall upon any examination upon oath or affirmation or in any affidavit made or taken in any proceedings under this Act, wilfully and corruptly give false evidence or wilfully and corruptly swear or affirm any thing which shall be false and shall be thereof convicted, shall be liable to the penalties of wilful and corrupt perjury.

And with respect to costs; Be it enacted as follows:

Costs on writs under this Act to be as heretofore until otherwise ordered.

11 G. 4, c. 3.

Proviso as to mileage.

New temporary.

CCCXI. Until otherwise ordered by rule of Court, the costs of Writs issued under the authority of this Act and of all other proceedings under the same, shall be and remain as nearly as the nature thereof will allow, the same as heretofore, but in no case greater than those already established; Provided always that hereafter no mileage shall be taxed or allowed for the service of any Writ, paper or proceeding, without an affidavit being made and produced to the proper taxing officer, stating the sum actually disbursed and paid for such mileage, and the name of the party to whom such payment was made.

Plaintiff in trespass or case, to re-

CCCXII. If the Plaintiff in any action of trespass or trespass on the case brought or to be brought in either of the said Courts trespass on the or in any county Court in Upper Canada, shall recover by the verdict of a Jury less damages than forty shillings, such Plaintiff

shall

shall not be entitled to recover in respect of such verdict any cover no costs costs whatever, whether the verdict be given on any issue tried if the verdict or Judgment have passed by default, unless the Judge or Prethan forty siding officer before whom such verdict shall be obtained shall shillings, unimmediately afterwards certify on the back of the record or of less the Judge the writ of trial or inquiry that the action was really brought to facts. try a right besides the right to recover damages for the trespass or grievance in respect of which the action was brought, or that the trespass or grievance in respect of which the action was brought was wilful and malicious: Provided always, that nothing Proviso: herein contained shall extend or be construed to extend to extend to extend to cerdeprive the Plaintiff of costs in any action brought for a trespass taintrespasses or trespasses over any lands, wastes, closes, woods, plantations or inclosures, or for entering into any dwelling, out building or premises in respect to which notice not to trespass shall have been previously served by or on behalf of the owner or occupier of the land trespassed over, upon or left at the last reputed or known place of abode of the Defendant in such action; Pro- Proviso: as to vided also, that nothing in this section shall be construed to actions which entitle any Plaintiff to recover costs as of an action brought in been brought a Superior Court in any case where by law his action might in an Inferior properly have been brought in an inferior Court.

16 V. c. 175, s. 26.

And in order to enable the Courts and Judges to carry this Act thoroughly into effect, and to enable them from time to time to make rules and regulations, and to frame Writs and proceedings for that purpose; Be it enacted, as follows:

CCCXIII. It shall be lawful for the Judges of the said Courts Power to or any four or more of them of whom the Chief Justices shall make rules for be two, from time to time to make all such general rules and to this Act. orders for the effectual execution of this Act, and of the inten- (1852,s. 223.) tion and object hereof, and for fixing the costs to be allowed for and in respect of the matters herein contained and the performance thereof, and for apportioning the costs of issues, and for the purpose of enforcing uniformity of practice in the allowance of costs in the said Courts, as in their judgment shall be necessary or proper, and for that purpose to meet from time to time as occasion may require; and it shall also be lawful To make forfor the said Judges, or any four or more of them of whom the theralterations in mode of Chief Justices shall be two, by any rule or order to be from pleading, &c. time to time by them made in Term or Vacation at any time within five years after this Act shall come into force, to make such further alterations in the time and mode of pleading in the said Courts and in the mode of entering and transcribing pleadings, judgments and other proceedings in actions at law, and in the time and manner of objecting to errors in pleadings and other proceedings, and in the mode of verifying pleas and obtaining final judgment without trial in certain cases, as to them may seem expedient, any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and all such Rules, Orders or Regulations shall be Rules, &c., to laid before both Houses of the Parliament of this Province, if be laid before

Parliament

Parliament. and not to have effect for a certain time thereafter.

Parliament be then sitting, immediately upon making the same, or if Parliament be not sitting, then within twenty days after the next meeting thereof; and no such Rule, Order or Regulation, shall have effect until three months after the same shall have been so laid before both Houses of Parliament, and any Rule, Order or Regulation so made shall, from and after such time as aforesaid, be binding and obligatory on the said Courts and on all Courts of error and appeal in this Province, into which the Judgments of the said Courts or either of them shall be removed, and be of like force and effect as if the provisions contained therein had been expressly enacted by the Par-

Proviso: such liament of this Province: Provided always, that it shall be rules may be disallowed in whole or in part. New.

lawful for the Governor of this Province, by proclamation, or for either of the Houses of Parliament, by any resolution, at any time within three months next after such Rules, Orders and Regulations shall have been laid before Parliament, to suspend the whole or any part of such Rules, Orders or Regulations, and in such case the whole or such part thereof as shall be so suspended, shall not be binding or obligatory on the said Courts or on any Court of error and appeal; Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to restrain the authority or limit the jurisdiction of the said Courts or the Judges

dispose of the business therein.

Proviso: existing power to make rules not affected (1852, 8.223.) thereof, to make rules or orders, or otherwise to regulate and

As to issue, altered writs.

CCCXIV. Such new or altered writs and forms of proceed-Ac., of new or ings may be issued, entered and taken, as-may by the Judges of the said Court, or any four or more of them of whom the Chief Justices shall be two, be deemed necessary or expedient for giving effect to the provisions hereinbefore contained, and in such forms as the Judges as aforesaid shall from time to time think fit to order; and such writs and proceedings shall be acted on and enforced in such and the same manner as writs and proceedings of the said Courts are now acted upon and enforced, or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will admit; and any existing writ or proceeding, the form of writs of which which shall be in any manner altered in pursuance of this Act, shall, nevertheless, be of the same force and virtue as if no al-

teration had been made therein, except so far as the effect

As to existing the form is altered by this

(1852,s. 224.) thereof may be varied by this Act.

This Act not ers given to any Judge by 13 & 14 V. c. 51. (1952, s. 224.)

CCCXV. Nothing in this Act contained shall in any way to affect pow- restrict or limit the powers now vested by law in any one of the Judges of the Superior Courts of law, sitting apart from the others of them, in Term time, or sitting in Chambers, but all the powers conferred by an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the Session held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Ad to confirm and give effect to certain rules and regulations made by the Judges of Her Majesty's Court of Error and Appeal for Upper Canada, and for other purposes, relating to the powers of the Judges of the Courts of Law and Equity in that part of the

the Province, and the practice and decisions of certain of those Courts, shall continue to be exercised by such Judges, and shall extend to all matters and questions to arise and be decided under this Act, and wherever any power is given by this Act to the Court or a Judge, the words "a Judge" shall be held to authorize any Judge of either of the said Superior Courts, to exercise such power, altho' the particular proceeding may not be in a cause pending in the Court whereof he is a Judge.

CCCXVI. It shall be lawful for the Judges of the Superior Judges may sit Courts during each term to appoint one or more days within after term for three weeks next ensuing the last day of such term, on which the sole purpose of giving they will give Judgment; and such Superior Courts on the days judgment. appointed may sit in Banc for the purpose only of giving Judgment and of making Rules and Orders in matters which have been moved and argued in such Courts respectively; and all Judgments, Rules and Orders which shall be pronounced and made on such days in pursuance of the authority hereby given, shall have the same effect to all intents and purposes, as if they had been pronounced or made in Term time.

CCCXVII. In citing this Act in any instrument, document or Short Title of proceeding, it shall be sufficient to use the expression "The this Act. (1852,s. 225.) Common Law Procedure Act 1856."

CCCXVIII. And be it enacted, That from the time when this Acts and parts Act shall commence and take effect, the fourth, fifth, sixth, of Acts repealseventh, eighth, ninth, fourteenth and thirty-fifth Sections of an Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the second year of the Reign of the late King George the Fourth, intituled, An Act to repeal part of and amend the laws now in force Part of Act of respecting the practice of His Majesty's Court of King's Bench U.C., 2 G. 4, in this Province; the whole of an Act passed in the fifty-ninth c. 1. year of the Reign of the late King George the Third, intituled, An Act to prevent the abatement of any action against a joint Act of U. C., obligor or contractor or partner, on account of the other joint 59 G. 3, c. 25. parties not being made defendants; the whole of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the fourth and fifth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to facilitate the Actof Canada, dematch of business in the Court of Oneen's Bench in Unner 4 & 5 V. c. 5. despatch of business in the Court of Queen's Bench in Upper Canada; the forty-fourth Section of an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the eighth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act for the relief of insol- Part of Act of vent debtors in Upper Canada, and for other purposes therein Canada, 8 V. mentioned: the whole of an Act of the Parliament of the c. 48. mentioned; the whole of an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the eighth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to allow the issuing of testatum Writs of Act of Canada, Capias ad respondendum in the several districts of Upper 8 V. c. 36. Canada, and for other purposes therein mentioned; the twentieth, twenty-first, twenty-second, twenty-third, twentyfourh, twenty-fifth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth, thirtieth, thirty-first, thirty-third, thirty-fourth and thirty-sixth

Sections

19 VICT.

intituled,

Cap. 43.

Sections of an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed Part of Act of in the twelfth year of Her, Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act Canada, 12 V. to make further provision for the Administration of Justice by c. 63. the establishment of an additional Superior Court of Common Law, and also a Court of Error and Appeal, in Upper Canada, and for other purposes; the first Section of an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend and extend the Part of Act of provisions of the Act of this Province, intituled, 'An Act to Canada, 12 V. allow the issuing of testatum writs of capias ad respondendum c. 68. 'an the several districts of Upper Canada, and for other pur-'poses therein mentioned;' the whole of an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the Session holden in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, Act of Canada, intituled, An Act to alter and settle the mode of proceeding 14, 15 V. c. 114. in the action of Ejectment; the whole of an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the Session holden in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, Act of Canada, An Act to alter the period for holding certain Courts in the 14, 15 V. County of York; the whole of an Act of the Parliament c. 15. of this Province, passed in the Session holden in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, Act of Canada, An Act to provide a remedy against absent Defendants; 14, 15 V. the whole of an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed c. 10. in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act Act of Canada, to explain an Act intituled, 'An Act to provide a remedy against 16 V. c. 88. absent Defendants.' the first trades Section 19 absent Defendants;' the first twelve Sections inclusive. the fifteenth, twenty-sixth, twenty-seventh, twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth Sections of an Act passed in the sixteenth year of Part of Act of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to provide for the more Canada, 16 V. equal distribution of business in and to improve the practice c. 175. of the Superior Courts of Common Law in Upper Canada, and for other purposes therein mentioned; the forty-third, fortyfourth and forty-fifth Sections of an Act passed in the eighteenth Part of Act of year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the Canada, 18 V. Criminal Law of this Province; the whole of the Act of the c. 92. Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the second year of the Act of U. C., Reign of the late King William the Fourth, intituled, An Act 2 W. 4, c. 5. to afford means for attaching the property of Absconding Debtors; the whole of an Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the fifth year of the Reign of the late King Act of U. C., William the Fourth, intituled, An Act to continue and amend the 5 W. 4, c. b. law for attaching the property of Absconding Debtors; the whole of an Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in Act of Canada, the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to 12 V. c. 67. reduce the expense of proceedings in Upper Canada against the property of Abscording or Concealed Debtors; the whole of an Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the forty-fifth year of the Reign of the late King George the Third, Act of U. C., intituled, An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors; the 45 G. 3, c. 7. whole of an Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the second year of the Reign of the late King George the Fourth,

intituled, An Act to make further regulations respecting the Act of U.C., weekly maintenance of insolvent debtors; the whole of an Act 2 G. 4, c. 8. of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the eighth year of the Reign of the late King George the Fourth, intituled, An Act of U. C., Act for the further relief of Insolvent Debtors; the whole of 8 G. 4, c. 8. an Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the fourth year of the Reign of the late King William the Fourth, intituled, An Act to afford relief to persons confined on mesne process; Act of U. C., the whole of an Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed 4 W. 4,c.; in the eleventh year of the Reign of the late King George the Fourth, intituled, An Act to repeal and amend the laws now in force respecting the limits of the respective Gaols in this Pro- 11 G. 4, c. 3. vince; the whole of an Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the fourth year of the Reign of the late King William the Fourth, intituled, An Act to extend the limits assigned to the Act of U. C., respective Gaols in this Province, and to afford to Plaintiffs 4 W. 4, c. 10. the means in some cases of more effectually compelling the payment of debts due to them by Defendants in execution; the whole of an Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the fifth year of the Reign of the late King William the Fourth, intituled, An Act to mitigate the law in respect to imprisonment Act of U. C., for debt; the whole of an Act of the Parliament of this Pro- 5 W. 4, c. 3. vince, passed in the Session held in the tenth and eleventh years of the Reign of Her Majesty, intituled, An Act to amend Act of Canada, the law of imprisonment for debt in Upper Canada, together 10, 11 V.c. 15. with all other Acts or parts of Acts of the Parliament of Upper Canada or of this Province, at variance or inconsistent with the Other inconprovisions of this Act, shall be and the same are hereby re-sistent enactpealed, except so far as the said Acts or any of them, or any ments. thing therein contained, repeal any former Act or Acts or any part thereof, all which last mentioned Act or Acts shall remain and continue so repealed, and excepting also so far as the said Exception. Acts or parts of Acts hereby repealed, and the provisions thereof or of any of them, shall and may be necessary for supporting, continuing and upholding any writs that shall have been issued or proceedings that shall have been had or taken before the commencement of this Act, and any further proceedings taken or to be taken thereon.

SCHEDULE A.

No. 1.—(Vide Section 16.).

WRIT OF SUMMONS WHEN THE DEFENDANT RESIDES WITHIN THE JURISDICTION.

Upper Canada, VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, &c. County of 5 To C. D. of in the County of

(SEAL.)

We command you that within ten days after the service of this Writ on you, inclusive of the day of such service, you do cause an appearance

1852. Schedule A No. 1. appearance to be entered for you in our Court of in an action at the suit of A. B.; and take notice that in default of your so doing the said A. B. may proceed therein to Judgment and Execution.

Witness, &c.

In the margin.

Issued from the Office of the Clerk (or Deputy Clerk) of the Crown and Pleas, in the County of

(Signed,) J. H., Clerk (or Deputy Clerk.)

Memorandum to be subscribed on the Writ.

N. B.—This Writ is to be served within six calendar months from the date thereof, or if renewed, from the date of such renewal, including the day of such date, and not afterwards.

Indorsements to be made on the Writ before the service thereof.

This Writ was issued by E. F., of , Attorney for the said Plaintiff, or this Writ was issued in person by A. B., who resides at (mention the City, Town, incorporated or other Village, or Township within which such Plaintiff resides).

Also the indorsement required by the twenty-sixth Section of the Act.

Indorsement to be made on the Writ after service thereof.

This Writ was served by X. Y. on C. D., (the Defendant or one of the Defendants) on the day of one thousand eight hundred and

No. 2.—(*Vide* Section 22.)

WRIT OF CAPIAS.

Upper Canada, County of Victoria, &c., To the Sheriff of, &c.

(SEAL.)

We command you that you take C. D., if he shall be found in your (County or United Counties), and him safely keep until he shall have given you bail in an action (on promise or of debt, &c.,) at the suit of A. B., or until the said C. D. shall by other lawful means be discharged from your custody: And we

do further command you, that on execution hereof you do deliver a copy hereof to the said C. D.; and We hereby require the said C. D. to take notice that within ten days after execution hereof on him, inclusive of the day of such execution, he cause special bail to be put in for him in our Court of according to the warning hereunder written (or indorsed hereon), and that in default of his so doing, such proceedings may be had and taken as are mentioned in the said warning: And We do further command you the said Sheriff, that immediately after the execution hereof, you do return this Writ to the said Court, together with the manner in which you shall have executed the same, and the day of the Execution thereof, or if the same shall remain unexecuted and shall not be renewed according to law, then that you do return the same at the expiration of six calendar months from the date hereof, or of the last renewal hereof, or sooner if you shall be required thereto by order of the Court or of a Judge.

Witness, &c.

In the margin.

Issued from the Office of the Clerk (or Deputy Clerk) of the Crown and Pleas, in the County of

(Signed,) J. H. Clerk (or Deputy Clerk.)

Memorandum to be subscribed on the Writ.

N. B.—This Writ is to be executed within six calendar months from the date hereof, or if renewed, then from the date of such renewal, including the day of such date, and not afterwards.

Warning to the Defendanti

- 1. If a Defendant being in custody shall be detained on this Writ, or if a Defendant being arrested thereon shall go to prison for want of bail, the Plaintiff may declare against any such Defendant before the end of the Term next after such arrest, and proceed thereon to Judgment and execution.
- 2. If a Defendant having given bail to the Sheriff on the arrest, shall omit to put in special bail conditioned for his surrender to the Sheriff of the County from which the Writ of Capias issued, and to file the bail piece in the Office of the Clerk or Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Pleas for the same County, the Plaintiff may proceed against the Sheriff or on the bail bond.
- 3. If a Defendant having been served with this Writ and not arrested thereon, shall not enter an appearance within ten days after

after such service, in the Office of the Clerk or Deputy Clerk of the Crown from which the Writ issued, the Plaintiff may proceed to Judgment and execution.

Indorsement to be made on the Writ before the Service thereof.

This Writ was issued by E. F. of &c., as in form No. 1.

Attorney,

Bail for £ case may be.

by affidavit, or by Judge's order, as the

Also the Indorsement required by the twenty-sixth Section of the Act.

Indorsement to be made on the Writ after execution thereof.

This Writ was executed by X. Y., by arresting C. D., or a the case may be, as to service on any Defendant, on the day of one thousand eight hundred and

No. 3.—(Vide Section 35.)

WRIT WHERE THE DEFENDANT BEING A BRITISH SUBJECT RESIDES OUT OF UPPER CANADA.

Upper Canada, VICTORIA, &c.
County of To C. D., of

(SEAL.)

1852. Schedule A No. 2. We command you that within (here insert a sufficient number of days according to the directions in the Act,)

after the service of this Writ on you, inclusive of the day of such service, you do cause an appearance to be entered for you in our Court of

A. B.; and take notice that in default of your so doing, the said A. B. may, by leave of the Court or a Judge, proceed therein to Judgment and execution.

Witness, &c.

In the margin.

Issued from the Office of, &c., (as in foregoing cases.)

Memorandum to be subscribed on the Writ.

N. B.—This Writ is to be served within six calendar months from the date thereof, or if renewed, then from the date of such renewal, including day of such date, and not afterwards.

Indorsements

Indorsements to be made on the Writ before the Service thereof.

This Writ is for service out of Upper Canada, and was issued by E. F. of , Attorney for the Plaintiff, or this Writ was issued in person by A. B. who resides at (mentioning Plaintiff's residence, as directed in form No. 1.)

(Also the indorsement required by the twenty-sixth Section of the Act, allowing the Defendant two days less than the time limited for appearance, to pay the debt and costs.

No. 4.—(Vide Section 36.)

WRIT WHERE THE DEFENDANT NOT BEING A BRITISH SUBJECT BESIDES OUT OF UPPER CANADA.

Upper Canada, VICTORIA, &c.
County of To C. D., late of
County of

in the

(SEAL.)

We command you that within days (insert a sufficient number according to the directions of the Act) after notice of this Writ is served on you, inclusive of the day of such service, you do cause an appearance to be entered for you in our Court of in an action at the suit of A. B.; and take notice that in default of your so doing, the said A. B. may, by leave of the Court or a Judge, proceed thereon to Judgment and execution.

1852. Schedule A No. 3.

Memorandum to be subscribed on the Writ.

The same as on form No. 3.

Indorsement also as on form No. 3.

And in the margin.

Issued from the Office of, &c., (as in foregoing cases.)

Notice of the foregoing Writ.

To C. D., late of (the City of Hamilton, in Upper Canada,) or (now residing at Buffalo, in the State of New York.)

Take notice that A. B., of , in the County of , Upper Canada, has commenced an action at law against you, C. D., in Her Majesty's Court of that Court, dated the day of ,

A. D. one thousand eight hundred and are required within days after the receipt of this notice, inclusive of the day of such receipt, to defend the said action, by causing an appearance to be entered for you in the Office of the (Clerk or Deputy Clerk) for the County of to the said action, and in default of your so doing, the said A. B. may, by leave of the Court or a Judge, proceed thereon to Judgment and execution.

(Signed,)

A. B., the Plaintiff in person.

or

E. F., Plaintiff's Attorney.

No. 5.—(Vide Section 41.)

SPECIAL INDORSEMENT.

(After the Indorsement required by the twenty-sixth Section of the Act, this special Indorsement may be inserted.)

1852. Schedule A No. 4. The following are the particulars of the Plaintiff's claim:

January 10.—Five barrels of Flour, at 20s..... £ 5 0

1851

July October	2.—Money lent to 1.—A Horse sold	the Defendantto Defendant	30 25	0	
		Paid	£60 7	_	
		Balance due	£52	10	

To Bread, (or Butcher's Meat,) supplied between the 1st January, 1851, and the 1st January, 1852.... £40 0

Balance due £27 10

(If any account has been delivered, it may be referred to with its date, or the Plaintiff may give such a description of his claim as on a particular of demand, so as to prevent the necessity of an application for further particulars.)

£100, principal and interest, due on a bond, dated the day of , conditioned for the payment of £200 and interest.

£100, principal and interest, due on a covenant contained in a deed dated the day of , to pay £500 and interest.

12 10

£100, on a Bill of Exchange for that amount, dated the 2nd February, 1851, accepted (or drawn or indorsed) by the Defendant, with interest and Notarial charges.

£100, on a Promissory Note for that amount, dated the 2nd February, 1851, made (or indorsed) by the Defendant, with interest and Notarial charges.

£100, on a Guarantee, dated the 2nd February, 1851, whereby the Defendant guaranteed the due payment by E. F., of goods supplied (or to be supplied) to him.

(In all cases where interest is lawfully recoverable, and is not above expressed, add "the Plaintiff claims interest on £ from the day of until Judgment.")

N. B.—Take notice, that if a Defendant served with this Writ within Upper Canada, do not appear according to the exigency thereof, the Plaintiff will be at liberty to sign final Judgment for any sum not exceeding the sum above claimed (with interest) and the sum of for costs, and issue execution at the expiration of eight days from the last day for appearance.

No. 6 .- (Vide Section 42.)

WRIT OF CAPIAS IN AN ACTION ALREADY COMMENCED.

Upper Canada, VICTORIA, &c.
County of To the Sheriff of, &c.

(SEAL.)

We command you, that you take C. D., if he shall be found in your (County or United Counties), and him safely keep, until he shall have given you bail in the action (on promises or of debt, &c.), which A. B. has commenced against him, and which action is now pending, or until the said C. D. shall, by other lawful means, be discharged from your custody. And we do further command you, that on execution hereof, you do deliver a copy to the said C. D., and that immediately after execution hereof, you do return this writ to our Court of

together with the manner in which you shall have executed the same and the day of the execution hereof; and if the same shall remain unexecuted and shall not be renewed according to law, then that you do so return the same at the expiration of six calendar months from the date hereof, or of the last renewal hereof, or somer if you shall be required thereto by order of the said Court or a Judge. And We do hereby require the said C. D., that within ten days after execution

hereof

hereof on him, inclusive of the day of such execution, he cause special bail to be put in for him in our said Court, according to the warning hereunder written or indorsed hereon, and that in default of his so doing, proceedings may be had and taken as are mentioned in the warning in that behalf.

Witness, &c.

In the margin.

Issued from the office of the (Clerk or Deputy Clerk), of the Crown and Pleas, in the County of

(Signed,)

J. H., (Clerk or Deputy Clerk).

Memorandum to be subscribed on the Writ.

N. B.—This writ is to be executed within six calendar months from the date hereof, or if renewed, then from the date of such renewal, including the day of such date, and not afterwards.

Warning to the Defendant.

- 1. This suit which was commenced by the service of a Writ of Summons, will be continued and carried on in like manner as if the Defendant had not been arrested on this Writ of Capias.
- 2. If the Defendant having given bail to the Sheriff on the arrest on this writ, shall omit to put in special bail for his surrender to the Sheriff of the County from which the Writ of Capias issued, and to file the bail piece in the office of the Clerk or Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Pleas for the County of , the Plaintiff may proceed against the Sheriff or on the bail bond.

Indorsements to be made on the Writ before the execution thereof.

- 1. This writ was issued by E. F. of, &c., (As in form No. 1).
- 2. Bail for £ by affidavit or by Judge's order, (as the case may be).

Also the indorsement required by the twenty-sixth section of the Act.

Indorsement to be made on the Writ after the execution thereof

This Writ was executed by arresting C. D., (according to the facts,) on the day of . . 18.

No. 7.—(Vide Section 43.)

WRIT OF ATTACHMENT.

Upper Canada, VICTORIA, &c.
County of To the Sheriff of, &c.

(SEAL.)

We command you, that you attach, seize and safely keep all the real and personal property, credits and effects, together with all evidences of title or debts, books of account, vouchers and papers belonging thereto, of C. D., to secure and satisfy A. B., a certain debt (or demand) of £ (the sum sworn to) with his costs of suit, and to satisfy the debt and demand of such other creditors of the said C. D. as shall duly place their Writs of Attachment in your hands or otherwise lawfully notify you of their claim, and duly prosecute the same. And we also command the said C. D., that within time named in the Judge's order or rule of Court,) days after the service of this Writ on him, inclusive of the day of such service, he do cause special bail to be entered for him in our Court of , in an action to recover £ (the sum sworn to) at the suit of the said A. B.: And we require the said C. D. to take notice, that his real and personal property, credits and effects in Upper Canada have been attached at the suit of the said A. B., and that in default of his putting in special bail as aforesaid, the said A. B. may, by leave of the Court or a Judge, proceed therein to Judgment and execution, and may sell the property so attached: And we command you, the said Sheriff, that as soon as you have executed this Writ you return the same with the inventory and appraisement of what you have attached thereunder.

Witness, &c.

In the margin.

Issued from the Office of, &c., (as in foregoing cases).

Memorandum to be subscribed on the Writ.

N. B.—This Writ is to be served within six calendar months from the date thereof, or if renewed, then from the date of such renewal, including the day of such date, and not afterwards.

Indorsement to be made on the Writ before service thereof.

This Writ may be served out of Upper Canada, and was issued by E. F., of , Attorney, &c. (as on a Writ of Summons.)

Cap. 43.

No. 7. (bis.)—(Vide Section 60.)

In the (Q. B. or C. P.)

On the

day of

, A. D. 18

(Day of signing Judgment.)

1852, *Schedule A* No. 5. Upper Canada, A. B., in his own person (or by his to wit: Attorney) sued out a Writ of Summons against
C. D., indorsed according to The Common Law Procedure Act, 1856, as follows:

(Here copy special Indorsement.)

F And the said C. D. has not appeared, therefore it is considered that the said A. B. recover against the said C. D., £ together with £ for costs of suit.

No. 8—(Vide Section 77.)

In the (Q. B. or C. P.)

1852. Schedule A No. 6. The day of

, in the year of our Lord, 18

County of to wit:

Whereas A. B. has sued C. D. and denies,

(Here state the question or questions of fact to be tried.)

And it has been ordered by the Honorable Mr. Justice according to The Common Law Procedure Act, 1856, that the said question shall be tried by a Jury, therefore let the same be tried accordingly.

No. 9.—(Vide Section 203.)

FORM OF A RULE OR SUMMONS WHERE A JUDGMENT CREDITOR
APPLIES FOR EXECUTION AGAINST A JUDGMENT DEBTOR.

(Formal parts as at present.)

1852. Schedule A No. 7. C. D., to show cause why A. B., (or as the case may be,) should not be at liberty to enter a suggestion on the roll in an action wherein the said A. B. was Plaintiff, and the said C. D. Defendant, and wherein the said A. B. obtained Judgment for £, against the said C. D., on the

day of , that it manifestly appears to the Count that the said A. B. is entitled to have execution of the said

Judgment,

Indgment, and to issue execution thereupon, and why the said C. D. should not pay to the said A. B. the costs of this application to be taxed.

Note.—The above may be modified so as to meet the case of an upplication by or against the representative of a party to the ludgment.

No. 10.—(Vide Section 204.)

FORM OF SUGGESTION THAT THE JUDGMENT CREDITOR IS EN-TITLED TO EXECUTION AGAINST THE JUDGMENT DEBTOR.

And now, on the day of it is suggested and manifestly appears to the Court, that the said A. B. (or E. F., as executor of the last Will and Testament of the said A. B., deceased, or as the case may be,) is entitled to have execution of the Judgment aforesaid, against the said C. D., (or against G. H., as executor of the last Will and Testament of the said C. D., or as the case may be,) therefore it is considered by the Court, that the said A. B., (or E. F., as such executor as aforesaid, or as the case may be,) ought to have execution of the said Judgment against the said C. D., (or against G. H., as such executor as aforesaid, or as the case may be.)

1852. Schedule A

No. 11.—(Vide Section 205.)

FORM OF WRIT OF REVIVOR.

VICTORIA, &c.,

To C. D., of

GREETING:

We command you, that within ten days after the service of his Writ upon you, inclusive of the day of such service, you ppear in our Court of , to shew cause why A. B., or E. F., as executor of the last Will and Testament of the mid A. B., deceased, or as the case may be,) should not have execution against you, (if against a representative, here insert, is executor of the last Will and Testament of , deceased, or as the case may be,) of a Judgment whereby the said h. B., or as the case may be, recovered against you, (or as the case may be,) £ and take notice that in default of your oing so, the said A. B., (or as the case may be,) may proceed be execution.

Witness, &c.,

1852, Schedule A No. 9.

No. 12.—(Vide Section 221.)

EJECTMENT.

1852. *Bchrdule A* No. 13. VICTORIA, &c.,
To X., Y. and Z., and all persons entitled to defend the possession of (describe the property with reasonable certainty,) in the Township of , in the County of , to the possession whereof A. B., and C, some or one of them claim to be (or to have been on and since the day of , A. D.,) entitled, and to eject all other persons therefrom. These are to will and command you or such of you as deny the alleged title, within sixteen days of the service hereof, to appear in our Court of , to defend the said property or such part thereof as you may be advised, in default whereof Judgment may be signed, and you turned out of possession.

Witness, &c.,

No. 13.—(Vide Section 231.)

JUDGMENT IN EJECTMENT IN CASE OF NON-APPEARANCE

In the Q. B., (or C. P.)

The

day of

. 18

(date of the Writ.)

1852. **S**cheiule A No. 14. County f On the day and year above written, a Writ of to wit: Sour Lady the Queen issued out of this Court in these words, that is to say:

VICTORIA, &c., (copy the Writ,) and as no appearance has been entered or defence made to the said Writ, therefore it is considered that the said (insert the names of the persons in whom title is alleged in the Writ,) do recover possession of the land in the said Writ mentioned, with the appurtenances.

No. 14.—(Vide Sections 231, 232.)

In the Q. B., (or C. P.)

On the

day of

. 18

, (date of the Writ.

VICTORIA, &c., (copy the Writ,) and C. D. has on the day of , appeared by , his Attorney (4)

in person,) to the said Writ, and has defended for a part of the land in the Writ mentioned, that is to say, (state the part,) and no appearance has been entered or defence made to the said Writ, except as to the said part; therefore, it is considered that the said A. B., (the Claimant,) do recover possession of the land in the said Writ mentioned, except the said part, with the appurtenances, and that he have execution thereof forthwith; and as to the rest, let a Jury come, &c.

No. 15.—(Vide Section 232.)

In the Q. B., (or C. P.)

On the day of , 18 , (date of the Writ.)

) On the day and year above written, a Writ of County of our Lady the Queen issued out of this Court, in these words, that is to say:

No. 16.

VICTORIA, &c., (Copy the Writ,) and C. D. has on the , appeared by , his Attorney, (or in person,) to the said Writ, and defended for the whole of the land therein mentioned; therefore, let a Jury come, &c.

No. 16.—(Vide Section 234.)

Afterwards on the day of , A. D., Justice of our Lady the Queen, assigned to take the assizes in and for the within County, come the parties within mentioned, and a Jury of the said County being sworn to try the matters in question between the said parties, upon their oath, say: that A. B. (the Claimant,) within mentioned, on was and still day of A. D., is entitled to the possession of the land within mentioned, as in the Writ alleged; therefore, &c.

1852. Schedule A No. 17.

No. 17.—(Vide Section 254.)

In the Q. B., (or C. P.)

On the

day of

, 18 , (date of the Writ.)

County of) On the day and year above written, a Writ of to wit: our Lady the Queen issued out of this Court in these words, that is to say:

1859 Schedule A

VICTORIA, &c., (Copy the Writ,) and C. D. has on the day of , his Attorney, (or in , appeared by person,)

person,) to the said Writ, and A. B. has discontinued the action; therefore, it is considered that the said C. D. be acquitted, and that he recover against the said A. B., £ for his costs of defence.

No. 18.—(Vide Section 256.)

In the Q. B., (or C. P.)

On the

day of

, 18 , (date of Writ.)

1842. Schedule A No. 19. County of to wit: On the day and year above written, a Writ of to wit: Court, in these words, that is to say:

VICTORIA, &c., (copy of the Writ,) and C. D. has on the day of , appeared by , his Attorney, (or in person,) to the said Writ, and A. B., has failed to proceed to trial, although duly required so to do; therefore, it is considered that the said C. D. be acquitted, and that he do recover against the said A. B. £ for his costs of defence.

No. 19.—(Vide Section 257.)

In the Q. B., (or C. P.)

The

day of

, 18 , (date of the Writ.)

1852. Schedule A No. 20. County On the day and year above written, a Writ of to wit: Sour Lady the Queen issued out of this Court in these words, that is to say:

VICTORIA, &c., (copy the Writ,) and C. D. has on the day of , appeared by , his Attorney, (or in person,) to the said Writ, and the said C. D. has confessed the said action (or has confessed the said action as to part of the said land, that is to say: (state the part); therefore, it is considered that the said A. B. do recover possession of the land in the said Writ mentioned, (or of the said part of the said land,) with the appurtenances, and £, for costs.

No. 20.—(Vide Section 266.)

In the Q. B., (or C. P.)

The

day of

, 18 , (date of Writ.)

County of On the day and year above written, a Writ to wit: of our Lady the Queen issued out of this Court, with a notice thereunder written, the tenor of which Writ and notice follows in these words, that is to say:

1852. Schedule A No. 21.

(Copy the Writ and notice, which latter may be as follows:)

"Take notice that you will be required, if ordered by the "Court or a Judge, to give bail by yourself and two sufficient "sureties, conditioned to pay the costs and damages which "shall be recovered in the action."

And C. D. has appeared by , his Attorney, (or in person,) to the said Writ, and has been ordered to give bail pursuant to the Statute, and has failed so to do; therefore, it is considered that the said (landlord's name,) do recover possession of the land in the said Writ mentioned, with the appurtenances, together with £, for costs of suit.

SCHEDULE B.

FORMS OF PLEADINGS (Vide Section 140.)

ON CONTRACTS.

1. Money payable by the Defendant to the Plaintiff for (these words "money payable," &c., should precede money counts like 1 to 11, but need only be inserted in the first) goods bargained and sold by the Plaintiff to the Defendant.

1852. Schedule B No. 1.

- 2. Work done and materials provided by the Plaintiff for the No. 2. Defendant at his request.
 - 3. Money lent by the Plaintiff to the Defendant.

No. 2.

- 4. Money paid by the Plaintiff for the Defendant at his re- No. 4. quest.
- 5. Money received by the Defendant for the use of the No. 5. Plaintiff.
- 6. Money found to be due from the Defendant to the Plaintiff No. 6. on accounts stated between them.
- 7. A messuage and lands sold and conveyed by the Plaintiff No. 7, to the Defendant.

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Common Law Procedure, U. C.

- 8. The Defendant's use by the Plaintiff's permission of mes-No. 9. suage and lands of the Plaintiff.
- 9. The hire of (as the case may be) by the Plaintiff let to hire No. 12. to the Defendant.
- 10. Freight for the conveyance of the Plaintiff for the Defen-No. 13. dant at his request of goods in (ships, &c.)
- No. 14. 11. The demurrage of a (ship) of the Plaintiff kept on demurrage by the Defendant.
- 12. That the Defendant on the day of A. D. No. 15. by his Promissory Note now overdue, promised to pay to the Plaintiff £ (two) months after date, but did not pay the same.
- Mo. 16. 13. That one A, on, &c., (date) by his Promissory Note now overdue, promised to pay to the Defendant or order £ months after date, and the Desendant indorsed the same to the Plaintiff, and the said Note was duly presented for payment and was dishonored, whereof the Defendant had due notice, but did not pay the same.
- 14. That the Plaintiff on, &c., (date) by his Bill of Exchange No. 17. now overdue, directed to the Defendant, required the Defendant to pay to the Plaintiff £ (two) months after date, and the Defendant accepted the said Bill, but did not pay the same.
- 15. That the Defendant on, &c., (date), by his Bill of Ex-Ko. 18. change to A, required A to pay to the Plaintiff £ (two) months after date, and the said Bill was duly presented for acceptance and was dishonored, of which the Defendant had due notice, but did not pay the same.
- No. 19. 16. That the Plaintiff and Defendant agreed to marry one another, and a reasonable time for such marriage has elapsed, and the Plaintiff has always been ready and willing to marry the Defendant, yet the Defendant has neglected and refused to marry the Plaintiff.
- 17. That the Defendant by warranting a horse to be then No. 20. sound and quiet to ride, sold the said horse to the Plaintiff, yet the said horse was not then sound and quiet to ride.
- 18. That the Plaintiff and Defendant agreed by charter party, No. 22. that the Plaintiff's schooner called the Toronto, should with all convenient speed sail to Hamilton, and that the Defendant should there load her with a full cargo of flour and other lawful merchandize, which she should carry to Kingston and there deliver, on payment of freight per barrel, and that the Defendant should be allowed four days for loading and four days for

- for discharging, and four days for demurrage, if required, at £ per day; and that the Plaintiff did all things necessary on his part to entitle him to have the agreed cargo loaded on board the said schooner at *Humilton*, and that the time for so loading has elapsed, yet the Defendant made default in loading the agreed cargo.
- 19. That the Plaintiff let the Defendant a house, being (de-No. 23. signate it) for years to hold from the day of A. D. at £ a year, payable quarterly, of which rent quarters are due and unpaid.

20. That the Plaintiff by deed let to the Defendant a house, No. 24. (designate it) to hold for seven years from the day of

(designate it) to hold for seven years from the day of A. D. and the Defendant by the said deed covenanted with the Plaintiff, well and substantially to repair the said house during the said terms (according to the covenant,) yet the said house was during the said term out of good and substantial repair.

FOR WRONGS INDEPENDENT OF CONTRACT.

- 21. That the Defendant broke and entered certain land of No. 25. the Plaintiff called lot No. &c., and depastured the same with cattle.
- 22. That the Defendant assaulted and beat the Plaintiff, gave No. 26. him into custody to a Constable, and caused him to be imprisoned in the Common Gaol.
- 23. That the Defendant debauched and carnally knew the No. 27. Plaintiff's wife.
- 24. That the Defendant converted to his own use (or wrongly No. 28. deprived the Plaintiff of the use and possession of) the Plaintiff's goods, that is to say—(mentioning what articles, as for instance, household furniture.)
- 25. That the Defendant detained from the Plaintiff his title No. 29. deeds of land called lot No. &c. in &c. that is to say, (describe the deeds.)
- 26. That the Plaintiff was possessed of a mill, and by reason No. 30. thereof was entitled to the flow of a stream for working the same, and the Defendant, by cutting the bank of the said stream, diverted the water thereof away from the said mill.
- 27. That the Defendant having no reasonable or probable cause for believing that the Plaintiff was immediately about to leave Upper Canada with intent and design to defraud the Defendant, maliciously caused the Plaintiff to be arrested and held to bail for £

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- No. 32.

 28. That the Defendant falsely and maliciously spoke and published of the Plaintiff the words following, that is to say, "He is a thief" (if there be any special damage, here state it, with such reasonable particularity as to give notice to the Defendant of the peculiar injury complained of, as for instance, whereby the Plaintiff lost his situation as shopman in the employ of N.)
- No. 33.

 29. That the Defendant falsely and maliciously published of the Plaintiff in a newspaper called the words following, that is to say: "He is a regular prover under bankruptcies," the Defendant meaning thereby that the Plaintiff had proved, and was in the habit of proving, fictitions debts against the estates of bankrupts, with the knowledge that such debts were fictitious.

COMMENCEMENT OF PLEA.

- No. 34. 30. The Defendant by his Attorney (or in person) says (here state the substance of the Plea.)
- No. 35. 31. And for a second Plea the Defendant says (here state the second Plea.)

 Plea in Actions on Contracts.
- No. 36. S2. That he never was indebted as alleged. (N. B.—This plea is applicable to other declarations like those numbered 1 to 11.)
- No. 37. 33. That he did not promise as alleged. (This plea is applicable to other declarations on simple contracts not on bills or notes, such as those numbered 16 to 19. It would be objectionable to use "did not warrant," "did not agree," or any other appropriate denial.)
- No. 38. 34. That the alleged deed is not his deed.
- No. 39. 35. That the alleged cause of action did not accrue within years (state the period of limitation applicable to the case) before the suit.
- No. 40. 36. That before action he satisfied and discharged the Plaintiff's claim by payment.
- No. 41.

 37. That the Plaintiff, at the commencement of this suit, was, and still is, indebted to the Defendant in an amount equal to (or greater than) the Plaintiff's claim for (state the cause of set off us in a declaration, see form ante,) which amount the Defendant is willing to set off against the Plaintiff's claim, (or, and the Defendant claims to recover a balance from the Plaintiff.)

38. That after the claim accrued, and before this suit, the No. 42. Plaintiff, by deed, released the Defendant therefrom.

PLEAS IN ACTIONS FOR WRONGS INDEPENDENT OF CONTRACT.

39. That he is not guilty.

- No. 43.
- 40. That he did what is complained of by the Plaintiff's No. 44. leave.
- 41. That the Plaintiff first assaulted the Defendant, who No. 45. thereupon necessarily committed the alleged assault in his own defence.
- 42. That the Defendant, at the time of the alleged trespass, No. 46. was possessed of land, the occupiers whereof, for twenty years before this suit, enjoyed, as of right and without interruption, a way on foot and with cattle from a public highway over the said land of the Plaintiff to the said land of the Defendant, and from the said land of the Defendant over the said land of the Plaintiff, to the said public highway, at all times of the year, for the more convenient occupation of the said land of the Defendant, and that the alleged trespass was the use by the Defendant of the said way.

REPLICATIONS.

- 43. The Plaintiff takes issue upon the Defendant's first, No. 48. second, &c., pleas.
- 44. The Plaintiff as to the second Plea, says: (here state No. 49. the answer to the plea, or in the following forms.)
 - 45. That the alleged release is not the Plaintiff's deed. No. 50.
- 46. That the alleged release was procured by the fraud of No. 51. the Defendant.
- 47. That the alleged set off did not accrue within six years No. 52. before this suit.
- 48. That the Plaintiff was possessed of land whereon the No. 53. Defendant was trespassing and doing damage, whereupon the Plaintiff requested the Defendant to leave the said land, which the Defendant refused to do, and thereupon the Plaintiff gently laid his hands upon the Defendant in order to secure him, doing no more than was necessary for that purpose, which is the alleged first assault by the Plaintiff.
- 49. That the occupiers of the said land did not for twenty No. 54. Years before this suit, enjoy, as of right and without interruption, the alleged way.

New

NEW ASSIGNMENT.

•No. 55.

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50. The Plaintiff as to the and pleas, says, that he sues not for the trespasses therein admitted, but for trespasses committed by the Defendant in excess of the alleged rights, and also in other parts of the said land, and on other occasions and for other purposes than those referred to in the said pleas.

If the Plaintiff replies and new assigns, the new assignment may be as follows:

No. 56.

51. And the Plaintiff as to the pleas, further says that he sues, not only for the trespasses in those pleas admitted, but also for, &c.

No. 57.

If the Plaintiff replies and new assigns to some of the pleas, and new assigns only to the other, the form may be as follows:

52. And the Plaintiff as to the pleas, further says that he sues, not for the trespasses in the pleas (the pleas not replied to) admitted, but for the trespasses in the pleas, (the pleas replied to) admitted, and also , for, &c.

CAP. XLIV.

An Act to amend the Militia Law.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

18 V. c. 77.

THEREAS it is expedient to amend the Act passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to regulate the Militia of this Province, and to repeal the Acts now in force for that purpose: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Number of Military Districts may be increased in either part of the Province.

I. Notwithstanding any thing in the Act cited in the Preamble to this Act, the Commander in Chief may from time to time, by any Militia General Order, alter the division of the Province into Military Districts, and may, if he shall see fit, increase the number of such Districts beyond the number of nine in either portion of the Province; and to the Military Districts to be so constituted all the provisions of the said Act shall apply, and a Colonel and proper Staff Officers may be appointed in each of them.

1856.

II. Notwithstanding any limitation in the said Act of the Unpaid Volunnumber of Volunteer Companies or Corps, or of the number of teer Corps men therein, the Commander in Chief may accept the services may be formed. of any greater number of Volunteers and may form them into Companies or Corps, provided that no greater number of Volunteer Companies, Corps or men than that limited by the said Act, shall receive pay or allowances, except on actual service, in time of war or insurrection: And the Volunteer Companies Unpaid Volunand Corps receiving pay shall be known as Class A, and those teers may bereceiving no pay as Class B; and whenever the number of come raid Companies or Corps or men in Class A shall fall short of that vacancies limited by the said Act, the deficiency may be supplied by occur. removing the proper number from Class B into Class A; Pro-Provise: other vided always, that in all respects, except as to pay and allow-provisions of ances, the provisions of the said Act shall apply in like manner 18 V. c. 77, to to the Volunteer Companies, Corps and men in both Classes. apply to them.

III. The Commander in Chief may, by any Militia General Governor may Order, dispense with the Annual General Muster of the Seden-dispense with tary Militia in either Section of the Province, either in any annual muster, particular year or until further order, and may in like manner require it. again direct such muster to be held, if he shall see fit, and any such order shall have the force of law according to the terms thereof.

IV. The Commander in Chief may appoint to all Militia Surgeons, &c., Regiments, Companies or Corps, the proper number of Surgeons, may be ap-Assistant Surgeons and Veterinary Surgeons.

pointed to

V. In amendment of the sixth section of the said Act, Be it Provision if enacted and declared, That in case the Muster Day for the the muster Sedentary Militia, as fixed by Law, shall happen to fall on a Sunday. Sunday, the day following such Sunday shall be deemed to be the day of Muster in Lower as well as in Upper Canada.

VI. And in explanation of the forty-fifth Section of the said Oath of Alle-Act, it is declared and enacted, that it is not and shall not be giance not renecessary that any person should take the oath of allegiance in tish born Suborder to qualify him to be an Officer in the Militia, unless he be jecta. by birth an Alien.

VII. And to avoid doubts under the forty-sixth Section of the Section 46 of said Act, It is declared and enacted, That the said Section the said Act applies to and includes the Battalions embodied in the years declared to one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, one thousand talions emboeight hundred and thirty-eight, one thousand eight hundred and died in 1837, forty-six and one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, in 1838, 1846
the Cities of Ourshan and Montreal and that the said heart? the Cities of Quebec and Montreal, and that the said battalions are still lawfully embodied, and Commissions in them are valid under the said forty-sixth Section: and the said Battalions are subject to all the provisions of the said Act as Sedentary Militia, and may be called out as such by the Commander in Chief under the said Act.

CAP. XLV.

An Act for transferring to one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State the powers and estates and property therein described, now vested in the Principal Officers of Her Majesty's Ordnance, and for vesting other part of the Ordnance Estates and Property therein described in Her Majesty the Queen, for the benefit, use and purposes of this Province.

THEREAS by an Act passed in the seventh year of Her

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble. 7 V. c. 11.

In the Principal Officers of Her Majesty's Ordnance, the estates and property therein described, for granting certain powers to the said Officers, and for other purposes therein mentioned, various powers and authorities were given to or vested in and made exercisable by the Principal Officers of Her Majesty's Ordnance, and certain lands and other real property mentioned and described in the Schedule to the Act now in recital annexed, and divers lands and other real property by the said Act and by or under divers conveyances, surrenders, assignments and leases, or by some other means purchased, taken, used and occupied for the Military Defence of this Province before the time of the passing of this Act, were vested in the said Principal Officers; And whereas Her Majesty has thought fit to revoke the Letters Patent of some of the said Principal

Revocation of appointment of Principal Officers.

Her Majesty's intention as to Ordnance Lands.

as follows:

said Principal Officers; And whereas Her Majesty has thought fit to revoke the Letters Patent of some of the said Principal Officers, and by other Letters Patent to transfer to one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the administration of the Department the duties of which were previously executed by the said Principal Officers of Her Majesty's Ordnance; And whereas the Ordnance Lands within this Province consist at the time of the passing of this Act, of the several lands, estates and property comprised in the two Schedules to this Act annexed; And whereas Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to signify Her Majesty's gracious intention that the several powers and authorities and such of the several lands and other real property comprised in the said in part recited Act, as are comprised in the first Schedule to this Act annexed, and all title, estate and interest therein respectively, should be transferred from the said Principal Officers, and vested in one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that all such of the lands and other real property comprised in the said in part recited Act, as are comprised in the second Schedule 10 this Act annexed, and all title, estate and interest therein respectively, should be transferred from the said Principal Officers and become re-invested in the Crown, for the public uses of this Province, subject to the provisions hereinafter made:

Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts

I. All the powers, authorities, rights and privileges whatso- Powers, &c., ever, which by virtue of the said in part recited Act, or of any under 7 V c. other Act or Acts, or of any other law, custom or usage whatto Her M's. Sesoever, have been or were at any time vested in or exercised cretary of or exercisable by the Principal Officers of Her Majesty's State for the Ordnance, or any of them, shall from henceforth continue in war Departfull force, and shall be and the same are hereby declared to be transferred to and vested in and exercisable by Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, for the time being, to whom Her Majesty shall think fit to intrust the Seals of the War Department, and such last mentioned Principal Secretary of State shall be entitled to the same exemption from personal responsibility as the said Principal Officers were entitled to.

II. All lands and other real property comprised in the first Lands and Schedule to this Act annexed, and all other lands and other property in real property, except the lands and property in the second transferred to Schedule to this Act annexed, which by virtue of the said in the said Secrepart recited Act, or of any other Act or Acts, or of any convey- tary of State. ance, surrender, lease or other assurance, or of any law, custom or usage whatsoever, have been at any time before the passing of this Act, vested in the Principal Officers of the Ordnance on behalf of Her Majesty, or purchased, vested or taken by or in the name of or by any person or persons in trust for Her Majesty, for the use of the said Department, or for the defence and security of this Province, and which have not been sold or otherwise disposed of, shall from henceforth be and the same are hereby declared to be transferred to and vested in the last mentioned Principal Secretary of State for the time being, on behalf of. Her said Majesty, sub- Subject to ject nevertheless to all or any of the lease or leases, agreement leases, &c. or agreements for leases already entered into with or by the Principal Officers of Ordnance, or any person or persons authorized and empowered by the said Principal Officers to exercise the powers and authorities of the said in part recited Act of or in respect of any such lands or other real property; And To vest in the when and so often as the said last mentioned Principal Secretary Successors in of State, and any succeeding Principal Secretary of State to office of such whom Her Majesty shall have intrusted the Seals of the War Department, shall cease to hold such office, the said several lands and other real property, and all lands and other real property which hereafter shall be purchased or otherwise acquired. by any such last mentioned Principal Secretary of State for the time being, on behalf of Her said Majesty, shall, by virtue of this Act, be absolutely divested out of such Secretary of State so ceasing to hold such office as aforesaid, and shall, by virtue of this Act, be transferred to and vested in his Successor in the said Office, immediately upon his receiving the Seals of the said Department, absolutely; and the said lands and other real pro- To be held by perty hereby vested and hereafter to be vested in the said last him or any Surcessor in mentioned Principal Secretary of State and his Successors, office as a shall, as to such of them as were or shall have been purchased Corporation

sole, and for as the Principal Officer had in them.

or are or shall be held for an estate of inheritance in fee simple. be same estate be so vested in such last mentioned Principal Secretary of State and his Successors, in the same manner as if the fee simple thereof had been originally conveyed to such Principal Secretary of State, as a Corporation sole, and his Successors, and as to all lands and other real property purchased or held for any less estate than an estate of inheritance in fee simple, as if the same lands, hereditaments and property had been originally conveyed, surrendered, demised or otherwise assured to such Principal Secretary of State, as a Corporation sole, and his Successors, for all the existing estates or interests therein respectively, and so from time to time.

Contracts,&c, to continue with the said Secretary in place of the Principal Officars.

III. All contracts, covenants and agreements heretofore made or entered into by any person or persons whomsoever with the said Principal Officers of the Ordnance, or any person or persons on their behalf, as to or concerning any lands or other real property vested in or agreed to be purchased by the said Principal Officers, or in any wise relating to the Public Service of the Ordnance, shall be deemed and taken to have been made or entered into with such Principal Secretary of State as last aforesaid, and shall be executed and enforced by him in like manner as if he had originally been party thereto instead of the And so of any said Principal Officers of Ordnance; and all proceedings what soever which have been or might or may have been commenced, taken or done in the names of the said Principal Officers, on behalf of Her Majesty, shall and may hereafter be commenced, continued, taken and done in the name of such Principal Secretary of State as aforesaid, in like manner (in the case of proceedings already commenced, taken or done) as if he had originally been party thereto instead of the said Principal Officers of the Ordnance.

proceedings commenced.

Powers to Corporations, &c., under s of State.

IV. All powers by the tenth section of the said in part recited Act given to Bodies Politic or Corporate, Ecclesiastical or Civil, Feoffees or Trustees for charitable or other public purposes, 10 of 7 V. c. 11. Tenants for Life, and Tenants in Tail or in Substitution, Hustobe exercised in favor of the bands, Guardians, Trustees, Committees, Curators, Tutors of said Secretary Attorneys, respectively therein mentioned, to contract and agree for the absolute sale or exchange of any such or other real property, or for the sale, grant or release of any estate, right, title or interest therein, or for the reversion thereof after any estate for life or years or other contingent interest, or for any term of years therein, and to convey, surrender, demise or grant the same accordingly, shall continue in full force, and hereafter may or shall be exercised or exercisable and be acted under or take effect in favor or at the instance of the said Principal Secretary of State for the time being, on behalf of Her said Majesty and for the Public Service, in the same manner and as effectually as the said powers are in and by such in part recited Act given or created or made exercisable in favor or at the instance of the said Principal Officers for the time being, an behalf

behalf of Her said Majesty or for the Public Service; and all Other provienactments, directions and provisions in the said in part recited sions of the Act of the seventh year of the Reign of Her Majesty con-said Act to enure in favor tained, shall, with respect to all lands and other real property, of the said which by this Act or at any time after the passing of this Secretary. Act shall be vested in such said Principal Secretary of State, continue in full force, and may or shall at all times hereafter be by the said Principal Secretary of State for the time being acted on and take effect, and shall enure or take effect in favor of and may be enforced by such said Principal Secretary of State and his Successors, on behalf of Her Majesty and for the Public Service.

V. In every Contract, Conveyance, Surrender, Lease or other How the said Assurance of any lands or other real property, with, unto or by Secretary may the said Principal Secretary of State for the time being, and in be described in deeds relatively. every other Deed or Instrument relating to any lands, heredita- ing to such ments, estates or property, or in any wise to the Public Service, property and to which the said Principal Secretary of State for the time rights, &c. being shall be or shall be intended to be a party, it shall be sufficient to call or describe him by the style or title of "Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the War Department," without naming him; and every such Contract, Conveyance, How such Surrender, Lease, Assurance, Deed or Instrument may be deeds, &c., executed by such Principal Secretary of State, or by any other may be executed. of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, for the time being, by signing his name thereto, and if the Instrument so executed be in the form of a Deed by setting or affixing a Seal thereto and delivering the same as his Deed; and whenever any Contract, Conveyance, Surrender, Lease, Assurance, Deed or instrument shall be executed by any other Principal Secretary of State, the Principal Secretary of State so executing the same, shall, for that time and on that occasion and for the purposes thereof, be deemed to be Principal Secretary of State for the War Department.

VI. Immediately on and from the passing of this Act, all Lands, &c., and every the lands and other real property in this Province in Schedule 2, comprised in the second Schedule to this Act annexed, being a wested in Her Majesty for portion of the messuages, lands, tenements, estates and here- the public uses ditaments comprised within the provisions and meaning of the the Province. said in part recited Act of the seventh year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, which, prior to the passing of this Act, were by the said recited Act or otherwise, vested in the said Principal Officers of Her Majesty's Ordnance, and their Successors in the said Office, and which have been used or occupied for the service of the Ordnance Department, or for Military defence, by whatever mode of Conveyance the same shall have been so purchased or taken either in fee or for any life or lives, or for any term or terms of years, or any other or lesser interest, and all erections and buildings which now are or which shall or may hereafter be erected and built thereon, together

dealt

with the rights, members, easements and appurtenances to the same respectively belonging, shall, by virtue of this Act, be and be come and remain and continue absolutely vested in Her Majesty the Queen, for the benefit, use and purposes of this Province, according to the respective nature and quality of the said lands and other real property, and shall be subject to the provisions of the Act passed by the Legislature of this Province, in the sixteenth year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled, To be subject An Act to amend the Law for the Sale and Settlement of the Public Lands, and any further provisions which the Legislature of this Province may from time to time enact in respect thereof, and shall be held, used, conveyed and dealt with accordingly; but subject nevertheless to all Sales, Agreements, Lease or Leases,

to the provi-sions of 16 V. a. 159.

And to those of any lease, &c., by Prin-cipal Officers.

Agreement or Agreements for Lease, already entered into, withor by the Principal Officers of Ordnance, or any person or persons authorized or empowered by the said Principal Officers to exercise the powers and authorities of the said in part recited Act of the seventh year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, of or in respect of any such lands and other real property.

Act 7 V. c. 11. lands, &c., transferred to the Province.

VII. Provided always, and be it further enacted, That nothing not to apply to herein contained shall be taken to affect the rights of any parties claiming any of the lands, buildings or other property referred to in the next preceding section and in the said second schedule; and that all actions now pending against the said Principal Officers in relation thereto may be proceeded with to final judgment in the name of the said Principal Officers, and as if the appointment of the said Principal Officers had not been revoked by Her Majesty: and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty's Attorney General to appear in any such case on behalf of the Crown, and the Crown and all other persons whatsoever shall be bound by the final judgment of the Court in which such suit may have been commenced.

Recital.

VIII. And whereas in the last Session of the Provincial Parliament an Act was passed, intituled, An Act relating to the Ordnance Lands and Naval and Military Reserves in this Province, and for other purposes, wherein it is among other things provided, that the Lands and Reserves therein mentioned and referred to, shall, if transferred to the Provincial Government, be divided into three classes denominated A, B and C, respectively: Be it therefore enacted, That for and notwithstanding any thing in the said Act contained, all the lands, buildings and other property included in the first schedule to this Act annexed shall be deemed to be included in class A of the said Act; and that class B of the said Act shall be deemed to consist of such buildings or portions of the lands or other property in second schedule to this Act, as may from time to time be placed in class B by authority of the Governor in Council; and the remainder of the lands, buildings and other property enumerated in the second schedule to this Act shall form class C under

the said recited Act; and the two classes B and C shall be

Classes A, B & C. what to consist of.

dealt with as is provided with regard to them respectively, in the said recited Act.

IX. With respect to all lands and other real property com- Recited Act prised in the second Schedule to this Act annexed, which by this repealed. Act shall be vested in Her Majesty the Queen for the benefit, use and purposes of this Province, the said recited Act of the seventh year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, and every clause, matter and thing therein contained, shall, from and immediately after the passing of this Act, be repealed, and the same is and are hereby repealed accordingly.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

REFERED to in this Act, being the Schedule of Military Lands in Canada, to be vested in one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State.

1856.

The Citadel of Quebec, Fortifications, Glacies, Barracks, Lands with the appurtenances thereunto in any manner belonging, and the Barracks called the Jesuit Barracks, and the several Public Offices occupied for the various Military purposes, and all other Military properties at that station.

The Barracks, Public Offices Lands heretofore held or purchased by the Ordnance for the erection of Barracks or for the defence of the Province, together with the Island of Saint Helens in the River Saint Lawrence, as heretofore held by the Principal Officers of the Ordnance, for various Military purposes, with the exception of a parcel of land at Longueuil which has been purchased for the purpose of a tete de pont, which is to be retained until an adequate quantity of land is substituted by the Province in lieu thereof, in the vicinity of the projected Bridge across the Saint Lawrence; and also with the exception of the Old Barracks at Montreal, which are to be retained until Barracks shall have been constructed for the accommodation of one thousand men, on a site to be approved by the Military Authorities.

MONTREA

All the Military Works on the east and west of the Harbour and the lands connected with them not named in the Second Schedule.

Fort Mississagua with its Glacies and other appurtenances.

The Barracks, Government Cottage and land required for defence.

THE

SECON D

THE SECOND SCHEDULE

REFERRED to in this Act, being the Schedule of Military Properties in Canada proposed to be transferred to the Provincial Government.

SITUATION.	Approx Quantity			Description of Buildings or Military Works.
Temiscouata	A. 11 3 45,220	R. 2 2	10	Stockaded Barrack. Barrack and Fuel Yard. Seigneurie, Domain and others,
Montreal		· · ·	•	purtenances. Oid Barracks.—Parcel of Land it tête de pont at Longueuil.— soon as the conditions set fort in the first Schedule shall have
La Prairie	4:2	1	' 8	been complied with. Barracks for Cavalry, Artillery
St. Johns	176 295 157	i		Infantry. Infantry Barracks and Old Fort. Fort Lennox and Reserve. Old Fort, Barracks for Cava'n Artillery and Infantry, with Barracks. Mactorics bouses for
Chateauguay	5 9 15 1 74 180	·:	12 23 39 32 4	Master's house, &c. Blockhouse. Wood Yard, Common and Canal Storehouse and Wharf. Fort. Fuel Yard. Fort Wellington. Blockhouse. Lot 23 or Herchmer Farm. Gore between lots 23 and 24.
Kingston	11 15 6 4 3 44 110	1	31 8 16 8 5	Parts of lot 24. Lots 19, 21 and 22, Place d'Anne Lots 23, 24 and 25 do. do. Late Commandant's Quarter, an lots 286, 382 and 413. Old Tannery. Ferguson property. Horse Shoe Island.
Cape Vesey, P. Edward County Green Point, Bay of Quinte	1 100 1260 100	•••		Snake Island. Kingston Mills Reserve, &c. Reserve. Do.
Foronto	. 502	2	1	Old Fort, New Barracks. Hospital Bathurst St. Barracks. Commissariat Quarters, Stores.
Hamilton	178 200 444	 		Cuard house and Victoria Square Reserve Burlington Heights. Lots 5 and 6 Con. Pelham. Reserve, Barracks and Hospital.
Queenston	130		1	All, except Fort Mississagua- Reserve.—All, except that sold the Purchasers of the Hamilton
Lyons Creek	3	1 3		Estate. Reserve. Barrack and Store.

SECOND SCHEDULE—Continued.

SITUATION. Navy Island	Approximate Quantity of Land.			Description of Buildings or Military Works.
	Α.	R.	P.	Reserve.
Fort Erie.	1000			Do.—Except that located by en- rolled Pensioners.
Port Maitland	426			Reserve.
Turkey Point	592			Do.
London	74			Artillery and Infantry Barracks.
Chatham	11	3	8	Infantry Barrack.
Rond Eau	500		١	Reserve.
Amherstburg	523			Fort, Block and Picket Houses.— Except as located by enrolled Pensioners.
Fighting Island	1,200			Reserve.
Windsor.	1,200		•	Infantry Barrack.
Port Edward Sarnia		••	···	Reserve.—Except land sold to Con- tractors for the Grand Trunk Railway.
Owen Sound	51			Reserve.
Nottewasaga Bay	66			Do.
Penetanguishene	5393	2		Reserve and Barracks.—Except that located by enrolled Pen- sioners and under license of occupation to Major Ingall.
St. Joseph	450			Reserve.
St. Mary's Island	170			Do.
Rideau and Ottawa Canals	,			City of Ottawa, Barracks, Block- houses and Adjuncts of the Canals.

CAP. XLVI.

An Act to amend the Act for the qualification of Justices of the Peace.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

[7 HEREAS Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in this Preamble. Province, who are now required to possess a property qualification, suffer inconvenience in consequence of being obliged to renew the oath of qualification on the occasion of the issuing of a new Commission of the Peace for the Territorial Divisions of this Province for which such Justices may have qualified themselves to act: For remedy thereof, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. For and notwithstanding any thing contained in the Act Notwithstandsixth Victoria, chapter three, and intituled, An Act for the qua- ing 6 V. c. 3, lification of Justices of the Peace, it shall not be necessary in New Oath of the case of any Commission of the Peace to be issued after the not to be re-

19 VICT.

J. P. holds the same property.

quired on new passing of this Act, for any such Justice named therein who may Commission if have theretofore qualified himself as provided by the third section of the said Act, to take any oath of qualification before acting under such new Commission, unless such Justice shall, since he took such oath of qualification, have parted with the estate in right of which he may have qualified and deposited a certificate thereof in the office of the Clerk of the Peace.

Act to apply to past cases, except in case of judgment, suit, &c.

II. Except in cases where a suit may have been commenced. or judgment shall have been recovered, the provisions of this Act shall be taken to apply to the case of any Justice of the Peace named in any Commission heretofore issued, who may have once qualified himself under the said recited Act, and shall have continued to possess the same estate upon which he may have so qualified.

CAP. XLVII.

An Act to amend the Act to provide for the better organization of Agricultural Societies in Lower Canada, and for other purposes connected with Agriculture in Upper and Lower Canada.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

16 V. c. 18.

THEREAS it was provided by the Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to provide for the better organization of Agricultural Societies in Lower Canada, that from and after a day therein mentioned, a County Agricultural Society should be organized in each of the then existing Counties of Lower Canada, upon the conditions and in the manner therein prescribed; And whereas by the Parliamentary Representation Act of 1853, and the Parliamentary Representation Amendment Act of 1855, Lower Canada has been divided into new and additional Counties or territorial divisions, and it is therefore necessary to extend the provisions of the first mentioned Act to such new Counties or territorial divsions: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

The said Act extended to new Counties under the Representation Acts in L. C.

I. All and every the provisions of the said first mentioned Act are hereby extended to each of the new Counties mentioned and referred to in the said Parliamentary Representation Acts. in like manner and to the same effect as if they had existed as separate and distinct Counties at the time of the passing of the said first mentioned Act.

Each County to have one Society.

II. It shall be lawful for each of the present electoral Counties to organize one Agricultural Society only, which shall bear the name of the County in which it may be established, excepting however the Counties of Gaspé. Bona enture, Bonaventure, Vaudreuil, Nicolet and Drummond, which may Exceptions. establish or continue to have two Agricultural Societies within their respective limits.

III. The Societies at present existing in the Counties of Societies in Vaudreuil, Bonaventure, Gaspé and Nicolet, shall retain their certain Counpresent limits, and shall be continued under their present ties in L. C. organization; the County of Drummond shall be divided so as In County of to form two Societies, the operations of the second to extend Drummond. over the Townships of Kingsey, Simpson, Durham, and the first five lots of the four first ranges, and the two first lots of all the other ranges of the Township of Wickham.

IV. And whereas it is necessary to make some provision for A limited sum the encouragement of Horticulture in Lower Canada; therefore, may be apit shall be lawful for the Board of Agriculture in Lower couraging Canada, out of the amount to which the said Counties and Horticultural other electoral divisions claiming the same may be respectively Societies in entitled from the public finds to place at the diagonal of any L. C. entitled from the public funds, to place at the disposal of any Horticultural Society which may be formed in any County, or in any City or Town within the body or ordinary limits of such County, though not within its electoral limits, a sum equal to that which may be subscribed for that purpose by the inhabitants of such County, City or Town, and not exceeding thirty-seven pounds ten shillings, to be applied towards defraying the expenses incurred by such Horticultural Societies in promoting the main object of their institution.

V. And in order to equalize as nearly as may be, the amount Allowance to to be paid out of the public funds to the Agricultural Societies any County in of Upper and Lower Canada respectively, the sum to be paid exceed £200. to each County in Lower Canada, for the several Societies established or to be established therein, shall not exceed two hundred pounds; and until some Legislative enactment shall Equivalent have been passed adapting the existing Agricultural Acts of allowance for Upper Canada, to the number of electoral divisions therein, a sum equivalent to any excess which may be paid to Lower Canada over Upper Canada, under this Act, shall be reserved for the several Agricultural Societies of Upper Canada, the said amount to be placed at the disposal of the Board of Agriculture for Upper Canada, and paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Board of Agriculture.

VI. In any County in which two Societies shall at present Provision exist, or may hereafter be established, such Societies shall be where there equally entitled to receive the annual grant, not exceeding one are two Socie-hundred pounds, in the same manner as County Societies; in County. case only one Society shall be in operation in any of the said Counties during any year, such Society shall not be deprived of the right of subscribing the sum requisite to entitle them to the whole grant allotted to the County in which such Society shall be established; in case any one of the Societies in any

of the said Counties shall not have subscribed the amount sufficient to entitle it to receive the whole of its share of the grant, the other Society upon subscribing the necessary amount, shall be entitled to obtain the balance of the said grant.

Societies orcease on 1st January 1857. except those in section 3. Proviso.

VII. Societies organized before the passing of this Act, ganized before excepting those specially referred to in the third Section of this Act, to this Act, shall cease to exist, and shall provide for the final this Act, shall cease to exist, and shall provide for the final settlement of their affairs, between the day of the passing of this Act and the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall have the effect of preventing the new Societies to be established in virtue of this Act, from being so far organized during the interval, as to enable them to go into full operation upon the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven.

Provision as regards the present year 1856.

New Societies.

in virtue of this Act, previously to the first day of August next and which shall have subscribed the necessary amount, shall be entitled to the grant provided for by this Act, and any new County which contains the majority of the subscribers to any Agricultural Society, shall also be entitled to receive a similar grant, without proceeding to any new election of officers for the current year, and the officers previously elected, and residing in the said new County, shall continue to manage the affairs Proviso: as to of the Society until the first day of January next; Provided always, that all debts now due by any former Agricultural Society, shall be paid by that Society within the limits of which the exhibitor who may have obtained the prize may reside.

VIII. Every new Agricultural Society which shall be organized

debts of former Societies.

Existing subscriptions,to what Socieapply.

Proviso.

IX. All sums of money subscribed or paid by any subscriber towards the funds of any Agricultural Society now formed, ties they shall shall be held to have been subscribed and paid for the benefit of any Society to be formed under this Act, comprehending within its limits the residence or landed estate of such subscriber, and shall be applicable and paid by the Treasurer of the old Society to the Treasurer of the new Society; Provided always, that such new Society shall be formed and go into operation on or before the first day of August next.

Act 16 V. c. Horticultural Bocieties .except, &c.

X. The several provisions, conditions and restrictions of the 18, to apply to said first mentioned Act respecting the formation of Agricultural Societies, are hereby made applicable to the formation of Horticultural Societies, except in so far as relates to the authority to form more than one Agricultural Society in each County, and except also in so far as the same may be altered by this Act.

As to parishes, &c., annexed

XI. In every case in which a Parish or Township or part or parts thereof heretofore comprised within the limits of a County

entitled

entitled to form one or more Agricultural Societies, has or have to Towns for been attached for representation purposes to any Town in Representa-Lower Canada, and together with it forms an Electoral Division, such Electoral Division shall be deemed a County within the intent and meaning of this Act, and all the provisions thereof and of former Acts in force relating to agriculture in Lower Canada, shall apply to such Electoral Division; provided that Proviso. it shall not be entitled to more than one half of the amount of the public grant for a County.

CAP. XLVIII.

An Act for enabling all the Chartered Banks in this Province to enjoy a certain privilege therein mentioned.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

HEREAS it is desirable that all Chartered Banks in this Preamble. Province should enjoy the privilege hereinaster mentioned: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I It shall be lawful for any Bank or Banking Institution carry- Bank may ing on business as such in this Province, either under a Royal retain per Charter, or in virtue of an Act of Incorporation passed by the centage in Legislature of this Province, or of either of the late Provinces of discount in Lower or Upper Canada, in discounting any note, bill, or other certain cases, negotiable security or paper, bond fide payable at a place within of agency and this Province, different from that at which it is discounted, to exchange receive and retain, in addition to the discount, an amount not exceeding one half per centum on the amount of such note, bill or other negotiable security or paper, to defray the expenses of agency and exchange attending the collection of such bill, note or other security or paper.

CAP. XLIX.

An Act for the suppression of Lotteries.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

HEREAS it is desirable that the practice of selling lands, Preamble. goods and chattels by lot or chance be prohibited by law, and any such sales declared void: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. If any person shall after the passing of this Act, make, Penalty for print, advertise or publish, or cause or procure to be made, making or publishing printed, advertised or published, any proposal, scheme, or plan, Lottery

schemes of any kind.

for advancing, lending, giving, selling, or in any way disposing of any property, either real or personal, by lots, cards, tickets, or any mode of chance whatever, or shall sell, barter, exchange, or otherwise dispose of, or cause or procure, or aid or assist, the sale, barter, exchange, or other disposal of, or offer for sale, barter or exchange, any lot, card, ticket, or other means or device, for advancing, lending, giving, selling, or otherwise disposing of any property, real or personal, by lots, tickets, or any mode of chance whatever, such person shall, upon conviction thereof, before any Mayor, Alderman, or other Justice of the Peace, upon the oath of any one or more credible witnesses, or upon confession thereof, forfeit and lose the sum of Five Pounds How enforced by distress and sale of the offender's goods, by warrant under

and applied.

for each and every such offence, together with costs, to be levied the hand and seal of any such Mayor, Alderman, or other Justice of the Peace, of the city, town, county or place where such offence shall be committed, which said forfeiture shall be applied half to the informer, and the other half shall be paid to the Treasurer or Chamberlain of the Municipality in which such offence shall be committed, and shall form part of the funds thereof.

Penalty tor buying or receiving Lottery tickets, &c.

II. Any person buying, bartering, exchanging, taking or receiving any such lot, card, ticket, or other device as in the first section of this Act mentioned, shall, upon conviction thereof, in like manner as therein mentioned, forfeit and lose the sum of Five Pounds, for each offence, to be recovered and applied as aforesaid.

Sales, gifts, &c., founded on Lotteries to be void.

III. Any sale, loan, gift, barter or exchange of any real or personal property, by any lottery, ticket, card, or other mode of chance whatever, depending upon, or to be determined by chance or lot, shall be void to all intents and purposes whatsoever, and all such real or personal property so sold, lent, given, bartered or exchanged, shall be forfeited to such person as shall sue for the same by action, bill or information in any Proviso: as to Court of Record in this Province; Provided always, that no such forfeiture shall affect any right or title to such real or personal property acquired by any bona fide purchaser for valuable consideration without notice.

purchasers withont notice.

Committal for non-payment of penalties.

IV. If any person so convicted by any Mayor, Alderman, or other Justice as aforesaid, shall not have sufficient goods and chattels whereon to levy the penalties authorized by this Act. or shall not immediately pay the said penalties, or give security for the same, such Mayor, Alderman, or other Justice, convicting such person, shall commit such person to the common Gaol of the County or District in which such offence was committed, for a period not exceeding three calendar months, or until such fine and costs are paid.

V. The provisions of this Act shall extend to the printing or Act to extend publishing, or causing to be printed or published, of any advertopublishing, or causing to be printed or published, of any advertopublished, of an to the sale, or offer for sale, of any ticket, chance, or share, in any such lottery, or to the advertisement for sale of such ticket, chance, or share.

VI. The term "personal property" in this Act shall include Interpretation every description of money, chattel and valuable security, and clause. every kind of personal property whatever; and the term "real property" shall include every description of land, and all estates and interests therein.

VII. Any person convicted under this Act, shall have the Appeal from . same right of appeal from the judgment of the convicting conviction under this Act.

Justice, as in other cases of summary convictions, where an appeal is allowed by law.

VIII. Nothing in this Act contained shall prevent joint Act not to extenants, or tenants in common, or persons having joint interests, tend to boná droits indivis, in any real or personal property, from dividing property held such property by lot or chance in the same manner as if this in common. Act had not been passed.

IX. This Act shall commence and take effect on the first day Act to commence 1st of January next. January, 1857.

CAP. L.

An Act to encourage Shipbuilding within this Province.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

WHEREAS doubts have arisen as to the security of par-Preamble. ties advancing money on Ships in the progress of conties advancing money on Ships in the progress of construction within this Province; And whereas the removal of the same would encourage the trade: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. So soon as the keel of a vessel shall be laid within this Vessel may be Province, the owner thereof may mortgage, hypothecate and hypothecated grant a privilege or lien on the said vessel to any person or keel is laid. persons contracting to advance money or goods for the completion thereof, and such mortgage, hypothecation and privilege shall apply and attach not only on and to that portion constructed at the time of the granting of the same, but also to and on the said vessel during her construction and afterwards, until the same shall be removed by payment or by the contracting parties; Provided always, that it shall not be lawful for such owner to Ploviso: only grant more than one such mortgage, hypothecation and privi- one such hylege, and all subsequent grants without the express consent of valid. the first advancer or advancers shall be void.

Or the property of the vessel may be assigned.

Effect of assignment.

II. It shall also be lawful for the said contracting parties to agree that such vessel whose keel shall be so laid as aforesaid, shall be the property of such party or parties advancing thereon as aforesaid, so that such advancer may obtain the register of the vessel and sell the same and grant a good and clear title therefor; and such agreement shall ipso facto transfer and vest, for the purposes aforesaid, and for the security of the said advances, not only the property of such portion of the vessel as shall be then constructed, but of the said vessel up to and after completion, and the said advancer shall give and grant the builder's certificate for the said vessel; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall take away the right of the owner to his action of account, or such other remedy as the law affords him against the advancer.

Proviso: Owner's action of account saved.

First advancer

Proviso.

Proviso.

III. It shall be lawful for the first advancer in like manner to may grant hypothec, &c. mortgage, hypothecate and grant a privilege or lien, and to grant delivery as aforesaid, to any subsequent advancer, and so by one advancer to another; Provided always, that in such case the formalities required by this Act shall be followed, and not otherwise; And provided also, that the owner shall have his legal recourse against the first and subsequent advancer or advancers for an account jointly and severally.

Register to be granted to party producing the proper contract, &c.

IV. It shall be the duty of the proper officer to grant the register of such vessel to the advancer or his duly authorized agent producing an authentic copy of such contract, or the original when not passed before a Notary, with the certificate of registration endorsed thereon of the Registrar of the County or place where such vessel shall have been built; and in the event of more than one advancer, then to the advancer last in date duly registered as aforesaid; and such first or subsequent advancer, as the case may be, is hereby authorized and empowered to make and grant the builder's certificate; Provided always, that if the owner produce a certificate that no such contract has been registered, he shall receive the register and grant the builder's certificate.

Proviso: if no contract be registered.

Contracts must be registered, and where.

V. Every contract to be made under this Act, must be passed under this Act in due form before a Notary Public or in duplicate before two witnesses, and the said contract or a memorial thereof must be registered in the Registry Office of the County or place where the said vessel shall be so built; and such contract and the rights thereon shall only avail and accrue from the date of such registration; and unless such contract be so made and registered as aforesaid, this Act shall in no way enure to the benefit of the contracting parties, or any of them.

Form of Memorial for Registration, and proof thereof.

VI. Every memorial to be registered as aforesaid shall be in writing under the hand of the advancer and attested by two witnesses, and shall contain a description of the vessel, with the designation of the ship-yard or place where she has been or is being built, the amount in money or goods to be advanced, with

1856.

the names and additions and residences of the contracting parties and of the witnesses, and the date of the contract, and where the same had been passed before a Notary, the name of the said Notary, and shall be presented and delivered to the Registrar or his Deputy at the office where the same is to be registered, and the same shall be acknowledged by the advancer or advancers by whom the same shall have been executed, or one of them, or shall be proved by one of the witnesses to the execution thereof, on oath before the said Registrar or his deputy, who is hereby empowered to administer the said oath; and together with every such memorial there shall be produced to the said Registrar or his Deputy the contract in writing of which such memorial is to be registered, or a Notarial copy thereof if the original be executed in Notarial Form and within the custody of a Notary, or such office copy as may have validity; and Effect of certhe said Registrar or his Deputy shall endorse and sign the tificate of reusual certificate of the registration thereof, and such certificate gistration. shall be taken as evidence of such Registry in all Courts of Law; Provided always, that any memorial to be registered as aforesaid which may be made at any place within this Pro- Proviso: as to vince not within the County wherein the keel of the said ves- Memorials not sel may lie, shall be entered and registered on the production the County and delivery to the Registrar of such County, or his Deputy, of where the an affidavit sworn before any one of the Judges of the Court of keel is laid. King's Bench or Queen's Bench, or of the Superior Court, or of the Common Pleas, by which the execution of such memorial shall be proved by one of the witnesses of the same or by the said advancer or advancers, or one of them; and any memorial to be registered which may be made or executed in Great Britain or Ireland, or in any of the Colonies or possessions belonging to the Crown of the United Kingdom, shall be entered and registered upon the production and delivery to the Registrar or his Deputy of an affidavit sworn before the Mayor or Chief Magistrate of any City, Borough or Town corporate in Great Britain or Ireland, or the Chief Justice or Judge of any Supreme Court of any such Colony or possession, by which the execution of such memorial shall be proved by the advancer or by any one of the witnesses to the same; and Registrars shall Fees for regischarge the same fees for such registration and certificates of tration, &c. search or other documents as in other cases; and shall keep a separate book therefor.

VII. This Act shall not deprive any party of any legal right, Act not to action, lien, privilege or hypothec, which by law he had at the deprive any time of making any such contract, nor up to the time of regis- lien, &c., the tration as aforesaid, nor deprive any person of his right to have may have at an account where by law he is entitled thereto.

CAP. LI.

An Act to amend the Act for incorporating Library Associations and Mechanics' Institutes.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

19 Vier.

Preamble.

14 & 15 Y. c. 86,

HEREAS it is expedient to amend the second section of the Act passed in the session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act for the incorporation and hetter management of Library Associations and Mechanics' Institutes, so as to enable such institutions in certain towns and villages to hold property to a larger amount than the sum therein limited: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Amount of real property in towns, &c., of more than 3,000 inhabitants.

And in these having a smaller population.

I. From and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for any Library Association or Mechanics' Institute incorporated under the said Act, and situate in any village or town having three thousand inhabitants or more, to hold real property not exceeding in annual value the sum of five hundred pounds; and for any Library Association or Mechanics' Institute incorporated under the said Act, and situate in any town or city not having more than three thousand inhabitants, to hold real property not exceeding in annual value the sum of two hundred and fifty pounds; any thing in the said section to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. LII.

An Act to extend the provisions of the Act to facilitate actions against persons associated for commercial purposes, and against unincorporated Companies.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

12 V. c. 45.

THEREAS it is expedient to extend to certain Associations and Companies hereinafter described the provisions of the Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to facilitate actions against persons associated for commercial purposes, and against unincorporated Companies: Therefore, Her-Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Act extended formed for certain purposes.

I. All and every the provisions of the Act referred to in the to partnerships preamble of this Act, shall extend and be held and construed to extend to all persons associated in partnership for manufacturing purposes, or for mechanical purposes, or for purposes of construction of roads, dams, bridges or other buildings, or for purposes of colonization, or settlement or of land traffic.

II. The word "Partnership" in the said Act, and in this Act, Interpretation shall include any unincorporated Society, Company or Asso-clause. ciation for any one or more of the above purposes; and the word "action" in the said Act, shall include any proceeding at Law to which any such Partnership shall be a party.

III. This Act shall apply to Lower Canada only.

To apply only

CAP. LIII.

The Seigniorial Amendment Act of 1856.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Seigniorial Act of Preamble. 1854, and the Seigniorial Amendment Act of 1855, in order to facilitate the operation of the same: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Whenever the rule prescribed by the second sub-section of The ten year the sixth section of the Seigniorial Act of 1854, for determining average rule to be dispensed the yearly value of any casual rights cannot be applied in any with in cases Seigniory, the Commissioner shall himself adopt some other to which it is equitable mode of estimating such yearly value.

II. The seventh sub-section of the sixth section of the said Sub-section 7 Seigniorial Act of 1854, is hereby repealed.

of section 6 repealed.

III. In estimating the casual rights of the Crown in the Casual rights several Seigniories in Lower Canada, the Commissioners shall of the Grown, establish the average yearly revenue of the Crown arising timated. from these rights throughout Lower Canada, and such average yearly revenue shall be taken as representing the interest at six per cent. of a capital sum to be apportioned among all the Seigniories liable to the payment of Quint, in proportion to their value; the amount apportioned to each Seigniory shall represent the rights of the Crown therein, and shall be deducted from the amount to be paid by the Censitaires for the redemption of the casual rights of the Seignior.

IV. From and after the passing of this Act, all the provisions All provisions relative to the appointment of Experts, contained in the tenth for the appointment of Section of the Seigniorial Act of 1854, or in any other Section pointment of Experts reof the said Act, shall be repealed; and in all Seigniories in pealed. which there shall have been requisitions for or appointments of Experts, the Commissioners shall act in every respect as though there had been no such requisition for or appointment of Experts.

V. All the words after the words "following the said notice," Section 11 of in the first paragraph of the eleventh section of the said Seignioral Seigniorial

Act of 1854. amended. Where the examination.

Seigniorial Act of 1854, (including both the sub-sections,) are repealed, and in lieu thereof the following are substituted, "in "some convenient place in the Seigniory, in charge of some Schedule shall "fit and proper person, and the name of such person and the "place of deposit shall be indicated in such notice; and any "person interested in the Schedule may point out in writing, "addressed to the Commissioner and left with the person in "charge of the Schedule, any error or omission therein, and Commissioner "require that the same be corrected or supplied; and at the "expiration of the said thirty days it shall be the duty of the "Commissioner to be present at the place indicated in such "Notice, and to examine into and decide upon the objections

to decide on objections.

Sub-section 4 of section 12

to apply only to Commis-

sioner com-

pleting the

Schedule.

VI. The fourth sub-section of the twelfth section of the said Seigniorial Act of 1854, shall apply only to the Commissioner who shall have finally completed the Schedule in question, and not to the Commissioner or Commissioners who shall have taken any of the proceedings preliminary to the completion of the Schedule.

" made in writing as aforesaid."

Sub-sections 5 & 6 of section 12 repealed.

VII. The fifth and sixth sub-sections of the twelfth section of the said Seigniorial Act of 1854, are hereby repealed.

Period for demand of revision of Schedule limited.

VIII. No revision of any Schedule shall be allowed, unless application be made for the same within fifteen days after the Commissioner shall have given his decision, as provided for by the eleventh section of the Seigniorial Act of 1854, as amended by this Act; and every such application shall be made by a petition presented on behalf of the party interested, to the Revising Commissioners or any one of them, specifying the objections made to such Schedule.

Proceedings is demanded.

Upon the receipt of any such petition, it shall be the duty where revision of the Revising Commissioners, after having given eight days notice to the parties interested, in the manner prescribed by the seventh section of the said Seigniorial Act of 1854, to proceed to revise the Schedule therein mentioned, and for that purpose, to hear, try and determine the matters alleged in the said petition. The proceedings upon such revision shall be kept of record, and if the Commissioners find any error, they shall correct the same.

Where the Revising Commissioners shall sit.

IX. The Commissioners selected to form a Court for the revision of the Schedules, shall sit at Montreal for the Seigniories in the Districts of Montreal and Ottawa; at Three-Rivers for those in the District of Three-Rivers; at Quebec for those in the District of Quebec; at Kamouraska for those in the District of Kamouraska; and at New Carlisle for those in the District of Gaspé; but any petition for the revision of a Schedule may be presented to the Revising Commissioners, or any one of them, in any District. Х.

X. And inasmuch as the following Fiefs and Seigniories, Special provinamely: Perthuis, Hubert, Mille Vaches, Mingan and the Island sion as to cerof Anticosti, are not settled, the tenure under which the tain unsettled Seigniories. said Seigniories are now held by the present proprietors of the same respectively, shall be and is hereby changed into the tenure of franc aleu roturier: The difference in value between each of the said Seigniories as heretofore held and the same Seigniory when held in franc aleu roturier, and also the value of the casual and other rights of the Crown in the said Seigniories, shall be ascertained and entered in the Schedule of the Seigniory, and the amount of the whole shall, upon the filing of the said Schedule, become due and payable by the Seignior to the Crown, and shall form part of the fund appropriated in aid of the Censitaires; And whenever the Governor in Council Governor in shall have been satisfied that any other Fief or Seigniory is wholly Council may unconceded, it shall be lawful for the Governor to issue a Prosection to Seignore clamation declaring that such Fief or Seigniory shall thence-niories proved forth be subject to the operation of this Section of the present to be unset-Act: and from and after the date of the publication of any such Proclamation in the Canada Gazette, the tenure under which the Fief or Seigniory or Fiefs and Seigniories therein mentioned are now held, shall be changed into the tenure of franc aleu roturier; and in making the Schedules thereof, the Commissioners shall deal with such Fiefs or Seigniories in every respect as if they had been specially mentioned in this Section.

XI. And whereas the third section of the Seigniorial Special pro-Amendment Act of 1855 does not apply to Seigniories held visions as to Crown in Lower Canada, whether such Seigniories form niories. part of the Domain of the Crown, or are so held under any title or from any other cause, and it is expedient to grant to the Censitaires in the said Seigniories advantages similar to those granted to the Censitaires in other Seigniories by the said Section; Therefore, it is enacted, That—

1. No Lods et Ventes shall be demanded from purchasers in No lods et the said Seigniories held by the Crown, upon purchases made ventes on sales since the thirtieth day of May, one thousand eight hundred May, 1855. and fifty-five;

2. The Crown Agents for the said Seigniories shall, in the Crown Agents collection of the revenue of the Crown therefrom, and in regard to be guided of all other rights of the Crown as Seignior of such Seigniories, of Seigniorial take notice of and be guided by the answers and decisions Court. of the Special Court under the Seigniorial Act of 1854, upon the questions of Her Majesty's Attorney General for Lower Canada, except in so far as such rights may have been reduced or modified by any order or orders of the Governor in Council:

3. All unconceded lands and waters in the said Seigniories Unconceded shall be held by the Crown in absolute property, and may be lands and

waters to be

absolute property of the Crown. Section 3 of Act of 1855. amended : approximate value of mutation fines to be paid in the mean time to the Seignior. instead of interest on his approximate share of the fund.

sold or otherwise disposed of accordingly, and when granted, shall be granted in franc aleu roturier.

- XII. And in amendment of the third section of the said Seigniorial Amendment Act of 1855, it is enacted, That the Commissioners or any one or more of them, shall forthwith make a separate statement for each Seigniory, shewing, as nearly as can then be ascertained, and subject to correction thereafter:
 - 1. The average yearly revenue from lods et ventes,-
 - 2. The average yearly revenue from quint,—
 - 3. The average yearly revenue from relief,—and
- 4. The average yearly revenue from other casual rights (if any) which, under the said section, ceased to be payable after the passing of the said Act;
- Such statement shall be made separately for each Seigniory, and so soon as the Commissioners are able to make it, and shall be sent to the Receiver General; and instead of the interest mentioned in the said amended third section, (which shall accumulate as part of the Provincial aid to the Censitaires,) the amount of such yearly revenue in each Seigniory as shewn by such statement, from the thirtieth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, (the day of the passing of the said Act.) up to the first day of January or July last past at the time the statement shall come to the Receiver General, shall be then paid by the Receiver General to the Seignior or Seignior dominant of such Seigniory; and thereafter one half of the average yearly revenue mentioned in each such statement respectively, shall be paid to the Seignior or Seignior dominant entitled to it, on the first day of January and the first day of July, until the Schedules are finally deposited; and the amount so paid to each Seignior shall be debited to him, as so much received by him on account of the portion of the Provincial appropriation for the relief of Censitaires payable to him and of the interest on such portion; but in computing the amount to be deducted on account of the said Provincial aid, from the value from the total value of the Seigniorial rights in any Seigniory as shewn by the Schedule thereof, in order to ascertain the upon the Censitaires, the amount remaining chargeable correct value of such casual rights (as finally ascertained by the Schedule) from the said thirtieth of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, to the publication of the notice of deposit of the Schedule (and not the approximate value first above mentioned) shall (as representing the average sum saved by the Censitaires during the same period, by the nonpayment of the said casual rights or any compensation therefor,) be deducted from the total amount of principal and interest

How the Provincial aid to be deducted of Seigniorial charges, shall be computed.

interest payable to the Seignior from the said Provincial Aid, and the remainder shall be the sum to be deducted from the total value of the Seigniorial Rights as shewn by the Schedule, in order to ascertain the amount payable by the Censitaires: Provided always, first, that the whole sum to be paid by the Proviso. Receiver General to any Seignior dominant, shall be also deducted from that which would be otherwise payable by the Censitaires of the Seignior servant; and secondly, that if the Provise. approximate sum paid to any Seignior dominant under this section by the Receiver General, shall be more or less than the true value of his rights for the time, the difference shall be deducted or added (as the case may require) from or to the sum to be paid by the Receiver General to such Seignior dominant, under the sixth sub-section of section six of the said Seigniorial Act of 1854.

XIII. In the event of any Seignior or Seignior dominant being Money owing indebted to the Crown in any sum of money for any right to the Crown arising from any Seigniory held by such Seignior or Seignior by a Seignior dominant, the Receiver General shall retain the amount so ed out of his due to the Crown from the amount payable to such Seignior or share. Seignior dominant under the provisions of this Act or of the Acts hereby amended; and the amount (if any) due to the Crown by each Seignior, shall be ascertained by the Commissioner making the Schedule of each Seigniory and certified by him to the Receiver General.

XIV. In any case in which, by reason of an equal division, Provision no judgment has been rendered by the Judges of the Court of where the Queen's Bench and Superior Court for Lower Canada, on any Judges have of the questions to them submitted by the Attorney General for divided in Lower Canada under the provisions of the sixteenth section of opinion. the said Seigniorial Act of 1854, the Commissioner making the Schedule shall, in any case to which such question refers, decide it in such manner as he shall think most equitable under the circumstances, saving the right of the Court for the revision of Schedules, to be appointed under the twelfth section of the said Seigniorial Act of 1854, to pronounce a final decision on such question or questions, and to amend such Schedule according to such decision, if need shall be.

XV. The Commissioner making the Schedule of any Sei-Commissiongniory shall have full power either by himself or by any person ers may in-authorized by him, to inspect the Repertory of any Notary, spect Reper-tories of Nowhenever he shall think such inspection desirable for ob-taries. taining information to ensure the greater correctness of the Schedule, such inspection being demanded and made at reasonable hours and on juridical days; and any Notary refusing to allow such inspection shall thereby incur a penalty of one hundred pounds; and for each such inspection the Notary shall be entitled to five shillings for each hour it shall continue; Provided that whenever any such inspection shall be demanded. by any Seignior, it shall be made at his expense.

to the abolition or commutation of feudal rights and duties in

Lower Canada,—the revenue and interest to arise from investments to be made out of the moneys to be received from the sale of any portion of the said Estates, or from the sale or redemption of any rente foncière or rente constituée, being part of the said Estates,—shall, with the unexpended and unclaimed vearly balances of the Common School Fund for Lower Canada. and the sum hereinafter directed to be paid yearly out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province, and with any sum to be taken for the purpose in any year out of the Common School Fund of Lower Canada, form a Fund, to be called the "Lower Canada Superior Education Income Fund;" and the said Fund shall be understood to be intended by the words

"the said Income Fund," whenever they occur in this Act.

Unexpended balance of Common School Fund for L. C. to form part of Income Fund.

Property be-longing 'to Jesuits' estates may be sold will increase the said Income Fund.

III. Whenever it shall appear to the Governor in Council that the said Income Fund may be increased by the sale and by the investment of the proceeds of the sale of any portion of the when the sale said Estates, or of any rente foncière or rente constituée then forming part of them, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to order such sale to be made, and to direct that the moneys realized by it be invested in provincial debentures or other securities, the annual interest or income whereof shall form part of the said Income Fund.

Yearly appropriation to-Fund.

Income Fund to £22,000 per annum.

IV. There shall be annually placed to the credit of the said Income Fund, the sum of five thousand pounds currency, out of wards Income the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province, which sum shall form part of the said Income Fund, and be appropriated accordingly; and if in any year the said Income Fund shall fall to be made up short of the sum of twenty-two thousand pounds, then such sum as may be necessary to make it equal to twenty-two thousand pounds, shall be taken from the Common School Fund of Lower Canada, and added to the said Income Fund for that year, as part thereof.

Apportionment of Income Fund among Su-perior Educational Institutions, by the Superintendent of Schools.

V. The said Income Fund, or such part thereof as the Governor in Council shall from time to time direct, shall be annually apportioned by the Superintendent of Schools for Lower Canada, in such manner, and to and amongst such Universities, Colleges, Seminaries, Academies, High or Superior Schools, Model Schools and Educational Institutions, other than the ordinary Elementary Schools, and in such sums or proportions to each of them, as the Governor in Council shall approve; and the grants or amounts so apportioned shall be paid by the Receiver General, on the warrant of the Governor, to the said Superintendent, who shall pay the same to the respective Educational Institutions entitled to them.

Balance of Inhow to be applied.

VI. If in any one year the whole of said Income Fund be not come (if any), apportioned, the balance not distributed shall remain for further distribution as is before provided, or shall, if the Governor shall so direct, be invested, and the income or the interest of the investment shall be added to the said Income Fund, and the principal shall form part of the said Investment Fund.

VII. Grants to be made under this Act out of the said Income Grants from: Fund shall be for the year only, and not permanent; and the Income Fund: Governor in Council may attach to such grants any conditions and may be which may be deemed advantageous for the furtherance of Su-conditional. perior Education.

VIII. No grant shall be made to any Educational Institution Certain Instinct actually in operation, nor to any Institution owning real tutions to have estate, whose liabilities shall exceed two thirds of the value of such real estate.

IX. Any Educational Institution desirous of obtaining a Application grant under this Act, shall make application to that effect to for aid out or the said Superintendent of Schools, before or during the month how made. of July in every year: and the Superintendent shall not recom- Report to acmend any grant to any Educational Institution whose applica- company aption shall not be accompanied by a Report, shewing, with plication; reference to such Institution:

contain.

1. The composition of the governing body;

2. The number and names of the Professors, Teachers or Lecturers:

3. The number of persons taught, distinguishing those under sixteen years and those above sixteen:

4. The general course of instruction, and the books used;

5. The annual cost of maintaining the Institution, and the sources from which the means are derived;

6. The value of the real estate of the Institution, if it holds

7. A statement of its liabilities;

8. The number of persons taught gratuitously, or taught and boarded gratuitously;

9. The number of books, globes and maps possessed by the Institution, and the value of any museum and philosophical apparatus belonging to it.

X. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, to direct Yearly aid out that out of the said Income Fund, a sum not exceeding five of Income hundred pounds currency, be yearly or during any number of and township. years set apart and appropriated as an aid towards the forma- Libraries. tion of Parish and Township Libraries, in localities in Lower Canada where adequate contributions may have been made by the School Municipalities or otherwise for the same purpose; such aid to be given in money or in books as the Governor in Council shall direct and upon such conditions as he shall think proper; and such Libraries shall be under such management, Management inspection and regulations as the Superintendent of Schools of Libraries. shall from time to time determine with the approval of the Governor in Council. XI.

Seigniorial possession to be sufficient for the purpose of the Schedule.

XVI. For the purpose of making the Schedule of any Seigniory, the boundaries thereof shall be deemed to be those actually possessed by the Seignior, although all or any part thereof may be in dispute.

Seigniors allowed to alienate unconceded lands.

XVII. And whereas the provision in the Seigniorial Act of 1854, prohibiting any Seignior from conceding or alienating the unconceded lands in his Seigniory until after the deposit of the Schedule thereof, retards settlement, it is therefore enacted, that from and after the passing of this Act, all unconceded lands in any Seigniory the tenure of which has not been theretofore commuted, shall be held by the Seignior en franc aleu roturier, and may be dealt with by him in like manner as lands held by other persons under the same tenure may be dealt with; except that if the Seigniory be entailed (substituée) or held by any party otherwise than as absolute owner thereof, then the price of such lands shall form the capital of a rente constituée, which capital shall not be paid except to some party holding the Seigniory as absolute owner thereof; but any party whose title would, before the passing of the Seigniorial Act of 1854, have authorized him to concede such unconceded lands, may after the passing of this Act, sell the same for such rente constituée as aforesaid, and not otherwise.

Proviso: when the Seigniory is substituted, &c.

Lands in Soccage or franceles not to be charged with irredeemable rents, or mutation fines, &c.

XVIII. No lands held in Free and Common Soccage or en franc aleu roturier, shall be charged with any perpetual irredeemable rent; and whenever any such rent shall be so stipulated, the capital thereof may be at any time redeemed at the option of the holder of the land charged therewith, on payment of the capital of such rent calculated at the legal rate of interest; and any stipulation in any deed of conveyance (translatif de propriété) of any such land, tending to charge the same with any mutation fine or any payment in labor, or tending to entail upon the holder of any such land, the duty of carrying his grain to any particular mill, or any other feudal duty, servitude or burthen whatsoever, shall be null and void.

Correction of an error in ss. 26 & 27 of the Act of 1854, as to notice of deposit of Schedule. XIX. And whereas the notice of the deposit of the Schedule of any Seigniory, which the provisions of thirteenth Section of the Seigniorial Act of 1854, should be given by the Commissioner who shall have made such Schedule, is erroneously referred to in the twenty-second and twenty-sixth Sections of the same Act, as a notice to be given by the Receiver General,—it is hereby declared and enacted, that the said twenty-second Section should, and the same shall henceforth be read and interpreted as if the words "by the Receiver General" in the second and third lines of the said twenty-second Section had never been inserted therein,—and that the said twenty-sixth Section should, and the same shall henceforth be read and interpreted as if the words "of the Receiver General" in the third line of the said twenty-sixth Section, and as if the words,

" in his hands" in the fourth line of the same Section, had never been inserted therein.

XX. This Act shall be called and known as "The Sei-Short title. gniorial Amendment Act of 1856."

CAP. LIV.

An Act to make better provision for promotion of superior Education and the establishment and support of Normal Schools in Lower Canada and for other purposes.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

HEREAS it is expedient to establish a permanent Fund Preamble. for the promotion of superior Education and the support of Normal Schools in Lower Canada, and to make other provision for the same purpose: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The Estates and Property of the late Order of Jesuits, Jesuits'estates whether in possession or reversion, including all sums funded appropriated or invested, or to be funded or invested, as forming part thereof, ment Fund for and the principal of all moneys which have arisen or shall arise Superior Edufrom the sale or commutation of any part of the said Estates or tion in Lower Property, are hereby appropriated to the purposes of this Act. Property, are hereby appropriated to the purposes of this Act, and shall form a Fund to be called the "Lower Canada Superior Education Investment Fund," and shall be under the control and management of the Governor in Council, for the purposes of this Act; and the said Fund shall be understood to be intended by the words "the said Investment Fund," whenever they occur in this Act.

II. The revenues and interest arising from the said Investment Revenues and Fund, that is to say:—The revenues and interest hereafter to interest to form an Inarise from the real property forming part of the Jesuits' Estates, come Fund or from moneys funded or invested as belonging to the said for the said Estates, or from any property, real or personal, reversible to the purposes. said Estates as part of them,—the revenue and interest of investments made or to be made, and of debentures held or to be held, on account of the said Estates,—the income and interest to arise from investments to be made out of the moneys received or to be received from commutations effected or to be effected in the Seigniories forming part of the said Estates, or out of the moneys to be received from the collection of any arrears of revenues, interest, and of debts now due, being part of the said Estates, and out of all moneys which, in lieu of any Seigniorial right to be abolished or commuted, will, as part of the said Estates, become due and payable under the Seigniorial Act of 1854, and the Seigniorial Amendment Act of 1855, or under any other Provincial Act enacted or to be enacted, in relation.

Unexpended balance of Common School Fund for L. C. to form part of Income Fund.

to the abolition or commutation of feudal rights and duties in Lower Canada.—the revenue and interest to arise from investments to be made out of the moneys to be received from the sale of any portion of the said Estates, or from the sale or redemption of any rente foncière or rente constituée, being part of the said Estates,—shall, with the unexpended and unclaimed yearly balances of the Common School Fund for Lower Canada, and the sum hereinafter directed to be paid yearly out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province, and with any sum to be taken for the purpose in any year out of the Common School Fund of Lower Canada, form a Fund, to be called the "Lower Canada Superior Education Income Fund;" and the said Fund shall be understood to be intended by the words "the said Income Fund," whenever they occur in this Act.

Property belonging to Jesuits' estates may be sold will increase the said Income Fund.

III. Whenever it shall appear to the Governor in Council that the said Income Fund may be increased by the sale and by the investment of the proceeds of the sale of any portion of the when the sale said Estates, or of any rente foncière or rente constituée then forming part of them, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to order such sale to be made, and to direct that the moneys realized by it be invested in provincial debentures or other securities, the annual interest or income whereof shall form part of the said Income Fund.

Yearly appropriation to-Fund.

Income Fund to £22,000 per annum.

IV. There shall be annually placed to the credit of the said Income Fund, the sum of five thousand pounds currency, out of wards Income the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province, which sum shall form part of the said Income Fund, and be appropriated accordingly; and if in any year the said Income Fund shall fall to be made up short of the sum of twenty-two thousand pounds, then such sum as may be necessary to make it equal to twenty-two thousand pounds, shall be taken from the Common School Fund of Lower Canada, and added to the said Income Fund for that year, as part thereof.

Apportionment of Income Fund among Su-perior Educational Institutions, by the Superintendent of Schools.

V. The said Income Fund, or such part thereof as the Governor in Council shall from time to time direct, shall be annually apportioned by the Superintendent of Schools for Lower Canada, in such manner, and to and amongst such Universities, Colleges, Seminaries, Academies, High or Superior Schools, Model Schools and Educational Institutions, other than the ordinary Elementary Schools, and in such sums or proportions to each of them, as the Governor in Council shall approve; and the grants or amounts so apportioned shall be paid by the Receiver General, on the warrant of the Governor, to the said Superintendent, who shall pay the same to the respective Educational Institutions entitled to them.

Balance of Inhow to be applied.

VI. If in any one year the whole of said Income Fund be not come (if any), apportioned, the balance not distributed shall remain for further distribution as is before provided, or shall, if the Governor shall

Cap. 54.

so direct, be invested, and the income or the interest of the investment shall be added to the said Income Fund, and the principal shall form part of the said Investment Fund.

VII. Grants to be made under this Act out of the said Income Grants from-Fund shall be for the year only, and not permanent; and the Income Fund:
Governor in Council may attach to such grants any conditions to be yearly, Governor in Council may attach to such grants any conditions and may be which may be deemed advantageous for the furtherance of Su-conditional. perior Education.

VIII. No grant shall be made to any Educational Institution Certain Instinot actually in operation, nor to any Institution owning real tutions to have estate, whose liabilities shall exceed two thirds of the value of such real estate.

IX. Any Educational Institution desirous of obtaining a Application grant under this Act, shall make application to that effect to for aid out or the said Superintendent of Schools, before or during the month how made. of July in every year : and the Superintendent shall not recommend any grant to any Educational Institution whose applica- company aption shall not be accompanied by a Report, shewing, with plication; reference to such Institution:

what it must

1. The composition of the governing body;

2. The number and names of the Professors, Teachers or

3. The number of persons taught, distinguishing those under sixteen years and those above sixteen;

4. The general course of instruction, and the books used;

5. The annual cost of maintaining the Institution, and the sources from which the means are derived;

6. The value of the real estate of the Institution, if it holds

7. A statement of its liabilities;

8. The number of persons taught gratuitously, or taught and boarded gratuitously;

9. The number of books, globes and maps possessed by the Institution, and the value of any museum and philosophical apparatus belonging to it.

X. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, to direct Yearly aid out that out of the said Income Fund, a sum not exceeding five of Income hundred pounds currency, be yearly or during any number of and township. years set apart and appropriated as an aid towards the forma- Libraries. tion of Parish and Township Libraries, in localities in Lower Canada where adequate contributions may have been made by the School Municipalities or otherwise for the same purpose; such aid to be given in money or in books as the Governor in Council shall direct and upon such conditions as he shall think proper; and such Libraries shall be under such management, Management inspection and regulations as the Superintendent of Schools of Libraries. shall from time to time determine with the approval of the Governor in Council.

XI. And inasmuch as it is necessary to make further provision

Recital.

Governor in Council to establish one or more Normal Schools in L. C.

Superintendent of Schools to have the control and to make regulations, with approval of Governor in Council.

And appoint

Reports to be made to him.

for the establishment and maintenance of one or more Normal Schools in Lower Canada: Be it enacted. That it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to adopt all needful measures for the establishment in Lower Canada of one or more Normal Schools, containing one or more Model Schools, for the instruction and training of Teachers of Common Schools in the science of Education and art of Teaching,-to select the location of such School or Schools, and to erect or procure and furnish the buildings requisite for the same; and the said Normal Schools shall be under the control of the Superintendent of Schools for Lower Canada, who, for their establishment and maintenance, shall from time to time make such arrangements as the Governor in Council shall direct; and shall, subject to the approval of the Governor in Council, cause to be made from time to time such rules and regulations as may be required for the management of such Normal Schools, and for prescribing the terms and conditions on which Students shall be received and instructed therein, the course of instruction to be gone through and the manner and form in which the Registers and books shall be kept, and certificates of attendance granted to Students; and shall likewise, subject to such approval, Teachers, &c. determine who shall be the Teachers and the persons to be employed therein, and the number and remuneration of such Teachers and persons to be so employed; and Reports shall be made from time to time by the Principals of such Normal Schools to the Superintendent of Schools, containing such particulars as he shall direct, whenever need shall be or he shall require such Reports.

Students in Normal Schools may obtain certificates as Teachers.

XII. On the presentation by any Student to the Superintendent of Schools, of a certificate under the hand and seal of the Principal of any such Normal School, that such Student has gone through a regular course of study therein, the said Superintendent may grant to such Student a certificate or diploma of qualification which shall be valid until revoked for some breach of good conduct or of good morals by such Student, and by virtue whereof, while it remain valid, such Student shall be eligible to be employed as Teacher in any Academy, Model School or Elementary School under the control of School Commissioners or Trustees of dissentient Schools.

Yearly allowance for expenses of Normal Schools.

And in aid of Teachers in training.

XIII. A sum not exceeding one thousand five hundred pounds shall be allowed yearly out of the Common School Fund for Lower Canada to defray the Salaries of officers and other contingent expenses of such Normal School or Normal Schools; and a sum not exceeding one thousand pounds shall be allowed yearly out of the said Income Fund, as an aid to facilitate the attendance of teachers in training at the Normal School or Normal Schools.

XIV. In case the two sums mentioned in the preceding section Further albe found insufficient, it shall be lawful for the Governor in lowance if Council to order that out of the said Income Fund a certain the last mentioned is insum be yearly set apart and appropriated for the support and sufficient. maintenance of the said Normal School or Normal Schools, which sum so set apart and appropriated yearly, shall not exceed in any one year the sum of two thousand five hundred pounds.

XV. And inasmuch as it is necessary to provide for the pur-Recital. chase of such site or sites, and for erecting or procuring and furnishing of such buildings, as may be requisite for the said Normal School or Normal Schools, it shall be lawful for the Normal School Governor in Council to order that out of the said Income Fund the Building Fund sum of two thousand pounds be for such purposes yearly set constituted. apart and appropriated to form a fund to be called "The Lower Canada Normal School Building Fund," and any sum so yearly set apart and appropriated shall be invested or placed at interest as the Governor in Council shall direct; and the income and interest shall, like the principal, form part of the said Fund: the moneys and interest which may be realized by the sale Proceeds of which the Governor in Council may direct to be made of any Sale of present site and the buildings thereon already acquired for Normal form part of School purposes in Lower Canada, and not deemed convenient such Fund. for such purposes, shall form part of the last mentioned Fund, and shall be invested or placed at interest in the like manner as any other sum forming part thereof.

XVI. Any excess or amount of the Lower Canada Normal Application of School Building Fund which shall not be actually required for any excess of the purposes for which the fund is constituted, shall, in the such Fund. discretion of the Governor in Council and as he may direct, either revert to and form part of the said Lower Canada Superior Education Income Fund, or be invested as part of the said Lower Canada Superior Education Investment Fund, in which last case the income and interest arising from such investment shall form part of the said Income Fund.

XVII. The foregoing sections shall apply only to Lower Preceding sec-Canada; and so much of the Act 14 & 15 Victoria, chaptered 97, tions to apply intituled, An Act to provide for the establishment of a Normal only to L. C. School, and further to promote Education in Lower Canada, as provides for the establishment of a Normal School in Lower Canada, and as may be inconsistent with any of the provisions contained in the foregoing sections, is hereby repealed; Provided Proviso; nevertheless, that the said Income Fund shall be and remain chargeable with the navment of the Salaries of the Income fund chargeable with the payment of the Salaries of the Inspectors of with Inspect-Common Schools, under said last mentioned Act.

ors' salaries.

XVIII. And inasmuch as it is necessary to grant Provincial aid Recital. to certain Educational Institutions in Upper Canada, to the like amount to which it is hereby granted to similar Institutions in Lower

for Superior Education in U.C. To be distriliament.

£5,000 appro- Lower Canada out of the general Funds of the Province: Beit 1 priated yearly enacted, That the sum of five thousand pounds currency, shall be yearly appropriated out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province, for the encouragement of superior Education in Upper Canada, and be distributed among the several colbuted by Par- legiate Educational Institutions in Upper Canada, or such of them as the Legislature shall designate by an annual vote of the Provincial Parliament.

Report of things done under this Act.

XIX. The Superintendent of Schools for Lower Canada, shall in his yearly Report to the Legislature, state what he may have done under this Act during the period to which such Report may relate.

Accounting clause.

XX. The due application of all moneys expended under the authority of this Act shall be accounted to Her Majesty in the manner and form provided by the Interpretation Act, and an account thereof shall be laid before each of the Houses of the Provincial Legislature, within the first fifteen days after the opening of the then next Session thereof.

Interpretation.

XXI The words "Teacher" and "Student," in the foregoing provisions, shall include persons of either sex.

CAP. LV.

The Lower Canada Judicature Amendment Act of 1856.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

12 V. c. 38.

HEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the Laws relative to the Courts of Original Civil Jurisdiction in Lower Canada, and the several Acts amending the same: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts 25 follows:

Judgments may be read by the Clerk in case of illness, &c., of the Judge.

1. Whenever a Judge of the Superior or Circuit Court of Lower Canada is unable, from sickness or other cause, personally to render any Judgment taken by him en délibéré in the said Circuit Court, he shall transmit such Judgment to the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the Circuit in which the case is pending and the said Clerk shall, on receipt thereof, record the said Judgment, and shall on the next day of term read the same in open Court; and every such Judgment shall have the same force as if pronounced in open Court by the Judge himself on the day on which it shall have been read.

Their effect.

II. All the authority given by the fifteenth section of the Act Certain nowof the Legislature of Canada, passed in the sixteenth year of

ers under 16

er Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the Act to amend V. c. 194, s. t Laws relative to the Courts of Original Civil Jurisdiction in 15, extended neer Canada, to the Judge of the Superior Court resident in to Judges of the Circuit y District in Lower Canada, except the Districts of Quebec Court sitting d Montreal, to hear and give Judgment in any case out of in Ottawa or m, is hereby extended to every Judge of the Circuit Kamouraska. art while exercising, in the District of Kamouraska or Ottawa, spowers of a Judge of the Superior Court under the fourteenth tion of the same Act.

III. Whenever the Judge residing in any District other than How duties of Districts of Quebec and Montreal, is absent from the place Resident Judge may be the Superior Court is held, or unable from illness to performed in from his duties, the President of the General or Quarter his absence, mions of the Peace, or if there be no such officer in the District, &c. Prothonotary of the Superior Court, shall perform all the ties which the Resident Judge can by law perform out of

W. Notwithstanding any thing contained in the seventy- Governor may much section of the said Act to amend the Laws relative to alter number Courts of Original Civil Jurisdiction in Lower Canada, or of Terms, &c. any Act amending the same, it shall be lawful for the Go-Court at any nor, by and with the advice of the Executive Council, by place. proclamation or proclamations to be issued under the aurity of the said section, to alter the number of Terms of the Cir-1 Court at any place, the times when such Terms are held, the number of days included in the Terms.

V. So soon as it shall have been shown to the satisfaction Governor may be Governor in Council, that suitable accommodation has direct Circuit n provided for the holding of the Circuit Court within any Court to be held at certain places when mor, by Proclamation, to declare that any such limits shall Court House, from and after a day to be mentioned therein, constitute a dc., is proviand by such Proclamation to fix the times and days at on which the terms of the Circuit Court in such Circuit If he held, and the number of days to be included in such

I. The said Circuits so soon as they shall be respectively The said blished, as hereinbefore provided, shall be holden at the places to be hereinafter appointed, and the local extent and limits of as follows: said Circuits shall be as follows, that is to say:

1. At Portage du Fort, in the County of Pontiac; the Circuit Portage du be called the "Pontiac Circuit," which shall comprise the Fork tole of the County of Pontiac;

At Thurso, in the Township of Lochaber, in the County Thurso. Ottawa; the Circuit to be called the "Lochaber Circuit," hich shall comprise all that part of the said County of Ottawa, which

Cap. 55.

which lies to the east of the Lelievre River, together with t Townships of Bigelow and Bowman, and all those parts of t Townships of Portland and Buckingham which lie on the we side of the said Lelievre River;

Lachute.

3. At Lachûte, in the County of Argenteuil; the Circuit be called the "Argenteuil Circuit," which shall comprise t whole of the County of Argenteuil;

Côteau Landing.

4. At the Village of Coteau-Landing, in the County Soulanges; the Circuit to be called the "Soulanges Circuit which shall comprise the whole of the said County Soulanges;

Huntingdon.

5. At the Village of Huntingdon, in the County of Huntingdon, don; the Circuit to be called the "Huntingdon Circuit which shall comprise the County of Huntingdon, and Russ town in the County of Chateauguay;

County of Montcalm.

6. At the chef-lieu or County Town of the County of Mo calm: the Circuit to be called the "Montcalm Circuit" whi shall comprise the whole of the said County of Montcalm;

Industry Village.

7. At the Village of Industry, in the County of Johnte: Circuit to be called the "Joliette Circuit," which shall of prise the whole of the said County of Joliette, and all that p of the parish of St. Felix de Valois which is situated in Township of Brandon, in the County of Berthier;

Drummondville.

8. At the Village of Drummondville, in the County Drummond; the Circuit to be called the "Drummond C cuit," which shall comprise the Townships of Wickle Grantham, Simpson, Wendover, and the first seven Range the Township of Upton, in the said County of Drummond.

Changes made by Act or Proclamation not to affect

VII. No change made by this Act or by any Proclamati issued under the authority thereof, in the limits of any Circ established by any of the Acts hereinbefore mentioned, pending suits. affect any action, suit or proceeding commenced in any suits. Circuit before the day mentioned in such Proclamation, on, for and after which any new Circuit shall be established; but same and all proceedings and matters incident thereto, whether before or after execution, shall be continued and dealt with as if the limits of the Circuit in which such action, suit proceeding was commenced, had not been changed or affect by this Act or by such Proclamation issued under the author thereof.

Governor to appoint Clerks of Courts.

VIII. It shall be lawful for the Governor to name a Clerk! each of the said Circuits so soon as the Proclamation establish ing the same shall have issued, and to appoint as such Cle the person holding the office of Circuit Clerk of any adjoint cuit; and any such Circuit Clerk so appointed for two cuits may appoint a Deputy for each of the said Circuits.

X. Notwithstanding any thing contained in the said Act to Additional nd the Laws relative to the Courts of Original Civil Juris- Circuit Judge ion in Lower Canada, the total number of Circuit Judges may be appointed in be ten, instead of nine, as in and by the said Act pro- L. C., noted; and it shall be lawful for the Governor at any time after withstanding passing of this Act, to appoint an additional Judge of Circuit Court, who shall have and exercise all the powers and by the said Act, and those amending the same, conferred a the Judges of the said Circuit Court.

L Notwithstanding any thing contained in the Act of the How evidence pulature of this Province passed in the eighteenth year of in appealable stature of this Province passed in the eighteenth year of cases where Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the Judica-there is no Acts of Lower Canada, any Judge of the Circuit Court in Resident Cir-Circuit where there is no Resident Judge, may, either in cuit Judge may be taken, m or in Vacation, upon the application of the Plaintiff, 18 V. c. 104. idental Plaintiff, Opposant or Intervening Party in any aphable case, order that the evidence in such case be taken accordance with the laws in force immediately before the sing of the said Act, which said laws are for such purposes reby revived in so far as they may have been repealed or ended by the said Act.

II. The eleventh Section of the Act passed in the eighteenth w of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to increase the Section 11 of wher of sittings of the Courts of Justice within the District of 18 V. c. 166, Francis and to make a more convenient areas removed thereof Francis, and to make a more convenient arrangement thereof, bereby repealed.

Ill. This Act shall be called and known as "The Lower Short title of mada Judicature Amendment Act of 1856."

CAP. LVI.

Act to facilitate the Examination of Candidates for admission to the Notarial Profession in Lower Canada.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

WHEREAS great inconvenience and useless expense are preamble. occasioned to candidates for admission to practise as lotaries in Lower Canada, from the fact of their Articles of lerkship frequently expiring a few days only after the meeting the Board of Notaries of their District, thereby obliging them wait for a period of three or four months after the expiration their term of service in order to present themselves for examilation, and also from the fact that many students have reglected to enregister the transfers of their Articles within he period required by Law: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and

with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Notwithstanding any thing contained in the Act of the

tenth and eleventh years of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered

Students may be examined of their articles.

at the meeting nearest twenty-one, any candidate may present himself for examination the expiration and admission to the Notarial Profession, in conformity with the law, at the regular and ordinary meeting of the Board Notaries which shall be held within the shortest period from the expiration of his Articles of Clerkship, whether such meet ing takes place before or after the expiration of the said Article of Clerkship: Provided always, that no candidate shall, if the Board of Notaries agree thereto, be excluded from permission to present himself for examination in order to admission to the Notarial Profession, at any extraordinary or special meeting of the Board, which in the opinion of the said Board will be the

previous to or after such expiration.

Proviso: Whether before or after such expiration.

Transfers of articles may be registered within six months after this Act.

II. Any deposit and registration made by any Notarial Stadent within the six months next after the passing of this Act, of an authentic copy of the transfer or transfers of his Articles which may have been executed before this Act shall come into the passing of force, shall be as valid and effectual to all intents and purpose as though such deposit had been made within the period prescribed by the Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's reign, and chaptered forty-seven.

nearest in date to the expiration of the Articles of Clerkship whether the said extraordinary or special meeting takes place

CAP. LVII.

An Act to amend the Act authorizing disinterments in certain cases in Lower Canada.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS it is expedient to amend the Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, 16 V. c. 174. An Act to permit of disinterments in certain cases, and for other purposes therein mentioned: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

General permove all bodies from old to new ground.

I. Whenever it shall have been determined by competent mission to re- authority of the Roman Catholic Church in Lower Canada to remove any old burial ground, or to open a new burial ground, within any parish or mission of that Church in Lower Ctnada, it shall be lawful for any Judge of the Superior or of the Circuit Court for Lower Canada, on a petition being presented by the Parish Priest or Missionary, and by the majority of the Church Wardens of the Roman Catholic Church or Congregation to which such old burial ground belongs, or to whose use it is applied, 1856.

applied, to grant them a permission to cause or to allow all or any of the bodies buried in such old burial ground to be removed to such new burial ground.

II. It shall be the duty of such Parish Priest, Missionary or Register to Church Wardens, as the case may be, to cause a register to be be kept of kept of all bodies which shall be removed from such old burial such removals. ground, shewing, as far as may be possible, the names and sumames of the deceased whose bodies are so removed, and also the names and surnames of those requiring such removal, w that they were removed by order of such Priest or Missionary, and of the Church Wardens of such Church or Congregation.

- III. Such register shall be certified by such Priest or Mis-Register to be ionary ministering to the Church or Congregation to which certified. such old burial ground shall belong.
- IV. No application made to any such Priest or Missionary, Special applior to any such Church Wardens, for the removal of any particular body, shall be granted unless accompanied by an afficient specific by affidavit. lavit as required by the first section of the Act hereby amended.

V. Such affidavit may be sworn to before a Judge or Com- How such pissioner for receiving affidavits, or before the Priest or Mis- affidavit shall ionary, or before any of the said Church Wardens, all of be sworn. whom are hereby empowered to administer the requisite oath.

VI. The expression "burial ground" shall apply to any Interpretation. portion of a burial ground which shall be removed as aforesaid, and the words "Church Wardens" shall include any officers I a Roman Catholic Church or Congregation having the maagement of its burial ground, by whatever name they may be mown.

VII. Before proceeding to any disinterment in any burial Permission for ground under this Act, permission to that effect shall be ob-disinterment ained from the Superior Ecclesiastical authority of the Roman to be obtained from Superior Catholic Diocese in which the same is situate.

Authorities.

CAP. LVIII.

An Act to amend the Act establishing Mutual Fire Insurance Companies in Lower Canada.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

HEREAS it is expedient to amend the Act of the Legis-lature of Lower Canada, passed in the fourth year of the Reign of His late Majesty, King William the Fourth, intituled, An Act to authorize the establishment of Mutual Fire Insu-Act of I. C., rance Companies, so far as relates to double insurance, and to the 4 W. 4, c. 33. competency of witnesses and judges in suits where Insurance

. Companies

Companies are interested; and further to amend the said Act and other Acts relating to insurance, so far as relates to notices required to be given in certain cases: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Section 23 declared to refer to personal as well as real property.

I. The provisions and enactments contained in the twentythird section of the above cited Act shall be held to include and have reference to all property, as well personal as real, which Fire Insurance Companies, organized under said cited Actor other Acts amending the same, are allowed to insure, and to this effect shall be construed and interpreted by all Courts and Judges before whom the same shall be brought in question.

Members of Company to be competent witnesses for or against it.

II. The interest any person may have in the issue of any sui: or action to which any Insurance Company formed under the said cited Act or any Act or Acts amending the same, by reason of his being a member of such Insurance Company, shall not render him an incompetent witness in such suit or action on behalf or against such Company, nor shall such interest be sufficient cause for the recusation of a Judge before whom any cause to which an Insurance Company may be a party shall be heard.

Policy need not be in duplicate, or signed by party assured.

III. It shall not be necessary to the validity of any Policy of Insurance which shall hereafter be issued by any Company formed under the above cited Act, or under any Act or Acts amending the same, that such Policy shall be executed in duplicate, or that such Policy shall be signed by the party assured; and whenever it shall be deemed expedient by the Directors of such Company not to execute any Policy in duplicate, the words "in duplicate" in the form (Schedule A), appended to the first cited Act, may be omitted.

Premium notes may be signed by affixing usual mark.

IV. In cases when any party applying for insurance came: write, the application, premium note, or any other document necessary to be signed by him, may be signed with his mark in the presence of two witnesses who shall attest the same after such application, note, or other document shall have been read to the party so making his mark as aforesaid.

V. It shall not be necessary that the Directors of any Com-

Mode of publishing certain pany shall publish by posting notices at the Church doors of notices to be determined by By-law.

bers of such Company may reside, the total amount of any dividend to be paid in, which shall have been declared during the year, but the mode by which such notice shall be published may be determined by the By-laws of such Company; Provided such notice shall be published in at least one newspaper within

the District where the party assured resides, if there be such newspaper within the District, and if not, the same shall be published in a newspaper published nearest the residence of

the Churches of the parishes or townships in which any mem-

Proviso.

the party assured; and the notice so published pursuant to the By-laws

By-laws of such Company shall have the same effect with respect to all parties indebted for such dividend as if the same had been posted at the Church doors as aforesaid.

VI. It shall not be necessary that notices of any meeting Notices of other than the first meeting of the Company, shall be published meetings of the Company by posting the same at the Church doors of the parishes or how to be townships within which any insurances by such Company are published. effected, but notice of such meetings inserted two consecutive weeks in one newspaper in the English Language and one in the French Language, published at or nearest the place of business of such Company, prior to the date of such meeting under the signature of the Secretary, specifying the date and place of such meeting, shall be sufficient.

VII. Nothing in this Act shall be held to affect in any man- Act not to ner suits, pending or determined at the time this Act shall come affect acquired into force, or any rights acquired, but the same shall be de-rights, &c. termined in all respects as if this Act had not been passed.

CAP. LIX.

An Act to provide more effectual means for securing the payment of constituted rents and life rents.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

HEREAS it is expedient to provide more effectual Preamble. means for securing the payment of constituted rents (rentes constituées) and life rents (rentes viagères) in Lower Canada: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. It shall henceforward be lawful in Lower Canada for the Oppositions holders of constituted rents (rentes constituées) and life rents afin de charge, (rentes viagères) secured by privilege and hypothec of bailleur for such rents. de fonds, to proceed by opposition afin de charge for the preservation of their rights in respect of such rents.

CAP. LX.

An Act to enable the Municipal Council of the Town of Cornwall to appropriate the surplus of certain moneys raised for making a Macadamized Road.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

WHEREAS the Town Council of the Town of Cornwall, Preamble. deeming it greatly for the advantage of the Town that deeming it greatly for the advantage of the Town that a Macadamized Road should be constructed therefrom to the rear of the Township of Roxborough, and believing that the Townships of Cornwall and Roxborough would take equal shares with the said Town in the undertaking, proposed a

By-law for raising for the said Town on the credit of the Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund, a sum not exceeding three thousand pounds currency, to be applied to the purpose of assisting in the construction of the said Road or any portion thereof, not less than four miles in length, reckoning from the said Town, which By-law after being submitted to a special meeting of the inhabitants of the said Town, in the manner by law provided, was almost unanimously approved by them and was finally passed on the thirtieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and the sum of three thousand pounds was raised under the authority thereof; And whereas an incorporated Company was formed under the Act in that behalf provided for the purpose of making the said Road, and the said Town Council subscribed for and hold stock therein on behalf of the said Town, and the said Road has been constructed and made as far as Eamer's Corners, a distance of upwards of four miles from the said Town, and is now in such a state of forwardness as that it must be completed so far by the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty six: And whereas the Township Councils of the said Townships of Cornwall and Roxborough have refused to assist in constructing the said Road beyond Eamer's Corners, and it is not for the advantage of the said Town to assist in making it beyond that point without the co-operation of the said Townships, and there will remain in the Bank of Upper Canada in which the sum raised under the said By-law is deposited, a balance of the said sum after paying for the stock of the said Company sub--scribed for by the said Town, and all other expenses lawfully incurred by it under the said By-law, and the said Council of the said Town have prayed to be empowered to apply such balance for the purpose of making certain improvements in the said Town, which prayer it is expedient to grant: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legdative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Balance of the tain streets in the Town.

I. Any balance which may remain of the said sum of three moneys raised thousand pounds, after paying up the stock of the Road Comfor making the pany aforesaid, subscribed for by the said Town Council said road may be expended in Cornwall, and any other expenses incurred by the said Town improving cer. Council in respect of the said Road, shall be applied by the said Council towards the improvement of Water Street from the Bridge over the Canal eastward to Pitt Street, and of Pitt Street from Water Street to the rear of the said Town, with stone or other imperishable materials; and the said balance shall be paid over by the Bank of Upper Canada to the Treasurer of the said Town, and shall remain in his hands subject to the order of the said Council, for the purpose of defraying the cost of such improvements as last aforesaid, and the said Town Council shall not be bound to construct or assist in the construction of the yond Eamer's Road first aforesaid, beyond Eamer's Corners; any thing in Corners.

Any Act or Ry-law to the country to the coun

Council need not improve

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

1856.

CAP. LXI.

An Act to authorize the Municipal Council of the Town of Chatham to dispose of the Land now set apart for a Cemetery in the said Town.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

HEREAS the Municipal Council of the Town of Preamble Chatham have represented that the ground set apart in the said Town by the Crown, for the purposes of a public Cemetery, has been found to be altogether unfit for such Cemetery, by reason of the wetness of the soil and the great difficulties which would have to be overcome in draining the same, and have petitioned to be authorized to sell and dispose of the Land now set apart for the purposes aforesaid, and with the proceeds of such sale to purchase and acquire other land better adapted for use as a public Cemetery: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The said Municipal Council of the Town of Chatham Town Council shall have full power and authority to sell, grant and convey of Chatham to any person willing to purchase the same, the fee simple of may sell their the piece or parcel of land now set apart in the said Town for the purposes of a public Cemetery, for such sum or consideration, and on such conditions as they shall deem it advisable to accept; Provided always, that the proceeds of the And purchase sale shall be by the said Municipal Council expended in the other ground purchase of other land more suitable for the purposes aforesaid, for the purposes. and which the said Municipality shall hold for that purpose; And provided further, that the receipt to be granted by Receipt of the said Council for the purchase money mentioned in any Council to such conveyance, shall be an absolute discharge to the purchaser or purchasers for the same, and they shall be in no way bound to see to the application, mis-application or non-application of the same, or any part thereof.

II. This Act shall be deemed to be a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. LXII.

An Act to vest a certain Road Allowance in the Township of Stamford, in the Township Council.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

WHEREAS the original Allowance for Road leading from Preamble. the Niagara River in the Township of Stamford between certain lots hereinafter mentioned and running across the said Township, was found in the settlement of the country to present great obstacles to being rendered fit for travel, and in consequence thereof the road known as "Lundy's Lane" running

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running parallel with and adjoining the said original Road Allowance was given by the owners of the lots through which the said road runs, and has since been used as a public highway, good at all seasons of the year for travel and sufficient for the public convenience; And whereas the owners of the land on the original Allowance for Road have by petition represented that until the same shall be finally closed, they, as well as the people of the Township, will always be subject to annovance through persons having no real interest therein agitating the opening thereof, to the great damage of the Petitioners, who in case of an order of the Municipal Council to open the same being issued, might be compelled to comply therewith, thereby having two parallel roads in the immediate vicinity of each other, and they have therefore prayed that the said Allowance may be closed; And whereas it is expedient to comply with the prayer of the Petitioners and to vest the said original Allowance for Road in the Municipal Council of the said Township of Stamford: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

A certain orizinal allowance for road vested in the Township Council.

I. The original allowance for Road in the Township of Stamford in the County of Welland, leading from the Niagan River and lying between lots numbers one hundred twentyeight, one hundred twenty-seven, one hundred twenty-six, one hundred twenty-five, one hundred twenty-four, one hundred twenty-three, one hundred twenty-two, one hundred twenty-one, and one hundred and twenty, on the north side of the said Allowance for Road, and lots numbers one hundred twenty-nine, one hundred thirty, one hundred thirty-one, one hundred thirty-two, one hundred thirty-three, one hundred thirty-four, one hundred thirty-five, one hundred thirty-six, and the broken front of one hundred twenty-nine, on the south side thereof, shall be and is hereby vested in the Municipal Council of the Township of Stamford, with full power from time to time to sell and convey, or to lease or otherwise deal with the whole or any part of the said Allowance for Road as they may deem expedient.

With power to sell, &c.

Public Act.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. LXIII.

An Act to incorporate the Town of Clifton.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS from the rapidly increasing population of the Village of Elgin in the County of Welland, one of the United Counties of Lincoln and Welland, and from the peculiar position thereof as the Eastern Terminus of the Great Western Railway, it is necessary to confer upon the said Village the power of Municipal Government; And whereas it is also desirable to change change the name of the said Village and incorporate it as a Town, under the name of the Town of Clifton: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. From and after the passing of this Act the inhabitants of Town of Clifthe said Town of Clifton shall be a body corporate apart from ton incorporthe Township of Stamford, in which such Town is situate, and as such shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, with such powers as are now by law conferred upon In-General powers corporated Towns in Upper Canada, and the powers of such ers. Corporation shall be exercised by, through, and in the name of the Municipality of the Town of Clifton.

II. The said Town of Clifton shall be comprised within the Boundaries of following limits or boundaries, that is to say: commencing at the Town. the centre of the Niagara River, at a point where the north sideline of Lot number seventy-five of the Township of Stamford would strike, if produced ;-Thence west, along the said north side-line of Lot number seventy-five to the north-east angle of Lot number seventy-six ;-Thence south, along the east side of Lot number seventy-six to the south-east corner thereof :-Thence west, along the south side of the said Lot to the northeast angle of Lot number ninety; -Thence south, along the east side of Lots numbers ninety, ninety-five, one hundred and eight and one hundred and thirteen to the south-east angle of the said Lot number one hundred and thirteen;—Thence east, between Lots numbers one hundred and twenty-seven and one hundred and twelve to a point where the west line of a property subdirided by the late Ogden Creighton, Esquire, would strike, if moduced;—Thence south, along the said property line through Lot number one hundred and twenty-seven and part of Lot number one hundred and twenty-nine to the northerly side of Magdalene Street; — Thence south, forty-five degrees east, along the northerly side of Magdalene Street and crossing Clifton Street to the land of the Erie and Ontario Railroad: Thence southerly, along the westerly side of the said Railroad Company's land along Clifton Street and through the lands of he "City of the Falls' Company" to the division line between locks numbers nine and ten of the said Company's land;— Thence east, crossing the Railroad land and between the said plocks numbers nine and ten to the centre of the Niagara River;—Thence down the centre of the said river northerly, the everal courses thereof, to the place of beginning.

III. Immediately after the passing of this Act it shall be law- Governor to ul for the Governor of this Province to appoint a Returning appoint first Officer for the said Town of Clifton, which Returning Officer Returning Officer. hall appoint the time and place for holding the first election of ive Councillors for the said Town, of which appointment he shall give notice by posting the same at least ten days before he election in three or more public places in the said Town.

General duties of Returning Officer.

IV. The duties of the Returning Officer and the qualifications of the voters and of the persons elected as Councillors at such first election shall be as prescribed by law, with respect to annual elections in Townships in Upper Canada.

Collector to his roll so far as relates to the limits of the Town.

V. The Collector of the Township of Stamford aforesaid, or furnish copy of other person having the legal custody of the Collector's Roll, for the year in which this Act is passed, shall furnish to the said Returning Officer a true copy of the said Roll so far as the same relates to voters resident within the limits of the said Town, and so far as such Roll contains the names of all male freeholders and householders rated upon such Roll in respect of real property lying within such limits, with the amount of the assessed value of such real property, for which they shall be respectively rated on such Roll, which copy shall be verified upon oath or in such manner as is now required by law.

Oath of Re turning Offi-

VJ. The said Returning Officer before holding the said election shall take the same oath or affirmation as is now required by law for Returning Officers in any Town in Upper Canada.

Elections in future years.

VII. Elections for Councillors of the said Town of Clifton after the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, shall be held in conformity with the statutory provisions in respect of the several incorporated Towns of Upper Canada.

Oaths of persons elected.

VIII. The several persons who shall be elected or appointed under this Act shall take the same oaths of office and of qualfication as are now required by law.

Organization Town Council

IX. The said Councillors to be elected under this Act for the and powers of said Town, shall be organized in the same manner and in the same way as in any other incorporated Town in Upper Canada, and have, use and exercise the same powers and privileges as any other incorporated Town in Upper Canada.

Town to cease to be part of Township.

not affected.

X. From and after the passing of this Act the said Town shall cease to form a part of the said Township of Stamford, and shall, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, form a separate and independent Municipality, with all the privileges and Taxes for 1856 rights of an incorporated Town in Upper Canada; but nothing herein contained shall affect or be construed to affect any taxes imposed or to be imposed by law within the limits of the said Town or the collection thereof for the current year.

Governor may divide the town into

Wards.

XI. Whenever it may appear desirable to the Governor in Council, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor of the Province, by an Order in Council, to issue a Proclamation, under the Great Seal of this Province, dividing the said Town into Wards, setting forth the boundaries of the same, and to make a division of the said Town into Wards in such way or manner as may be deemed advisable; any law to the contraty thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

XII.

XII. All Acts and parts of Acts, and provisions of law or of Inconsistent the Parliament of this Province, and all Acts, By-laws, rules Acts, By-laws, and regulations of any Township meeting, County Council, &c., repealed. Counties Council or Township Council in Upper Canada, in force in Upper Canada, immediately before the time when this Act shall come into force, in so far as the same may be inconsistent with or contradictory to the provisions of this Act, shall be and they are hereby repealed, and shall cease to be in force from and after the day when this Act shall come into force.

XIII. Whenever the Village of Drummondville shall become Case of incoran incorporated Village or Town, the boundaries of the said poration of Town of Clifton and Village or Town of Drummondville shall Drummondville provided ville provided be adjusted by a Commissioner to be appointed for that purpose for. by the Governor in Council.

XIV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Ack

CAP. LXIV.

An Act for the construction of Water Works in the City of Hamilton.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

HEREAS the construction of Water Works and a supply Preamble. of water would conduce to the health and comfort of the inhabitants of the City of Hamilton: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. The persons hereafter to be elected in the manner provided Board of Comfor in this Act, and their successors, shall constitute a Board, missioners to be called and known as the Water Commissioners for the constituted. City of Hamilton.

Il. It shall be the duty of the said Commissioners to examine, Duty of Comconsider and decide upon all matters relative to supplying the missioners. said City of Hamilton with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants, and the amount of money necessary to effect that object.

III. The said Commissioners shall have power to employ Commissioners engineers, surveyors and such other persons as in their opinion may employ may be necessary to enable them to fulfil their duties under Engineers, this Act.

IV. It shall and may be lawful for the said Commissioners, Commissioners their agents, servants and workmen, from time to time, and at may enter upon such times hereafter as they shall see fit, and they are hereby and take lands, authorized and empowered to enter into and when the lands water courses, authorized and empowered to enter into and upon the lands &c. of any person or persons, bodies politic or corporate, in the City of Hamilton, or within twenty miles of the said city, and

case of disagreement as

If the Owner be an infant. married woman, &c.

perty taken.

Meeting and proceedings of shall be and they are hereby required to attend at some conarbitrators.

Arbitrators to the parties interested; and each arbitrator shall be swom be sworn.

Proviso: set aside for cause.

Sum awarded must be paid withinacertain time.

to survey, set out and ascertain such parts thereof as they may require for the purposes of the said Water Works, and also to divert and appropriate any spring of stream of water thereon, as they shall judge suitable and proper, and to contract with the owners or occupiers of the said lands and those having an interest or right in the said water for the purchase thereof, or of any part thereof, or of any privilege that may be required Arbitration in for the purposes of the said Commissioners; and in case of any disagreement between the said Commissioners and the to value of pro. owners or occupiers of such lands, or any persons having an interest in the said water or the natural flow thereof, or any such privilege as aforesaid, respecting the amount of purchase or value thereof, or as to the damages such appropriation shall cause to them or otherwise; or in case any such owner or occupier shall be an infant, married woman, or insane, or absent from this Province, or in case such lands or water privilege may be mortgaged or pledged to any person or persons, it shall and may be lawful for the Judge of the County Count of the County of Wentworth, on application being made to him, to nominate and appoint three indifferent persons as arbitrators, to award, determine, adjudge and order the respective sums of money which the said Commissioners shall pay to the respective persons entitled to receive the same, the award

of the majority of whom shall be final; and the said arbitrators

venient place, at or in the vicinity of the said city, to be appointed by the said Commissioners after eight days' notice given for that purpose, by the said Commissioners, then and there to arbitrate and award, adjudge and determine such matters and things as shall be submitted to their consideration by

before some one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in and for the said County of Wentworth, or the said city, any of whom may be required to attend the said meeting for that purpose, well and truly to assess the value or damages between the parties, to the best of his judgment: Provided always, that Award may be any award under this Act shall be subject to be set aside of application to the Court of Queen's Bench, in the same manner and on the same grounds as in ordinary cases of arbitration, in which case a reference may be again made to arbitration as hereinbefore provided; and that any sum so awarded shall be paid within three months from the date of award, or determination of any motion to annul the same, and in default of such payment the proprietor may resume the possession of his property, and all his rights shall thereupon revive; and the award of a majority of the said arbitrators shall be binding on all parties concerned, subject as aforesaid.

Lands, &c, Works to be

V. The lands and water which shall be ascertained, set out, taken for pur-poses of Water thereof as aforesaid, shall thereupon and for ever thereafter be vested in the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City

of Hamilton, and their successors, and it shall and may be vested in the lawful for the said Commissioners, and their successors, to Mayor, &c., construct, erect and maintain upon the said lands all such of Hamilton. reservoirs, water works and machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the waters thereto and therefrom, in, upon, or through any of the grounds and lands lying intermediate between the said reservoirs and water works, and the springs, streams, rivers or lakes, from which the same are procured, and the said City of Hamilton, by one or more lines of pipes, as may from time to time be found necessary; and for the better effecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners, their successors and servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds and lands intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up in necessary, and to lay down the said pipes through the same, Commissioners and upon, over, under, and through the highways, railroads and water pipes, roads of and in the townships of the County of Wentworth, and &c., in the through the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of County of Wentworth or Under the City of Hemile. intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up if the said City of Hamilton, and in, upon, through, or under the City of Hamillands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corpo- ton. rate, politic or collegiate whatsoever, and to set out, ascertain, use and occupy such part or parts thereof as they the said Commissioners or their successors shall think necessary and proper, for the making and maintaining of the said works, or for taking up, removing, altering or repairing the same, and for distributing water to the inhabitants of the City of Hamilton, or for the uses of the Corporation of the said City, or of the proprietors or occupiers of the lands through or near which the sume may pass, and for this purpose to sink and lay down pipes, tranks, reservoirs, and other conveniences, and from time to time to alter all or any of the said works as well in the position as in the construction thereof, as to the said Commissioners or their successors shall seem meet, doing as little damage as may be in the execution of the powers hereby Satisfaction to granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisbe be made for faction to the proprietors, to be ascertained in case of dis-damages. Agreement by arbitration as aforesaid: Provided always, that Provise: nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize the House or said Commissioners or any person acting under their authority garden not to to take for the purposes of the said works, any house, gasden, out consent. or orchard, without the consent of the owner.

VI. If any person shall wilfully or maliciously hinder or in Penalties in terrupt or cause or procure to be hindered or interrupted, the certain cases said Commissioners or their managers, contractors, servants, of hindrance or agents or workmen, or any of them, in the exercise of any of Commissionthe powers and authorities in this Act authorized and contained, ers or their or if any person shall wilfully or maliciously let off or discharge any water so that the same shall run waste or useless out of the said works, or if any person shall throw or deposit any thing or noisome or offensive matter into the said water or water works, or in any way foul the same or commit any wilful damage or

injury to the works, pipes, or water, or encourage the same to be done, every person offending in any of the cases aforesaid shall, besides being subject to an action at law for the damages Offence to be a done thereby, be held guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conmisdemeanor. viction thereof before any of the Courts of Criminal Jurisdiction Penalties how in the County of Wentworth, or a Magistrate of the said County or City, shall be punished by the said Court, by fine and imprisonment or either, at the discretion of the Court as in other misdemeanors at Common Law or by summary conviction.

recovered or enforced.

Materials belonging to Commissioners to be free from execution.

VII. All materials procured or partially procured under contract with the Commissioners, shall be exempt from execution, but it shall be the duty of the Commissioners to pay the moneys due to such contractor for such materials to the judgment creditor of the contractor under whose execution such materials ought otherwise to have been sold, upon his producing to them due proof that his execution would have so attached, and such payment shall be held as valid payment on the contract.

Books to be kept.

VIII. The Commissioners shall keep regular books of account and books for recording the whole of their official proceedings. and the said Commissioners and the Clerks employed in their service shall be sworn to the faithful performance of their duties, and all such books shall be open to the examination of any person or persons appointed for that purpose by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hamilton: The Commissioners shall also, on the thirtieth day of June and the thirty-first day of December in each and every year, make 1 report to the said the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hamilton, of the condition of the works under their charge, accompanied by a statement of their receipts and expenditures on account of the same.

Report to be made yearly to Mayor of Hamilton.

Board to regulate distribution and price of water.

Proviso: Corporation to direct certain works.

IX. The Board of Commissioners for the time being, shall regulate the distribution and use of the water in all places and for all purposes where the same may be required, and from time to time shall fix the prices for the use thereof, and the times of payment, and they may erect such number of public hydrants and in such places as they shall see fit, and direct in what manner and for what purposes the same shall be used, all which they may change at their discretion: Provided always, that all hydrants, conduits, or other appliances required and furnished for the purpose of extinguishment of fires shall be placed as the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hamilton shall direct, and shall be under their exclusive control and direction.

Owners of houses liable for payment of water-rate.

X. The owner and occupier of any house, tenement or lot, shall each be liable for the payment of the price or rent fixed by the Commissioners for the use of the water by such occupier, and such price or rent so fixed shall be a lien upon the said house, tenement or lot in the same way and manner as other taxes assessed on real estate in the said City of Hamilton are liens, and shall be collected in like manner, if not previously paid to the Commissioners.

XI. A majority of the said Commissioners shall constitute a Quorum of quorum for the transaction of any business allowed or required Commissionby the powers or duties of their commission, and all contracts eraand engagements, acts and doings of the said Commissioners within the scope of their duty or authority, shall be obligatory upon and be in law considered as done by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hamilton.

XII. The said Commissioners may prosecute or defend any Commissionactions or process at Law or in Equity by the name of the ers may prosecute, defend "Water Commissioners of the City of Hamilton," against any actions under person or persons for money due for the use of the water, for their name of the breach of any contract express or implied touching the office. execution or management of the works or the distribution of the water, or of any promise or contract made to or with them, and also for any injury or trespass or nuisance done or suffered to the water courses, pipes, machinery, or any apparatus belonging to or connected with any part of the works, or for any improper use or waste of the water; and any vacancy or the filling any vacancy in the Board of Commissioners, either before Vacancies in or after any cause of action arises or suit is commenced, shall the Board, not change the right of the said Commissioners as a body to how filled. commence or maintain such action or process at law or in Equity, but in all such cases they shall be considered from the time of the organisation of the Board as a Corporation.

XIII. The Commissioners and their officers shall have the Commissionlike protection in the exercise of their respective offices and in ers to have the execution of their duties, as Justices of the Peace now have same protection as Jusunder the Laws of this Province.

tices of the Peace

XIV. For the purpose of constructing the said Water Works Corporation of and paying the expenses attended thereon, it shall and may be Hamilton may lawful to and for the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the E300,000. City of Hamilton, and they are hereby required from time to time as the amounts may be required by the said Commissioners, to raise by loan upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, either in this Province, in Great Britain or elsewhere, who may be willing to lend the same, a sum of money not exceeding the sum of three hundred thousand pounds of lawful money of Canada, and for the Mayor of the said City of Hamilton for the time being, to cause to be issued Debentures or Bonds of the said City under the Corporation Seal, Debentures to signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Chamberlain of be issued. the said City for the time being, in such sums not exceeding in the whole the said sum of three hundred thousand pounds, authorized to be borrowed under this Act, as the Commissioners

Principal to be shall direct and appoint, and the principal sum secured paid within 20 by the said Debentures shall be payable within twenty years FORTS. from the issuing thereof, and the interest accruing thereon shall be made payable semi-annually, either in sterling or in currency in this Province, in Great Britain or elsewhere, as the Interest.

said Council shall deem expedient or necessary.

Water Works to be mortgaged for repayment of sums borrowed by Corporation.

XV. The said Water Works to be erected and constructed under this Act, and also the Land to be acquired for the purposes thereof, and every matter and thing therewith connected, shall be and they are hereby specially charged, pledged, mortgaged and hypothecated for the re-payment of any sum or sums which may be borrowed by the said Corporation for the purposes of this Act, as well as for the due and punctual payment of the interest thereupon, and all, each and every of the holders of the Debentures in the last previous section mentioned, shall have a concurrent pledge, mortgage, hypothec or privilege on the said Water Works and property appertaining thereto, for securing the payment of the said Debentures and the interest thereon.

Funds borrowed to be placed in Bank.

Checks for

money to be

XVI. The funds derived from the negociation of the Debentures to be issued under this Act, shall, when received, be deposited by the said Commissioners for the time being, in some one or more of the chartered Banks of this Province, on such conditions as the said Commissioners shall from time to time agree upon, and only be withdrawn therefrom as they may from time to time be required for the payment and discharge of the liabilities that may be incurred in carrying out the improvements contemplated by this Act, and every check for the withdrawal of any moneys shall be signed by the signed by for the withdrawal of any moneys shall be signed by the Mayor of the said City for the time being.

Mayor. Act not to be in

law.

XVII. This Act shall not have any force or effect until the force until Cor- Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hamilton poration of heavyor, Andermen and Commonanty of the City of Hammon City pass By- shall pass a By-law authorizing the construction of the said Water Works, and on the said By-law being passed, it shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City and he is hereby authorized and required to issue his warrant to the Returning Officer for each Ward in the said City for the then next preceding election for Aldermen and Councillors, requiring the said Returning Officer to proceed to the election of one Water Commissioner for each Ward in the said City, in the same First election manner in all respects, and giving the same notices as are now required in case of Municipal Elections in the said City, and all persons authorized to vote at such Election for Aldermen and Councillors, shall be entitled to vote for the said Water Commissioner for his Ward, and not otherwise.

of Water Commissioners.

Term of office XVIII. The said Water Commissioners shall, at their first of Commis-Meeting after their Election, determine by lot or otherwise the sioners,

terms

terms during which they shall respectively hold their offices, and these shall be as follows: one of them shall remain in office one year, one two years, one three years, one four years, and one five years, all to be computed from the first Monday in the month of January next preceding.

XIX. At the Municipal Election to be held in the said City Commissionin each year after the special Elections hereinbefore authorized ers to be elected to be held for the Election of the said Water Commissioners, general munithere shall be elected in the same manner as the Aldermen and eipal election. Councillors are elected, and by the persons now authorized to vote at such Election, one Commissioner for the Ward in which a vacancy has occurred by the retirement of the Commissioner whose term of office has expired, who shall hold his office for five years next ensuing such election; and any vacancies that shall Vacancies; occur in the said Commission by death, resignation or other-how filled. wise, shall be filled by a person to be named by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hamilton, but the person or persons so appointed to fill such vacancy shall hold his or their offices only for the residue of the term for which he or they may be appointed.

XX. The Chairman of the said Commissioners and the said Salaries to be Commissioners shall be paid for their services as the Mayor, determined by Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Hamilton shall Mayor, ac, of Hamilton. annually fix, and shall also be paid all reasonable travelling expenses incurred while employed upon or about the works.

XXI. This Act shall be deemed and taken as a Public Act. Public Act.

CAP. LXV.

An Act to enable the Church-Wardens of St. George's Church, in the Town of St. Catharines, to sell and convey four acres of land originally purchased "as a site for a Parsonage," and for other purposes.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

HEREAS the Church-Wardens and other Members of Preamble. St. George's Church in the Town of St. Catharines have by their petition to the Legislature represented, That by an Indenture bearing date the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, four acres of land, being part of lot number fourteen in the sixth Concession of the Township of Grantham in the County of Lincoln, were purchased from one William E. Parnell and by him conveyed to the Church-Wardens of St. George's Church and their successors in office "for the purpose of being a site for a parsonage house for the "Parish of St. Catharines." That in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty four the members and congregation of

St. George's Church, with the consent and approbation of the Incumbent, the Reverend A. F. Atkinson finding the above ground not only too distant, inconvenient for building, but also low and unhealthy in situation, purchased and fitted up a house with a large lot of ground attached in a convenient position in the Town of St. Catharines for a Parsonage for the Incumbent of the said parish, and which he is now occupying, on which there is still due a balance of about three hundred pounds. The Church-Wardens of said St. George's Church further represent that they are desirous to sell and dispose of the above mentioned property, namely, the four acres part of lot number fourteen in the sixth concession of Grantham mentioned and more particularly described in the said Indenture of the thirteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and to appropriate the proceeds of the sale to pay the balance now due on the said parsonage house: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Application of proceeds.

I. It shall and may be lawful for the Church-Wardens of St. Wardens may George's Church in the Town of St. Catharines and their sell all or part successors in office to sell, alienate and convey by a good and of the said four sufficient title under their signature, all or any portion of the sufficient title under their signature, all or any portion of the said four acres part of lot number fourteen in the sixth concession of Grantham purchased of William E. Parnell; and it shall be the duty of said Church-Wardens to apply the proceeds of such sale towards the payment of the debt due upon the present parsonage of St. George's Church in St. Catharines.

Public Act.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. LXVI.

An Act to provide for the separation of the County of Peel from the County of York.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS a very large number of inhabitants of the County of Peel, the junior County of the United Counties of York and Peel, have by their Petitions prayed that the said County of Peel may be set apart as a separate County for judicial and other purposes without unnecessary delay, and the wealth and population thereof being sufficient to warrant the same, it is expedient to make provision to enable the said County to separate from the said County of York as soon as the necessary provisions for that purpose shall have been made: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Provisional Council con-

I. The Town Reeves and Deputy Town Reeves of the several Townships, Villages and Towns in the County of Peel, as the same is described and limited in and by the Act passed stituted for in the session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Peel. Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to make certain alter- 14 & 15 V. ations in the Territorial Divisions of Upper Canada, shall form c. 5. a Provisional Municipal Council for the said County, and shall with respect to the said County, have, possess and exercise all and singular the rights, powers, privileges and duties conferred. Its general granted or imposed by the Act passed in the twelfth year of powers. Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act for abolishing the 12 V. c. 78. Territorial Divisions of Upper Canada into Districts, and for providing for temporary Unions of Counties for judicial and other purposes, and for the future dissolutions of such Unions, as the increase of wealth and population may require, upon Provisional Municipal Councils erected by Proclamation under the authority of the said Act, and also all the powers which may be conferred on Provisional Municipal Councils generally by any other Act or Law in force in Upper Canada; subject to Subject to prothe provisions in the following sections contained.

visions hereinafter made.

II. It shall be the duty of the Warden of the United Counties Wurden of of York and Peel, to call a meeting of the Reeves and Deputy York and Peel Reeves of the County of Peel, at such place and hour as he ing of Reeves, shall appoint, on some day in the month of October, one thousand &c., of Peel, eight hundred and fifty-six: A notice of such meeting shall be and in what inserted in at least one of the Newspapers published within the manner. said County of Peel, and a copy of such notice sent by mail or otherwise to each member of such Council, at least eight days before the day appointed for such meeting, by the Warden of the said United Counties of York and Peel: And the said Provisional Provisional Council at the first meeting thereof to be held under Warden to be this Act, shall first proceed to elect a Provisional Warden, after elected. which, at the same meeting, or some adjournment thereof, they shall proceed to pass a By-law for the purpose of taking a vote To pass Byof the qualified Municipal Electors of the said County, on the law for a spequestion of separation, by a vote to be specially taken for that puragainst sepapose, each qualified Elector having one vote and voting "Yea" ration. or "Nay" after at least ten days' notice shall have been given in the manner to be provided by such By-law, of the time and place where the votes will be taken in the Wards of the several Municipalities forming the said County.

Ill. The Provisional Council shall meet, on the requisition of If the majority the Provisional Warden, on some day after the day or days of votes be against it, Proappointed for taking such vote, and proceed in open Council visional Counto ascertain the number of votes recorded "Yea" and "Nay;" cil dissolved. and if the result shall show that a majority of the votes recorded are "Nay," then after making a record of the same in the minutes of the said Provisional Council, the said Council shall be dissolved.

IV. If a majority of the votes recorded as aforesaid be "Yea," If the majority then the said Provisional Council shall, at some meeting to be of votes be for

held after the first day of February next, proceed to select a it, powers of held after the first day of replicary and, place the Provisional place for the County Town of the said County, and the place so selected shall be the County Town of Peel; and the said Provisional Council shall have and exercise the powers conferred on Provisional Municipal Councils by law, and shall and may purchase the necessary property at the place selected by the said Council assembled as aforesaid, and proceed to erect the necessary public buildings on such property; and all the provisions of the Act last above cited shall apply to the said Provisional Municipal Council, and to the said County of Peel.

V. The said Provisional Council shall have power and au-

Appointment of Officers.

thority to appoint, by By-law or otherwise, such and so many officers and persons as may be necessary to carry out the Oathsofoffice, provisions of this Act; and the Provisional Warden or any Member of the Council shall administer to each person so appointed, the oath of office prescribed by law to be taken by any officer appointed under this Act, before he or they shall commence the discharge of the duties imposed on him or them; and each person so appointed and sworn shall be subject to all the responsibilities imposed on Municipal Officers by law.

Penalty for interrupting proceeeings under this Act

VI. Any person or persons who shall wilfully interrupt or interfere with any of the proceedings authorized by this Act, shall be dealt with and punished as provided by the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts, with respect to persons interfering with the proceedings under the said last mentioned Acts.

Proclamation to usue dissolving the union when the Court House and Gaul are comploted.

VII. So soon as the Court House and Gaol of the said County shall be erected and completed at such County Town, according to the provisions of the fifteenth section of the said lastly in part recited Act, and the other provisions of the said fifteenth section shall have been complied with by the said County, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor of this Province to appoint the necessary officers as provided by the seventeenth section of the said in part recited Act, and by order in Council to issue a Proclamation dissolving the Union between the said County of Peel and the said County of York, from the date to be mentioned in such Proclamation; and all the provisions of the said lastly in part recited Act, or of any other Act or Law of Upper Canada applicable to Counties on and after their being separated from other Counties, shall apply to the said Counties of York and Peel respectively.

Appointment of a person to preside until a Provisional Warden is ! elected.

VIII. The said Warden of the United Counties of York and Peel shall by a warrant under his hand and seal, appoint some one of the Town Reeves or Deputy Town Reeves of the said County of Peel, to preside at the first meeting of the Provisional Municipal Council thereof, until a Provisional Warden shall be elected by such Provisional Municipal Council.

Public Act. IX. This Act shall be deemed and taken to be a Public Act.

CAP.

CAP. LXVII.

An Act to authorize a Survey of the Broken Front Concession of the Township of Darlington, and for other purposes.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

WHEREAS certain inhabitants, Resident Freeholders, Preamble. Owners of the Lots in the Broken Front Concession of the Township of Darlington, have petitioned the Legislature to pass an Act authorizing a Provincial Land Surveyor to be appointed under it, to make a Survey of the Broken Front Concession of the Township of Darlington, giving to all Lots an equal width, and fixing stone monuments at the front and rear of each Lot, making such survey final and conclusive, and authorizing the Municipal Council of the Township of Darlington to assess the expenses of such survey rateably upon the owners of such land, and repealing all or any Acts of Parliament which may interfere with the operation of the said Act, so far as they relate to the Broken Front of Darlington; And whereas it is expedient to grant the said petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The Municipal Council of the Township of Darlington, Township shall have power at any time after the passing of this Act, to Council may pass a By-law authorizing such competent licensed Surveyor cause broken front to be as they may appoint by such By-law to make a survey of the surveyed, and Broken Front Concession of the Township of Darlington, giving monuments to all lots an equal width and fixing stone monuments at the placed. front and rear of each lot; and the limits of each lot so ascertained and marked shall be taken to be and are hereby declared to be the true limits thereof; any law, usage, statute of limitations or otherwise to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. If any Action of Ejectment shall be brought against any Proceedings in person or persons who after the said lines shall be established case of action by virtue of this Act shall be found to have improved on land of of ejectment which such survey would deprive him, it shall and may be lawful against any for the Judge of Assize before whom such Action is tried, to direct person who the Jury to assess such damages for the defendant or defending the survey shall be found to have of any improvement made before the passing of this Act, and improved on also, to assess the value of the land to be recovered; and if a land not beverdict shall be found for the plaintiff or plaintiffs, no writ of him. possession shall issue until such plaintiff or plaintiffs have endered or paid the amount of such damages as aforesaid, or shall have offered to release the said land to the defendant, provided the said defendant shall pay or tender to the plaintiff the value of the land so assessed before the fourth day of the ensuing term, and the defendant shall have failed so to pay or ender the same.

to Commissioner of

III. Upon such survey being made, it shall be the duty of the Copy of survey III. Upon such survey being made, it shall be the duty of the to be furnished said Municipal Conneil to furnish to the Commissioner of Crown Lands a certified copy of the same and the field notes Crown Lands. and report thereof.

Public Act

· IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

LXVIII. CAP.

An Act to incorporate the Town of Sarnia, in the County of Lambton.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS the inhabitants of Port Samia, in the County of Lambton, have, by their Petition to the Legislature, represented that it is now the County Town of the said County of Lambton, and contains upwards of one thousand inhabitants, and that it is the wish of the Municipality of the Township of Samia, in which it lies, and of that of the County of Lambton, that it should be incorporated, and have prayed that it may be incorporated by the name of the Town of Samia; And whereas from the importance and rapidly increasing population of the said place, it is expedient to incorporate the same as prayed for, with the privileges and rights of an incorporated Towa: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Town of Sarmia incorpor-

I. The Town plot or tract of land now known as the Town of Port Sarnia, and lying within the boundaries mentioned is the Schedule A to this Act, shall, upon, from and after the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, be called and known as the Town of Samia, and shall be incorporated with the rights, powers and privileges of an incorporated Town.

Previsions U: C. Municipal Acts to apply to it.

II. So much of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts as relates to incorporated Towns, shall, from and after Incorporations the day last aforesaid, apply to the said Town of Sarnia; and the said Town shall, as an incorporated Town, have and exercise all and singular the rights, powers, privileges and jurisdiction which are thereby granted or conferred to or upon or as shall by virtue of the said Acts, or of any other Act or Acts now in force or hereafter to be in force in Upper Canada, belong to incorporated Towns; and all the rules, regulations and enactments in the said. Acts or any of them contained, or which shall in any wise apply to incorporated Towns, shall apply to the said Town of Sarnia, as fully as if it had become an incorporated Town under the ordinary operation of the said Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts, with the exception hereinafter made.

III. The said Town of Samia shall be divided into three Division into Wards, in the manner described in the Schedule B to this Act. Wards.

IV. The Municipal Council of the Township of Sarnia, shall Appointment and may, at any time after the passing of this Act, appoint a of Returning of the person to be a Returning Officer for holding the first Muni-election. cipal Election under this Act, and the person so appointed shall, on or before the twenty-first day of December next after the passing of this Act, by his Warrant, appoint a Deputy To appoint a Returning Officer for each of the three Wards into which the Deputy for said Town is hereby divided, to hold the first Election therein; each Ward. and in the discharge of their duties such Returning Officer and Duties. his Deputies shall be respectively subject to all the provisions of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts, applicable. to first elections in Towns incorporated under the said Acts: Provided always, that at the first election to be held in the Proviso: for said Town, the qualification of Electors and of Councillors qualification. shall be the same as in Townships; And provided also, that Proviso: for on the first Monday in January, one thousand eight hundred next election and fifty covers the appropriate of Councillors in the Township of and fifty-seven, the annual election of Councillors in the Town-Sarais. ship of Sarnia, shall be made at a general Township meeting, to be held at the place where the meetings of the Municipal Council of the Township are now held, or such other place as may be selected therefor, by the Municipal Council of the said Township.

V. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

BOUNDARIES OF THE TOWN OF SARNIA.

The said Town shall be bounded on the North by the southern limit of the Seventh Concession of the Township of Samia, prolonged westward to the Province boundary line in the River St. Clair,—on the East by the rear boundary line of the Front or Ninth Concession of the said Township, continued southward through Park Lots numbered twenty, to the northern limit of the Indian Reserve,—on the South by the said northern limit of the said Indian Reserve, continued westward to the Province boundary line in the River St. Clair,—and on the West by the Province boundary line in the said River.

SCHEDULE B.

BOUNDARIES OF THE WARDS OF THE TOWN OF SARNIA.

North Ward shall comprise all that part of the said Town North of the centre line of George Street, from the eastern, to the western boundary of the said Town.

IV.

Middle Ward shall comprise all that part of the said Town, South of North Ward, and North of the centre line of Cromwell Street, from the eastern to the western boundary of the said Town.

South Ward shall comprise all that part of the said Town, South of Middle Ward.

CAP. LXIX.

An Act to render the Mayor of Quebec elective by the Electors of Quebec.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

7 HEREAS it is expedient to render the Mayor of Quebec elective by the Electors of the said City: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

So much of repealed.

I. So much of the twenty-eighth section of the Act passed s. 28 of 18 V. in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, c. 159, as pro- An Act to amend and consolidate the provisions contained in the vides for election of Mayor Ordinances to incorporate the City and Town of Quebec, and by Councillors to vest more ample powers in the Corporation of the said City and Town, as enacts that at the first Quarterly or Special Meeting of the City Council after the election of the members thereof, in each year, the Councillors shall elect out of the members thereof a fit and proper person to be Mayor of the said City, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Mayor to be elected by qualified electors of the City.

II. After the term of office of the present Mayor of Quebec shall expire, the Electors of the said City duly qualified to elect members to the Council shall elect the Mayor each year, to be selected from persons qualified to be elected Councillors for the said City; and the said person so elected Mayor shall have and enjoy all the rights and powers now vested by law in the Mayor of Quebec, and such Election shall not prevent three Councillors as now representing each Ward of said City.

Certificates to be given to voters for Mayor; and box for receivprepared.

III. A certificate in the same form as that prescribed by law to be given to each voter for a City Councillor, qualified to receive the same, shall also be given to such voter, save that for the words "for Councillor in the Ward," there shall be ing votes to be substituted the words, "For Mayor," and a proper box shall be prepared to receive the said votes, and all the regulations prescribed for votes for Councillors, and the ascertaining of those elected, and the manner, time and form of receiving such votes, as far as the same shall be applicable, shall apply to the said election of Mayor, and the person having the majority of such votes, to be ascertained as in the case of Councillors, shall be Mayor of Quebec, and shall be so declared at the same time and place as the City Councillors shall be declared in each year.

IV. And whereas it is necessary to make provisions whereby Recital. a poll or contest may be avoided, in certain cases where no division of opinion exists among the electors, in respect of the person intended to be elected Mayor of the said City, or in respect of those intended to be elected Councillors in any or all of the Wards thereof; and it is also necessary to provide that the candidates for any of the said offices shall be publicly known, and that none others but those named shall be or may be elected: It is therefore enacted, that hereafter the first Monday Nomination in December in each year, or if that be a holiday, then the day day for Cannext following not being a holiday, shall be and the same is conneillors or hereby fixed as the nomination day for all candidates for the Mayor. offices of Mayor of the said City and of Councillors for the several Wards thereof; and such City Councillor as shall, at the last previous Meeting of the City Council, have been named and appointed for that purpose, shall preside at each of the Nomination nominations of candidates for the offices of Mayor and of Coun- how made. cillors respectively, which shall be held in the open air, that for the office of Mayor at the City Hall, and those for Councillors at such places in the several Wards to be so fixed by the said Council as that all the Electors may have free access thereto; and at ten o'clock in the forenoon of the said day, the Councillor appointed to preside at each such nomination shall proceed to the place where the same is to be held as aforesaid, and shall then and there require the Electors there present to name the person or persons whom they wish to choose as Mayor, or as Councillor or Councillors, as the case may be, and any two duly qualified Electors of the said City may openly and publicly Proposal of address to the Councillor presiding at the nomination for the Candidates for office of Mayor, a demand or requisition that the person by them Mayor. named be elected Mayor of the said City for the next ensuing term of the said office of Mayor, and in the event of there being only one such demand or requisition made as aforesaid, or that all the demands or requisitions so made shall be for one and the same person, then the Councillor presiding shall proclaim If only one, the said person duly elected Mayor of the said City for the next he shall be ensuing term of the said office; and any two qualified Electors Mayor. in any Ward of the said City may, on the day aforesaid, openly Proposal of and publicly address to the Councillor presiding at the nomina-Candidates for tion for the office of Councillor in such Ward, a demand or office of Counrequisition that the person or persons named by them be elected cillor. Councillor or Councillors for the said Ward in which the said requisitionists are Electors as aforesaid, and if there be only It only one for one demand or requisition made for the election of a Councillor any ward he, or Councillors in any Ward of the said City, or if all the requisitions made in any such Ward be for the election of the same sitions made in any such Ward be for the election of the same person or persons as Councillor or Councillors for the said Ward, then the said Councillor presiding shall proclaim the said party or parties named in the said requisition or requisitions, as the case may be, duly elected Councillor or Councillors for the said Ward for the next ensuing term of the said office or offices; Publication of and each and every such Election made as aforesaid, without elections with-

. dissent out dissent.

Pells to be held if there be two or more Candidates. and proceedings to be as

Proviso: no Candidate allowed except those duly nominated.

dissent or division therein, shall be forthwith published in at least one English and one French newspaper in the said City, and the said presiding Councillors respectively shall, in due course, report the said Elections to the Council of the said City: In the event of demands or requisitions being made by two or more duly qualified Electors as aforesaid, for the election of two or more persons as Mayor of the said City, or as Councillor or Councillors in any Ward thereof, a poll shall be granted for each and every such Election by the said presiding Councillors respectively, and the said Election shall be proceeded with in the manner heretofore and now done, in all cases of contested Elections for the offices of Mayor of the said City, or of Courcillor or Councillors in any of the Wards thereof: Provided, however, that no person may or shall be voted for at any such Election or may or can be elected thereat, for whose election a demand or requisition shall not have been made as aforesaid on the first Monday in December aforesaid.

CAP. LXX.

An Act to authorize the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of the City of Montreal to borrow a sum of fifty thousand pounds for the purpose of completing the new Water Works in the City of Montreal.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of the City of Montreal have, by their Petition, represented that, in order to complete the new Water Works, now in course of construction in the City of Montreal, a larger sum of money will be required than they have it in their power to borrow, and they have prayed to be authorized to borrow a further sum not exceeding fifty thousand pounds to be applied solely to the construction of said Works: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Corporation may borrow £50,000 sterling on the security of the Water Works.

I. It shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation, for the purpose of completing the Water Works now in course of construction in the City of Montreal, to borrow a sum not exceeding fifty thousand pounds sterling money of Great Britain in addition to any sum they are now authorized to borrow for the same purpose, and to issue, under the hand of the Mayor and the Seal of the said Corporation, Debentures or Corporation Bonds, to the amount of the said sum of fifty thousand pounds sterling payable on or before the first day of November, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and bearing interest, payable semi-annually, on the first days of November and May in each and every year, and at a rate not exceeding six per centum Form of De. per annum; and all such Debentures may be in any form no bentures, &c. inconsistent with this Act, and may have Coupons thereun!

annexed,

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annexed, for the half-yearly interest thereon, which Coupons being signed by the Mayor or Treasurer of the Corporation, shall be respectively payable to the bearer thereof, when the half-yearly interest therein mentioned becomes due, and shall, on payment thereof, be delivered up to the Corporation; and the possession of any such Coupons by the Corporation shall be prima facie evidence that the half year's interest therein mentioned has been paid according to the tenor of such Debenture; and all such Debentures, as well the interest as the principal To be secured thereof, shall be secured on the General Funds of the said Cor-by special priporation, as well as by special privilege on the said Water Water Works Works mentioned in the fifteenth section of the Act passed in under 7 V. c. the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to on the general authorize the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Montreal to funds of the purchase, acquire and hold the property now known as the City, but after Montreal Water Works, which said privilege shall never-bonds. theless only rank in order next after the privilege secured to the holders of Bonds issued under the provisions of the said Act, or of any Act or provision of law in amendment thereof, or subsequent thereto, and prior to the passing of this Act.

II. Any sum which the said Corporation is empowered to Debentures borrow under this Act may be borrowed in this Province or may be payable where, and the principal sum and interest thereon as aforesaid may be made payable either in this Province or elsewhere, and in currensaid may be made payable either in this Province or elsewhere, and in currensaid may be made payable either in this Province or elsewhere, and in currensaid may be made payable either in this Province or elsewhere, and in currensaid may be made payable either in this Province or elsewhere, and in currensaid may be made payable either in this Province or may be payable elsewhere, and the principal sum and interest thereon as aforeand either in the currency of Canada or in that of the place cy or sterling. where the same shall be payable, and generally all the provisions of the Acts now in force as to the Debentures issued by. the said Corporation shall apply to those to be issued under this Act, except in so far as they may be inconsistent with this

III. The said Water Works now in construction in the said Water Works, City of Montreal, and also the land acquired for the purpose of &c., pledged the said Water Works, and every matter and thing therewith of moneys borconnected, shall be and they are hereby specially charged, rowed under pledged, mortgaged and hypothecated for the repayment of any this Act. sum or sums which may be borrowed by the said Corporation under this Act, as well as for the due and punctual payment of the interest thereupon.

IV. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation to borrow the The money said sums of money under the provisions of the Act passed in may be borthe eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An 13 V. c. 13. Act to extend and amend the Act to establish a Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund for Upper Canada, by applying the same to Lower Canada, and for other purposes.

CAP. LXXI.

An Act to set off part of the County of Chicoutimi as a separate Municipality, and to render valid certain Elections in the Townships therein mentioned.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS the Townships of Kenogomi, Mésy, Labarre, Signai, Caron and Metabetchouan are situate at a great distance from the other settlements of the County of Chicoutimi, between which and them the roads of communication are scarcely opened, and they have no local interest in common with the other Townships of the said County: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Part of the County of Chicoutimi set off as a separate municipality under 18 V. c. 100.

I. From and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, the said Townships of Kenogom, Mésy, Labarre, Signai, Caron and Metabetchouan, with the Townships and tract of country lying north of the Portage des Roches, shall, for the purposes of the Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act of 1855, be detached from the said County of Chicoutimi, and shall be united into and shall form a separate Municipality by the name of the Municipality of Lake St. John; and the other Townships and the remaining tract of land in the said County shall form the County Municipality of Chicoutimi.

Municipal Council, how constituted.

Chief Officer

Powers of the Municipality and Council.

to be called Warden.

Chef-lies and place of election.

II. The Council of the said Municipality shall consist of seven members elected in the manner prescribed by the said Act with respect to the members of Local Councils, by the inhabitants of the Municipality entitled to vote at such elections, and shall be subject to the provisions of the said Act with respect to Local Councils, except where it is herein otherwise provided; and the said Council and Municipality shall be presided over by an officer elected as the Mayor of Local Municipalities is under the said Act, but who shall have the title of Warden and such of the powers of a Warden as may be consistent with this Act: And the said Municipality and Council shall have all the powers of a local Municipality and Council under the said Act, and also the powers of a County Municipality and Council under the same, except those which relate to the construction of a Court House and Gaol, or of a Registry Office, or such as may be inconsistent with its original jurisdiction as a local Council; and the elections of Councillors, and the sittings of the said Council shall be held at the village of Hébertville, which shall be the chief town, (chef-lieu) of the Municipality.

Certain offices III. Notwithstanding any thing in the said Act, the Secretary in the Munici- Treasurer of the said Municipality may be at the same time the Superintendent

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Superintendent thereof; and Commissioners for the summary pality may be held by the trial of small causes may be elected Councillors.

same persons.

IV. The said Municipality shall be organized and may Population of exercise all its powers and functions, although there may not be 300 souls not three hundred souls within its limits; and any proprietor of real required. property in the Municipality, whatever be the value thereof, may be elected a Councillor.

V. The annexation of the Township of Westbury in the The annexas County of Compton to the Township of Ascot in the said tion of certain County, by the Registrar holding the elections for the said townships to others in the County under the said Act, for Municipal purposes,—and the Counties of annexation of the Township of Auckland to the Township of Compton, Newport in the said County,—and the annexation of the Town-Wolfe and Richmond by Ship of South Ham to the Township of Ham in the County of the Registrar Wolfe,—and of the Township of Stoke to the Township of confirmed. Windsor in the County of Richmond,-by the same officer, for the same purposes, shall be considered and held to be and to have been legal and valid, and the elections of Councillors under such unions, and all the acts, proceedings and by-laws of the Councils of the unions of townships, shall be held to be as legal and valid in all respects as if the said townships had been legally annexed at the time they were so united; and the said townships shall remain united for municipal purposes until separation shall be sought and obtained by the inhabitants of the less populous townships, after such townships shall have acquired a population of three hundred souls.

CAP. LXXII.

An Act to legalize a certain School Assessment in the Parish of St. Christophe d'Arthabaska.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

TATHEREAS the School Commissioners of the Parish of St. Preamble. Christophe d'Arthabaska, have entered into engagements in order to carry the School Law into effect in that Parish; And whereas the School Assessment for the scholastic year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five and fifty-six, was inadvertently made after the time prescribed by law, and it is expedient to legalize the said School Assessment in order to enable the School Commissioners to meet the engagements entered into by them for the purposes of education: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The Assessment made and the rate fixed for educational School assesspurposes by the School Commissioners of the Parish of St. ment and rate Christophe d'Arthabaska for the scholastic year one thousand for 1855, 1856, eight hundred and fifty-five and fifty-six, shall be and the same are hereby declared to be legal and valid.

May be collected as if regularly imposed.

II. It shall be lawful for the School Commissioners of the said Parish to collect the assessment and taxes aforesaid, in the same manner as if they had been regularly imposed.

Public Act.

III. This Act shall be a Public Act.

CAP. LXXIII.

An Act to amend the Charter of the Ontario, Simcoe and Huron Railroad Union Company.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

19 VICT.

Preamble.

THEREAS the Ontario, Simcoe and Huron Railroad Union Company, acting under the belief that they had lawful right to purchase, build, own and work steam versels on Lake Simcoe, to ply in connection with their railway, purchased one steam vessel, and contracted for and built another, on that lake, and in order to induce traffic over their road, between Lakes Ontario, Huron, Michigan and Superior, made arrangements with steamboat proprietors to run their boats in connection with the said railroad; And whereas doubts have arisen whether they have sufficient authority in Law in that behalf, and whether they have power to enforce such contracts, or are liable on the same; And whereas it is desirable that such rights should be fully confirmed to the said Company: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Company to held to have had power to vessels on and to make agreements for or charter vessels on Ontario, Huron, Michigan or Superior and, fix tolls, &c.

I. The said Company shall be held to have had and have and to be shall have power and authority to purchase, build, complete, fit out and charter, sell and dispose of, work and own and work control, and keep in repair the said steam vessels on Lake Simcoe, and one or more other vessels, from time to Lake Simcoe, time, to ply on the said Lake in connection with their railway; and also, to make arrangements and agreements with steamboat proprietors on the other Lakes, by chartering or otherwise, to run vessels in connection with their said line of railway; and, in addition to the powers already vested in the Directors of the said Company, it shall be lawful for them, by By-law approved by the Governor in Council, to fix, establish and regulate from time to time, all tolls, charges and payments to be paid or payable to or for the uses of the said Company, for conveying goods and passengers on the said railway, and ressels running in connection therewith, or in the said vessels Proviso: as to alone: Provided always, that nothing in this Act contained, shall be held to affect the legal rights of John Gartshore, of the Town of Dundas, Iron-Founder, for or in respect of any alleged claim or claims against any person or persons now or hereto-fore connected with the said Railway Company as Share-

claim of John Gartshore.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

holders, Directors or otherwise, in their individual capacity.

Public Act.

CAP.

CAP. LXXIV.

An Act to amend the Act of Incorporation of the Woodstock and Lake Erie Railway and Harbor Company.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

WHEREAS in and by the Act passed in the eighteenth preamble. year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the Charter of the Woodstock and Lake Erie Railway and Harbor Company, certain provisions (amongst others) were made for enabling the said Company to amalgamate or unite with any other Railway Company in this Province, or to lease or sell their Line of Road, or any portion thereof, and appurtenances, or the Stock thereof, to any such other Railway Company, or to purchase, buy out, or lease any other such Railway Company, or the Stock thereof, upon such terms and conditions as should be agreed upon; And whereas the Municipalities of Woodstock, South Norwich, North Norwich, Simcoe, Windham and Woodhouse, are interested in the said Company as the holders of Bonds of the said Company, and contemplate converting their said Bonds into Stock of the said Company, and it is desirable that the said Municipalities and the other Municipalities hereinafter referred to, should be authorized to aid and assist the said Company in the manner hereinaster mentioned; and that the following amendments should be made in the several Acts affecting the said Company: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for the said Municipalities and for any Certain Muand every other Municipality through any part of which, or nicipalities near to which the Railway or works of the said Company, or may aid the the Railway or works of any Company which shall amalgamate loans, &c. or unite with the said Company, or the Railway or works of the amalgamated Companies, if such amalgamation or union shall take place, shall pass or be situate, to aid and assist the said Company or amalgamated Companies by loaning or advancing money or other means to such Company or Companies, or issuing Municipal bonds to or in aid of such Company or Companies, or guaranteeing loans or advances to such Company or Companies, and otherwise in such manner and to such extent as such Municipalities or any of them shall think expedient: Provided always, that no such aid, loan or guarantee Proviso. shall be given except after the passing of By-laws for the purpose, and the adoption of such By-laws by the Rate-payers, as provided in the ninth section of this Act.

II. It shall be lawful for any Municipality or Municipalities Municipalities who shall at any time be Shareholders in the said Company or being Stockamalgamated Companies, (including the before mentioned Mu-holders, may nicipalities in case they shall have converted their said bonds Stock to the

Company in exchange for bonds, &c.

into stock,) with the consent of such Company or Companies, or the Board of Directors for the time being, to surrender and yield up their stock to such Company or Companies, and to receive from such Company or Companies in lieu or satisfaction thereof the bonds of such Company or Companies, or such other payment, remuneration, or security therefor, in such manner and form, and for such amount and at such price, as they shall think proper, or as hath been already agreed upon or shall hereafter be agreed upon in that behalf.

Company and Municipalities may agree as to priority or postponement of bonds, one to another.

III. It shall be lawful for the said Company or amalgamated Companies, or their Board of Directors for the time being, and any Municipality or Municipalities desirous of aiding or assisting, or who have aided or assisted such Company or Companies, to agree that the bonds of such Company which such Municipality shall take or receive, whether taken in payment or in lieu of Municipal bonds issued or to be issued to aid or assist such Company, or in lieu or satisfaction of Stock surrendered or yielded up, or to be surrendered or yielded up by such Municipality or otherwise howsoever, shall be postponed, defenred, or subject to the payment of other bonds issued or to be issued by such Company, to such amount as shall be agreed upon in that behalf, and generally to make such agreements and arrangements touching the priority, precedence, or preference of any bonds before or over other bonds of such Company, and the postponing, deferring, and making subject any bonds to and after other bonds of such Company, and for arranging the order as to preference or priority in payment or otherwise of any and all bonds issued or to be issued by such Company, as they shall think proper; and such agreement shall be held to be legal and binding on all parties, and the bonds issued by such Company shall have and obtain such order and preference upon and over the assets and property of such Provide: post- Company as shall be so agreed upon in that behalf: Provided always, that all bonds to be issued by such Company or Companies which shall be subject, deferred, or postponed to or after other bonds issued or to be issued by such Company or Companies, shall recite or show not only the aggregate amount of such deferred or postponed bonds, but also the aggregate amount of the bonds having or to have preference or priority to or over such deferred or postponed bonds.

poned bonds to be marked as such on the face.

Corporate name of any union of Companies of which the Company shall be one.

IV. If the said Company shall amalgamate or unite with any other Company or Companies as provided in the third section of the Act first above referred to, it shall not be neces sary to retain the name of either of such Companies, but the Companies so amalgamating or uniting may decide and agree upon such name for the amalgamated Companies as they shall please, and shall specify or designate such name in the deed of amalgamation or the agreement to amalgamate of unite, and after such amalgamation or union, such name shall be the corporate name of the amalgamated Companies, and under

ich corporate name they shall be invested with and may tercise and enjoy all the rights, powers, privileges, property, enefits and advantages which otherwise would appertain to ie amalgamating Companies, and to all and every of them, if ich amalgamation had not taken place.

V. And whereas the said Municipalities mentioned in the Resital, reamble to this Act, being largely interested in the said Comany as the holders of certain bonds of the said Company, eemed it necessary to make certain arrangements for insuring e more speedy completion of the said Railway, and did by elegates acting on their behalf, accept certain proposals and oter into certain arrangements for that purpose in writing bearig date the tenth day of March, in the year of our Lord ne thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, with Miles O'Reilly, of ie City of Hamilton, Esquire, which arrangements were afterrards ratified and confirmed by the Councils of such Municipaliesrespectively, and are in the words contained in Schedule A to his Act annexed; Therefore, it is enacted and declared, that the Agreement ly-laws or Resolutions of the Councils in acceptance of such between the greement, shall, after the approval of the rate-payers as pro-certain Muni-ided in the ninth section of this Act, authorize the said Coun-cipalities corils to carry the same into full effect according to the true firmed. otent and meaning thereof.

VI. And whereas doubts have arisen as to the regularity or Recital. egality of the proceedings of the Directors of the said Comany, in their dealings with the said Municipalities and obaining loans therefrom, and it was in and by the said arrangenents amongst other things agreed, that the said Directors bould be indemnified, and their action and proceedings in the remises legalized by Act of Parliament; Therefore, it is Certain Acts nacted and declared that the acceptance and adoption by the of the Directlate-payers as hereinbefore provided, of the said agreement of nicipal boods he tenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, shall confirmed. hereupon operate and take effect as a full discharge and inemnity to the said Directors, from all claims, actions and proeedings at Law or in Equity on the part of the said Municialities, or any other party or parties whatsoever, for or by eason of the said action and proceedings in the premises.

VII. It shall be lawful for any shareholder or person holding Sharehelders tock in the said Company, at any time within six calendar may surrender nonths after the passing of this Act, by writing under his their Stock. and, delivered to, and deposited with, the Secretary of the aid Company, to surrender or yield up such stock or any part hereof, and thenceforth as to such stock or shares so surrenlered or yielded up, such party shall cease to hold or be enitled to the same, and cease to be liable in any manner however in respect thereof, and the proper entries shall be made in he stock book of the said Company, shewing that such stock las been surrendered or yielded up.

Company or amalgamated Companies may pledge their read, &e., and give premium upon loans raised by them.

VIII. It shall be lawful for the said Company or amalgamated Companies to borrow money from time to time for making, completing and working this Railway, and to pledge the lands, tolls, revenue and other property of the Company for the due payment thereof; and to issue and dispose of their bonds from time to time, at such rate of premium or discount or otherwise as may be agreed upon in that behalf; and also to make their bonds to be issued by them for securing the repayment of any sums so borrowed, convertible into stock of the Company, on the terms and conditions to be mentioned or expressed in such bonds or in the By-laws of the Company; and all bonds to be issued by the Company for the payment of money only, whether they be convertible into stock as aforesaid or otherwise, shall be transferable by delivery or indorsed in like manner as promissory notes.

By-laws for aiding the Railway, changing the priority of bonds, &c., must be first submitted to rate-payers as under 16 V. c. 22.

IX. That any By-law for aiding the said Railway or for changing the position of any bonds or stock, with reference to priority or otherwise, before the same shall be of any force or effect, shall be first submitted to a vote of the Rate-payers of the Municipality interested, for their approval, and assented to by them or a majority of those voting thereat, which vote shall take place at such place as may be fixed by the Municipal Council interested, and of which, one month's previous notice shall be given in the manner prescribed by the fourth subsection of the second section of the Act sixteenth Victoria, chapter twenty-two.

First moneys raised to be used to pay for certain surveys, &c. X. That the first moneys raised under this Act shall be applied in the first place towards the payment and discharge of all fees, expenses and disbursements for procuring the passing of this Act, and for making the Surveys, Plans and Estimates of the said Railway and connected therewith, is cluding those made within the last four years.

Public Act.

XI. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

Proposal by Mr. O'Reilly to the Delegates of the Municipalities of Woodstock, North Norwich, South Norwich, Windham, Simcoe and Woodhouse:

- 1. That the said Municipalities should take the bonds of the Woodstock and Lake Erie Railway and Harbor Company, for any aid already given and to be given to the said Company, which shall be postponed or subject to first mortgage bonds to be issued by the Company to the amount of one million pounds;
- 2. Private stock shall be taken to the amount of from seven hundred and fifty thousand pounds to one million pounds, in this and the road westward of St. Thomas;

- 3. That the Municipalities contribute towards the enter prise three years interest at six per cent. on the amount of their aid, as a gratuity, that is to say: the Company will pay the interest in the mean time, (beginning with and including the year's interest now past due) and take the bonds of the Municipalities for the amount, payable at the end of twenty years, with interest half yearly;
- 4. That in the mean time such a Board of Directors shall be put in as shall be nominated through Mr. O'Reilly, who of course are to have the unfettered direction, control and management of the whole undertaking;
- 5. That whether the mode of carrying out this arrangement shall be by the Municipalities first converting their bonds into stock, and afterwards giving up their stock and taking the Company's bonds for the amount, (which would be payable at the end of twenty years, or sooner if the Company please to pay them sooner) in either case the Municipalities and all others concur in getting any amendment in the law, necessary or desirable for this purpose, as well as also for legalising what has been already done by the Directors of the said Company, in so far as the taking and dealing with the bonds of the Municipalities, and other necessary matters;
- 6. That it shall be optional with Mr. O'Reilly and those scting with him, to decide whether the Municipalities shall become and remain shareholders in the Company, or be bondholders, as first above described; But if shareholders, of course they would stand on the same footing as other ordinary shareholders, the payment of the interest being made by the Company during construction: also in such case they would not make the contribution of the three years interest above referred to; but this agreement to be binding in all other respects;
- 7. If it be determined that the Municipalities are to be bondholders, the Company to pay two per cent. per annum (for sinking fund) on the principal of their (the Company's) bonds; and the Company's bonds in favor of the Municipalities to be so drawn that the Company have the option of paying them off at any time before the expiration of the twenty years, that is to say, at any time before due; and if the Municipalities are to remain shareholders, the Company to have the right to take their stock at par at any time in ten years from this date.
- 8. It is understood that the Road from Woodstock to Port Dover shall be put in running order within a reasonable time, say two years from this date.

The above written proposition is accepted and agreed to on the part of the said Municipalities. Dated at Paris this tenth March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

M. O'REILLY,
JAMES KINTREA,
Delegate Councillor for Woodstock.

PAUL BEDFORD,
Delegate Councillor for North Norwich.

ASA DURKEE,
Reeve of South Norwich.

LAWRENCE H. HUNT,
Windham Delegate.

WM. M. WILSON,
Delegate for Simcoe.

WALKER POWELL,

CAP. LXXV.

Delegate, Woodhouse.

An Act to incorporate the London and Grand Trunk Junction Railway Company.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS the persons hereinafter named, and divers others, have petitioned that an Act may be passed authorizing the construction of a Railway from any point in the City of London, to intersect the Grand Trunk Railway at the Village of St. Mary's or such other place Northerly of the said City of London, as may be most convenient for that purpose, so as to form a Railway connexion betwixt the City of London and the Grand Trunk Railway; And whereas a Railway so constructed would manifestly tend to open an extensive tract of fertile country and promote its general prosperity: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Incorporation of Company.

I. William Barker, Marcus Holmes, James C. Macklin, Elijah Leonard, John Carling, George G. Magee, Lionel Ridout, Hiram Chisholm, David Glass, Peter Schram, John Wilson, John Crawford, Lewis Moffat, George Perkins, Henry C. R. Becher, James Shanley and William W. Street, together with such other person or persons, Corporations and Municipalities as shall, under the provisions of this Act, become Shareholders in the Company hereby incorporated, shall be and are hereby ordained, constituted and declared to be a body corporate and politic by and under the name of the "London and Grand Trunk Junction Railway Company."

Corporate name.

Certain clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation see of 14 & 15 Act with respect to the first, second, third and fourth clauses V. c. 51, in thereof, and also the several clauses of the said last mentioned

Act with respect to "Interpretation," "Incorporation," "Powers," corporated "Plans and Surveys," "Lands and their valuation," "High- with this Act. ways and Bridges," "Fences," "Tolls," "General Meetings," "Directors, their election and duties," "Shares and their transfer," "Municipalities," "Shareholders," "Actions for indemnity and fines and penalties, and their prosecution," "Working of the Railway," and "General Provisions," shall be incorporated with this Act, and shall accordingly apply to the said Company and the said Railway, except only in so far as it may be inconsistent with the express enactments hereof; and the expression "this Act," when used herein shall be understood to include the provisions of the Railway Clauses Conedidation Act which are incorporated with this Act as aforemid.

III. The said Company and their servants and agents shall Line of Railhave full power under this Act to lay out, construct and com- way defined. plete a Railway between the City of London and the Grand Trunk Railway, with full power to pass over any portion of the Counties of Middlesex, Huron and Perth, to intersect and unite with the Grand Trunk Railway at St. Mary's or at any other convenient point Northerly of the City of London, under the provisions of the ninth section of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act.

IV. Deeds and conveyances under this Act for the lands to Form and rebe conveyed to the said Company for the purposes of this Act, gistration of shall and may, as far as the title to the said lands or circum- Company. stances of the parties making such conveyance will admit, be made in the form given in the Schedule to this Act, marked A, and all Registrars are hereby required to register in their Registy Books such deeds on the production thereof and proof of execution, without any memorial, and to minute every such entry on the Deed; the said Company are to pay the Registrar Fee. for so doing the sum of two shillings and six pence, and no more.

V. From and after the passing of this Act the said William Provisional Barker, Marcus Holmes, Lionel Ridout, John Wilson, John Directors. Crawford, Lewis Moffat, George Perkins, Henry C. R. Becher, James Shanley and W. W. Street shall be Provisional Directors of the said Company for carrying into effect the object and purposes of this Act.

VI. It shall and may be lawful for the Provisional Directors Vacancies for the time being of the said Company or a majority of them, among them to smooth the place or places of any of their number from time how filled up. to supply the place or places of any of their number, from time to time dying or declining to act as such Provisional Director or Directors, out of the several owners of Stock in their said Railway to the amount of at least two hundred and fifty pounds, Provincial currency, each, during the period of their continuance in office; and such Provisional Directors, except as hereinafter Their powers is excepted, shall be and they are hereby invested with all the and duties.

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powers, rights, privileges and indemnities, and they shall be and they are hereby made subject unto the like restrictions as the elected Directors of the said Company upon their being elected by the Stockholders of the said Company, as hereinafter provided, would, under the provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act and of this Act, become invested with or subject unto respectively.

First general meeting and election of Directors

VII. When and so soon as Shares to an amount equivalent to one hundred thousand pounds Provincial currency, in the Capital Stock of the said Company be taken, and ten pounds per centum thereon shall shall have been paid in to some one of the Chartered Banks of this Province, it shall and may be lawful for the Provisional Directors of the said Company, for the time being, to call a meeting at the City of London, of the subscribers for Stock in the said Company, and who have paid ten per centum thereon as aforesaid, for the purpose of electing Directors of the said Company; Provided always that if the said Provisional Directors shall neglect or omit to call such meeting, then the same may be called by any ten of the holders of Shares in the said Company holding among them not less than an amount equivalent to five thousand pounds Provincial currency; And provided always, that in either case public notice of the time and place of holding such meeting shall be given during one month in some one newspaper published in the City of London, and also in some one newspaper published in each of the Counties through which the said Railway shall pass or be intended to pass, or in such of the said Counties as shall have a newspaper published therein respectively; and at such general Meeting the Shareho ders assembled, with such proxies as shall be present, shall choose eleven persons to be Directors of the said Company, being each a proprietor of shares in the said Company to an amount of not less than two hundred and fifty pounds Provincial currency, and shall also proceed to pass such Rules, Regulations and Bylaws as shall seem to them fit, provided they be not inconsistent with this Act; Provided also, that such ten per centum shall not be withdrawn from such Bank or otherwise applied except

Proviso.

Proviso for notice of meeting.

Election of 11 Directors.

Proviso : ten per cent. to be paid on subscribing.

Term of office of first Directors.

Annual general meeting.

VIII. The Directors so elected or those appointed in their stead in case of vacancy, shall remain in office until the first Wednesday in June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and on the said first Wednesday in June and on the first Wednesday in June in each year thereafter, or such other day as shall be appointed by any By-law, an Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders shall be held at the office of the Company for the time being, to choose eleven Directors in the room of those whose period of office shall have expired, and generally Specialgeneral to transact the business of the Company; but if at any time it should appear to any ten or more of such Shareholders holding together

for the purposes of such Railway, or upon the dissolution of the

Company from any cause whatever.

together two hundred shares at least, that a Special General and powers Meeting of the Shareholders is necessary to be held, it shall be thereof. lawful for such ten or more of them to cause fifteen days' notice at least to be given thereof in such newspapers as are hereinbefore provided, or in such manner as the Company shall by any By-law direct or appoint, specifying in such notice the time and place and the reason and intention of such Special Meeting, respectively, and the Shareholders are hereby authorized to meet pursuant to such notice and proceed to the execution of the powers by this Act given to them, with respect to the matter so specified only; and all such acts of the Shareholders Majority must or the majority of them at such Special Meeting assembled, hold at least (such majority not having either as principals or proxies less 1,000 shares, than two hundred shares,) shall be as valid to all intents and bind the Compurposes as if the same were done at Annual Meetings.

IX. For the purpose of making, constructing and maintaining Capital the Railway and other works necessary for the proper use and £500,000, and enjoyment of the Railway by this Act authorized to be con-how to be structed, it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Company for the time being, to raise in such manner by Shares £25 loan, subscription of stock, issuing of shares or otherwise as to the Directors of the said Company for the time being shall from time to time seem fit, the sum of Five Hundred Thousand Pounds Provincial Currency, such shares to be issued for sums of twenty-five pounds Provincial currency each; Provided al- Proviso for inways, that the said capital sum may from time to time, if crease of capinecessary, be increased in the manner provided for by those tal under 14 & clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act, which in and by the second section of this Act are incorporated with this

X. It shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Directors to Company for the time being, to make, execute and deliver all issue shares, such scrip and share certificates, and all such bonds, debentures, scrip, &c. mortgages or other securities, as to the said Directors for the time being shall from time to time seem most expedient for raising the necessary capital for the time being authorized to be raised by the said Company, or for raising any part thereof.

XI. Every proprietor of shares in the said Company shall be Proportion of entitled on every occasion when the votes of the members of votes to the London and Grand Trunk Junction Railway Company are shares. to be given, to one vote for every share of twenty-five pounds currency held by him.

XII. All bonds, debentures and other securities to be ex- Debentures, ecuted by the London and Grand Trunk Junction Railway &c., may be Company may be made payable to bearer; and all such bonds, to bearer. debentures or other securities of the said Company, and all dividends and interest warrants thereon respectively, which shall purport to be payable to bearer, shall be assignable at

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law by delivery, and may be sued on and enforced by the respective bearers and owners thereof for the time being, in their own names.

Quorum of Directors. XIII. Any meeting of the Directors of the said Company, regularly summoned, at which not less than five of such Directors shall be present, shall be competent to exercise and use all and every of the powers hereby vested in the said Directors.

Galle ; Amount of, Emited.

XIV. Calls may be made by the Directors of the said Company for the time being; Provided that no call to be made upon the subscribers for stock in the said Railway Company, shall exceed the sum of ten pounds per centum upon the amount subscribed for by the respective Shareholders in the said Company, and that the amount of any such calls in any one year shall not exceed fifty pounds per centum upon the stock so subscribed; Provided also, that upon the occasion of any person or Corporation becoming a subscriber for stock in the said Company, it shall and may be lawful for the Provisional and other Directors of the said Company, for the time being, to demand and receive to and for the use of the said Company the sum of ten pounds per centum upon the amount so by such person or Corporation respectively subscribed, and the amount of such calls as shall have already been made payable in respect of the stock then already subscribed at the time

of such person or Corporation respectively subscribing for stock.

XV. And whereas it may be necessary for the said Company

to possess gravel pits and lands containing deposits of gravel, as well as lands for stations and other purposes at convenient places along their line of Railway for constructing and keep-

Proviso: ten per cent. and ealls then made to be paid on subscribing.

Regital

ing in repair and for carrying on the business of the said Railway; and as such gravel pits or deposits cannot at all times be procured without buying the whole lot of land where on such deposits may be found; It is therefore enacted, that it companymay shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby

purchase land for gravel pits, stations, &c.

necessary right of way thereto, any lands, tenements and hereditaments which it shall please Her Majesty or any person or persons or bodies politic, to give, grant, sell or convey unto, and to the use of or in trust for, the said Company, their successors and assigns, and it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to establish stations or workshops on any such

authorized, from time to time to purchase, have, hold, take,

receive, use and enjoy, along the line of the said Railway or

separated therefrom, and if separated therefrom, then with the

And dispose thereof when not wanted.

lots or blocks of land, and from time to time, by deed of bargain and sale or otherwise, to grant, bargain, sell or convey any portions of such lands not necessary to be retained for gravel pits, sidings, branches, wood-yards, station-grounds or workshops, or for effectually repairing, maintaining and using to the

greatest advantage, the said Railway and other works connected therewith.

XVI.

XVI. The said Railway shall be commenced within two Commences years and completed within seven years after the passing of ment, &c., of this Act.

XVII. And whereas it may be the interest of the said Com-Company me pany hereafter to unite with the Grand Trunk Railway Com- unite with a pany or with some other Railway Company: Be it enacted, other Railway that it shall be lawful for the said London and Grand Trunk Junction Railway Company, at any time hereafter to unite with and become merged in the Grand Trunk Railway Company, under the provisions of the several Acts of this Province relating to the said Grand Trunk Railway Company, or with any other Railway Company whose Railway intersects that of the said Company or touches any place which their Railway also touches, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon between the Companies; and to any such Union and the Acts 16 V. proceedings preliminary thereto and the effects thereof, all the cc. 39 and 76, provisions of the Acts passed in the sixteenth year of Her Massuch unions. jesty's Reign, and chaptered respectively thirty-nine and seventy-six (providing for the Union of Railway Companies) shall extend and apply.

XVIII. The Interpretation Act shall apply to this Act, and Public Act. this Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

Know all men by these presents, that I, (insert the name of the wife, also if she is to release her dower, or for any other reason to join in the conveyance,) do hereby in conpaid to me (or as the case may be,) sideration of by the London and Grand Trunk Junction Railway Company, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, grant, bargain, sell, convey and confirm unto the said London and Grand Trunk Junction Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever, all that certain parcel or tract of land situate (describe the land)—the same having been selected and laid out by the said Company for the purposes of their Railway, to have and to hold the said land and premises together with every thing appertaining thereto to the said London and Grand Trunk Junction Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever: (if there be dower to be released, add) and I (name the wife) hereby release my dower in the premises.

Witness my [or our] hand [or hands] and seal [or seals] this , one thousand eight hundred day of and

A. B. C. B.

Signed, sealed and delivered) in the presence of

CAP. LXXVI.

An Act to amend and consolidate the several Acts incorporating and relating to the Bank of Montreal.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Proamble.

HEREAS the Bank of Montreal have prayed that the Act by which they are incorporated, and the several Acts amending the same, may be amended and consolidated, and it is expedient to grant their prayer: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Corporation of the Bank continued.

4 & 5 V. c. 96, cited.

Real estate.

No new Corporation creāted.

Capital £1,500,000.

Provision for enforcing pay-ment of calls on stock subscribed for, under 18 V. c. 26.

Forteiture for non-payment of calls.

I. The Shareholders of the Bank of Montreal, incorporated by the Act of the Provincial Parliament, passed in the Session thereof held in the fourth and fifth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to renew the Charter of the Bank of Montreal, and to increase its Capital Stock, and the respective heirs, executors and assigns of such Shareholders, shall be and continue to be, during the continuance of this Act, a body politic and corporate, by and under the name of the Bank of Montreal; and as such may acquire and hold such real estate, not exceeding the annual value of ten thousand pounds, currency, as may be necessary for the convenient management of their business; and may, from time to time, sell, alienate and convey all or any part of the same, and acquire and hold other real estate in lieu thereof, for the said purpose; but nothing herein contained shall be construed to make the said Bank a new corporation, or in any way whatever to affect any right or liability of the said Bank, or any action, suit or proceeding pending at the time of the passing of this Act.

II. The capital stock of the Bank shall be the aggregate amount authorized by the Act of incorporation in the preceding section mentioned, and the several Acts authorizing an increase of the same, namely, one million five hundred thousand pounds, currency; which capital stock shall be divided into thirty thousand shares of fifty pounds each: And with regard to so many of the said shares as have been subscribed for under and in virtue of the Act passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend the Charter and increase the Capital Stock of the Bank of Montreal, but have not yet been wholly paid up, if any holder of such shares refuse or neglect to pay any instalment thereon at the time appointed or to be appointed by the Directors, such Shareholder shall incur a forfeiture, to the use of the Bank, of a sum of money equal to ten pounds per centum on the amount of such shares; and moreover, the Directors may, without any previous formality other than thirty days' public notice of their intention, sell at public auction the said shares, or so many of them as shall, after deducting all reasonable expenses, yield a sum of money sufficient to pay the

unpaid instalments due on the remainder of the said shares, and the forfeitures incurred upon the whole; and the President or Cashier of the Bank shall execute the transfer to the purchaser of the shares so sold, and such transfer shall be as valid and effectual in law as if the same had been executed by the original holder of the shares: Provided always, that nothing in this Provise: forsection contained shall be held to debar the Directors, or the feiture may be Shareholders at a general meeting, from remitting, in whole or remitted. in part and conditionally or unconditionally, any forfeiture incurred by the non payment of the instalments as aforesaid.

III. The chief seat or place of business of the Bank shall be Chief seat of in the City of Montreal; but the Directors may, from time to business; brantime, open and establish Branches or Agencies of the Bank at ches may be other places in this Province; and, for the management of the business of the same, may appoint either local Directors, or Managers, or Agents, or all or any one or more of them, and make such rules and regulations for their guidance as shall not be repugnant to any law of this Province, to this Act, or to the By-laws of the Bank; Provided always, that no person shall be Proviso as to appointed a local Director, unless he also shall be, and during local Directors and their quathree months immediately preceding his appointment shall lification. have been, a holder and absolute owner, in his own name and right (and not in trust for any purpose or person, or in trust simply), of not fewer than ten shares wholly paid up, of the capital stock of the Bank, and be also a natural born or a naturalized subject of Her Majesty.

IV. The affairs of the Bank shall be managed by nine Di- Annual elecrectors, who shall be annually elected by the Shareholders, at tion of nine Directors, a general meeting to be held on the first Monday in June, at which the Shareholders shall vote according to the scale hereinafter established; and the Directors elected by a majority Period of serof the votes shall be capable of serving as Directors during the vice. ensuing tweive months, and until they shall be replaced by their duly elected successors ;—At their first meeting after their President election, the Directors shall choose from among themselves a and Vice-President and a Vice-President, who, respectively, shall hold President. their offices during the same period;—In case of a vacancy Vacancies, occurring in the number of the Directors, the remaining how filled. Directors shall fill the same by election from among the other Shareholders; and if the vacancy also cause the vacancy of the office of President, or of Vice-President, the Directors, at the meeting at which they shall have completed their number, or at their first meeting thereafter, shall choose from among themselves a President, or a Vice-President, to continue in office during the remainder of the same period; Provided Proviso: quaalways, that each of the Directors shall be, and during the lifection of Directors. three months immediately preceding his election shall have been, the holder and absolute owner, in his own name and right (and not in trust for any purpose or person, or in trast simply,) of not less than twenty shares, wholly paid up, of the

Provise: Bylaw may be passed requiring five to be re-elected. Present Directors ces-

tie wed.

capital stock of the Bank, and shall be a natural born or a noteralized subject of Her Majesty, and be actually domiciled in a within nine miles of the City of Montreal: And provided also, that it shall be lawful for the Stockholders at any Annual General Meeting, to pass a By-law directing that five of the Directors in office at the periods of each annual election, shall be seelected for the ensuing twelve months: And provided also, that the present Directors shall remain in office until they shall be replaced by their successors, duly elected at the annual meeting of the Shareholders to be held next after the passing of the Act

Pallure of election, how remedied.

V. The failure of an election of Directors on the day fact by this Act shall not affect the corporate existence or powers of the Bank; but such election may be made at any subsequent time, at a general meeting of the Shareholders duly called in that purpose.

Directors, but not Shareholders. to inspect books.

VI. The books, correspondence and funds of the Bank shall at all times be subject to the inspection of the Directors; but no Shareholder, not being a Director, shall inspect or be allowed to inspect the account of any person dealing with the Bank.

Quorum of Directors.

Who shall preside at their meetings.

VII. At all meetings of the Directors, not fewer than three of them shall constitute a Board or quorum for the transaction of business; and at every such meeting, the President, or in his absence, the Vice-President, or in their absence one of the Directors present to be chosen pro tempore, shall preside; and the President, Vice-President, or President pro tempore so presiding, shall vote as a Director; and if there be an equal division on any question, shall also have a casting vote.

Directors to subject to confirmation by the Stockbolders.

VIII. For the management of the affairs of the Bank, the make By-laws Directors may, from time to time, make and enact By-laws, not repugnant to this Act or to any law of this Province, and may alter and repeal the same; but no such By-law shall have force or effect until it shall have been confirmed by the Shareholders: and of the intention of the Directors to submit any By-law to the Shareholders for confirmation, six weeks' public notice shall previously be given, in which notice, however, it shall not be necessary to embody the proposed By-law; Provided always, that the present By-laws of the Bank, in so far # they are not repugnant to this Act or to law, shall continue consistent with force until altered or repealed.

Proviso ; present By-laws continued when not inthis Act.

Remuneration of President and Directors. Not to be concerned for other Banks.

IX. The Shareholders may, by a By-law, appropriate a sum of money from the general funds of the Bank, to the remunerstion of the services of the President and Directors, as such; and the President and Directors may annually apportion the same among themselves, in such manner or according to sach rule, as they, in each year, shall see fit. No Director shall,

during

during his service as such, act as a private Banker, or as a Director, Manager, or Officer of any other Bank or Banking Company, either public or private.

K. The Directors shall appoint all such Cashiers, Managers, Directors to Agents, Clerks and other Officers, and Servants, as shall be appoint Offinecessary for conducting the business of the Bank, and allow cers. them reasonable compensation for their services: Provided Proviso: sealways, that no person so appointed shall be permitted to enter curity to be taken in every apon the duties of his office, until he shall have given bond or case. other sufficient security, to the satisfaction of the Directors, with condition for good and faithful behaviour, that is to say: the Chief Cashier in a sum not less than five thousand pounds currency, and every other Cashier, and every Manager, Agent, Clerk or other Officer and Servant, in such sum as the Directors shall deem commensurate with the trust to be reposed.

XI. The Directors shall make half-yearly dividends of so Payment of much of the profits of the Bank as to them shall appear advis-dividends. able; and such dividends shall be payable at such place or places as the Directors shall appoint, and of which they shall give public notice thirty days previously; Provided always, Proviso: not that no dividend shall in any manner lessen or impair the to impair capicapital stock of the Bank.

XII. A general meeting of the Shareholders of the Bank Annual gene-shall be held at the Bank in the City of Montreal, on the first ral meeting. Monday in the month of June in every year, for the purpose of electing Directors, and for all other the general purposes and affairs of the Bank; and at every such annual general meeting Statement of the Directors shall submit a full and clear statement of the affairs. affairs of the Bank.

XIII. A special general meeting of the Shureholders, at their Special geneusual place of meeting in the City of Montreal, may at any ral meetings, time be called by not fewer than five of the Directors; or the how called. same may at any time be called by any number, not less than hity, of the Shareholders, who, in their own names and rights, are proprietors of not fewer than one thousand shares, wholly paid up, of the capital stock of the Bank;—six weeks' public notice, specifying the particular object or objects of the meeting, shall previously be given of every such meeting; and if Provision if the object be to consider the proposed removal of the President, the object be the Vice-President, or a Director, for mal-administration, or a Director, other specified and apparently just cause, the person whom it &c. is proposed to remove shall be suspended from the duties of his office, from the day on which the notice shall first be published, if the proposed removal be that of the President, or of the Vice-President, his office shall be filled by the remaining Directors, in the manner provided for in the case of an ordinary vacancy of either of those offices, until the suspension shall be decided or cease.

Scale of votes.

XIV. At every meeting of the Shareholders, they shall, respectively, be entitled to vote according to the following scale, that is to say: for one share and not more than two, one vote; for every two shares above two, and not exceeding ten, one vote, making five votes for ten shares; for every four shares above ten, and not exceeding thirty, one vote, making ten votes for thirty shares; for every six shares above thirty, and not exceeding sixty, one vote, making fifteen votes for sixty shares; and for every eight shares above sixty, and not exceeding one hundred, one vote, making twenty votes for one hundred shares; and no Shareholder shall be entitled to give a greater number of votes than twenty: absent shareholders may give their votes by proxy, such proxy being also a Shareholder, and being also provided with a written authority from his constituent or constituents, in the form established by a By-law, and which authority shall be lodged in the Bank; Provided always have been held that no share held for less than three calendar months immediately prior to a meeting of the Shareholders, shall entitle the holder thereof to vote at such meeting, either in person or by

Voting by proxy.

Shares must a certain time.

Joint holders of shares.

tish subjects to vote, &c.

share, one only of them, empowered by Letter of Attorney from the other or others, or a majority of the others of them, shall be entitled to represent such share, and vote accor-None but Bri- dingly; And provided also, that no Shareholder not a natural born or naturalized subject of Her Majesty, shall, either in person or by proxy, vote at or assist in calling any meeting of the Shareholders; any thing in this Act, or in any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

proxy; and where two or more persons are joint holders of a

Bank Officers not to vote.

XV. No Cashier, Manager, Agent, Clerk or other Officer or Servant of the Bank, shall vote either in person or by proxy, at any meeting for the election of Directors, nor hold a proxy for the purpose.

Shares to be personalty, and how transferable.

Debts to the Arst paid, &c.

Kingdom.

XVI. Every share of the capital stock shall be held to be personal estate, and be transmissible accordingly, and also, shall be transferable, at the Bank, according to the form of Schedule A, annexed to this Act; but no transfer shall be valid and effectual unless it be made and registered in a book to be kept at the Bank for that purpose, and be therein accepted by the party to whom the transfer shall be made, or his lawful Attorney; nor shall any transfer be made or allowed until the Bank must be transferring party shall have previously discharged all his debts and liabilities to the Bank exceeding in amount the value of his remaining shares, if any, unless with the consent of the Directors; and no fractional part or parts of a share shall Provise: any be transferable: Provided always, that the Directors may, number of from time to time, make any given number of the shares of shares may be made transfer. the capital stock transferable, and the dividends arising able and divi- thereon payable, in the United Kingdom, in like manner deads payable as such shares and dividends are now, respectively, transferable and payable at the Bank in the City of Montreal; and to that

1856.

that end, the Directors may, from time to time, make and prescribe such rules, regulations and forms, and appoint such Agent or Agents, as they may deem necessary.

XVII. The transmission of the interest in any share of the Transmission capital stock, in consequence of the death, bankruptcy or in-shares by solvency of a Shareholder, or of the marriage of a female death, marriage, &c., or Shareholder, or by any other lawful means than an ordinary otherwise than transfer under the preceding section, shall be authenticated by by regular a declaration in writing, made and signed by the party claiming the transmission, or his lawful Attorney, or in such other manner as the Directors shall require; every such declaration Declaration to shall distinctly state the manner in which, and the party to be made, atwhom the transmission has been made; and shall be, by the tested and party making and signing the same, acknowledged before a proved. Judge of a Court of Record, or before the Mayor, Provost or Chief Magistrate of a city, town, borough or other place, or before a Public Notary, or before a Cashier, Manager or local Agent of the Bank, at the place where the same shall be made and signed; and when so signed and acknowledged shall be left with the Cashier, Transfer Clerk or other officer of, and at the Bank in the City of Montreal, together with such original or officially authenticated documents or extracts, as shall be necessary to substantiate the essential averments in the declaration; and thereupon, the party claiming and proving the transmission shall be entitled to have his name duly recorded in the register of Shareholders, in lieu of the name of the original Shareholder from whom the share was transmitted; and until the transmission shall have been authenticated as aforesaid, no person claiming the transmission shall be entitled to receive any share of the profits of the Bank, or to vote in respect of the share in question; and any person wilfully making a false declaration, shall, on conviction, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and be punished accordingly; Provided always, Proviso: as to that every such declaration as shall be made and signed else-declarations where than in the British dominions, shall be further authenti- made out of cated by, or shall be directly acknowledged before the British Dominions. Consul, Vice-Consul, or other accredited representative of the British Government in the country where the declaration shall be made: And provided also, that nothing herein contained Proviso: Bank shall be held to debar the Bank, or the Directors, Cashier, may require Transfer Clerk, or other officer or agent of the Bank from re-further proof. Transfer Clerk, or other officer or agent of the Bank, from requiring further corroborative and authentic evidence of any essential fact or facts alleged in any such declaration, or touching the transmission claimed by, or the identity of the party elaiming the same.

Her Majesty's

XVIII. If the transmission of a share of the capital stock of Special provithe Bank be by virtue of the marriage of a female Shareholder, sion in case of the declaration of transmission shall be made and signed by transmission such famale Shareholder and her husband, and it shall be by marriage. such female Shareholder and her husband; and it shall be competent to them to include therein a declaration to the effect

that the share transmitted is the sole property, and under the sole control of the wife, that she may receive and grant receive for the dividends and profits accruing in respect thereof, and dispose of and transfer the share itself, without requiring the consent or authority of her husband; and such declaration shall be binding upon the Bank and the parties making the same, until the said parties shall see fit to revoke it by a written notice to that effect to the Bank; and further, the omission of t statement in any such declaration, that the wife making the same is duly authorized by her husband to make the same, shall not cause the declaration to be deemed either illegal or informal; any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

ittre may be held under esparate control of the wife, &c.

Bank not bound to see to trusts to which shares are subject; or to application of moneys.

XIX. The Bank shall not be bound to see to the execution of any trust, whether express, implied, or constructive, to which any share of the Bank may be subject, and the receipt of the party in whose name any such share shall stand in the books of the Bank, or if it stand in the names of more parties than one, the receipt of one of the parties, shall, from time to time, be sufficient discharge to the Bank for any dividend, bonus, or other sum of money, payable in respect of such share, notwithstanding any trust to which such share may then be subject, and whether or not the Bank have had notice of such trust; and the Bank shall not be bound to see to the application of the money paid upon such receipt; any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

What only shall constitute the legitimate Bank.

XX. The Bank shall not, either directly or indirectly, acquire or hold any real estate, other than such as by the first section of business of the this Act they are authorized to acquire and hold; mor any ship or other vessel; nor any share of their own capital stock, or of the capital stock of any other incorporated or unincorporated Company; nor shall the Bank, either directly or indirectly, lend money or make advances upon the security, mortgage or hypothecation of any real estate, or of any share of their own capital stock, or of any goods, wares or merchandize; nor shall the Bank, either directly or indirectly, raise loans of money, or deal in the buying, selling or bartering of goods, wares or merchandize, or engage or be engaged in any trade whatever, except as dealers in gold and silver bullion, bills of exchange, discounting of promissory notes, and negotiable securities for money, and in such trade, generally, as legitimately appertains Previo: Bank to the business of banking; Provided always, that the Bank may take and hold mortgages and hypothecs on real estate in rity in certain this Province, and on ships and other vessels, and security on cases, and purpersonal property, by way of additional security for debts cor cause out-standing char- tracted to the Bank in the course of their dealings; and also, ges on proper for such purpose, may purchase and take any outstanding ty of its mortgages, judgments or other charges. property of any Debtor of the said Bank.

may take additional secu-

XXI. The aggregate amount of discounts and advances made Amount of by the Bank upon commercial paper or securities bearing the discounts to name of any Director, or the partnership name of any Di-limited. rector of the Bank, shall never, at any one time, exceed one twentieth of the total amount of the discounts and advances. made by the Bank at the same time.

XXII. The Bank may allow and pay interest, not exceeding Bank may the legal rate in this Province, upon moneys deposited in the allow and pay Bank; and, in discounting promissory notes, bills, or other retain discount negotiable securities or paper, may receive or retain the dis- &c. count thereon at the time of discounting or negotiating the same; and when notes, bills, or other negotiable securities or And charge a paper, are bond fide payable at a place within the Province, mium in commium in committee in commit different from that at which they are discounted, the Bank may tain cases. also in addition to the discount, receive or retain an amount not exceeding one half per centum on the amount of every such note, bill or other negotiable security or paper, to defray the expenses of agency and exchange attending the collection of every such note, bill, or other negotiable security or paper; and the May charge Bank may charge any note or bill held by and payable at the bills or notes to deposit ac-Bank, against the deposit account of the maker of such note or counts in coracceptor of such bill, at the maturity thereof; any law, statute tain cases. or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXIII. The bonds, obligations and bills, obligatory and of Bonds, &c., of credit, of the Bank, under the common seal, and signed by the the Bank how President or Vice-President, and countersigned by Cashier, or other officer appointed by the Bank, which shall be made payable to any person or persons, shall be assignable by endorsement under the hand or hands of such person or persons, and of his or their assign or assigns, and so as absolutely to transfer and vest the property thereof in the several assigns, successively, and to enable such assign or assigns to bring and maintain an action or actions thereon, in his or their own name or names; and signification of any such assignment by endorsement shall not be necessary, any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and bills or notes of the Bank, signed And its bills by the President or Vice-President, or by a Cashier or other and notes not officer appointed by the Bank in that behalf, promising the under seal. payment of money to any person or persons, or to his or their order, or to the bearer, though not under the common seal, shall be binding and obligatory upon the Bank, and shall be assignable and negotiable in like manner as if they were made and issued by a private person in his natural capacity.

XXIV. The notes and bills of the Bank made payable to Bank-netes to order, or to bearer, and intended for general circulation, whe- be payable at ther the same shall issue from the chief place of seat of business the place of date. of the Bank in the city of Montreal, or from any of the Branches or Agencies, shall be payable on demand, in specie, at the place where they bear date; and a suspension of payment on Suspension for

demand, 60 days to

Cap. 76.

operate forfeiture of charter.

demand, in specie, at any such place, of any such notes or bills of the Bank, shall, if the time of suspension extend to sixty days, consecutively or at intervals within any twelve consecutive months, operate as, and be a forfeiture of the Incorporation, and of all the privileges of the Incorporation of the Bank.

Total amount limited.

XXV. The total amount of the bank-notes and bills of the of Bank-notes, Bank, of all values, in circulation at any one time, shall never exceed the aggregate amount of the paid up capital stock of the Bank, and the gold and silver coin and bullion, and debentures or other securities, reckoned at par, issued or guaranteed by the Government under the authority of the Legislature of this Province, on hand; and of those bank-notes and

And of those

under £1 each. bills in circulation at any one time, not more than one fifth of the said aggregate amount shall be in bank-notes or bills under None to be un- the nominal value of one pound currency each; but no bankder 5 shillings. note or bill of the Bank, under the nominal value of five shillings, shall be issued or put in circulation.

XXVI. The total amount of the debts of the Bank shall, at

no time, exceed three times the aggregate amount of the paid

Total liabilities of the Bank limited.

Penalty on Directors in case of excess.

up capital stock, and the deposits in specie and Government securities for money; and in case of excess, the Bank shall forfeit their Incorporation, and all the privileges thereof; and the Directors under whose administration the excess shall happen, shall be liable, jointly and severally, for the same, in their private capacities, as well to the Shareholders, as to the creditors of the Bank; and an action or actions in this behalf may be brought against the Directors, or any one or more of them, and the heirs, executors and administrators of the Directors, or any one or more of them, and be prosecuted to judgment and execution according to law; but such action or actions shall not exempt the Bank, or the lands and tenements, goods and chattels of the Bank, from being also liable for the excess: Provided always, that if any Director, present at the time of rectors giving contracting any such excess of debt, do forthwith, or if any Director absent at the time of contracting any such excess of debt, do within two days after he shall have obtained a knowmay free them- ledge thereof, enter on the minutes or register of proceedings of the Directors, his protest against the same, and do, within eight days thereafter, publish such protest in at least two newspapers published in the city of Montreal, such Director may thereby, and not otherwise, exonerate and discharge himself,

Proviso : Dia certain notice within a certain time selves from such penalty; but not from liabilities as Shareholders.

Liabilities of Shareholders, limited.

XXVII. In the event of the property and assets of the Bank becoming insufficient to satisfy the liabilities thereof, the Shareholders, in their private or natural capacities, shall be liable for the deficiency, but to no greater extent than double the

any Director from his liability as a Shareholder.

his heirs, executors and administrators, from the liability aforesaid, any thing herein contained, or any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding; but such publication shall not exonerate

amount

amount of the paid up capital, that is to say: the liability of each Shareholder shall be limited to the amount of his share or shares of the capital stock, and a further sum of money equal in amount thereto: Provided always, that nothing in this section Provise. contained shall be construed to alter or diminish the additional liabilities of the Directors of the Bank, in this Act mentioned and declared.

XXVIII. The Bank are hereby declared liable for all the Bank to have debts and liabilities of the several corporations and association the rights and mentioned in the thirtieth section of the Act of Incorporation in liabilities accordingly. the first section of this Act mentioned; and are also hereby 4 & 5 V. c. 98. empowered, in their own corporate name, to recover and hold, as their own, all the property, real and personal, of the said corporations and association, and all the debts remaining due thereto respectively; the said corporations and association being hereby declared to have been and to be, respectively, merged in the corporation by the said Act of Incorporation and this Act constituted.

crued before

XXIX. Within the first three weeks of every month, the Monthly state-Directors shall make up and publish in the Canada Gazette, ments to be and shall, if required, also transmit to the Governor, a statement lished. of the assets and liabilities of the Bank on the last day of the preceding month, in the form of the Schedule B hereunto annexed, and if at any time required by the Governor, shall verify any such statement by the production of the balance-sheets from which the same shall have been compiled; and Governor may furthermore, shall, when required, furnish the Governor with require further such further information respecting the state and proceedings information. of the Bank, and of the several Branches and Agencies thereof, as the Governor may reasonably see fit to call for: Provided Proviso. always, that the balance-sheets, and the further information so furnished shall be held by the Governor to have been, and to be so furnished, in strict confidence that the same shall not be divulged or made public, and that nothing herein contained. shall authorize the Directors to make known to the Governor, the private account of any person having dealings with the

XXX. The Bank shall not, at any time whatever, directly or Bank not to indirectly, advance or lend to, or for the use of, any foreign lend money, Prince, Power or State, any sum or sums of money, or any foreign state. securities for money; and if any such unlawful advance or loan be made, then, and from the time of making the same, the Bank, as a Corporation, shall be dissolved, and all the powers, authorities, rights, privileges and advantages hereby granted, shall cease and determine; any thing in the aforesaid Act of Incorporation or in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXI. It shall be the duty of the Directors of the Bank to One tenth of invest, and keep invested at all times, in Debentures of this the paid up Province,

invested in Provincial debentures.

Province, payable within the same, or secured on the Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund, one tenth part of the whole paid up Capital of the Bank, and to make a return of the numbers and amount of such Debentures, verified by the oaths and signatures of the President and Chief Cashier or Manager of the Bank, to the Inspector General, in the month of January of each year, under the penalty of the forfeiture of the Charter of the Bank, in default of such investment and return.

Penalty for default.

What shall he

XXXII. The several public notices by this Act required to Public Notice. be given, shall be given by advertisement in two or more of the newspapers published in the City of Montreal, and in the official newspaper called The Canada Gazette.

barch may be made for counterfeit notes or material for counterfeiting.

XXXIII. On complaint made upon the oath of one credible person, to the effect that there is just cause to suspect that any person is or has been concerned in making or counterfeiting any bank-notes or bills of the Bank, any Magistrate may, by warrant under his hand, cause the dwelling-house, room, workshop, out-house or other building, yard, garden or other place, where such person shall be suspected of carrying on such making or counterfeiting, to be searched; and all such comterfeit bank-notes and bills, and all such plates, dies, rollingpresses, tools, instruments and materials used in, or apparently adapted to, the making or counterfeiting of bank-notes or bills, as shall be found therein or thereon, shall forthwith be carried before the same, or any other Magistrate, who shall cause them to be secured and produced upon any prosecution in relation thereto in a Court of Justice, and the same, after being so produced in evidence, shall be defaced or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of, at the discretion of the Court.

XXXIV. And whereas it may be deemed expedient, that the

Recital.

name or names of the person or persons intrusted and authorized by the Bank to sign bank-notes and bills on behalf of the Bank, should be impressed by machinery, in such form as may from time to time be adopted by the Bank, instead of being subscribed in the hand-writing of such person or persons respectively; And whereas doubts might arise respecting the validity Names of per- of such notes and bills: Be it therefore further declared and enacted, that all bank-notes and bills of the Bank of Montreal, whereon the name or names of any person or persons intrusted or authorized to sign such notes or bills on behalf of the Bank, shall or may become impressed by machinery provided for that purpose by or with the authority of the Bank, shall be and be taken to be good and valid, to all intents and purposes as if such notes and bills had been subscribed in the proper hand-writing of the person or persons intrusted and authorized by the Bank to sign the same respectively, and shall be deemed and taken to be bank-note or bills within the meaning of all laws and statutes whatever; and shall and may be described as bank-notes or bills, in all

> indictments and all civil or criminal proceedings whatecever; any law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

onsauthorized ' to sign Banknotes may be impressed by machinery, and the netes valid, &c.

XXXV. This Act shall be a Public Act, and shall be called Public Act. and known as The Charter of the Bank of Montreal; and the Short Title. Interpretation Act shall be applicable thereto.

XXXVI. The Act of Incorporation mentioned in the first Repeal of insection of this Act, and the several Acts subsequently passed consistent in amendment of, or in addition to the same, in so far as they are enactments. repugnant to, or inconsistent with this Act, are hereby repealed.

XXXVII. This Act shall be and remain in force until the Duration of first day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and this Act. seventy; and from that time until the end of the then next Session of the Parliament of this Province, and no longer.

SCHEDULE A

Referred to in the foregoing Act.

For value received from I, (or we) do hereby assign and transfer unto shares (on each of which has been paid pounds pounds shillings, currency, amounting to the sum of shillings) in the Capital Stock of the Bank of Montreal, subject to the rules and regulations of the Bank.

Witness my (or our) (hand or hands) at the said Bank, this in the year one thousand eight day of bundred and

(Signature.)

I (or we) do hereby accept the shares above transferred.

Witness my (or our) (hand or hands) at the Bank, this day of one thousand eight hundred and

(Signature.)

SCHEDULE B

Referred to in the foregoing Act.

Return of the average amount of Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of Montreal on the 18

LIABILITIES.

Promissory Notes in circulation not bearing interest£
Bills of Exchange in circulation not bearing interest£
Balances due to other Banks£
Cash deposits, not bearing interest£
Cash deposits, bearing interest£

Total Liabilities....£ ASSETS.

ASSETS.

Coin and Bullion	£
Landed or other Property of the Bank	£
Government Securities	£
Promissory Notes or Bills of other Banks	
Balances due from other Banks	
Notes and Bills discounted	
Other Debts due to the Bank, not included under the for	e-
going heads	£

Total Assets.....£

CAP. LXXVII.

An Act to amend the Act to incorporate the Quebe and St. Francis Mining and Exploring Company.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Pasamble.

WHEREAS the Quebec and St. Francis Mining and Exploring Company have prayed for certain amendments to their Charter, and for a reduction of their Capital Stock, to facilitate their operations, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of their Petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Capital of Company incorporated by 18 V. c. 47, increased.

Proviso.

I. The Capital Stock which the said Company are authorized to hold in and by the Act of the now last Session, initialed, An Act to incorporate the Quebec and St. Francis Mining and Exploring Company, is hereby reduced to twenty-seven thousand pounds currency, divided into thirty-six thousand shares of fifteen shillings each: Provided always, that the said Capital Stock may be increased to fifty-four thousand pounds in the manner provided in the eighth section of the said Act as amended by this Act.

Section 8 of the said Act, amended. II. The said eighth Section is hereby amended by substituting the words "twenty-seven" for the words "thirty-six," and the words "fifty-four" for the words "seventy-two," wherever they occur in the said section.

Section 12 of the said Act, amended. III. The twelfth Section of the said Act is hereby amended by striking out the words, "not less than three nor more than five," where they occur in the said Section, and by substituting therefor the words "a qualified person, or two, three, four of five," and by inserting after the words "next following Section" in the said Section, the words, "and to fill any such vacancies as there may then be, from any other cause, in the number of Directors, so that the number of the Directors of the said Company shall be not less than three nor more than five."

IV. All the provisions of the above cited Act, which are in- Inconsistent consistent with this Act, are hereby repealed.

repealed.

V. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. LXXVIII.

An Act to incorporate the Canada and Liverpool Mining and Exploring Company.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

WHEREAS it has been represented by petition that the Preamble. several persons hereinafter named have associated themselves together with others for the purpose of exploring for and working metals, mines of copper and other ores, and of smelting the same in this Province, and that they possess a large extent of land on Lake Superior, and have raised by subscription the capital necessary effectually to begin their operations, but that they experience great difficulties in carrying out the objects for which they are associated, without an Act incorporating them with the powers hereinaster mentioned, and have prayed that such an Act may be passed: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Philip Cady VanBrocklin, John Smith, Isaac Vanetten, Certain per-Thomas Daly, L. M. Oliver, A. A. Parker, Charles D. Kimball sone incorporand R. R. Nelson, and their successors, and such or so many ated. other persons or parties as have become or shall become shareholders in the Capital Stock hereinafter mentioned, shall be and they are hereby constituted a body politic and corporate, in fact and by name, by the name of the "Canada and Liver-Corporate pool Mining Company," and by that name shall and may sue name and and be sued, implead and be impleaded, answer and be powers. answered unto in all Courts of Law or Equity whatsoever, and shall have uninterrupted succession with a common seal which may be changed or varied at their pleasure.

II. No Shareholder in the said Corporation shall be in any Shareholders manner whatsoever liable for or charged with the payment of not liable for any debt or demand due by the said Corporation, beyond the Corporation. amount of his, her or their unpaid subscribed share or shares in the Capital Stock of the said Corporation.

III. The Capital Stock of the said Company shall be and Capital Stock the same is hereby declared to be Twelve Thousand Five of Company. Hundred Pounds, divided into two thousand five hundred shares of five pounds each; Provided always, that the said Proviso. capital may be increased to fifty thousand pounds, as hereinafter provided.

IV. The calls to be hereafter made on the holders of the

Calls how to be made.

said Stock, shall be paid by instalments, when and in such manner as shall be prescribed by the Directors bereinaster Proviso: pre- named; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall sent liabilities exonerate, diminish or relieve any party from existing liability for subscripto the said Company, whether the said liability relates to contion, &c., not tributions due or to fall due upon the stock already issued or duscharged. otherwise; but on the contrary, all such liability and contributions shall and may be enforced in the same way, and the said Corporation shall have the same remedy to enforce the

to future calls and liabilities.

Estate of Ased in Corporation hereby established.

V. All and every the estate and property, real or personal, sociation vest- belonging to the Association at the time of the passing of this Act, or which may subsequently be acquired by them, and all debts or claims due to or possessed by the said Association, shall be and are hereby transferred to and vested in the Corporation hereby established, which shall in like manner be liable to and for all debts due by or claims upon the said As sociation; and the Trustees of the said Association, at the time of the passing of this Act, shall be Directors of the said Corporation, as if elected under this Act, until their successors shall be elected, as hereinafter provided.

payments of calls already made, and all other calls and sums now due or called for, as is hereinafter prescribed with respect

Corporation may hold lands, &c.

VI. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation to have and hold such lands and immoveable or real property as may be necessary for carrying on the business of the said Korporation, provided the sum invested in real property, do not at any one time exceed twenty-five thousand pounds; and it shall be lawful for the said Corporation to sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of the said property and estate as they may see fit.

May carry on mining, &c.

VII. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation to engage in and follow on such lands and property as they now hold or may hereafter acquire as their property, or on which they shall obtain permission from any proprietor so to do, the occupation and business of carrying on exploration for and of finding and getting copper and other ores, metals and minerals, and of manufacturing and disposing of the same for the benefit of the said Corporation, and to do all things necessary for the purpose aforesaid, not inconsistent with the rights of any other parties or with the conditions of any grant or other title under which the said Corporation may hold the lands in which such things are to be done: Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to give the said Company the right to enter upon, or to take or use in any way the lands of any person. except with the consent of such person.

Proviso.

VIII. If the said sum of twelve thousand five hundred pounds If Capital be found insufficient for the purposes of this Act, then and in such

1856.

such case it shall be lawful for the members of the said Corpo- cient, it may ration, by a vote of not less than two thirds in number of the be increased. shareholders, representing not less than one half of the shares, at any General Meeting to be expressly called for that purpose, to increase the Capital Stock of the said Corporation, either by the admission of new members as subscribers to the said undertaking, or otherwise, to a sum not exceeding in all the sum of fifty thousand pounds currency, including the said sum of twelve thousand five hundred pounds currency, hereinbefore authorized to be raised, in such manner and upon such terms and conditions, and under such regulations as shall be approved of and agreed on; and the Capital so to be raised by the creation of new shares, or otherwise, shall be in all respects part of the Capital Stock of the said Corporation, and every Rights of new shareholder of such new stock shall be a member of the said Stockholders. Corporation, and be entitled to all and every the same powers, privileges and rights as the persons who are now shareholders, in proportion to the interest or number of shares which he may acquire, and to the amount of calls paid thereon, and shall also be liable and subject to the same obligations and stand interested in all the profits and losses of the said undertaking, in proportion to the sum that he shall subscribe and pay thereto, as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes whatsoever, as if such other or further sum had been originally raised as a part of the said first sum of twelve thousand five hundred pounds; any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

IX. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation, from time to Corporation time to borrow either in this Province, or elsewhere, all such may borrow rum or sums of money, not exceeding in all, at any one time, twelve thousand five hundred pounds currency, as they may find expedient, and to make the bonds, debentures, or other securities they shall grant for the sums so borrowed, payable either in currency or in sterling with interest, and at such place or places within or without this Province as they may deem advisable; and such bonds, debentures or other securities may Andpledgethe be made payable to bearer, or transferable by simple endorse-Company's lands, &c. ment or otherwise, and may be in such form as the Directors for the time being may see fit; and the said Directors may hypothecate, mortgage or pledge the lands, revenues and other property of the said Corporation, for the due payment of the said sums and the interest thereon: Provided always, that such Proviso. Corporation shall not be allowed to borrow any part of the said sum of twelve thousand five hundred pounds, until at least one half of the said capital stock of the said Corporation hereinbefore authorized be paid up and available for the use of the Corporation; And provided also, that no such bonds or deben- Provise. tures shall be issued by such Corporation for any amount less than one hundred pounds currency.

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Stock to be deemed personal estate, &c.

Votes in proportion to ahares.

Proviso.

X. The stock of the said Corporation shall be deemed personal or moveable estate, notwithstanding the conversion of any portion of the funds constituting the same into lands; and at all the meetings of the shareholders held in pursuance of this Act, whether the same be general or special, every shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for every share which he shall possess in the said stock, and such vote or votes may be given in person or by proxy; and all questions proposed or submitted for the consideration of the said meetings, shall be finally determined by the majority of the votes; And provided also, that no person shall be entitled to vote as proxy at any meeting unless he shall be a shareholder in the said Corporation, and produce a written authority as such proxy in the form prescribed by the Schedule A.

Shares assignable by delivery of certificates.

Conditions previous to

Evidence of transfer.

transfer.

XI. The shares in the stock of the said Corporation shall be assignable by delivery of the certificates to be issued to the holders of such shares respectively, and by assignment in the form of the Schedule B., or in any other convenient form to be prescribed by any By-law of the said Corporation; and by such assignment the party accepting such transfer shall thenceforth become in all respects a member of the said Corporation in respect of such share or shares in the place of the party so transferring the same; but no such transfer shall be valid or effectual until all calls or instalments due on the shares purporting to be transferred shall have been fully paid up and discharged, or the said shares shall have been declared forleited for non-payment of calls, nor without the written consent of a majority of the Directors; and a certified copy of such transfer extracted from the proper Book of Entry, and signed by the Clerk, or other officer of the said Company duly authorized thereto, shall be sufficient prima facie evidence of every such transfer in all Courts in this Province.

Directors may open offices in New York, &c., and in London, England.

XII. The Company may establish Agencies in Great Britan or the United States, provided the majority of its Directors are British subjects, and may open Books of Subscription in all or any of the Cities of New York, Detroit, Chicago, Buffalo and St. Paul's, in the United States, and in London, Liverpool and Truro, in England, for the Stock of the said Corporation, and receive there subscriptions for the said Stock, transferable there respectively, and make all instalments called for thereon, and dividends declared thereupon, payable there respectively; and the said Directors shall also have power to name one or more Agent or Agents or Commissioners in all or any of the afore said Cities, for all or any of the purposes aforesaid, and to allow to such Agent or Agents or Commissioners, a reasonable remuneration for his or their services, and all other necessary expenses of the said office and offices; and it shall also be competent for the said Directors to make all such rules and regulations, and to prescribe all such forms as to them may seem meet for the better and more satisfactorily managing and conducting

May appoint Agents, Commissioners, &c.

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conducting the affairs and business of the said Corporation in all or any of the Cities aforesaid, and for facilitating and rendering effectual the subscription for, and transfer of, and payment upon the said Stock respectively, and for all other purposes connected therewith and incidental thereto; Provided always, Proviso. that the said Directors may make By-laws prescribing the mode in which any Shares of the Stock in all or any or either of the said Cities may be made shares in Canada, or whereby any shares of the Stock in Canada, may be made shares in the United States or England aforesaid.

XIII. For managing the affairs of the said Corporation, there Election of shall be from time to time elected out of the members of the Directors. said Corporation not less than three and not more than five persons, being each a Proprietor of not less than three hundred Shares of the said Capital Stock, to be Directors of the said Corporation, for ordering, managing and directing the affairs of the said Corporation; and any three Directors shall form a quorum of the Board, and may exercise all the powers of the Directors: Provided always, that unless at a Meeting of the Proviso. majority of the Directors, no By-law, Rule, Resolution or Regulation for raising money or disposing of the Real Estate of the Corporation shall be finally passed, unless confirmed at the next Meeting of the Directors to take place upon due notice given; Provided that no Director shall have more than one vote Provise at any Meeting of Directors except the President or Chairman of the meeting for the time being, who shall in case of an equal division have the casting vote, although he may have given one vote before; and whenever any vacancy shall happen among Vacancies the Directors by death, resignation, or removal out of the Pro- how filled. vince, such vacancy shall be filled up until the next General Meeting of the Shareholders in such manner as may be prescribed by any By-law of the Corporation; and the Directors shall have full power to dispose of such part of the stock of the said Corporation as may remain to be disposed of, or as may from time to time be added into or fall into the general mass, either by forfeiture or otherwise, on such terms and conditions, and to such parties as they think most likely to promote the interest of the said Corporation; and they shall also have full Calls on power to make such calls for money from the several Share-Shareholders. holders for the time being hereinbefore provided for, and to sue for, secover and get in all such calls whether already made or hereafter to be made, and to cause and declare the said shares to be forfeited to the said Corporation in case of non-payment, on such terms and in such way as they shall see fit to prescribe by any By-law; And in any action to be brought to recover suits for recoany money due on any call, it shall not be necessary to set very of forth the special matter in the declaration, but it shall be sufficalled for, and cient to allege that the Defendant is a holder of one share what only or more in the said Stock (stating the number of shares) and need be al-in indebted to the Corporation in the sum to which the calls proved there

arrear shall amount, (stating the number and amount of

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such calls,) whereby an action hath accrued to the Corporation by virtue of this Act; and it shall be sufficient to maintain such action, to prove by any one witness, that the Defendant at the time of making such call, was a Shareholder in the number of shares alleged, and that the calls sued for were made, and notice given thereof, in conformity with the By-laws of the said Corporation, and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors, nor any other matter Directors may whatsoever; and the said Directors shall and may use and affix corporate affix, or cause to be used and affixed the common seal of the said Corporation to any documents, which, in their judgment may require the same, and any act or deed bearing such seal.

> and signed by the President (or any two Directors,) and countersigned by the Secretary, shall be held to be the act or deed of the Corporation; and they may appoint such and so many

> agents, officers and servants of the said Corporation, under

them, as to the said Directors may seem meet, and may fix the salaries and remuneration of such officers, agents and servants: may make any payments and enter into any contracts for the

seal, &c.

Directors may appoint Officers, Agents,

Other powers

execution of the purposes of the said Corporation, and for all other matters necessary for the transaction of its affairs, may generally deal with, treat, purchase, lease, sell, mortgage, let, vested in them. release and dispose of, and exercise all acts of ownership over the land, tenements, property and effects of the said Corporation, may institute and defend in the name of the said Corporation all suits at law, may from time to time displace the officers, agents and servants of the said Corporation, except as hereinafter provided, and they shall and may have power to do all things whatsoever which may be necessary or requisite to carry out the objects of the Corporation, and to vest the present property and funds of the said Association in the Corporation hereby erected; they shall declare dividends of the profits of the said Corporation, when and as often as the state of the funds thereof may permit; may appoint when special meetings of the Shareholders shall be held, and determine on the mode of giving notice thereof, and of the manner in which the Shareholders may call or require such special meetings to be called; they shall have power to make By-laws for the government and control of the officers and servants of the said Corporation, and for appointing the salary or allowance to be made to them repectively; and shall also have power to make and frame all

They may makeBy laws,

Must be confirmed by Stockholders.

other By-laws, rules and regulations for the management of the business of the said Corporation in all its particulars and details, whether hereinbefore specially enumerated or not, and the same also at any time to alter, change, modify and repeal; which said By-laws, rules and regulations, shall be submitted for approval, rejection or alteration by the Stockholders at the next general meeting, or at a special meeting to be called by the said Directors, and when and as so ratified and confirmed, shall be put in writing and duly recorded in the minutes of the said Corporation, and be binding upon and observed and taken notice of by all members of the said Corporation; and any

copy of the said By-laws, or any of them, purporting to be inder the hand of the Clerk, Secretary or other officer of the said Corporation, and having the seal of the Corporation affixed o it, shall be received as prima facie evidence of such By-laws m all Courts of this Province: Provided always, that the Stock- Province. solders may at any general or special meeting, appoint such salary or compensation to the President and Directors, respecively, as to them shall seem reasonable and proper.

XIV. The Corporation shall not lend any of its money to any Company not of its Stockholders, and if any such loan of money shall be made to loan money oa Stockholder, the Directors who shall make or assent to such ers. oan shall be jointly and severally liable to the extent of the said loan and interest thereon, to any creditor of the said Corporation, for any debt contracted before the repayment of the money so loaned.

XV. The Directors of the Corporation shall be jointly and Liability of severally liable for all debts due and owing to their laborers, laborers, &c. servants and apprentices, for services performed by them for such Corporation; Provided that no Director shall be liable for Proviso. any such debt not payable within one year from the date of contracting it, or for the recovery whereof no action shall have been brought within one year from such date.

XVI. Each Stockholder of the said Corporation shall be Limited liabiseverally and individually liable to the creditors thereof to an holders. amount equal to the amount of the stock held by him or his assigns, for all debts and contracts made by such Corporation, until the whole amount of the stock held by such Stockholder shall have been paid in.

XVII. A majority of the President and Directors shall, on or Yearly statebefore the Twentieth day of January in each year, prepare and ment of affairs altest, before a Judge of any Court in this Province, a certificate of Company to be certified stating the amount of the Capital actually paid in, the amount and published of the existing debts, and the amount of the assets of the Corporation; which certificate shall be inserted in the Newspaper published nearest to the chief place of the business of the Corporation.

XVIII. If the President and Directors shall declare or pay Liability of any dividend when the Corporation is insolvent, or which Directors paywould, if paid, render it insolvent, or which would diminish ing dividend and impairing the amount of its Capital Stock, they shall be jointly and capital. severally individually liable for all debts of the Corporation then existing or which may be contracted while they remain in office; Provided that any Director shall be exempt from such Proviso. liability by filing with the Secretary of the Corporation a written statement protesting against declaring or paying such dividend, and by voting against the same.

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Liability of Directors for excess of indebtedness. XIX. If the indebtedness of the Corporation shall at any time exceed the amount of its Capital Stock, the Directors shall be jointly and severally individually liable to any creditor of the Corporation for any debts thereof to the amount of such excess of indebtedness.

Liability for false statements of affairs. XX. If any certificate or affidavit made by the President and Directors of the Corporation under the provisions of this Act, be false in any material representation, the said President and Directors making the same, knowing it to be false, shall be jointly and severally liable for all the debts of the Corporation contracted while they are Directors thereof.

General meetings when and where held, &c.

XXI. The first General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Corporation shall be held at the Town of Brantford, in the County of Brant, on the first Monday in September next after the passing of this Act; and the annual General Meetings shall be held on the first Monday in June in each and every year thereafter, unless otherwise provided for by the By-laws of the said Company; and at every such meeting, the said Shareholders shall elect not less than three nor more than five fit and qualified persons to be Directors of the said Company in the place and stead of those who shall retire, as prescribed in the next lollowing section, and until such first election, and until they shall respectively retire as aforesaid, the Trustees of the Association aforesaid, to wit: Isaac Vanetten, Thomas Daly, L. M. Oliver, P. C. Van Brocklin, R. R. Nelson, and the survivors or survivor of them, shall be and are hereby declared to be and are constituted Directors of the said Corporation; and they shall have and exercise all and every the powers, and shall be subject to all and every the clauses, conditions, liability and restrictions imposed on the Directors to be chosen under this Act; Provided always, that in all actions or suits or other legal proceedings to be brought against the said Corporation, it shall be lawful and sufficient for the Plaintiff or Complainant or any other party, to cause process to be served at the office of the said Corporation, in the Town of Brantford, or personally upon the President, or any one of the Directors, or on the Secretary of the said Corporation, at any other place; And provided, that at the first meeting of the Directors to be holden after the passing of this Act, the said Directors shall choose and elect from among themselves some one to be President, and also some one to be Vice-President of the said Corporation.

Provisional Directors.

Proviso; Service of pro-

Proviso: election of President, &c.

Retirement of Directors from office.

Proviso.

XXII. At the first General Meeting of the Shareholders and at the Annual General Meeting in each year thereafter, two of the said Directors shall retire from office, (the order of retirement of the said Directors to be decided by lot); Provided always, that all the Directors so retiring shall be eligible for reelection; and the Directors, immediately after the election at each Annual Meeting, shall choose one of their own number to be President.

XXIII.

856.

XXIII. The failure to hold the said first General Meeting, or Corporation my other Meeting, or to elect such Directors or President, not dissolved hall not dissolve the said Corporation, but such failure or hold meeting, mission shall and may be supplied by and at any Special &c. fleeting to be called as the Directors, in conformity with the By-laws of the said Corporation, may see fit to appoint, and intil such election of new Directors, those who may be in office for the time being shall be and continue in office and exercise all the rights and powers thereof until such new election be made as hereinbefore provided.

XXIV. The word "Lands" in this Act shall include all Interpretation lands, tenements and hereditaments, and real or immoveable clause. property whatsoever; and all words importing the singular number or the masculine gender only shall extend to more than one person, party or thing, and to females as well as males; and the word "Shareholder" shall include the heirs, executors, administrators, curators, legatees or assigns of such Shareholder, or any other party having the legal possession of any share, whether in his own name or that of any other, unless the context shall be inconsistent with such construction; and whenever power is by this Act given to do any thing, power shall be intended also to do all things which may be necessary to the doing of such thing: and generally, all words and clauses herein shall receive such liberal and fair construction as will best insure the carrying into effect of this Act according to its true intent and spirit.

XXV. It shall not be lawful for the said Corporation to Corporation commence or proceed with their operations under this Act, not to proceed unless they shall have first paid up the sum of ten per cent. on eent. paid up. the amount of their Capital Stock.

XXVI. Nothing in this Act contained shall in any manner Saving Her derogate from or affect the rights of Her Majesty, Her Heirs Majesty's and Successors, or of any person or persons, body politic or rights. corporate excepting so far as the same may be specially derogated from or affected by the provisions of this Act.

XXVII. The Interpretation Act shall apply to this Act.

Interpretation Act to apply.

XXVIII. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

SCHEDULE

(Form of Proxy.)

hereby appoint C. D. of I, A. B. of to be my Proxy and to vote and act for me as such, at all meetings of the Shareholders of The Canada and Liverpool Mining and Exploring Company, and in my name to do all things with regard

Gap. 78, 79. Canada & Liverpool Mining Co. Incorp. 19 VKI. 300

> regard to the business of the said Company which I may by law do by proxy.

> Witness my hand, this day of one thousand eight hundred and

A. B.

SCHEDULE **B**.

(Form of Transfer.)

I, A. B. for value received, do hereby bargain, sell and transfer to C. D., share (or shares) of the Stock of The Canada and Liverpool Mining and Exploring Company, to hold to him the said C. D., his heirs, executors, administrators and assigns, subject to the same rules and orders, and on the same conditions that I held the same immediately before the execution hereof; and I, the said C. D., do hereby agree to and accept the said share (or shares) subject to the same rules, or ders and conditions.

Witness our hands and seals, day of in the year

A. B. C. D.

CAP. LXXIX.

An Act to incorporate the Victoria Mining Company.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS the several persons hereinafter named have by their Petition represented that they have associated themselves together with divers others, for the purpose of working Mines of Copper and other ores and minerals in the Province of Canada; and the more effectually to carry out the objects of their enterprise, they have prayed that an Act incorporating them with the powers hereinafter mentioned, may be passed: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Certain perated.

I. Allan Macdonell, Esquire, J. Venner Brown, Esquire, T. sons incorpor- Baines, Esquire, William Botsford Jarvis and Robert G. Dalton, Esquires, and their successors, and such and so many other persons or parties who have become or who shall become shareholders in the capital stock hereinafter mentioned, shall be and they are hereby constituted a body politic and corporate, in fact and in name, by the title of the "Victoria Mining Company," and by that name shall and may sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded, answer and be answered unto in الد

Corporate name and powers.

1856.

all Courts of law and equity whatsoever, and shall have uninterrupted succession with a common seal, which may be altered, changed or varied at their pleasure; and by the same name they may lawfully acquire and hold real and personal estate for the use of the said Corporation, and sell, alienate, or lease the same as they may deem convenient.

II. No shareholder in the said Corporation shall be in any Liability of manner liable or charged with the payment of any debt or Shareholders demand due by the said Corporation, beyond the amount of his, limited. her or their subscribed share or shares in the capital stock of the said Corporation.

III. The capital stock of the said Corporation shall be Capital Stock twenty-five thousand pounds, and the same is hereby declared to be divided into twenty thousand shares of the value of one pound five shillings.

IV. Any joint stock company, community, or corporate body, Corporate may take shares in the said Company.

bodies may take Stock.

V. It shall and may be lawful for the said Corporation to Corporation have and to hold such lands and immoveable or real property may explore lying on Lakes Huron and Superior, as may be necessary for for mines and carrying on the business of the said Corporation; and it shall minerals. and may be lawful for the said Corporation to engage in and Other business of Company. follow the occupation and business of carrying on explorations for and finding and getting copper, iron and other ores, metals and minerals, and manufacturing and disposing of the same for the benefit of the said Corporation, and to do all things necessary for the purposes aforesaid, not inconsistent with the rights of any other parties or with the conditions of any grant or other title under which the said Corporation may hold the lands on which such things are to be done.

VI. The stock of the said Corporation shall be deemed Stock to be personal estate, notwithstanding the conversion of any portion deemed perof the funds constituting the same into lands; And at all meet-sonal estate. ings of the shareholders, held in pursuance of this Act, whether the same be general or special, every shareholder shall be entitled to as many votes as he shall have shares in the said votes. stock, and such vote or votes shall be given in person or by proxy; and all questions proposed or submitted for the consideration of the said meetings, shall be finally determined by the majority of the votes; Provided that no person shall be en- Proviso: as to titled to vote as proxy at any meeting, unless he shall be a proxies. shareholder in the said Corporation, and produce written authority as such proxy, in the form to be prescribed by any By-law of the said Corporation.

VII. If the said sum of twenty-five thousand pounds be Capital Stock found insufficient for the purposes of this Act, then and in may be insuch case, it shall be lawful for the said Corporation, by vote

of not less than two thirds in number of the shareholder, representing not less than eight thousand shares, at any General Meeting to be called expressly for that purpose, to increase the capital stock of the said Corporation, either by the admission of new members as subscribers to the said undertaking, or otherwise, to a sum not exceeding in all the sum of one hundred thousand pounds, currency; and the capital so to be raised by the creation of new shares shall be in all respects part of the capital stock of the said Corporation, and every stockholder of the new stock shall be a member of the said Corporation, and be entitled to all and every the same powers. privileges and rights as the persons who are now shareholder, in proportion to the interest or number of shares which he may acquire, and to the amount of calls paid thereon; and shall also be liable and subject to the same obligations, and stand interested in all the profits and losses of the said undertaking, in proportion to the sum that he shall subscribe and pay thereto, as fully and effectually to all intents and purposes whatsoever, as if such other or further sum had been originally raised as part of the said first sum of twenty-five thousand pounds; any

thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VIII. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation from time

Rights of new Stockholders.

And their liabilities.

Corporation may borrow money.

to time to borrow, either in this Province or elsewhere, all such sums of money, not exceeding in all, at any one time, an amount equal to the paid up capital stock, as they may deem expedient, and to make the bonds, debentures or other secuities they shall grant for the sum so borrowed, payable either in currency or in sterling, with interest, at such place or places as they may deem advisable; and such bonds, debentures and other securities may be made payable to bearer or transferable by simple endorsement or otherwise, and may be in such form as the Directors for the time being may see fit, and the said Lands, &c., of Directors may hypothecate, mortgage or pledge the lands the Company revenues and other property of the said Corporation for the due may be piedgpayment of the said sums and the interest thereon; Provided always, that the said Corporation shall not be allowed to but Stock must be row the said money aforesaid, until one half of the capital paid up before stock of the said Corporation hereinbefore authorized be paid

Proviso: half borrowing.

Shares may be assigned by delivery of certificate.

IX. The shares of the Stock of the said Corporation shall be assignable by the delivery of the certificate to be issued to the holders of such shares respectively, and by assignment in some convenient form and on conditions to be prescribed of any By-law of the said Corporation; and by such assign ment the party accepting such transfer shall thenceforth be come in all respects a member of the said Corporation in repect of such share or shares in the place of the party so train ferring the same, and a certified copy of such transfer extracted from the proper book of entry and purporting to be signed by

Evidence of transfer.

the officer of the said Company, duly authorized thereto, shall be sufficient prima facie evidence of every such transfer in all Courts in this Province.

X. The Directors of the said Corporation shall have power Directors may and authority to establish, and for certain purposes have a establish offiplace of business or office in the cities of London and Liver- ces in Engpool, in England, and New York, Boston or Philadelphia, in States, &c. the United States of America, and to open books of subscription in all or any of the said cities for the Stock of the said Corporation, and to receive there subscriptions for the said stock of the said Corporation, transferable there respectively, and to make all such instalments called thereon, and dividends declared thereon payable there respectively; And the said And appoint Directors shall also have power to name one or more Agent or Agents, &c. Agents in all or any of the aforesaid cities, for all or any of the purposes aforesaid; and it shall be also competent for the said Directors to make all such rules and regulations and to prescribe all such forms as to them shall seem meet, for the better and more satisfactory managing and conducting the affairs and business of the said Corporation, in all or in any of the cities aforesaid, and for facilitating and rendering effectual the subscription for and transfer of and payments upon the said Stock respectively, and for all other purposes connected therewith and incidental thereto.

XI. For the managing of the affairs of the said Corporation, Directors. there shall be from time to time elected out of the members of qualification. the said Corporation, nine persons, being each a proprietor of not less than twenty shares of the said Capital Stock, to be Directors of the said Corporation; And any five Directors Quoram. shall form a quorum of the Board and may exercise all the powers of the Directors; Provided always, that, unless at a Proviso. meeting of the majority of the Directors, no By-law, rule, resolution or regulation for raising money or disposing of the real estate of the Corporation, shall be finally passed, unless confinned at the next meeting of the Shareholders, to take place upon due notice given: Provided also, that no Director shall Proviso. have more than one vote at any meeting of the Directors, except the President or the Chairman of the meeting for the time being, who shall, in case of an equal division, have the casting vote, although he may have given one vote before; And provided always, that a majority of the said Directors Proviso. shall be British subjects; And whenever any vacancy shall vacancies happen among the Directors by death or resignation, or declin- how filled. ing or neglecting to act within the space of three months after his appointment as Director, such vacancy shall be filled up until the next general meeting of the Shareholders by the appointment of some one of the Shareholders to the vacancy so occurring by the death, the resignation, or by becoming disqualified, or the declining or neglecting to act as aforesaid; And the majority of the Directors for the time being shall have

Further powers of Directors.

power and authority to elect or appoint the person to fill or supply the vacancy made in the Board of Directors by any of the causes aforesaid; And the Directors shall have power to dispose of such part of the Stock of the said Corporation as may remain to be disposed of, or as may from time to time be added to or fall into the general mass, either by forfeiture or otherwise, on such terms and conditions and to such parties as they may think most likely to promote the interests of the said Corporation, and they shall have full power to make such calls for money from the several Shareholders for the time being as may be provided for by any By-law, rule or regulation of the said Corporation, and to sue for, recover and get in all calls, whether already made or hereafter to be made: and to cause and declare the said shares to be forfeited to the said Corporation in case of non-payment, on such terms and in such waves shall be prescribed by some By-law of the Company; And it maintain an action for the recovery of calls due, it shall be sufficient to prove by any one witness, that the defendant at the time of making such call was a Shareholder in the number of shares alleged, and that the calls sued for were made, and notice thereof given in conformity with the By-laws of the said Corporation; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of Directors, nor any other matter whatsoever.

Calls on

What shall be sufficient in actions for oalls.

Further powers.

Corporate seal.

Appointing Officers.

The said Directors shall and may use and affix or cause to be used and affixed the common seal of the said Corporation to any documents which in their judgments may require the same, and any act or deed bearing such seal and signed by the President (or any two Directors) and countersigned by the Secretary, shall be held to be the act or deed of the Corporation. They may also appoint such and so many Agents officers and servants of the said Corporation under them as to the said Directors may seem meet, and they shall and may have full power and authority to do all things whatsoever which may be necessary and requisite to carry out the objects of the Corporation.

Further pow-

Making Bylaws for government of Officers, &c.

By-laws subject to approval by Stockholders

Evidence of By-laws.

And they shall have power to make By-laws for the government and control of the officers and servants of the said Corporation, and for appointing the salary or allowance to be made them respectively, and shall also have power to make and frame all other By-laws, rules and regulations for the management of the affairs of the said Corporation, in all its particulars and details; also for establishing the rule of voting for Directors of the said Company; and the same also at any time to alter, change, modify and repeal, which by-laws, rules and regulations shall be submitted for approval, rejection or alteration by the Stockholders at the next General Meeting or at a Special Meeting to be called by the said Directors for such special purpose, and in conformity with any By-law providing for such special meetings; And any copy of the By-laws of the said Corporation, or of any of them purporting to be under

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the hand of the Clerk, Secretary or other officer of the said Company, and having the seal of the said Corporation affixed to it, shall be received as prima facie evidence of such By-law in all Courts in this Province.

XII. The first General Meeting of the Shareholders of the First general said Corporation shall be held at the Office of the said Corpo-meeting. ration in the City of Toronto, at which place the said Corporation shall have its principal place of business, on the first Monday in November in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six: and at such time and place, and on the like day in each and every year thereafter, the said shareholders shall elect nine fit and qualified persons to be Directors of the said Company; and until such first election, the First Direct-Directors of the said Corporation are hereby declared to be Allan ors. Macdonell, William Botsford Jarvis, Robert G. Dalton, Charles Jones, Philip Van Koughnet, and Thomas Mair, Esquires, of the City of Toronto, J. Venner Brown, of the City of Detroit, Esquire, Samuel J. Tracy, H. Ward Baines and Charles J. Steadman, Esquires, of the City of New York, and they or the sur vivor or survivors of them, shall be and are constituted to be Directors of the said Corporation, and shall have and exercise all and every the powers and shall be subject to all and every the clauses, conditions and restrictions imposed on the Directors to be chosen under this Act; Provided that at the first Proviso: elecmeeting of the Directors to be holden after the passing of this tion of Presi-Act, the said Directors shall choose and elect from among dent. themselves some one to be the President.

XIII. The Corporation shall not lend any of its money to any Corporation of its Stockholders; and if any such loan of money shall be not to lend made to a Stockholder, the Directors who shall make or assent stockholders. to such loan shall be jointly and severally liable to the extent of the said loan, and interest thereon, to any creditor of the said Corporation, for any debt contracted before the repayment of the money so loaned.

XIV. The Directors of the Corporation shall be jointly and Directors liaseverally liable for all debts due and owing to their laborers, be for debts servants and apprentices, for services performed by them for due to Servants such Corporation; Provided that no Director shall be liable for any such debt not payable within one year from the date of Proviso: contracting it, or for the recovery whereof no action shall have been brought within one year from such date.

XV. Each Stockholder of the said Corporation shall be Liability of everally and individually liable to the creditors thereof to an Stockholders. amount equal to the amount of the stock held by him or his assigns, for all debts and contracts made by such Corporation, until the whole amount of the stock held by such Stockholder shall have been paid in.

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XVI. A majority of the President and Directors shall, on Directors to prepare yearly or before the twentieth day of January in each year, prepare certified state and attest, before a Judge of any Court in this Province, a ment of affairs of corporation, certificate stating the amount of the capital actually paid in, the amount of the existing debts, and the amount of the assets of the Corporation; which certificate shall be inserted in the Newspaper published nearest to the chief place of business of the Corporation.

dividend, and by voting against the same.

Penalty for dends when Company is insolvent.

XVII. If the President and Directors shall declare or pay declaring divi- any dividend when the Corporation is insolvent, or which would, if paid, render it insolvent, or which would diminish the amount of its Capital Stock, they shall be jointly and severally individually liable for all debts of the Corporation then existing, or which may be contracted while they remain in office: Provided that any Director shall be exempt from such liability by filing with the Secretary of the Corporation a written statement protesting against declaring or paying such

Proviso.

Indebtedness not to exceed capital.

XVIII. If the indebtedness of the Corporation shall at any time exceed the amount of its capital stock, the Directors shall be jointly and severally individually liable to any creditor of the Corporation for any debts thereof to the amount of such excess of indebtedness.

Penalty for giving false certificate.

XIX. If any certificate or affidavit made by the President and Directors of the Corporation under the provisions of this Act, be false in any material representation, the said President and Directors making the same, knowing it to be false, shall be jointly and severally liable for all the debts of the Corporation contracted while they are Directors thereof.

Failure to hold operate dissolution.

XX. The failure to hold the said first General Meeting or meeting not to any other meeting, or to elect such Directors or President, shall not dissolve the said Corporation, but such failure or omission shall and may be supplied by and at any special meeting to ke called as the Directors in conformity with the By-laws of the said Corporation may see fit to appoint, and until such election of new Directors, those who may be in office for the time being, shall be and continue in office and exercise all the rights and powers thereof until such new election be made, as hereinbefore provided; And all Directors retiring from the Direction of the said Corporation shall be eligible for re-election, and after the election at each Annual Meeting, the Directors who shall be

Retiring Directors re-eligible.

When operations may be commenced.

XXI. It shall not be lawful for the said Corporation to commence or proceed with their operations under this Act, unless they shall have paid up the sum of ten per cent. on the amount of their Capital Stock.

elected shall choose one of their number to be President.

XXII. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act. Public Act.

Cap. 80, 81.

CAP. LXXX.

An Act to vest certain Road Allowances in the Township of Brantford, in George S. Wilkes.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

WHEREAS George Samuel Wilkes, of the Town of Preamble. Brantford, owns a tract of Land in the Township of Brantford, lying immediately west of the limits of the Town of Brantford, and known as "Holmedale"; And whereas the original allowances for Roads across the said property have never been opened, and the said George S. Wilkes, by a survey of the said tract into Park Lots, has opened several roads across the said tract, affording increased convenience for travel through the same, and it is therefore just that the said Road allowances should be vested in the said George Samuel Wilkes: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The original allowances for Roads between the third and Road allowfourth concessions of the said Township of Brantford, between ances vested in the Grand River and the northern boundary of the Town Plot of G. S. Wilkes. Holmedale, and the side line allowance for road between lots numbers twenty-four and twenty-five in the third and fourth concessions of the said Township, between the points on the said line allowance for road where the same is intersected by the Grand River, and lying entirely within the said Town Plot of Holmedale, shall be and the same are hereby vested in the said George Samuel Wilkes, his heirs and assigns for ever.

ll. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act

CAP. LXXXI.

An Act to vest a certain allowance for Road, in the Township of South Dumfries, in the County of Brant, in Horace Capron and Myron Ames.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

WHEREAS Horace Capron is the owner in fee of the front Preamble. hundred acres of lots numbers thirty and thirty-one, in the second concession of the Township of South Dumfries, in the County of Brant, and Myron Ames is the owner in fee of the residue of the said lot number thirty; And whereas the intended original allowance for road between lots numbers thirty and thirty-one, in some of the concessions of the said Township is impracticable, and in consequence thereof, there has been opened along the eastern boundary of the said lot number thirty, a travelled road which is now become established by user, and for which no compensation was ever made to the owners of the

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said lot; And whereas the said Horace Capron and Myron Ames have prayed the Legislature to vest in them the said road allowance in lieu of and as compensation for the land taken for the said road along the eastern boundary of the said lot number thirty as before mentioned; And whereas it is expedient to vest in them the said road allowance, so far as the same adjoins their respective estates: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Road allow-H. Capron and M. Ames, res pectively.

I. The said intended original allowance for road, so far as it ances vested in adjoins that part of lot number thirty, in the second concession of the said Township of South Dumfries, now owned by the said Horace Capron, shall be vested in him, his heirs and assigns for ever; and that part of the said intended original allowance for road which adjoins the property of the said Myron Ames, shall be vested in him, his heirs and assigns for ever: and the said present travelled road between lots twenty-nine and thirty, is hereby declared to have been duly established as a public highway.

Public Act

II. This Act shall be held to be a Public Act.

CAP. LXXXII.

An Act to confirm the Partition made by the Trustees of the Will and Codicils of the late Anne Powell of the Real Estate of the late Honorable William Dummer Powell, and for the appointment of new Trustees, and for other purposes.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS John Powell, of the Town of Niagara Esquire, Mary Sophia Coxwell, of the City of Toronto, widow, Samuel Peters Jarvis, of the same place, Esquire, William Botsford Jarvis, of the same place, Esquire, Edmund Meredith, of the same place, Esquire, and Frances Anne, his wife, Augustus Nanton, of the same place, Esquire, and Louis Mary, his wife, Lewis W. Orde, of the same place, Esquire, and Sarah, his wife, Anne Jane Seymour, of the same place. widow, John Ridout, of the same place, Esquire, and Charlotte Bleecker, his wife, William Clarke, of the Town of Guelph Esquire, and Clara Pigott, his wife, Grant Powell, of the said City of Toronto, Esquire, and Lawrence W. Mercer, of the Town of Niagara, Esquire, and Catherine, his wife, have pre-Allegations of sented their Petition stating, (amongst other things): "That the Honorable William Dummer Powell, late of the Town of York, the now City of Toronto, and Chief Justice of the Pro-

vince of Upper Canada, departed this life on or about the sixth day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, seized of considerable real estate

Petitions.

within the said Province of Upper Canada, and having first duly made and published his last will and testament, duly executed according to Law, so as to pass real estate by Devise within Upper Canada, and which said last will and testament bears date on or about the thirteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty, and that he did hereby give, devise and bequeath to his wife, Knne Powell, all his real and personal estate in case she should survive him, to hold the same during her natural life, in full confidence that she would dispose of the same to the general satisfaction of his family, which power he thereby gave to her to be exercised by an instrument under her hand and seal, purporting to be her last will and testament duly executed according to Law:

"That the said Anne Powell, the widow of the said late Honorable William Dummer Powell, survived him, and departed this life on or about the ninth day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, having previously duly made and published her last will and testament in writing, executed so as to pass real estate by devise in Upper Canada, and the several codicils thereto annexed, which said will bears date on or about the fourteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, and the said several codicils thereto bearing date respectively, as follows, that is to say:

"Number one, the ninth day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four; Number two, the twenty-second day of May, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine; Number three, the third day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty; Number four, the eighteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one; Number five, the second day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two; Number six, the second day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two; Number seven, the nineteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two; Number eight, the twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three; Number nine, the nineteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fortysix; Number ten, the nineleenth day of January, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine; and Number eleven, the thirteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine:

"That the said Anne Powell, by the said will and codicils, after making several specific devises as to the real estate of the said the Honorable William Dummer Powell, devised the residue of the same to the Executors and Trustees of her said

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last will and testament, for them to divide the same into six equal shares or portions, to be taken in manner following, that is to say: one share by each of the children of the said the late Honorable William Dummer Powell, living at the time of the decease or intermarriage of her daughter, Elizabeth Powell, therein mentioned, and one share by the said Petitioners, John Powell and Mary Sophia Coxwell, as tenants in common, one share by Mary Boyles Jarvis, the wife of the said Samuel Peters Jarvis, and one share by Anne Murray Gwynne; and in case of the decease of any one of the persons so entitled before their said shares became vested, then such share to become vested in the children of such deceased person respectively; and by codicil hereinbefore numbered eleven, the said Anne Powell devised the said share of the said Petitioner, John Powell, to the Reverend Henry James Grasett, Clerk, and the Honorable James Christie Palmer Esten, now one of the Vice-Chancellors of the Court of Chancery of Upper Canada, in trust for the said John Powell, and Eleanor, his wife, during their natural lives, and to their children after the decease of the survivor of them; and by codicil hereinbefore numbered nine, the said Anne Powell devised the said share of the said Mary Sophia Coxwell to the said Samuel Peters Jarvis, William Botsford Jarvis, William C. Gwynne and John Ridout, 28 Trustees thereof, for William Henry Coxwell, now deceased, the then husband of the said Mary Sophia Coxwell, and the said Mary Sophia Coxwell, and the survivor of them, and for their children after the decease of such survivor, as by reference to the said last will and codicils, will more fully and at large appear:

"That the said Anne Powell, at the time of her decease, left the following children of the said late Honorable William Dummer Powell, her surviving, that is to say: the said Mary Boyles Jarvis, the wife of Samuel Peters Jarvis, and Elizabeth Powell, and the following issue of such other children as had departed this life before her said decease, that is to say: of John Powell, the said Petitioners, John Powell and Mary Sophia Coxwell, of Grant Powell, the said Petitioner, Anne Jane Seymour, Charlotte Bleecker Ridout, and Elizabeth Grogan, and William Dummer Powell, (since deceased,) and the said Petitioners, Grant Powell and Catherine Mercer, and of William Dummer Powell, Mary Boyles Jarvis, the wife of William Botsford Jarvis, and the said Anne Murray Gwynne:

"That the said Mary Boyles Jarvis, the wife of William Botsford Jarvis, departed this life on or about the eighth day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, intestate, leaving her surviving the following children, namely, the said Petitioners, Frances Anne Meredith, Louisa Mary Nanton and Sarah Orde, and William Dummer Jarvis, and Colborne Jarvis, an infant under age:

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"That the said William Dummer Powell, departed this life on or about the ninth day of August, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, having duly made and published his last will and testament in writing, and whereof the said Clara Pigott Clarke is now one of the Trustees:

"That after the said decease of the said Anne Powell, the said Executors and Trustees named in the said will and codicils, and being the said Elizabeth Powell, Samuel Peters Jarvis, William Botsford Jarvis, William Dummer Powell and William C. Gwynne, assumed the general trusts of the said will and codicils, and for the purpose of dividing the said real estate in the said will and codicils mentioned, amongst the several parties beneficially entitled therein, made partition thereof, and a deed of release to uses, bearing date the twenty-second day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, was made and executed by and between the several parties thereto, as were then of full age and capable of legally binding their respective rights and interests by such partition:

"That the said Elizabeth Powell departed this life on or about the first day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, having by her last will and testament duly appointed the Honorable William Benjamin Robinson and Lawrence W. Mercer, her devisees in trust thereof:

"That the Trustees nominated in and by the said codicils numbered nine and eleven, for the said Mary Sophia Coxwell and her children, and the said John Powell, and Eleanor, his wife, and their children, have never assumed the execution of the said respective trusts:

"That by reason of the infancy of several of the persons beneficially interested under the said will and codicils, a complete partition of the said real estate so devised by the said Anne Powell to her Trustees, could not be had without doubts arising as to the same being legally perfect in all respects; and that other questions have arisen involving doubts as to the legality in other respects of the various dispositions made of the said real estate by the said Anne Powell, under the said will and codicils, of the said real estate of the said late Honorable William Dummer Powell, and that although all the members of his family are desirous to remove the same, such cannot be legally done by reason of such infancy as aforesaid:

"That further, the said Petitioners, the said John Powell and Mary Sophia Coxwell, were desirons of obtaining a partition of their respective shares and that of their children, under the said codicils hereinbefore mentioned, and that the Trustees hereinbefore

hereinbefore appointed, have no power to make such partition under the said codicils, and that instead of such Trustees, new Trustees of such respective portions should be appointed, with power to make such partition and to substitute new Trustees;" And therefore prayed that an Act might be obtained to comm the various dispositions made by the said Anne Powell, of the real estate of the said late Honorable William Dummer Powell, under her said will and codicils hereinbefore mentioned, and to ratify the partition thereof under the said Deed of Release to uses, bearing date the twenty-second day of April, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and further to nominate and appoint new Trustees of the said John Powell, and Eleanor, his wife, and their children, of their portion of the said estate under the said codicil, dated the thirteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and new Trustees of the said Mary Sophia Coxwell and her children, under the said codicil, dated the nineteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, in place and in stead of the said Trustees thereby respectively appointed; and in addition to the powers conferred upon the said Trustees respectively, in and by the said codicils, to give to them respectively, the power to partition the said share or portion devised to the said John Powell, and Eleanor, his wife, and their children, and to the said Mary Sophia Coxwell and her children, as tenants in common, and to appoint a new substitute or substitutes, from time to time, as should be deemed expedient; And whereas it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said Petitioners: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Dispositions Powell, confirmed.

I. The various dispositions made by the said Anne Powell, made by Anne of the real estate of the said the late Honorable William Dummer Powell, under her said will and codicils, in the preamble to this Act mentioned, are hereby confirmed and declared to be valid and effectual, to bind all persons beneficially entitled to any interest under the said Will and Codicils, being of full age and consenting thereto.

Partition declared valid and effectual.

II. The partition of the said real estate under the said Deed of Release to uses in the said preamble mentioned, to be date the twenty-second day of April, in the year of our London one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, is hereby ratified and declared to be valid and effectual to bind all persons beneficially entitled to any interest under the said Deed of Partition.

Trustees appointed to John Powell, his wife and children.

III. The said John Powell, Lawrence W. Mercer and Joseph Woodruff, of the Town of Niagara, Esquires, and the survivos and survivor of them, and the heirs and assigns of such survivor, are and is hereby appointed and declared to be Trustee and Trustee for the said John Powell, and Eleanor, his wife, and their children, of their portion of the said Estate of the said the late Honorable William Dummer Powell, under the said Will of the said Anne Powell, and codicil thereto, in the preamble hereof mentioned, to bear date the thirteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, in place and instead of the Trustees thereby appointed, and are hereby invested with all the same powers and trusts as if they had been originally named and appointed in and by the said codicil, and the said portion of the said Estate is hereby declared to be vested in them, under and subject to the said Trusts declared in the said codicils.

IV. The said Mary Sophia Coxwell, George Alexander Trustees ap-Philipotts, of the City of Toronto, Esquire, and Henry Powell, pointed to M. of the Town of St. Catharines, Esquire, and the survivors and S. Coxwelland of the Town of St. Catharines, Esquire, and the survivors and her children. survivor of them, the heirs and assigns of such survivor, are and is hereby appointed and declared to be Trustees and Trustee for the said Mary Sophia Coxwell and her children, of their portion of the said Estate of the said the late Honorable William Dummer Powell, under the said Will of the said Anne Powell and the said Codicil thereto in the preamble hereof mentioned to bear date the nineteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, in place and instead of the Trustees thereby appointed, and are hereby invested with all the same powers and trusts as if they had been originally named and appointed in and by the said codicil, and the said portion of the said estate is hereby declared to be vested in them, under and subject to the said trusts declared in the said codicil.

V. At any time or times hereafter, in every case of the de- In case of incease, removal from the Province of Upper Canada, incapacity capacity, &c., or unwillingness to act, or resignation of any of the said the remaining Trustees respectively appointed, in and by the said third and Trustees may fourth sections of this Act, respectively, the surviving or con-appoint others. tinuing Trustees or Trustee of the said trusts respectively, are empowered respectively by Deed in writing to substitute or appoint a new Trustee or Trustees respectively, in the room and place of such Trustee or Trustees respectively so dying, removing from the said Province or becoming unable or unwilling to act or resigning as aforesaid; and such new Trustees or Trustee so appointed shall have the same powers for all purposes whatsoever in the matters of their respective trusts, as if expressly named and appointed in and by the third and fourth sections of this Act respectively, with similar powers of substitution or new appointment of a new Trustee or Trustees as aforesaid.

VI. The said Trustees hereinbefore mentioned or to be ap- Power given pointed under the fifth section of this Act, respectively, are to Trustees to hereby further authorized and empowered to make such of property

Powell, his wife and children, and M. S. her children.

vested in John partition as may by them respectively be agreed upon and deemed expedient, of the share of the said Real Estate as was by the said Will and Codicils of the said Anne Powell, and Coxwell and the said Deed of Partition in the said second section of this Act mentioned, vested in the Trustees of the said John Powell and Eleanor his wife and their children, on the one hand, and the Trustees of the said William Henry Coxwell and Mary Sophia Coxwell and their children on the other, as tenants in common, so that their respective portions of such share may become separately vested in the said Trustees respectively, upon the respective trusts hereinbefore mentioned, and such tenancy in common effectually determined, notwithstanding the covenue or infancy of any of the persons beneficially interested in such share or portion respectively.

Public Act.

VII. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. LXXXIII.

An Act to authorize William Weller to hold and convey the Canada Grand Trunk Telegraph Line.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS Adam Wilson and the late John Thomas Arnold, mortgagees in trust of the Telegraph Line and property hereinafter mentioned, did on the eighteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in an Indenture of mortgage bearing date the tenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, and made between the Canada Grand Trunk Telegraph Company, of the first part, and the said Adam Wilson and John Thomas Arnold, of the second part, to secure the payment of certain debentures issued under the authority of a By-law of the said Company duly passed by the Stockholden thereof, sell and convey to William Weller all the stock, plant and materials of every kind whatsoever of the Telegraph Line known as the "Canada Grand Trunk Telegraph Line," commencing at Buffalo, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America, and extending to the City of Quebec in Lower Canada, and situate or being in any of the counties or districts of Upper or Lower Canada, including all the branch lines of the same, with all the instruments, battere and materials then used in working the same or that might thereafter during the continuance of the said Indenture be used in working the same, with all the office furniture and chattel property of every description whatsoever, belonging or appertaining to the said Company, or that might thereafter during the continuance of the said Indenture be purchased for the use of the said Company, contained or being in any of the offices of the said Company in any and every County of Upper or Lower Canada whereat the said Company might have an office of station.

station, or through which the said line or any branch thereof might have been or should be constructed:

And whereas the Electric Telegraph Companies Incorporation Act of 1852 does not in express terms confer upon Companies incorporated under its provisions the power of purchasing and maintaining Telegraph Lines already constructed, and does not confer upon private individuals the power to acquire, erect, hold, maintain, work or dispose of Telegraph Lines:

And whereas the said William Weller and the said Adam Wilson, the surviving mortgagee above named, and the said Grand Trunk Telegraph Company, have by their petition setting forth the facts above stated, prayed that the said Telegraph Line and the other property so purchased as aforesaid may be vested in the said William Weller, and that he may have the necessary powers for erecting branch lines and holding, maintaining and working as well the said line already erected as those to be erected, and also for disposing thereof to any Company or individual:

And whereas the said William Weller has in the said petition set forth, that since the purchase made by him as aforesaid, he has expended large sums of money in putting the said line in repair and in working order, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The said William Weller shall be held to have had on the W. Weller to said eighteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and have and to be fifty-five, full power and authority to purchase and hold the deemed to Telegraph Line, and all other the property in the preamble of er to hold the this Act mentioned, so purchased by him as therein stated, to said Telegraph have and to have had full power to construct, acquire and hold line and to work the same for his own benefit, all other property of a similar nature, ac. acquired or constructed by him since that date or that may hereafter be acquired or constructed by him; and the said William Weller, his executors, administrators and assigns, shall have and shall be held to have and to have had from the time of such purchase, acquirement and construction as aforesaid, all the powers and privileges conferred upon corporations formed in accordance with the provisions of the Electric Tele- With usual graph Companies' Incorporation Act of 1852, (sixteenth Victoria, powers under chapter ten,) and may work, repair, maintain and re-erect the 16 V. c. 10. said lines, and may construct branch lines and may amalgamate the said lines with any other Telegraph Lines; and any Penalty for person who shall obstruct or interrupt the free use of the said injuring the lines, or shall injure any of the said property, shall be subject line. to be convicted and punished as in that Act is specified.

Any Telegraph said line.

II. Any Telegraph Company already or hereafter to be inmay purchase corporated under any general or special Act of the Province, and hold the may purchase from the said William Walland his account. may purchase from the said William Weller, his executors, administrators and assigns, and he and they may sell and convey, the Telegraph Line and all other property in the next preceding section of this Act mentioned; and thereupon, such Company shall have, enjoy and exercise, with respect thereto, all the powers, rights and privileges, conferred upon such Company in regard to other property of a similar nature by the said Electric Telegraph Companies' Incorporation Act of 1852, or by its special charter.

Public Act.

III. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. LXXXIV.

An Act to authorize Henry Augustus Fitzgerald McLeod, to practise as a Provincial Land Surveyor.

[Assented to 19th June, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS Henry Augustus Fitzgerald McLeod, of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, in this Province, Civil Engineer, hath by his petition to the Legislature represented, that he served for three years, from the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, to the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, under articles to John C. Innes, of the City of Kingston, Civil Engineer, for the purpose of learning and practising that profession, and that during the said three years he was constantly employed on Surveys for Railways and works in the field connected with the practice both of a Civil Engineer and of a Surveyor; that the said John C. Innes was not a Provincial Land Surveyor, and that the Petitioner wishing to practise as such, did on the twenty-fifth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, become articled to Charles L. Davies, of the said City of London, a Provincial Land Surveyor, and hath since that time been steadily and constantly employed in the practice of that profession under him; And the said McLeod hath further represented, that although during the time be was serving with the said John C. Innes, he was in fact learning and practising the science and art as well of a Surveyor as of Civil Engineer, and hath again practised surveying during one year under the said C. L. Davies, making in all four years, it finds that by the Act relating to Land Surveyors and the admission of persons as such, he cannot be admitted to practise until he has served three years with the said C. L. Davies or some other Land Surveyor, while Surveyors from Lower Canada may be admitted after six months of such service, and those from any other part of Her Majesty's Dominions after one year of such service in Upper Canada,—and hath prayed that under these circumstances, an Act may be passed authorizing his admission as a Land Surveyor for Upper Canada; And whereas

1856.

it is proper and right to grant his petition, as being in accordance with the spirit and intent of the said Surveyors' Act: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for the Board of Examiners for Upper Henry A. F. Canada, established under the Act passed in the twelfth year McLeod, may of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered thirty-five, as amended by the be examined, and if found Act passed in the session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth qualified, may years of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered four, to examine the be admitted as said Henry A. F. McLeod at any meeting of the said Board a Surveyor on after the passing of this Act in the same manner and a certain condiafter the passing of this Act, in the same manner and upon the tions. same notice and application as if he had served three years with the said C. L. Davies, and if they shall be satisfied by such examination, that he is qualified as by the said Act required, and if he shall produce the proper certificates of character, and comply with all the other requirements of the said Act, and if he shall satisfy the said Board that he hath so served with the said John C. Innes, the said Board may grant him a certificate in the usual form authorizing him to practise as a Land Surveyor in Upper Canada.

Il. This Act shall be deemed to be a Public Act.

Public Act

CAP. LXXXV

An Act to continue for a limited time the several Acts and Ordinances therein mentioned, and for other purposes.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS it is expedient further to continue the Acts Preamble. and Ordinances hereinaster mentioned, which would otherwise expire at the end of the present Session: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. The Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the Act of Canada, Session held in the fourth and fifth years of Her Majesty's 4 & 5 V. c. 36. Reign, and intituled, An Act to regulate the Fisheries in the District of Gaspé; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An 7 V. c. 36. Act to prevent obstructions in Rivers or Rivulets in Upper as amended Canada, as amended and explained by the Act of the said Par-byliament, passed in the Session held in the tenth and eleventh years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to amend, 10 & 11 V. explain and continue an Act passed in the seventh year of the c. 20. Reign of Her Majesty, intituled, 'An Act to prevent obstructions in Rivers or Rivulets in Upper Canada,' and by the Act of the and bysaid Parliament, passed in the Session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An

2 G. 4, c. 8.

Act to explain and amend the Acts for preventing obstructions in 14 & 15 V. Rivers and Rivulets in Upper Canada, and both the said last c. 123. mentioned Acts; the Act of the said Parliament passed in the eighth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act for 8 V. c. 6. the better preservation of the Peace and the prevention of Riots and violent outrages at and near Public Works, while in the proas amended gress of construction, as amended and extended by the Act and extended passed in the Session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years 14 & 15 V. of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to continue a c. 76. Act passed in the eighth year of the Reign of Her Majesty, intituled, An Act for the better preservation of the Peace and the prevention of Riots and violent outrages at and near Public Works, while in progress of construction,' and to extend the operation thereof to certain works undertaken by Incorporated Companies, and the said last mentioned Act; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the eighth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to amend the Act and Ordinance therein mentioned, relative 8 V. c. 27. to the Registration of Titles to, and Incumbrances upon, Real Property in Lower Canada; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the same year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Ad 8 V. c. 48, except sec. 44. for the relief of Insolvent Debtors in Upper Canada, and for other purposes therein mentioned, except the forty-fourth Section of the said Act: the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Ad 9 V. c. 38. to empower Commissioners for enquiring into matters connected with the public business, to take evidence on oath; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the Session held in the tenth and eleventh years of Her Majesty's Reign, 10 & 11 V. and intituled, An Act to enlarge the powers of the Trinity c. 1. House of Montreal, in certain cases where the Public Health of the City may be endangered; the Act of the said Parliament passed in the eleventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to provide for the Inspection of Butter in Quebu 11 V. c. 7. and Montreal; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act for the better Management of the Provincial 14 & 15 V. Penitentiary; the Act passed in the same Session, and intituled, c. 2. An Act to provide a more summary and less expensive process for 14 & 15 V. c. 92. Proprietors of Real Property in Lower Canada to acquire possession thereof, when illegally detained from them in certain as amended . cases, as amended by the Acts passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to amend the Ad 16 V. c. 205. fourteenth and fifteenth Victoria, chapter ninety-two, relating b the illegal detention of Real Property in Lower Canada, and the said last mentioned Act; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, As Act relating to the fisheries on the Labrador and North Short 16 V. c. 92. Acts of Lower of the Gulf of St. Lawrence; the Act of the Parliament of the late Province of Lower Canada, passed in the second Canada. year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth

and intituled, An Act for better regulating the Common of the

Seigneurie of Laprairie de la Madeleine; the Act of the said
Parliament,

Parliament, passed in the same year of the same Reign, and intituled, An Act to enable the inhabitants of the Seigneurie of 2 G. 4, c. 10. La Baie Saint Antoine, commonly called La Baie du Febvre, to as amended provide for the better regulation of the Common in the said by Seigneurie, as amended and extended by the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the fourth year of the same Reign, and intituled, An Act to authorize the Chairman and Trustees of the 4 G. 4, c. 26. Common of the Seigniory of the Baie Saint Antoine, commonly called the Baie du Febvre, to terminate certain disputes relating to the limits of the said Common, and for other purposes appertaining to the same; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the ninth year of the same Reign, and intituled, An Act to 9 G. 4, c. 20. provide for the more effectual extinction of secret incumbrances on lands, than was heretofore in use in this Province; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the same year of the same Reign, and intituled, An Act to prevent fraudulent Debtors 9 G. 4, c. 27. evading their Creditors in certain parts of this Province; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the same year of the same Reign, and intituled, An Act to facilitate the proceedings 9 G. 4, c. 28. against the Estates and Effects of Debtors in certain cases; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the same year of the same Reign, and intituled, An Act to alter and amend An Act 9 G. 4, c. 32. passed in the sixth year of His Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act to authorize the inhabitants of the Fief Grosbois, in the County of Saint Maurice, to make regulations for the Common of the said Fief;' the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the same year of the same Reign, and intituled, An Act for the 9 G. 4, c. 51. preservation of the Salmon Fisheries in the Counties of Cornwallis and Northumberland; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the first year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, and intituled, An Act to encourage the 1 W. 4, & 6. destruction of Wolves; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the third year of the same Reign, and intituled, An Act further to suspend certain parts of an Act or Ordinance therein 3 W. 4, c. 14. mentioned, and to consolidate and further to continue for a limited time the provisions of two other Acts therein mentioned, for more effectually ascertaining the damages on protested Bills of Exchange, and for determining disputes relating thereto, and for other purposes; the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the sixth year of the same Reign, and intituled, An Act to pro- 6 W. 4, c. 35. vide for the Medical Treatment of sick Mariners, as amended as amended by the Act of the Parliament of Canada, passed in the eighth byyear of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act for the 8 V. c. 12. relief of shipwrecked and destitute Mariners, in certain cases therein mentioned, and by the Act passed in the six-and by— teenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act 16 V. c. 166. to exempt certain Vessels from the duty imposed by the Act to provide for the Medical Treatment of sick Mariners, and both the said last mentioned Acts; the Act of the Parliament Acts of Upper of the late Province of Upper Canada, passed in the eleventh Canada. year of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Fourth, and intituled, An Act to authorize the Quarter 11 G. 4, c. 20. Sessions

Provincial Parliament, and no longer.

Cap. 85.

Sessions of the Home District to provide for the relief of Insur Destitute persons in that District: the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the third year of the Reign of His late Ma-3 W. 4, c. 45. jesty King William the Fourth, and intituled, An Act to continue an Act passed in the eleventh year of His late Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act to authorize the Quarter Sessions of the Home District to provide for the relief of Insane destitute persons in that District,' and to extend the provisions of the sum

to the other Districts of this Province; and the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the sixth year of the same Reign, and 6 W. 4, c. 29. intituled, An Act to repeal an Act, passed in the forty-ninth yew of the Reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled, 'An Act to encourage the destroying of Wolves in this Province,' and to make further provision for exterminating those destructive animals, shall be, and all and every of the said Acts and Ordinances are hereby continued to the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and from thence until the end of the then next ensuing Session of the

Continued to 1st January, 1857, &c.

Acts of Canada.

7 V. c. 10.

9 V. c. 30.

19 V. c. 18.

13 & 14 V. c. 20.

certain purposes to 1st January, 1857, &c.

II. The Act of the Parliament of this Province, passed in the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to repeal an Ordinance of Lower Canada, intituled, 'An Ordinance concerning Bankrupts, and the administration and distribution of their estates and effects,' and to make provision for the same object throughout the Province of Canada; and the Act amending the same, passed in the ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to continue and amend the Bankrupt Laws now in force in this Province, in so far only as the same are continued by and for the purposes mentioned in the Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled. An Act to make provision for the continuance and completion of Proceedings in Bankruptcy now pending, and the said last mentioned Act; and the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the Session held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years or Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to afford relief to Bankrupts in certain cases, shall respectively be and Continued for they are hereby continued, and shall remain in force until the said first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and thence until the end of the then next ensuing Session of the Provincial Parliament, and no longer.

Act of Lower Canada.

6 W. 4, c. 19.

Continued.

Continued.

Proviso : to ecase when

III. The Act of the Parliament of the late Province of Lower Canada aforesaid, passed in the sixth year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, and intituled, An Ad to regulate the Fees of persons employed by Justices of the Peace in the Country Parishes, as Clerks or Bailiffs in certain cases, shall be and is hereby continued to the said first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and thence until the end of the then next ensuing Session of the Provincial Parliament, and no longer: Provided always, that in the & veral Judicial Districts of Lower Canada, so much of the said

1856.

Act as relates to the Fees to be granted to persons acting as Tariffs are Clerks to Country Magistrates, shall cease to have any force made underin the said Districts respectively, if or so soon as a Tariff of Fees shall have been promulgated in such District, under the provisions of an Act passed in the Session of the Legislature held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to facilitate the performance of 14 & 15 V. the duties of Justices of the Peace out of Sessions, with respect to c. 96. persons charged with indictable offences.

IV. Provided always, That nothing herein contained shall Proviso: this prevent the effect of any Act passed or to be passed during the Act not to prevent Session, repealing, amending, rendering permanent, or of any other continuing to any further period than that herein appointed, any Act of the preof the Acts or Ordinances hereinbefore mentioned and continued, sent Session. nor shall continue any provision or part of any of the Acts or Ordinances in this Act mentioned, which may have been repealed by any Act passed during the present Session or in any previous Session.

V. The period limited by the Act of the Parliament of this Period limited Province, passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, byand intituled, An Act to amend the Acts passed to remedy cer- 12 V. c. 97. tain defects in the Registration of Titles in the County of Hastings, as that within which it shall be lawful for the Registrar or Deputy Registrar of the County of Hastings to receive and index any memorial, under the authority of the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign. and intituled, An Act to remedy certain defects in the Regis- 9 V.c. 12, tration of Titles in the County of Hastings, in Upper Canada, and or of the Act of the said Parliament, passed in the Session held in the tenth and eleventh years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to alter and amend an Act, intituled, 'An Act 10 & 11 V. to remedy certain defects in the Registration of Titles in the c. 38. County of Hastings, in Upper Canada,' or to endorse any extended. Deed, Conveyance, Will or Probate, to which such memorial relates, shall be and is hereby extended to the said first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and thence until the end of the then next ensuing Session of the Provincial Parliament.

CAP. LXXXVI.

An Act for granting to Her Majesty certain sums of money required for defraying certain expenses of the Civil Government for the year 1856, and for certain other expenses connected with the public service, and also for raising a Loan on the credit of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN

Preamble.

Walker Head Government Countries Excellency Sir Edmund Walker Head, Governor General of British North America, and Captain General and Governor in Chief in and over this Province of Canada, and the Estimates accompanying the same, laid before both Houses of the Provincial Parliament, it appears that the sums hereinafter mentioned are required to defray certain expenses of the Civil Government of this Province and of the Public Service thereof, for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six: May it therefore please Your Majesty that it be enacted, and be it enacted by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, that,-

Consolidated Revenue Fund.

I. From and out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of this 3d., appropri- Province, there shall be and may be paid and applied a sum ated out of not exceeding in the whole the sum of some paid and applied a sum ated out of not exceeding in the whole the sum of some paid and applied a sum ated out of not exceeding in the whole the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of some paid and applied a sum at the sum of so not exceeding in the whole the sum of seven hundred and sixteen thousand seven hundred and seventy-four pounds, nine shillings and three pence, currency, for defraying the several charges and expenses of the Civil Government and Public Service of this Province for the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and other purposes set forth in the Schedule to this Act.

II. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to authorize the raising by way of loan, on the credit of the Cor-Loan of £250,000 may solidated Revenue Fund of this Province, of a sum not exbe raised. ceeding two hundred and fifty thousand pounds, currency, to be placed to the credit of the said Consolidated Revenue Fund, towards making good the sums appropriated out of the said Fund by this Act, for certain contingencies of the Public

Service connected with the Public Works.

III. For the purpose of raising such sum as aforesaid, it shall may be issued be lawful for the Governor in Council to authorize the issuing to the said of Debentures, to an amount not exceeding in the whole the of Debentures, to an amount not exceeding in the whole the sum last aforesaid, in such form, for such separate sums, a amount.

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such rate of interest not exceeding six per centum per annum, and to make the principal and interest thereon payable at such periods and at such places, as to him shall seem most expedient, the said principal and interest being hereby made chargeable upon the said Consolidated Revenue Fund of this Province.

IV. Accounts in detail of all moneys received and paid Accounting inder this Act, and of the Debentures issued and the interest clause. hereon, and of the redemption of the whole or any part of such Debentures, and of all expenses attending the collection and payment of the sums of money collected, received or paid under the authority of this Act, shall be laid before both Houses of the Legislature of this Province at each Session thereof.

V. The due application of the moneys raised and ex-Accounting pended under the authority of this Act, shall be accounted for clause. to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, through the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in such manner and form as Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors shall be pleased to direct.

SCHEDULE.

SUMS GRANTED TO HER MAJESTY BY THIS ACT, AND THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THEY ARE GRANTED

SERVICE.	A sun exceed Curre	ling	-	Curre	ency.
Militia.	£	8.	ů.	£	e. d
Salary of the Provincial Aide-de-Camp, for the year 1856 d of six Clerks in the Offices of the Adjutant General	300	0	0		
of Militia Department	1357 93	10 15	0	•	
for the half year ended 30th June, 1856, at the rate of £200 each	400	0	0		
of two Store-keepers of Armouries, at £75 each, for the four months ended do do	50	0	0		
for the year ended do do Maintenance of 16 Troops of Cavalry, each 10 days Drill, for	540		0		
the year ended do do of six Field Batteries of Artillery each 20 days Drill, for the year ended do do	3118 3561	0	0		
of Five Companies of Foot Artillery for the year ended do do	705	0	U		
40 (ompanies of Riflemen, 70 men each, for the year ended do do Contingent Expenses for Postages, Stationery, Printing, Re-	3820	0	0		
pairs of Accourtements, Transport of Arms, Travelling Expenses of Inspecting Field Officers, and all other Incidental Expenses attending the Active Force, for do.	!	0			
Required for purchase of Arms, Accourtements and Ammunition, for the Militia of Canada		-	0		
Legislative Council.			_	25145	5
Salary of the Speaker		_			
of the Cierk	800 500		0		
of the Assistant Clerk and French Translator	400	0	0		
of the Law Clerk of the Chaplain and Librarian	250		0		ı
of the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod	200 100	_	0		- 1
of the Sergeaut-at-Arms	100	_	0		J
of the Head Messenger	100	_			- 1
of the Door Keeper of three Messengers for the Session, at £45 each	60	-			- (
Indemnity to the Members for their attendance, at 20s per	7650	_	-		1
alem, including travelling at 6d, per Mile for the dis.	l				-
tance between the place of residence of each Member, and the place at which the Session is held	7350	0	O	17645	

SERVICE.	4 sun exceed Curre	ing-	- ,	Cune	noy	-
Legislalive Assembly.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.
Salary of the Speaker	800	0	0			
" of the Clerk.	500	0	0			
of the Assistant Clerk	400	0	o			
" of the Law Clerk and English Translator" of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery	500 150	0	0			
" of the Sergeant-at-Arms	100	ŏ	ŏ			
Contingent Expenses (exclusive of Indemnity to Members).	62000	ŏ	ŏ			•
Various Public Departments.			-j	64450	0	0
Contingent Expenses of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery	100	O	0			
Towards the Salary of the Deputy Provincial Registrar and	-200	·	Ĭ			
French Translator to Government	166	13	0			
Salary of Additional Clerk in the Eastern Branch, Provincial		_				
Secretary's Office	125	0	0			•
to the Clerks in Florincial Secretary's Office	333	7	5			
to the Clerks in Provincial Registrar's Office	465 390		0			
" to the Clerks in Inspector General's Office	656	5	o			
to the Clerks in the Cust ma Branch Office	270		ŏ			
Salary of two Extra Clerks in Receiver General's Office	517		ĭ			
Additional Salary to Messengers, one in the Receiver Gene-				ı		
ral, two in the Provincial Secretary's, one to the			i			
Governor General's Secretary, four in all. at £19						
each Was I I was I	76	0	0			
the House Keeper and Messenger. Inspector General's Office	39	16	8			
Salary of one other Messenger in the Provincial Registrar's			٦			
Office	75	0	0			
" of the Clerk attached to the Inspector General's De-						
partment, to look after the Interests of the Crown, in		_				
respect to the Quebec Fire Loan.	200	0	0			
" of the Clerk arranging the Public Archives, &c. at	183	0	0			
Montreal at 10s. per diem		v	٧			
Department	140	0	0			
Salary of a Clerk in the Customs Branch, Inspector General's	į					
Department	200	0	0			
" of two Check Clerks in do at £250 each	500	0	0			
of Secretary to the Dureau of Registration and Statistics.	400	0	0			
of Bret Clerk and Accountant	300	0	0			
of Second do. for the issue and Register of Patents of Third Clerk do	250 225	0	0			
" of Fourth Clerk do	200	Ö	o			
of two Extra Clerks	525	ŏ	Ö		•	
" of two Messengers, at £75 each	150	ŏ	0			
Contingencies	750	0	0	•		
Additional Salary to the Auditor of Public Accounts	100	0	0			
Salary of a Book-keeper in Auditor's Office, from 17th Jan-		_				
uary to 31st December, 1856, at £300 per annum	286	5	3			
of Clerk, in the field lat January to dist Maich. at						
13s. 9d per diem, and from 1st April to 31st December 1856 at £250 per annum	250	1	9			
ber, 1856, at £250 per annum	1 200	1	3	ł		

SERVICE.	A sun	ing	-	Currency.
Various Public Departments— Continued.	£	8.	d.	£ s. d
Salary of Accountant, in Auditor's Office from 1st January to 31st March, at12s. 6d. per diem, and from the 1st April to 31st December, 1856, at £250 per annum "of two Clerks, in do, from 1st January to 31st March, at 10s. per diem, and from 1st April to 31st December, 1856, at £175, equal to £176 15s. each	225	10	6 0	
at 11s. per diem of two Clerks in the Executive Council Office, at 12s. 6d. per diem, each of three Clerks in the Receiver General's Office.	457 816	10	0	
Department of Public Works.			-	10229 16 3
Additional Salary to Hon. H. H. Killaly, for Engineering Services on the Welland Canal, for the year Salary of one Chief Engineer, from 1st February to 31st December, 1856	250 742 421 368 302 229 137	13 19 10 3	0 0 4 2 0 4 0	
December, 1856	458 95 108 85		8 1 9	3200 15 P
Pensions to Officers and Servants of the late Lagislative				3200 10 -
Bodies of Upper and Lower Canada. William Ginger, as late Sergeant-at-Arms to the Legislative Council of Lower Canada	66 100	13	4	
Wm. Coates, as Writing Clerk to do Upper Canada John Bright, as Messenger of Legislative Council of do Louis Noreau, as do of do Lower Canada. Pierre Lacroix, as do of do do François Rodrigue, do of Legislative Assembly do Louis Gagné, as do of do	133 20 20 18 18 18	0000	00000	394 0 0
Other Pensions.				
Jacques Brien, for Wounds received in the Public Service. Mrs. McDonell, allowance during her life, on her claim for Dower on a certain property taken by the late Welland Canal Commissioners	20 .50	0	0	
Mrs. Widow Antrobus. Mrs. Catherine Smith, as widow of the late Mr. Justice Pyke Widow McCormick.	200 100	0	0	

SERVICE.	A sun exceed Curre	ing	-	Curr	enoy	7• ,
Other Pensions—Continued.	£	6.	d	£	₽.	d.
G. B. Faribault, Esquire, as the late Assistant Clerk of the			!			
Legislative Assembly.	400	0	0		_	
Hospitals and other Charities.				870	0	•
Aid to the Commissioners for relief of Indigent Sick at	i			•		
Quebec	1000	0	0			
" the same at Montreal	1000	0	0			
" do at Three Rivers	700	0	Q			
" Managers of the Protestant Female Orphan Asylum			0			
at Quebec	100	0	0			
" the Ladies Benevolent Society Montreal, for Widows and Orphans.	100	0	ol			
" Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, Quebec	100	ŏ	ŏl			
" Montreal Protestant Orphan Asylum	150	Õ	Ō			
" Male Orphan Asylum Quebec	100	U	0			
" Charitable Association of the Ladies of the Roman			- 1			
Catholic Asylum at Montreal	100	0	0			
" Protestant Orphans' Home and Female aid Society	000	^	اہ			
at Toronto	200	0	9			
teoman camone orpinan nayinin at 1010mo	200 75	0	0			
"University Lying-in-Hospital at Montreal	15	v	ď			
la Miséricorde	75	0	0			
" Lying-in Hospital at Toronto	75	0	0			
" Asylum of the Good Shepherd at Quebec	75	0	0			
" Hospice de la Maternité at Quebec.	75	0	0			
"General Hospital des Sœurs de la Charité at Montreal	250	0	0			
ries premis de la 1 inalitatica at monthaut	350 14000	0	0,			
 Towards the support of the Lunatic Asylum at Toronto. Towards the support of a temporary Lunatic Asylum 	14000	U	٩			
at Beauport, near Quebec,	10000	0	o			
" Hamilton Hospital	800	0	O			
" Toronto General Hospital	2000	0	0			
" Toronto House of Industry	500	0	0			
"Towards the relief of Indigent Sick at Kingston	750	Ō.	0			
"Kingston General Hospital	1000	Ŏ	0			
wingstort rioter-plen troshitat	200 150	0	0			
" Protestant Hospital at Bytown	150	ŏ	o	•		
" Hamilton Orphan Asylum	200	ŏ	ŏ!			
" do Roman Catholic Orohan Asylum	200	0	o			
St. Patrick's Hospital at Mentreal	150	0	0			
Eye and Ear Institution at Montreal	50	0	0			
to Moutreal Dispensary	50	0	0			
to Chiance military, Asylum for Widows and Orphans	z n	^	o			
at Quebec	50 150	0	ö			
"Montreal Home and School of Industry	100	-	ö			
Deal and Dumb Institution near Montreal	150	ň	öl			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1	36375	A	

SERVICE	A sun exceed Curre	ing-	-1	Currency.
Various Public Literary, Scientific and Educational Institutions, &c.	£	8.	d.	£s.d
Aid to the Medical Faculty of McGill College	250	0	0	
School of Medicine at Montreal		0	0	
" Literary and Historical Society at Quebec		Ö	ö	
Natural History Society at Montreal	50	Õ	ŏ	
" Ste. Mary's Institute, County of Perth	50	0	0	
"Institute of St. Roch	. 50	0	0	
" Literary Institute, Laprairie		0	0	
Duci Di Oure	50	0	이	
" Sherbrooke Library Association and Mechanics Institute		0	o	
Hamilton Mercantile Library Association	50	ŏ	Ö	
Mr. Juneau's Literary Institution		Ō	0	
" Montreal Mercantile Library Association	50	0	G	
" Canadian Institute at Toronto		0	O,	
"Athenœum at Toronto	. 100	0	၀	
Hulon Library Association, and Brechames Than	50	0	o	
tute		0	ol	
Teachers' Association at Quebec, for their Library Library Association at Quebec			ŏ	
" Canadian Institute, at do	50	0	ol	
do do at Montreal	. 50	0	0	
do do at City of Ottawa		0	0	
Mechanics' Institutes (as per list annexed)	3900	0	0	
Contingent Expenses of the Administration of Justice.	-		-	5950 0 0
	ſ		ŀ	
	1			
n Upper and Lower Canada not otherwise provided for		0	o	
for the support of the Previncial Penitentiary at Kingston.	11500	0	0	
for the support of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800	0	0	
For the support of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194	0	0	
For the support of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194	0	0	
for the support of the Previncial Penitentiary at Kingston. for Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada dditional Salary to Judge in the District of St. Francis to John Black, Clerk in Registrar's Office Court of Chancery to William Stanley, do Master's Office, do	11500 3800 194 75	0 0 9	000	
for the support of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston. for Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194 75 75	0 0 9	000 00	
for the support of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston. for Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194 75 75	0 0 9	000 0	
For the support of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194 75 75 250	0 0 9 0 0	000 00 0	
for the support of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston. for Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194 75 75	0 0 9	000 00	55994 9 0
For the support of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194 75 75 250	0 0 9 0 0	000 00 0	5599 4 9 ⁰
For the support of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194 75 75 250	0 0 9 0 0	000 00 0	5599 4 9 ⁰
For the support of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194 75 75 250	0 0 9 0 0 0	00000	55994 9 0
For the support of the Previncial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194 75 75 250 100	0 0 9 0 0	000 00 0	55994 9 0
For the support of the Previncial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194 75 75 250 100	0 0 0 0	00000	559 94 9 0
For the support of the Previncial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada ** to John Black, Clerk in Registrar's Office. Court of Chancery ** to William Stanley, do Master's Office, do ** of a Supernumerary Clerk of the Court of Queen's Bench, and Clerk of Summonses, Toronto of an extra Clerk, Attorney General, West Office. ** Miscellaneous Items.* Allowances to Keepers of Depots of Provisions on the Rive St. Lawrence, with the view to the Relief of Ship wrecked Persons. ** or Providing Provisions for such Depots,	11500 3800 194 75 75 250 100	0 0 0 0 0 0	000 000 0	559 94 9 0
For the support of the Previncial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada	11500 3800 194 75 75 250 100 200 350 25 25	009900000000000000000000000000000000000	000 000 0	55994 9 0
For the support of the Previncial Penitentiary at Kingston. For Salaries of four Judges in Lower Canada ** to John Black, Clerk in Registrar's Office. Court of Chancery ** to William Stanley, do Master's Office, do ** of a Supernumerary Clerk of the Court of Queen's Bench, and Clerk of Summonses, Toronto of an extra Clerk, Attorney General, West Office. ** Miscellaneous Items.* Allowances to Keepers of Depots of Provisions on the Rive St. Lawrence, with the view to the Relief of Ship wrecked Persons. ** or Providing Provisions for such Depots,	11500 3800 194 75 75 250 100 200 350 25 25	0 0 0 0 0 0	000000	5599 4 9 ⁰

SERVICE.	A sun exceed Curre	ing-	-	Curr	ency	··
Miscellaneous Items—Continued.	£	5.	d.	£	8.	d.
For the Expense of Printing and Binding the Laws	6000	0	0			
For other Printing, and Subscription to, and Advertising in the Official Gazette	2500	0	0			
For the Expense of distributing the Laws	500	0	0			
To meet unforeseen Expenses in the various branches of the	500	0	0			
Proportion of the Expenses of Keeping up Light Houses on	750	٥	υ			
the Isles of St. Paul and Scatterie in the Gulf To defray the Expenses of the Quebec Observatory	750 500	0	0			
To defiay the Expenses of the Observatory at Toronto	1200	_	0] _		
Expenses of Commissioners appointed to enquire into matters connected with the Public Service under Act 9 Vic.	ļ					
cap. 38	1500	0	0			
New Indian Annuities	1100	_	0			
Expenses of Protecting the Fisheries in the Gulf For the Temporary Maintenance of the Ottawa and Rideau	2075	0	0			
Canals, from 1st April 1856 to 31st March, 1857	10821	0	0			
One year's rent of the Protestant Burying Ground in St John's		^	۵			
Suburbs, Quebec, including arrears of £12 15s. 9d Aid to the Board of Agriculture of Upper Canada	36 1000	0	9			
do do Lower Canada	1000	0	0			
Expenses of the Boundary Line between New Brunswick and	1021	0	0			
Canada To make good various indispensable expenses of the Civil		U	Ů			
Government, incurred during the year 1855, as de-	1					
tailed in Statement No. A. of the Public Accounts laid before the Legislature	102015	16	6			
Expenses for the services of 150 of the Embodied Pensioners						
on permanent duty in Upper Canada, for 1856	8000	6	0			
Compensation to Pensioners in lieu of Land	2433	O	8			
Penitentiary	300	0	0			
Penitentiary	500	0	0			
the Keepers Balance, Tonnage Duties, Quebec, to 31st January, 1856, as	500	·	ŭ			
per Statement No. 14, Public Accounts, 1855, page		••	_			•
" Emigration Expenses, as per Statement No. 18,	1707	19	7			
Public Accounts, page 212	2731	3	3			
Aid towards Emigration Expenses for the present year	3000	0	0			
Balance, Expenses of Water Police, Quebec, as per Statement No 17, Public Accounts, 1855, page 214	221	1	10			
Amount required to meet the deficiency of the same Fund,						
for the present year	750	0	O			
winter	1750	0	0			
For a Safe for the Court House at St. Francis	50	0	0			
For Expenses of a Detachment of Enrolled Pensioners at Fort Malden, Amherstburgh, from 25th March to 24th						
June, 1855	142	14	4			
for the formation of a collection of Canadian Products, to be						
placed in the Sydenham Crystal Palace, London, in-	KI ESTAT. K		,		.	

SERVICE.	A sur exceed Curre	ling		Curr	ency.	_
Miscellaneous Items — Continued.	£	s.	d.	£	5.	d.
cluding the Remuneration and Travelling Expenses of Mr. Perry. For Salaries and Contingencies of the Commissioners appoint-	2000	0	0			
ed for the Revision, Consolidation and Classification of the Ordinances and Public General Statutes of Canada. For Expenses in Compiling, Preparing and Printing the Tables and Index to the Laws in Force, as per Resolu-	6001)	0	0			
tion of the Legislative Assembly	2000	0	0	164755		1
Education—Upper Canada.				102.00	•	•
Aid to the Upper Canada College "Victoria College	1111		2			
" Queen's College	750	-	Ö			
" Regionalis College, Kingston	750		Ò			
" Grammar Schools of the Counties of Brant, Elgin,	200	Λ	^			
Grey, Lambton, Ontario and Halton, at £100 each St. Michael's College, Toronto	600 350		0			
"Bytown College	200		ō		,	
" Grammar School in Welland	100	0	0	4611	s	.,
Education-Lower Canada.				2011	•	•
Aid towards Superior Education in Lower Canada, Income Fund			i	500r)	۵	
Education generally.	• • • • • •	• • • (, Jun.	•	,
Additional sum for Common Schools in Upper and Lower Canada				35000	0	
Various Public Works and Services.						
For Ocean Steam Service, £24,000 Sterling, equal to	29200	0	0			
For Tug Service between Montreal and Kingston	6750		ŏ			
For do below Quebec	11300		Ō			
Forming and protecting foundations of Light House on Pointe Pelée Reef	4100	0	0			
Light Houses Lake Huron	8000		o			
Lanterns, Lenses, Revolving Machinery, Lamps, &c., for		_				
Light Houses in Gulf of the St. Lawrence and Straits of	13049	0	0			
Light floures in Guil of the St. Lewience and Strain of the	15000	_	0			
Belleisle	8000		Q			
Belleisle	2004		0			
Belleisle	7634 2700		U			
Belleisle. Lanterns, Lenses, Machinery, Lamps, &c Scugog and Inland Navigation of Newcastle District River Ottawa Works. (humbering)	7634 2700 2255	0	0			
Belleisle. Lanterns, Lenses, Machinery, Lamps, &c Scugog and Inland Navigation of Newcastle District River Ottawa Works, (lumbering) River St. Maurice, (do.) Burlington Bay Canal	2700 2255 2000	0 0 0	0			
Belleisle. Lanterns, Lenses, Machinery, Lamps, &c Scugog and Inland Navigation of Newcastle District River Ottawa Works, (lumbering) River St. Maurice, (do.) Burlington Bay Canal Dredging Vessels, Steam Pumps, &c	2700 2255 2000 3500	0 0 0 0	0			
Belleisle. Lanterns, Lenses, Machinery, Lamps, &c Scugog and Inland Navigation of Newcastle District River Ottawa Works, (lumbering) River St. Maurice, (do.) Burlington Bay Canal	2700 2255 2000 3500 5680	0 0 0 0	0			

1856.

SERVICE.	A sum not exceeding—Currency.			Curre	псу	·.
Various Public Works and Services—Continued.	£	5.	d.	£	5.	d.
Expenditure on Removal of Seat of Government, since 1st January	19000	0	Ò			
since 1st January	28000	0	0			•
light House on Snake Island, Lake Ontario	2000	•	ŏ			
M. Maurice River. Slides at the Grais, Booms, &c., to be	1,001,	٧	୍ଧ			
taken from proceeds of Sales of Lumber limits	8500	0	ol			
Towards improvement of Ottawa Navigation for 1856	25000		ŏi			
Improvement of the Post Road between Metis and Metape-		•	Ϋ́I			
due, including building of Bridges	850	0	ol			
Improvement between Malbaie and Grande Base	500	Ŏ	Ōi			
Extending main north road from Escoumains to Baie des	500	0	0			
fowards the works at the head of the Richelieu Rapids, to prevent inundation, delay in the opening of Navigation,		_				
and detention of Vessels.	2500	0	0			
fewards further improvement of Custom House, Hamilton.	2000	Õ	0			
Do. Post Office, London	2500	0	0			
Reparing accommodation for Female Lunatics, Toronto	1200	0	0			
Survey of the Ottawa	5000	0	0			
Surveys generally.	5000	0	0			
Arbitation, Awards, &c	20000	0	이			
Repairs at Port Stanley	10000	0	0			
Burlington Bay Piers.	500	0	이			
Opening of the Was'e Lands of the Crown in Lower and			- 1			
Upper Carada, one-half the amount to be expended in each	05/100		ام	•		
section	25000	<u> </u>	ᅄ	287 154	0	0
Total Currency	. .	• • • •		716774	9	3

LIST

REFERRED TO IN SCHEDULE.

SERVICE.	Curre	ncy	•
Mechanics' Institutes, &c. Aid to the Aurora Mechanics' Institute and Library Association. "Richmond do do do North Wellington Farmers' and Mechanics' Institute. Mechanics' Institute and Library Association, Industrie. Institute of St. Viateur de L'Industrie. Literary Institute of St. Michel de Bellechasse. St. John's Library Association. St. Andrew's Library Association and Mechanics' Institute Institute and Library Association and Mechanics' Institute Mechanics' Institutes at Quebec—Montreal—Kingston—Toronto—London (Canada West)—Niagara—Hamilton—Belleville—Brockville—Bytown—Cobourg—Perth—Picton—Guelph—St. Thomas—Brantford—St. Catherines—Goderich—Whitby—Three Rivers—Berthier (Lower Canada)—Simcos—Woodstock—Brampton (County of Peel)—Dunville (for 1856)—Milton—Owen Sound—Port Sarnia—Chatham—County of Halton—County of Sherbooke—Porthope—Stratford—Peterborough—Iberville—Renfraw—Michell (County of Perth)—Berlin—Fonthill—Dundas—Oakvill—Watertown—St. Vincent de Paul—Huntingdon—L'Origne—Chambly—Prescott—Barrie—St. Léon—Dumontville—S Césaire—West Flamborough—Galt—Lachute—Bowmanville—Lanoraye—Paris—St. Hyacinthe—Sorel—Hemmingford—Smith's Falle—Chatham (L. C.)—Rimouski—St. Hyacinthe-	£	8.	
 Richmond do do North Wellington Farmers' and Mechanics' Institute. Mechanics' Institute and Library Association, Industrie. Institute of St. Viateur de L'Industrie. Literary Institute of St. Michel de Bellechasse. St. John's Library Association. St. Andrew's Library Association and Mechanics' Institute. Institute and Library Association of Varennes. Stanstead Library Association and Mechanics' Institute. Mechanics' Institutes at Quebec—Montreal—Kingston—Toronto—London (Canada West)—Niagara—Hamilton—Belleville—Brockville—Bytown—Cobourg—Perth—Picton—Guelph—St. Thomas—Brantford—St. Catherines—Goderich—Whitby—Three Rivers—Berthier (Lower Canada)—Simcoe—Woodstock—Brampton (County of Peel)—Dunville (for 1855)—Dunville (for 1856)—Milton—Owen Sound—Port Sarnia—Chatham—County of Halton—County of Sherbooke—Port Hope—Stratford—Peterborough—Iberville—Renfraw—Mitchell (County of Perth)—Berlin—Fonthill—Dundas—Oakville—Watertown—St. Vincent de Paul—Huntingdon—L'Orignal—Chambly—Precott—Barrie—St. Léon—Dumontville—St. Césaire—West Flamborough—Galt—Lachute—Bowmanville—St. Césaire—West Flamborough—Galt—Lachute—Bowmanville—Smith's Falle—Chatham (L. C.)—Rimouski—St. Hyacinthe—Metcalfe—Village of Aylmer (County of Elgin)—Ayr,—£50 	50 50 50 50 50 50 50	00000000	
Gacu	£3900		•

CAP. LXXXVII.

An Act for the Inspection of Flour, Indian Meal and Oatmeal.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend and to consolidate as amended, the several Acts regulating the inspection of Flour and Meal in this Province: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Acts repealed. I. The Act passed in the Session held in the fourth and fifth
4 & 5. V. c 89. years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to regulate
the Inspection of Flour and Meal, and the Act passed in the
eleventh

eleventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to 11 V.c. 6. continue and amend the Act for the Inspection of Flour and Meal, and to provide for the Inspection of Oatmeal, and the Act passed in the session held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to amend and to 13 & 14 V. c. continue as amended the Laws regulating the Inspection of Flour 29.
and Meal, shall be and are hereby repealed: but the repeal Acts repealed thereof shall not revive any Act or provision of law repealed by them not to by the said Acts or any of them, but the same shall remain revive. repealed.

II. Provided always, that nothing in this Act shall invalidate Existing Conor in any way alter the true intent and meaning of any existing tracts not to be contract for the purchase or sale of Flour or Meal, based on the standard of inspection heretofore established and in use in Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Kingston and Hamilton; and the How flour to quality of all or any Flour or Meal so contracted for, purchased or which such sold, shall, on the requisition of any party interested in such contract, purchase or sale, be ascertained and tested by the Inspector spect d and according to the standard of inspection in use by him imme-branded. diately previous to this Act taking effect; and the said Inspector shall give a certificate of the quality of such Flour or Meal according to the said standard, but shall, nevertheless if required, brand on the barrels the quality of the Flour or Meal according to the standard of inspection under this Act.

III. From and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful Boards of for the Board of Trade in the Cities of Quebec, Montreal, Toronto, Trade, and Kingston and Hamilton, respectively, and for the Municipal Municipal Authorities in other places where Inspectors may be required point exappoint ex for the purposes of this Act, to appoint a Board of Examiners miners of apof applicants for the office of Inspector of Flour and Meal, and which of the office of from time to time to remove such Examiners and appoint others Inspector. in their stead; and such Board of Examiners shall in the Cities of Quebec and Montreal, respectively, consist of five, and in other places of three fit, proper and skilful persons resident in the place or in the immediate vicinity of the place, for which they are respectively to act; and such Examiners shall before acting as such, severally take and subscribe the following Oath, before any one of Her Majesty's Justices assigned to keep the Peace, within the District, County or City in which such Examiners are respectively to act; and such Justice is hereby required and authorized to administer the same:

"I, A. B., do swear, that I will not directly or indirectly, per- Oath of office "sonally or by means of any person or persons on my behalf, of Examiners. "receive any fee, reward, or gratuity whatever by reason of any

" affection, and to the best of my knowledge and understanding. " So help me God."

[&]quot;function of my Office as Examiner, and that I will therein "well and truly in all things act without partiality, favour or

IV. The Mayor of the said Cities of Quebec, Montreal, Toronto,

Mayor or chief Municipal offi- Kingston and Hamilton, respectively, and the Mayor or Chief cer to appoint an Inspector.

inspector to be examined.

To be appointed on requisi-tion of Board of Trade.

To give security.

No one to act for him except his sworn assistant.

hereinafter provided.

Municipal Officer of any other place as aforesaid, for the time being, shall and may from time to time, by an instrument under his hand and the seal of the Corporation, nominate and appoint an Inspector of Flour and Meal, for each of the said Cities and other places, as aforesaid, and may from time to time remove any such Inspector and appoint another in his stead; but no person shall be appointed as such inspector who shall not previously to his appointment as such have undergone an examination before the Board of Examiners of the place for which he is to be appointed, as to fitness, character and capacity, in the manner hereinafter provided; nor shall any person be appointed an Inspector of Flour and Meal unless approved of and recommended as such by such Board of Examiners, or a majority of them, pursuant to such examination, nor in any place in which there shall be a Board of Trade, except on the requisition of such Board, with which the Mayor or Chief Municipal Officer shall be bound to comply; and before any Inspector shall act as such, he shall furnish two good and suffcient sureties, jointly and severally with himself, for the due performance of the duties of his office, in the sum of five hundred pounds, currency, if such Inspector be appointed for the City of Quebec or for the City of Montreal, and in the sun of two hundred and fifty pounds currency, if such Inspector be appointed for the City of Toronto or of Kingston or Hamilton, or for any other place for which an Inspector may be appointed; and such sureties shall be approved by the Mayor or other Chief Municipal Officer by whom the Inspector shall have been Form of Bond, appointed, in whose keeping the Bond shall remain; and the Bond shall be executed to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors in the form used with regard to sureties from persons appointed to Offices of Trust in this Province, and shall avail to the Crown and to all persons whomsoever who shall or may be aggrieved by any breach of the conditions thereof; and no such inspector shall allow any person whomsoever to act for him about the duties of his Office, excepting only his swom

Custody of Bond

V. The Bond or Suretyship which shall be given or executed by any Inspector by virtue of this Act, shall be made and kept at the Office of the Clerk of the Corporation of the City, Town or place for which such Inspector shall be appointed, and every person shall be entitled to have communication and copy of any such Bond or Suretyship at such Clerks' Office, upon payment of one shilling, currency, for every communication, and two shillings and six pence, currency, for each copy.

Assistant or Assistants, to be appointed in the manner

Fee for inspecting it.

Board of Examiners to be assisted by

VI. Provided always, that the Board of Examiners to be constituted as aforesaid, shall be and they are hereby authorized and required, before proceeding to the examination of any person

who

who may be hereafter desirous of being appointed an Inspector competent of Flour and Meal as aforesaid, to require the attendance of two persons. or more persons of the greatest experience and practice in the manufacture of Flour and Meal, or of the fullest knowledge of the qualities of Flour and Meal; and the said Board, in their Other persons discretion, are also hereby further authorized to permit any may put other person or persons to be also present at such examination, and each and every of the said persons so required or permitted to attend, may, in the presence of the said Board, propose questions to the person then under examination touching and respecting his knowledge as to quality, manufacture or other matters relating to or connected with the Inspection of Flour and Meal.

VII. Each person examined, approved and recommended as Oath of asoresaid, shall, if appointed an Inspector of Flour and Meal as office to be asoresaid, before he shall act as such, take and subscribe an taken by In-Oath before any one Justice assigned to keep the Peace within the District, County or City in which he shall be appointed, (which Justice is hereby required and authorized to administer the same) in the words following, to wit:

"I, A. B., do solemnly swear, that I will faithfully, truly and Form of Oath. "impartially, to the best of my judgment, skill and understand-"ing, execute and perform the office and duty of an Inspector of "Flour and Meal, and that I will not directly or indirectly, by "myself or by any other person or persons whomsoever, trade "or deal in Flour, Indian Meal or Oatmeal, or be connected in "any such Trade, nor purchase any Flour, Indian Meal or "Oatmeal of any description, otherwise than for the use and "consumption of my family, during the time I shall continue "such Inspector.—So help me God."

Which Oath shall be recorded in the Office of the Clerk of the Oath to be Corporation for the City, Town, or place where the same shall recorded. be taken; and for recording such Oath and for a Certificate thereof, the Clerk shall be entitled to demand and have the sum of two shillings and six pence, currency, and no more, and shall Fee for ingive communication or copy of the original to any person who specting it. shall apply for the same, on payment of one shilling, currency, . for every such communication, and two shillings and six pence, currency, for each copy.

VIII. Provided always, that any person who, at the time this Present In-Act shall come into force, shall hold the Office of Inspector of spe tors to be Flour and Meal for any place in this Province, shall on his ap- continued. plication to that effect immediately after the said time, be reappointed as Inspector under this Act, by the Mayor or Chief Municipal Officer of the place in which he shall have acted as Inspector, without any new examination or any intervention of the Board of Trade, any thing in the foregoing sections of this

Subject to be removed, &cc.

Act, to the contrary notwithstanding; but he shall after such reappointment, be removable and shall give security and shall be bound by all the other provisions of this Act, in the same manner as other Inspectors appointed under the authority thereof.

Inspectors for Quebec and Montreal bound to have assistants.

IX. The said Inspector of Flour and Meal for the City of Quebec, and the Inspector for the City of Montreal, shall and may

Assistants to be examined.

appoint one or as many more Assistants as he shall from time w time be required to appoint by the Board of Trade of the City for which he is appointed, for the acts of which Assistants he shall be and is hereby declared to be responsible; which number of Assistants he shall be bound to increase from time to time, on a requisition in writing to that effect from the said Board; and each such Assistant shall be subject to the approval of the said Board of Examiners and skilful persons sitting with them, in the manner hereinbefore provided with regard to Inspectors, and shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, furnish two good and sufficient sureties to Her Majesty, in the sum of two hundred and fifty pounds, currency, for the due performance of his duties, by a Bond to be taken, made, recorded, kept and delivered in the manner provided with regard to the Bond given by Inspectors, and shall take and subscribe the following Oath, before the Mayor of the City for which he shall be appointed, who is hereby required to administer the same:

To be sworn.

And give security.

Form of Oath.

"I, A. B., do swear that I will diligently, faithfully and "impartially, perform the duties of the office of Assistant " to the Inspector of Flour and Meal for the City of

according to the true "intent and meaning of the Act of the Legislature of this Pro-" vince, intituled, An Act for the Inspection of Flour, Indian " Meal and Oatmeal; and that I will not directly or indirectly, "personally or by means of any person or persons in my be-" half, receive any fee, reward or gratuity whatever, by reason of "my office of Assistant to the said Inspector, (except my sala-"ry from the said Inspector) and that I will not directly or in-"directly trade in the articles of Flour, Indian Meal or Oatmeal, "or be in any manner concerned in the purchase or sale of "Flour or Meal, except so far as may be necessary for the use " of myself and family.—So help me God."

Custody of Bond and Oath.

And such Bond and Oath as aforesaid, shall be open to inspection, and copies may be had thereof, on the same terms and conditions as are hereinbefore provided with regard to the Bond given and the Oath taken by the Inspector.

Assistants to be paid by Inspector, who may remove them, &c.

X. The said Assistants shall respectively be paid by, and shall hold their offices at the pleasure of the Inspector, and may be removed or reinstated, or others may be appointed in their stead by such Inspector.

Board of Trade may

The Board of Trade of any City or place may examine into any complaints made against any Inspector or Assistant

Inspector

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Inspector of Flour and Meal thereat, for neglect or improper hear comperformance of his duties, and if they shall decide that such plaints against complaints are well founded and that such Inspector or Assis-Assistants, &c. tant Inspector ought to be removed from office, they may notify such decision to the Mayor or other Head of the Municipality, who shall thereupon remove such Inspector or Assistant Inspector from his office, and shall appoint another in his stead, upon the requisition of the said Board, as provided in Section four of this Act.

XII. The said Inspectors and Assistant Inspectors so to be nomi- Mode of innated and appointed, are severally hereby authorized and required spection, and to examine and inspect each and every barrel and half barrel of on whose requisition it Flour and Meal, on application being made for that purpose by shall be made. the proprietor, consignee or possessor thereof, and to ascertain the respective qualities and conditions thereof, by boring the head of each barrel or half barrel, and proving the contents to the whole depth of the cask, by an instrument (not exceeding five eighths of an inch in diameter within the gauge or bore of such instrument) for that purpose, and after inspecting such Flour or Meal, the said Inspectors or Assistant Inspectors, respectively, shall plug, or cause to be plugged the hole bored in each barrel or half barrel for Inspection: Provided always, that such where the Inspection may be made either at the Store, Shop or Ware-inspection house of such Inspector, which he is hereby required to keep in a convenient situation for that purpose, or at some Store within the limits of the place for which the Inspectors shall be appointed, respectively, at the option of the Proprietor or Possessor of such Flour or Meal.

XIII. Each and every Inspector or Assistant Inspector, shall if Flour, &c., required, deliver to the owner of any Flour or Meal or to his authorized agent, all Flour or Meal which such Inspector or Assistant inspection to Inspector may have taken from any barrel or half barrel of such be given back, Flour or Meal with the instrument used for the purpose of if required. Inspection, under the penalty of five pounds, currency, for each and every time he shall fail in so doing.

XIV. Each Inspector shall provide and have a sufficient Inspector to number of iron or other metal brands, for the use of himself have proper and his Assistants, wherewith they shall respectively brand branding lrone. or cause to be branded, immediately after Inspection, on each and every barrel or half barrel of Flour or Meal, the words 'Quebec," "Montreal," "Toronto," "Kingston," "Hamilton," or the name of any other place, as the case may be, and the nitial of the Christian Name and the Surname at full length of he Inspector, with the quality thereof as hereinafter directed; and on each and every barrel or half barrel of Flour or Meal, Sour flower which may on Inspection be found sour, without any other how to be amage or unmerchantable quality, the Inspector or Assistant marked. aspector, shall brand or cause to be branded the word "Sour" n letters as large as those upon the rest of the brand or mark,

in addition to the brand or mark designating the quality; and

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Unmerchantable flour how to be marked.

Flour not corresponding to the marker's brand.

Date of Inspection to be marked.

tion.

Bill of inspection to be given.

Penalty for false state. ment therein.

Proviso: As to flour reinspected.

Proviso: Maker's marks required

Proviso: Who shall pay costs of inspection.

in all cases where Flour or Meal shall be found to be of unsound or unmerchantable quality arising from other causes, such Inspector or Assistant Inspector shall brand or cause the same to be branded with the word "Rejected" at full length, and in plain legible characters, in addition to the brand or mark designating the quality; and in all cases where the quality of the Flour or Meal inspected may appear to be inferior to the brand or other mark of the manufacturer, and not to be properly designated by the brand or mark, it shall be the duty of the Inspector or Assistant Inspector, and he is hereby authorized and required to erase and correct the same; and the Inspector or Assistant Inspector, shall also brand or mark on each barrel of Flour or half barrel of Flour or Meal so inspected by him, the month and year in which they were inspected, with the quality of the Flour or Meal so inspected and ex-Fee for inspec amined: And for such inspection and branding or marking the Inspector shall be entitled to receive of and from the person who may have applied to him to inspect the same, for each and every barrel and half barrel, respectively, of Flour or Meal so inspected and branded or marked, the sum of one penny currency, exclusive of cooperage; and such fee or allowance shall be paid by the Owner or Consignee of such Flour and Meal before it shall be removed; and as soon as any Flour or Meal shall be inspected, a certificate or Bill of inspection shall be furnished by the Inspector or Assistant Inspector without fee or reward, specifying neatly and legibly the quantity and quality ascertained by inspection, and the charges thereof, and the owner's or manufacturer's mark or marks thereon; and if any Inspector or Assistant Inspector, shall knowingly and wilfully give an untrue and incorrect certificate of the quantity or quality of any Flour or Meal by him inspected, or shall give such certificate without a personal examination and inspection of such Flour or Meal, he shall forfeit and pay a penalty of twenty pounds, currency, for each offence, and be dismissed from his office and be disqualified from ever after following the same: Provided always, that no Flour or Meal which shall have been so branded, marked or inspected in one

> marks shall be branded or marked on one head of the barrel or half barrel: Provided always, that it shall be the duty of the Inspector or Assistant Inspector, respectively, to examine each and every barrel of Flour or Meal offered for Inspection, and in no case to brand or mark the same, unless the name of the

> month or year, and re-inspected and examined in another, shall bear any other brand or mark of the year and month than that originally affixed to it: and all the said brands and other

> manufacturer or packer, the place of packing, and quality of the Flour and Meal, and the tare and net weight, are branded or marked legibly thereon: Provided also, that in all cases where any Flour or Meal shall have been sold subject to

> Inspection, the person applying to the Inspector shall be entitled to reimbursement of the price of Inspection from the vendor,

if such applicant be not himself the vendor, unless an express stipulation shall have been made at the time of the sale or of the agreement to submit to Inspection: and such agreement to sub- Agreement for mit to Inspection shall imply a warranty as well that the Flour inspection, or Meal is of the quality for which it is sold, as that all the re- what to imply. quirements of this Act have been complied with as to such Flour or Meal and the barrels or half barrels in which it is contained.

XV. It shall be the duty of the Inspector or Assistant In- Weight to be spector, to ascertain by examination the weight of all the casks tested. which he may suspect not to contain the full weight required by this Act, and if they do not contain such full weight, he Deficiency to shall cause the same to be filled up by the proprietor or person be made up. requiring such Flour or Meal to be inspected, so as to contain the weight of Flour or Meal required by this Act, and shall, when required, certify the expense thereby incurred; and Penalty on every Inspector or Assistant Inspector who shall neglect or re- Inspector nefuse to examine and weigh such Flour and to cause the said fusing to casks to be weighed in the manner required by this Act, shall, weighfor every such neglect or refusal, forfeit the sum of twenty pounds, currency, and all damages which the buyer or seller of such Flour or Meal may have suffered in consequence of such neglect.

XVI. All the said brand marks shall be neat and legible, and Mode of it shall be the duty of each of the said Inspectors of Flour and branding. Meal, to govern himself, so far as may be possible, by one uniform standard of quality for each description of Flour and Meal, and to brand or mark, within a space not exceeding fourteen inches long by eight inches broad, on every Barrel and half Barrel of Flour and Meal inspected by them, all brands Penalty for and marks required by this Act, under a penalty of five pounds, contravention. currency, for each barrel or half barrel inspected and branded, or inspected and marked, otherwise than is required by this Act.

XVII. If any dispute shall arise between any Inspector ap- Disagreement pointed under this Act, and the proprietor or possessor of any between In-Flour or Meal by him inspected, with regard to the quality or owner, to be condition thereof, or relating in any respect to the same, then, decided by upon application by either of the parties in difference to any one three persons of Her Majesty's Justices assigned to keep the Peace within the District, County or City, in which such Inspector or Assistant Inspector shall reside, the said Justice of the Peace shall issue a summons to three persons of skill and integrity, one whereof to be named by the Inspector, another by the proprietor or possessor of the Flour or Meal, and the third by the Justice of the Peace (who, failing the attendance of either of the parties in difference, is hereby authorized and required to name for him) requiring the said three persons immediately to examine the said Flour and Meal, and report their opinion of the quality and condition thereof under Oath, (which Oath the said Justice

Inspector to conform to the decision,

Costs: by whom paid.

is hereby authorized and required to administer) and their determination, or that of a majority of them, made in writing, shall be final and conclusive, whether approving or disapproving the judgment of the Inspector or Assistant Inspector, who shall immediately attend and conform himself thereto, and brand or paint or cause to be branded or painted each and every barrel or half barrel, of the qualities or condition directed by the determination aforesaid; and if the opinion of the Inspector or Assistant Inspector be thereby confirmed, the reasonable costs and charges of re-examination, being ascertained and awarded by the said Justice of the Peace, shall be paid by the said proprietor or possessor of the Flour or Meal, and if otherwise, by the Inspector, with all damages.

Penalty on Inspector refusing or neglecting to inspect when called upon. XVIII. Any Inspector or Assistant Inspector so nominated or appointed, who shall refuse or neglect on application to him made personally or by writing left at his Dwelling House, Store, Office or Warehouse on any lawful day between surrise and sun-set, by any proprietor or possessor of Flour or Meal (such Inspector or Assistant Inspector not being at the time of such application employed in inspecting Flour or Meal elsewhere) immediately or within two hours thereafter, to proceed to such Inspection, shall for every such neglect or refusal forieit and pay to such person so applying, on conviction thereof before any one Justice of the Peace, on the Oath of one credible witness other than the informer, the sum of five pounds, currency, over and above all the damages occasioned by such refusal or neglect to the party complaining.

Adulterated flour to be seized.

XIX. If, upon the Inspection of any barrel or half barrel of Flour or Meal, the Inspector or Assistant Inspector, respectively, shall discover any foreign substance mixed or blended therewith, or packed therein, it shall be the duty of such laspector or Assistant Inspector and he is hereby authorized, enjoined and required, immediately to seize and detain the same, and to make report thereon to any one of Her Majesty's Jutices of the Peace, under Oath, and such Justice may, if he shall see fit, authorize the detention of the same in some safe place until the suit to be instituted for the penalty thereby incurred shall be determined; and each and every person, who shall or may hereafter wilfully and fraudulently mix or blend any Flour or Meal by them packed for sale or exportation, with any foreign matter, shall in every such case be liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds currency; but no prosecution, suit or action for the recovery of any such penalty, shall be commenced after the end of one month from the seizure and report so made, as aforesaid, by the Inspector or Assistant Inpector; and if such penalty be so recovered, the Flour or Meal shall thereupon be forfeited to and belong to the Corporation of the place.

Penalty.

Forfeiture of such flour.

XX. Every manufacturer or packer of Flour or Meal, who Penalty for shall undermark the tare of any barrel or half barrel, or shall put undermarking therein a less quantity of Flour or Meal than is branded thereon, tare. shall incur a penalty of twenty shillings, currency, for every barrel or half barrel so undermarked or deficient: Provided always, Proviso. that such penalty shall not be recovered when and so often as the deficiency of weight shall appear to have been occasioned by some accident unknown to such manufacturer or packer, and which happened after the packing of the barrel or half barrel.

XXI. If any person shall knowingly offer for sale any barrel Penalty for or half barrel of Flour or Meal, upon which the tare shall be knowingly undermarked, or in which there shall be a less quantity of offering flour Flour or Meal than is branded thereon he shall forfeit the Flour or Meal than is branded thereon, he shall forfeit the weight, sum of twenty shillings, currency, for every cask so undermarked or deficient, without prejudice to the civil remedy of any party aggrieved, for such other damage as he shall in that behalf sustain.

XXII. No Inspector or Assistant Inspector to be appointed in Penalty on pursuance of this Act, shall directly or indirectly trade or deal inspector in Flour or Meal, or be concerned in any such trade, nor purflour in any chase any Flour or Meal of any description, otherwise than for way. the use and consumption of his family, or act as agent for any party for the sale or purchase of any Flour or Meal, under the penalty of fifty pounds, currency, for each and every offence, and of being immediately removed from the office, and of being disqualified from holding such office in future.

XXIII. In branding or marking the different qualities or des- Qualities of criptions of Flour, the same shall be designated as follows, flour. viz: that of a very superior quality by the words "Extra Superfine,"—that of the second quality by the words "Fancy Superfine,"—that of the third quality by the words "Superfine"—that of the fourth quality by the words "Superfine Number two," that of the fifth quality by the words "Fine"—that of the sixth quality by the words" Fine Middlings "-that of the seventh quality by the words "Ship Stuff" or "Pollards," and the quality called Farine entière by the letters E. N. T., by which Farine entière. latter description of Flour shall be understood the whole produce of the wheat when ground, excepting the coarse Bran and Pollards: and when the wheat from which Flour of any of the Kiin dried qualities had been manufactured was previously kiln dried, flour. the same shall be branded or marked by the Packer on each and every barrel or half barrel, either at length or by the mark "Kiln D;" and in branding or marking the different qualities qualities of of Rye Flour, Indian Meal, or Oatmeal, the words "Rye meal. Flour "- " Indian Meal "- or " Oatmeal" shall be plainly branded or marked on each and every barrel and half barrel, to designate the Grain from which the same is made;—and the qualities shall be designated as follows, viz: that of a superior quality of Rye Flour by the word "Superfine,"—and that of

the second quality by the word "Fine,"—that of the Superfine qualities of Indian Meal or Oatmeal by the word "First,"that of the second quality by the word "Second".-that of the third quality by the word "Third."

Samples of the several qualities to be provided.

XXIV. Each Inspector of Flour and Meal shall, at his own expense, provide sufficient Samples of each of the qualities hereinbefore mentioned of Flour and Meal, such samples to be approved by the Board of Trade for the City or place for which the Inspector is appointed; and such Samples shall be renewed as often as may be requisite, by the Inspector, at his cost, and shall be kept by the Secretary of the said Board of Trade for the time being, to be referred to as occasion may require, and shall be the Standards by which the lospector shall be governed in establishing the several qualities of Flow and Meal.

To be kept by the Board of Trade.

Weight of and meal.

XXV. Every half barrel of Flour shall contain ninety-eight barrels of flour pounds net, and every barrel of Flour shall contain one hundred and ninety-six pounds net; every half barrel Rye Flour shall contain ninety-eight pounds net, and every barrel of Rye Flow shall contain one hundred and ninety-six pounds net; every half barrel Indian Meal shall contain ninety-eight pounds net, and every barrel of Indian Meal shall contain one hundred and ninety-six pounds net; every half barrel of Oatmeal shall contain one hundred and twelve pounds net, and every barrel of Oatmeal shall contain two hundred and twenty-four pounds net; And it shall be the duty of the Packer or Manufacturer, to brand, paint or mark the initials of his Christian Name, and also to brand. paint or mark his surname at full length, and the name of his mill or place of packing, the quality and weight of the Flow or Meal therein contained, and the tare of the cask, on one and of each and every barrel or half barrel of Flour or Meal packed for sale, in a plain and distinguishable manner, under a po nalty of Two Shillings, currency, for each and every barrel or half barrel offered for sale or Inspection, with regard to which the requirements of this section shall not have been complied with.

Maker or Packer's mark required.

Penalty for contravention.

Construction and sizes of barrels and half barrels for flour.

XXVI. All Flour to be hereafter packed in this Province for sale, shall be packed in good and strong barrels or half barrels of seasoned oak, elm or other hardwood timber, and made as nearly straight as may be, and the staves of such barrels shall be of the length of twenty seven inches from croe to croe, and of half barrels of the length of twenty-two inches from croe to croe. with heads of the same; the diameter of the heads of the barrels shall be from sixteen and a half inches to seventeen inches, and of half barrels from thirteen and a half to fourteen inches; and such barrels and half barrels shall be well seasoned and bound with at least ten wooden hoops, of which three shall be at each end, with a lining hoop within the chimes, the whole well & cured by nails, under the penalty of two shillings for each and

Penalty for moing illegal

every cask offered for sale or exported, which shall not be one of barrels, &c. the foregoing description of barrels or half barrels.

XXVII. Each Inspector shall on Monday in each and every Inspectors to week, make out, sign and transmit to the Secretary of the make weekly Board of Trade, for the city or place for which he shall be ap- flour or meal pointed, a statement of the quantity and quality of all Flour inspected. and Meal inspected or re-inspected by him or his Assistants during the next preceding week, and of all Flour or Meal by him or them weighed during such week and found deficient in weight, or in respect of which the tare shall have been falsely marked, stating also the Brand and manufacturers' names.

XXVIII. If any manufacturer or packer of Flour of Meal, or Penalty for any person or persons whomsoever shall, with a fraudulent view effacing Inor intention, efface or cause to the effaced or obliterated from marks, or any barrel or half barrel of Flour or Meal having undergone counterfeiting Inspection, all or any of the Inspector's marks, or shall coun- or sitering terfeit any such mark or marks, or impress or brand any mark marks; or marks purporting to be the mark or marks of the Inspector or of any manufacturer or packer, either with the proper marking tools of such Inspector, manufacturer or packer, or with counterfeit representations thereof, on any barrel or half barnel of Flour or Meal, or shall empty or partially empty
any barrel or half barrel of Flour or Meal marked after Or using old Inspection, in order to put into the same barrel or half barrels withbarrel other Flour or Meal, or shall use for the purpose marks; of packing any Flour or Meal any old barrel or half barrel, without destroying the old brand marks before offering the same for sale, or (not being an Inspector or an Assistant Inspector appointed under this Act) shall brand or mark any Or using ins-Flour or Meal with the Inspector's marks, and if any person in pector's brands the employ of any manufacturer or packer of Flour or Meal without authority; shall hire or loan out the marks of his employer to any person whatsoever, or shall connive at or be privy to any fraudulent evasion of the provisions of this Act,—such person or persons so offending shall for every such offence, respectively, incur a penalty of fifty pounds, currency; and any Inspector or Assistant Inspector who shall inspect or brand or mark any Flour, or brand or mark any Flour or Meal, out of the limits for which he shall be appointed, or shall hire out his marks to any person Or hiring out whatsoever, or shall connive at or be privy to any fraudulent brands. evasion of Inspection of Flour or Meal, by others, shall for each such offence incur a penalty of fifty pounds currency.

XXIX. All and every fines, penalties and forfeitures im- Recovery of posed by this Act, not exceeding ten pounds, currency, shall, penalties or except when it is otherwise hereinbefore provided, be recoverforfeitures. able by any Inspector or by any other person or persons suing for the same, in a summary way before any two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the place, in their ordinary or other Sessions, and may, in default of payment, be levied by

warrant of distress to be issued by such Justices against the goods and chattels of the offender; and where the same shall exceed ten pounds, currency, they may be sued for and recovered by any such Inspector or other person, by bill, plaint, information or civil action, in a Recorder's Court or in any other Court of competent jurisdiction, and be levied by execunofication of tion as in case of debt; and the moiety of all such fines (except spchas may be hereinbefore otherwise applied) when recovered, shall immediately be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the City, Town or place, for the public uses of the Corporation thereof, and the other moiety shall belong to and be paid to the Inspector or other person who shall sue for the same; Provided always that if any Officer of such Corporation be the prosecutor, the whole penalty shall belong to the Corporation for the uses aforesaid.

enakies.

Limitation of prosecutions.

XXX. If any action or suit, not otherwise provided for, be brought or commenced against any person or persons for any thing done in pursuance of this Act, or contrary to the provisions thereof, such action or suit shall be commenced within six months next after the matter or thing done or omit General issue, ted to be done, and not afterwards; and the Defendant or Defendants in such action or suit may plead the general issue

and give this Act and the special matter in evidence at any trial to be had thereon; and if afterwards judgment shall be given Plaintiff being for the Defendant or Defendants, or the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs be non-suit or discontinue his or their action after the Defendant or Defendants shall have appeared, then such Defendant or Defendants shall have treble costs awarded against such Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, and have the like remedy for the same as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have in other cases to recover

mon-suit, &c.

Imspection not compulsory.

costs at Law.

XXXI. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to oblige any person to cause any Flour or Meal to be inspected, but if inspected, it shall be subject to the provisions of this Act, and shall not be marked or branded as inspected unless the said provisions have been in all respects complied with, as regard such Flour or Meal and the barrels or half barrels in which it is contained.

XXXII. The word "Meal," whenever it occurs in this Act, Word "Meal" shall be construed to mean Indian Meal and Oatmeal. interpreted.

Commencement of Act.

XXXIII. The foregoing enactments of this Act shall have force and effect upon, from and after the first day of August, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, and not before.

CAP. LXXXVIII.

An Act to authorize the Judges of the Superior Court for Lower Canada to appoint Commissioners for taking Affidavits in Upper Canada.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS it is desirable that the Judges of the Superior Preamble. Court for Lower Canada, should have power to appoint Commissioners for taking Affidavits in Upper Canada: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Chief Justice and any one of the Certain Judges Justices of the Superior Court for Lower Canada for the time in L. C., may being, or in the event of the death or absence from the Province appoint Commissioners to of the Chief Justice for the time being, for any two of the take affidavits Justices of the said Court for the time being, by one or more in U.C., to be commission or commissions under the seal of the said Court, Courts in L. C. from time to time to empower as many persons as they shall think fit and necessary in Upper Canada, to take and receive all and every such affidavit or affidavits as any person or persons shall be willing and desirous to make before any of the persons so empowered, in or concerning any cause, matter or thing depending, or hereafter to be depending, or in any wise concerning any of the proceedings to be had in the said Court, or in any other Court of Law of Record in Lower Canada; which said affidavits taken as aforesaid shall be filed in the Filing and Office of the said Courts respectively, in the District or Circuit effect of such to which the subject matter of such affidavit may relate and be affidavits. made use of in the said Courts respectively, to all intents and purposes as other affidavits taken in the said Courts respectively ought to be; and every affidavit taken as aforesaid, shall be of the same force as an affidavit taken in the said Courts respectively shall and may be.

II. Proof of the execution of any deed, will or probate thereof Such Commisor memorial of the same in Upper Canada, may, for purposes of sioners may registration in Lower Canada, be made before any of the Com-of execution missioners to be appointed under the authority of this Act, in of Deed, &c., the same manner as such proof may now by law be made in to be used in Lower Canada. Lower Canada.

CAP. LXXXIX.

An Act providing for the payment of dividends by Insurance Companies.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS it is expedient for the security of persons Preamble. effecting Assurance with, and of the Subscribers to the Stock

Stock of, the various Fire, Life, Marine, and other Insurance Companies already chartered, or that may hereafter be chartered by the Provincial Legislature, that no dividend or bonus be declared or paid, unless from the surplus earnings or profits arising or made from the business of such Companies over and above the paid up Capital thereof: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Liability of Managers, &c., paying dividends of such Companies which shall impair their Capital Stock.

I. If the Managers, Directors or Trustees of any Fire, Life, Marine, or other Assurance Company, incorporated by the Legislature of Canada, or of Upper Canada or Lower Canada, shall knowingly and wilfully declare and pay any dividend or bonus, out of the paid up capital of said Company, or when the Company is insolvent, or which would render it insolvent or which would diminish the amount of its Capital Stock, such Managers, Directors or Trustees who may be present when such dividend or bonus shall have been declared and which said dividend shall be paid, shall be jointly and severally liable for all the debts of the Company then existing, and for all that shall be thereafter contracted while they shall respectively con-Proviso: how tinue in office; Provided always that if any of such Managers. Directors or Trustees, shall object to the declaration of such dividend or bonus, or to the payment of the same, and sall at any time before the time fixed for the payment thereof, file a written Statement of such objection in the Office of the Company, and also in the Registry Office of the City, Town or County where such Company is situated such Managers, Directors or Trustees shall be exempt from such liability.

only such Managers may free themselves from such liability.

CAP. XC.

An Act to simplify and expedite the proceedings in the County Courts in Upper Canada, and to alter and amend the law in relation to these Courts.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS it is expedient to simplify and expedite the proceedings in the several County Courts in Upper Canada, and to alter and amend the law in relation to these Courts: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Certain sec tions of the 8 V. c. 13,—

I. From the time when this Act shall commence and take effect, the tenth, eleventh, twelfth, fourteenth, fisieenth, sixteenth, seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twenty-second, twenty-third, twenty-fourth, twenty-eighth, thirty-first, thirtysecond, thirty-fifth, thirty-ninth, forty-first, forty-fifth and fortysixth sections of an Act of the Parliament of this Province passed in the eighth year of Her Majesty's Reign, inutaled An Act to amend, consolidate and reduce into one Act, the scoral

1856.

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l. It shall be lawful for the Chief Justice and any one of the Certain Judges Justices of the Superior Court for Lower Canada for the time in L. C., may being, or in the event of the death or absence from the Province appoint Commissioners to of the Chief Justice for the time being, for any two of the take affidavits Justices of the said Court for the time being, by one or more in U.C., to be commission or commissions under the seal of the said Court, Courts in L.C. from time to time to empower as many persons as they shall think fit and necessary in Upper Canada, to take and receive all and every such affidavit or affidavits as any person or persons shall be willing and desirous to make before any of the persons so empowered, in or concerning any cause, matter or thing depending, or hereafter to be depending, or in any wise concerning any of the proceedings to be had in the said Court, or in any other Court of Law of Record in Lower Canada; which said affidavits taken as aforesaid shall be filed in the Filing and Office of the said Courts respectively, in the District or Circuit effect of such to which the subject matter of such affidavit may relate and be affidavits. made use of in the said Courts respectively, to all intents and Purposes as other affidavits taken in the said Courts respectiveyought to be; and every affidavit taken as aforesaid, shall be of the same force as an affidavit taken in the said Courts respectively shall and may be.

II. Proof of the execution of any deed, will or probate thereof Such Commisor memorial of the same in Upper Canada, may, for purposes of sioners may registration in Lower Canada, be made before any of the Comof execution missioners to be appointed under the authority of this Act, in of Deed, &c., the same manner as such proof may now by law be made in to be used in Lower Canada.

CAP. LXXXIX.

An Act providing for the payment of dividends by Insurance Companies. [Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS it is expedient for the security of persons preamble. effecting Assurance with, and of the Subscribers to the

teenth, one hundred and nineteenth, one hundred and twentieth, one hundred and twenty-first, one hundred and twenty-second, one hundred and twenty-third, one hundred and twenty-fourth, one hundred and twenty-fifth, one hundred and twenty-sixth, one hundred and twenty-seventh, one hundred and twentyeighth, one hundred and twenty-ninth, one hundred and thirtieth, one hundred and thirty-first, one hundred and thirty-second, one hundred and thirty-third, one hundred and thirty-fourth, one hundred and thirty-fifth, one hundred and thirty-sixth, one hundred and thirty-seventh, one hundred and thirty-eighth, one hundred and thirty-ninth, one hundred and fortieth, one hundred and forty-first, one hundred and forty-second, one hundred and forty-fourth, one hundred and forty-fifth, one hundred and fortyeighth, one hundred and forty-ninth, one hundred and fifty-sixth, one hundred and fifty-seventh, one hundred and fifty-eighth, one hundred and fifty-ninth, one hundred and sixtieth, one hundred and sixty-first, one hundred and sixty-second, one hundred and sixty-third, one hundred and sixty-fourth, one hundred and sixty-fifth, one hundred and sixty-sixth, one hundred and sixtyseventh, one hundred and sixty-eighth, one hundred and sixtyninth, one hundred and seventy-first, one hundred and seven'ysecond, one hundred and seventy-third, one hundred and seventyfourth, one hundred and seventy-fifth, one hundred and seventysixth, one hundred and seventy-seventh, one hundred and seventy-eighth, one hundred and seventy-ninth, one hundred and eightieth, one hundred and eighty-first, one hundred and eighty-second, one hundred and eighty-third, one hundred and eighty-fourth, one hundred and eighty-fifth, one hundred and eighty-sixth, one hundred and eighty-seventh, one hundred and eighty eighth, one hundred and eighty-ninth, one hundred and ninetieth, one hundred and ninety-first, one hundred and ninetysecond, one hundred and ninety-fourth, one hundred and ninetyfifth, one hundred and ninety-sixth, one hundred and ninetyseventh, one hundred and ninety-eighth, one hundred and ninetyninth, two hundredth, two hundred and first, two hundred and second, two hundred and third, two hundred and fourth, two hundred and fifth, two hundred and sixth, two hundred and seventh, two hundred and eighth, two hundred and ninth, two hundred and tenth, two hundred and eleventh, two hundred and twelfth, two hundred and thirteenth, two hundred and fourteenth, two hundred and fifteenth, two hundred and sixteenth, two hundred and seventeenth, two hundred and eight eenth, two hundred and nineteenth, two hundred and eighty: seventh, two hundred and eighty-eighth, two hundred and eighty-ninth, two hundred and ninetieth, two hundred and ninety-first, two hundred and ninety-second, two hundred and ninety-fifth, two hundred and ninety-sixth, two hundred and ninety-seventh, two hundred and ninety-eighth, two hundred and ninety-ninth, three hundredth, three hundred and first, three hundred and second, three hundred and third, three hundred and fourth, three hundred and fifth, three hundred and sixth, three hundred and seventh, three hundred and eighth, three hundred

1856.

hundred and ninth, three hundred and tenth, and the three hundred and twelfth sections of An Act passed in the present session of Parliament and known as the "Common Law Procedure Act, 1856," and the several provisions of the Rules to be made in pursuance of the said Act, or such of them as may relate to the said sections, shall apply and extend to the several County Courts in Upper Canada and actions and proceedings therein respectively; and this Act shall be read and construed as if the said several sections of the said "Common law Procedure Act, 1856," were repeated at length in this Act; subject to the following modifications, that is to say, all The said secthe powers under the said sections exercisable by the Court of subject to cer-Queen's Bench or the Court of Common Pleas, or by any one of tain modificathe Judges thereof, shall and may in like manner be exercisable tions, as applied to County the Judges of the County Courts respectively in term or vaity Courts. cation, as the case may require, as to matters and proceedings therein within the jurisdiction of the said County Courts respectively; such of the said sections as relate to proceedings in Banc or Nisi Prius respectively, shall be understood as relering and relating to the sittings of the said County Courts in term and the sittings thereof for the trial of issues of fact, as the case may be; all the provisions of the said sections applicable to Deputy Clerks of the Crown, shall apply to the Clerks of the County Courts respectively; and also subject to such other modifications as may be necessary to give full and beneficial effect to the said several sections in their extension and application to the County Courts, and all actions and proceedings therein within the jurisdiction of the same Courts respectively.

III. The Clerk of each County Court shall be subject to Clerks to be such rules for his governance in his office as may from time to subject to certain Rules. time be made in that behalf according to the provisions of the three hundred and thirteenth and three hundred and fourteenth sections of "The Common Law Procedure Act, 1856," in like manner as Deputy Clerks of the Crown.

IV. The Clerk of each County Court shall sign and seal all Clerks to sign writs and process whatsoever which are to be issued from such and seal writs, County Courts, and shall account for and pay over all fees due count for fees. and receivable by County Court Clerks for writs, processes, summonses, orders and proceedings under this Act, as they are now bound by law to do for all other fees received by them and with and under like responsibilities.

V. In cases in which the cause of action shall be transitory In what Counand within the jurisdiction of a County Court, the action may be commenced. be brought and the plaintiff may sue out the writ for the commencement of the action in any County Court; where the venue is local, the writ for the commencement of the action shall be sued out from the Office of the County Court within the proper County.

ty suits must

Final judg. ment on cogno vit, &c., not over £100,

VI. Final judgment may be entered upon a cognovit actionen or Warrant of Attorney to confess judgment, for an amount not exceeding one hundred pounds, which shall have been given may be in any or executed in the first instance and before the suing out of County Court. any process, in any County Court at the option of the Plaintiff, unless some particular Court in which the judgment is to be entered be expressly stated in such cognovit or warrant.

Clerk to keep a book for docketing judgments, and what it shall contain.

VII. The Clerk of each and every County Court shall keep a regular book, in which shall be minuted and docketed all Judgments entered by such Clerk; and such minute shall contain the name of every Plaintiff and Defendant, the date of the commencement of the action, the date of the entry of such judgment, the form of action, the amount recovered, the amount of costs taxed, and whether such judgment was entered upon or by verdict, default, confession, non pros, non-suit, discontinuance, or how otherwise; and in case the original judgment roll be lost or destroyed, so that no exemplification or examined copy thereof can be procured, a copy of the entry in such docket book, certified by the Clerk having such book in his custody, shall be evidence of all matters therein set forth and expressed: and when any such Clerk shall enter up any Judgment in either of the said Courts, he may give to the party on whose behalf it is entered, or to his legal representative, a certificate signed by him, of such Judgment, containing the like particulars as are required in certificates of Judgments given by the Clerks of the Crown and Pleas, and such certificate may be registered in the Registry Office of any County in Upper Canada, and the same certificate and the registration thereof shall have the like force and effect in binding or operating as a charge upon lands, tenements and hereditaments situate within such County, as if the certificate had been granted by a Clerk or Deputy Clerk of the Crown.

Copies of entries to be evidence in certain cases.

may be given and registered so as to bind lands.

Certificates

As to writs issued before this Act shall be in force.

Continuing writs.

VIII. When any Writ of Summons or Capias in any such action shall have been issued before, and shall be in force at the time of the commencement of this Act, such Writ may, at any time before the expiration thereof, be renewed under the provisions of, and in the manner directed by this Act; and where any Writ, issued in continuation of a preceding Writ, according to the provisions of the laws in force in the County Courts before the passing of this Act, shall be in force and unexpired, or where one month next after the expiration thereof shall not have elapsed at the commencement of this Act, such continuing Writ may, without being returned non est inventus, or entered of record according to the provisions of the said laws, be filed in the proper office of the Court, within one month next after the expiration of such Writ, or within twenty days after the commencement of this Act, and the original Writ of Summons or Capias in such action may thereupon, but within the same period of one month next after the expiration of the continuing Writ or within twenty days after the commencement of this

Act, be renewed under the provisions of, and in the manner directed by this Act; and every such Writ shall, after such Renewal renewal, have the same duration and effect for all purposes, and thereof shall be, if necessary, subsequently renewed in the same manner as if it had originally issued under the authority of this Act.

IX. Causes of action of whatever kind, provided they be by What causes and against the same parties and in the same rights, may be of action may joined in the same suit, but this shall not extend to replevin or be joined. ejectment, or to causes of action which are local and arise in different Counties, and the Court or a Judge shall have power to prevent the trial of different causes of action together, if such trial would be inexpedient, and in such case the Court or a Judge may order separate records to be made up and separate trials to be had; Provided always, that nothing herein con- Proviso. tained shall be construed to restrict or diminish the obligation or right of a Plaintiff to include in one action all or any of the drawers, makers, endorsers and acceptors of any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note.

X. If it be made to appear, at any time after the issuing of Matters of acthe writ of any County Court, to the satisfaction of the Judge, count may be upon the application of either party, that the matters in dispute marily or reconsist wholly or in part of matters of mere account, which ferred. cannot conveniently be tried in the ordinary way, it shall be lawful for such Judge, upon such application, if he think fit, to decide such matter in a summary manner, or to order that such matter, either wholly or in part, be referred to an arbitrator appointed by the parties, upon such terms as to costs and otherwise as such Judge shall think reasonable; and the decision or order of such Court or Judge, or the award or certificate of such referee, shall be enforceable by the same process as the finding of a Jury upon the matter referred.

XI. If it shall appear to the Judge that the allowance or Questions of disallowance of any particular item or items in such account law or fact as depends upon a question of law fit to be decided by the Court such account, or upon a question of fact fit to be decided by a Jury, it shall how determinbe lawful for such Judge to direct a case to be stated or an ed. issue or issues to be tried; and the decision of the Judge upon such case, and the finding of the Jury upon such issue or issues, shall be taken and acted upon by the arbitrator as conclusive.

XII. It shall be lawful for the arbitrator upon any compul- Arbitrator sory reference under this Act, if he shall think fit, and if it is may state special case in not provided to the contrary, to state his award as to the whole award. or any part thereof, in the form of a special case for the opinion of the Court; and when an action is referred, judgment, if so ordered, may be entered according to the opinion of the Court.

Proceedings in arbitration

XIII. The proceedings upon any such arbitration as aforesaid shall, except otherwise directed hereby or by the submission or document authorizing the reference, be conducted in like manner and subject to the same rules and enactments as to the power of the arbitrator and of the Court, the attendance of witnesses, the production of documents, enforcing or setting aside the award, or otherwise, as upon a reference made by consent under a rule of the Superior Courts or Judge's order.

Matters of mere calculation need not be referred.

XIV. In actions in which it shall appear to the Judge that the amount of damages which ought to be recovered by the Plaintiff is substantially a matter of calculation, it shall not be necessary to assess the damages by a Jury, but the Judge may ascertain the amount for which final Judgment is to be signed, and the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents before such Judge may be compelled by subpæna, in the same manner as before a Jury; and it shall be lawful for such Judge to appoint the day for hearing the case, and to adjourn the inquiry from time to time, as occasion may require; and such Judge shall make an order in writing declaring the amount found by him, and such and the like proceedings may thereupon be had, as to taxation of costs, signing Judgment, and otherwise, as upon the finding of a Jury upon an assessment of damages.

Where the Plaintiff neglects to bring the matter to may apply, åc.

XV. Where any issue is or shall be joined in any cause, and the Plaintiff has neglected or shall neglect to bring such issue on to be tried at the first sittings of the Court then next following, trial; Plaintiff whether the Plaintiff shall in the meantime have given notice of trial or not, the Defendant may give twenty days' notice to the Plaintiff to bring the issue on to be tried at the next sittings of the Court after the expiration of the notice; and if the Plaintiff afterwards neglects to give notice of trial for such sittings or to proceed to trial as required by the said notice given by the Defendant, the Defendant may suggest on the record that the Plaintiff has failed to proceed to trial, although duly required so to do, (which suggestion shall not be travelsable, but only be subject to be set aside if untrue,) and may And sign judg- sign Judgment for his costs; provided that the Judge shall have power to extend the time for proceeding to trial, with or without terms.

ment.

Judge may require witnesses or documents, on hearing motions, &c.

XVI. Upon the hearing of any motion or Summons, it shall be lawful for the Judge, at his discretion and upon such terms as he shall think reasonable, from time to time to order such do cuments as he may think fit to be produced, and such witnesses as he may think necessary, to appear and be examined rivi voce either before such Judge or before the Clerk of the Court, and upon hearing such evidence or reading the report of the Clerk, to make such order as may be just.

Act, be renewed under the provisions of, and in the manner directed by this Act; and every such Writ shall, after such Renewal menewal, have the same duration and effect for all purposes, and thereof shall be, if necessary, subsequently renewed in the same manner as if it had originally issued under the authority of his Act.

IX. Causes of action of whatever kind, provided they be by What causes md against the same parties and in the same rights, may be of action may oined in the same suit, but this shall not extend to replevin or ejectment, or to causes of action which are local and arise in lifferent Counties, and the Court or a Judge shall have power to prevent the trial of different causes of action together, if such rial would be inexpedient, and in such case the Court or a ludge may order separate records to be made up and separate trials to be had; Provided always, that nothing herein con-Proviso. tained shall be construed to restrict or diminish the obligation or right of a Plaintiff to include in one action all or any of the drawers, makers, endorsers and acceptors of any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note.

X. If it be made to appear, at any time after the issuing of Matters of acthe writ of any County Court, to the satisfaction of the Judge, count may be appoint the application of either party, that the matters in dispute marily or reconsist wholly or in part of matters of mere account, which ferred cannot conveniently be tried in the ordinary way, it shall be awful for such Judge, upon such application, if he think fit, to lecide such matter in a summary manner, or to order that such natter, either wholly or in part, be referred to an arbitrator appointed by the parties, upon such terms as to costs and otherwise as such Judge shall think reasonable; and the decision worder of such Court or Judge, or the award or certificate of such referee, shall be enforceable by the same process as the finding of a Jury upon the matter referred.

XI. If it shall appear to the Judge that the allowance or Questions of disallowance of any particular item or items in such account to items in depends upon a question of law fit to be decided by the Court such account, or upon a question of fact fit to be decided by a Jury, it shall how determinbe lawful for such Judge to direct a case to be stated or an ed. issue or issues to be tried; and the decision of the Judge upon such case, and the finding of the Jury upon such issue or issues, shall be taken and acted upon by the arbitrator as conclusive.

XII. It shall be lawful for the arbitrator upon any compul- Arbitrator sory reference under this Act, if he shall think fit, and if it is may state special case in not provided to the contrary, to state his award as to the whole award. or any part thereof, in the form of a special case for the opinion of the Court; and when an action is referred, judgment, if ordered may be entered according to the opinion of the Court.

or damages claimed is not more than fifty pounds, and of all causes or suits relating to debt, covenant or contract where the amount is liquidated or ascertained by the act of the parties or the signature of the defendant, to one hundred pounds; Provided always, that the said County Courts shall not have cognizance of any action where the title to land shall be brought in question, or in which the validity of any devise, bequest or limitation under any will or settlement may be disputed, or for any libel or slander, or for criminal conversation or for seduction.

Proviso: as to cases involving title to

Fees in certain special cases.

XXI. In all applications and proceedings before the County Judges, not relating to suits instituted in any Court of Civil Judicature in Upper Canada, there shall be payable to the Clerks of the several County Courts, for and to form part of the general fee fund thereof, such fees, as nearly as the nature of the case will allow, as are now payable on proceedings under the Act for the relief of insolvent debtors.

Judge's salary to be from £250 to £650, and fixed by Governor in Council.

XXII. Every County Judge shall be paid by a certain salar of not more than six hundred and fifty pounds or less than two hundred and fifty pounds; and the Governor in Council shall in the remuneration to be paid to the Judges respectively, having due regard as well to the population of the several Counties or Unions of Counties, as to the amount of fees received by the County Treasurer, under the several Statutes establishing Fee Funds; and the remuneration of Judges may be increased, or as vacancies shall occur may be diminished, by the Governor in Council.

Part of Schedule of fees to 8 V. c. 13, repealed, and the whole of that to 9 V.

substituted.

XXIII. So much of the Schedule of Fees annexed to the Act passed in the eighth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered thirteen, as applies to the "Fees to be received by the Clerk, and to belong to and be paid over to the Fee Fund," and the whole of Schedule A annexed to an Act passed in the ninth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered seven, shall be and New Schedule the same are hereby repealed, and the following Schedule is substituted therefor:

The Schedule.

Every Writ of Summons or Capias ad Respondendum, one shilling and six pence,

Every Verdict, six shillings and three pence,

Executing each Writ of Trial and Enquiry and making Return thereto, six shillings and three pence,

Every Report made by the Judge of the proceedings on executing a Writ of Trial or Enquiry, five shillings,

Every Certificate of proceedings made by the Judge to be transmitted to the Court of Queen's Bench, two shillings and six pence,

Every Rule requiring a motion in open Court, one shilling and six pence,

Every Rule or Order of Reference, one shilling and su pence,

Every

Every other Rule or Judge's order, one shilling and three

Every Recognizance of Bail taken by Judge, one shilling and six pence,

Every Affidavit administered by Judge, one shilling,

Every Computation of principal and interest on a Bill, Note, Bond or Covenant for payment of money, three shillings,

Every Writ of Subpæna, one shilling,

Every Judgment entered, six shillings and three pence,

Every Oath administered in open Court, one shilling.

XXIV. In addition to the Fees now received by each Sheriff's mile-Sheriff for mileage and poundage, it shall be lawful for him age and poundto charge and receive for mileage, two pence per mile on all age. writs executed, and for poundage, upon all moneys actually made under a fi. fa. or a ca. sa, six pence in the pound.

XXV. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to Extra allowcause to be paid to the Clerk of the County Court for the ance to Clerk United Counties of York and Peel, and after the dissolution of Peel. the Union of such Counties, to the Clerk of the County Court for the County of York, over and above all Fees now received by him, an allowance not to exceed one hundred pounds per annum, out of any surplus that may remain of the Fee Fund of such United Counties or County, after all present charges thereon shall have been first defrayed.

XXVI. The provisions of this Act, shall come into opera-Commencetion on the twenty-first day of August, one thousand eight ment of this hundred and fifty-six hundred and fifty-six.

XXVII. In citing this Act, in any instruments, documents Short Title. or proceedings, it shall be sufficient to use the expression, "The County Courts Procedure Act, 1856."

CAP. XCI.

An Act to amend the Act to alter and amend the Act regulating the practice of the County Courts in Upper Canada, and to extend the jurisdiction thereof.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS the large number of cases usually entered for Preamble. trial at the Assizes for the United Counties of York and Peel render it difficult to provide for the despatch of business as at present conducted: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. From and after the passing of this Act, no plaintiff having a Cases within use of action within the invisdiction of the County County the jurisdiction. cause of action within the jurisdiction of the County Court in tion of the

of York or Peel not to be brought in the Superior upon Judge's flat founded on affidavit.

County Court said United Counties, (or in the County of York if separated from the County of Peel,) shall institute or carry on such action in either of the Superior Courts of Common Law in Upper Canada, under the provisions of the Act passed in the Session Courts, unless held in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to alter and amend the Act regulating the practice of the County Courts in Upper Canada, and to extend the jurisdiction thereof, or under any other Act or authority whatsoever, unless such plaintiff shall, before issuing the first process in such action, obtain the fiat of one of the Judges of either of such Superior Courts, allowing the plaintiff to bring such action in one of such Superior Courts, on proof, by affidavit, to the satisfaction of such Judge, that some important question of law or evidence is likely to arise in such action, rendering it advisable to have such action tried in such Superior Court, in which case such suit may be brought in the same manner as to costs and otherwise as provided by said last mentioned Act.

CAP. XCII.

An Act to amend so much of the Upper Canada Jurors' Law Amendment Act of 1853, as fixes the amount of Fees payable to Sheriffs and Clerks of the Peace.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble. 16 V. c. 120.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend so much of the Upper Canada Jurors' Law Amendment Act of 1853, as fixes the amount of Fees payable to Sheriffs and Clerks of the Peace: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Part of section 9, repealed.

I. So much of the ninth section of the Act above cited as fixes the amount of Fees payable to Sheriffs and Clerks of the Peace, shall be and the same is hereby repealed.

Fees to Clerks of Peace and of Recorder's Courts.

II. The Clerk of the Peace of every County or Union of Counties, and the Clerks of the Recorder's Courts in every City in which a Recorder's Court shall have been established, shall be entitled to the following sums of money for the respective services performed by them under this Act, that is to say:

For receiving and examining the Reports of Selectors for each City, Town, Village and Township, causing any deficiency which may be found therein to be supplied, and filing the same in his office, three shillings and nine pence;

For giving certificates to Selectors of Jurors, of Report having been made, two shillings and six pence;

For preparing in proper form the Jurors' book and superintending the making up of the same (besides actual disbursements for stationer's charges), each, thirty shillings;

For arranging alphabetically and in order the names contained in Selector's Report, per one hundred names, fifteen shillings;

For making up Jurors' books, entering all the names and numbers, and all other matter required to be entered therein, per one hundred names, fifteen shillings;

For each copy of the Jurors' book required by the Jurors Acts, per one hundred names, fifteen shillings;

For preparing on cards the ballots for Jurors, to correspond with the numbers in the Jurors' book, per one hundred names, two shillings and six pence;

For each certificate required to be entered on the Jurors' book to verify same, five shillings;

For balloting and entering each jury list, per one hundred names, thirty shillings;

For copy of Jury list required to be entered, per one hundred names, fifteen shillings;

For each panel of Jurors drafted from the Jury list, per one hundred names on such Jury list, twenty shillings;

For entering each panel in the Jurors' book, with the numbers corresponding to the Jury list, ten shillings;

For making up aggregate return in detail of Jurors, forty shillings;

For copy thereof and transmitting same to Provincial Secretary when required, and for office copy of the same, each, twenty shillings.

The Sheriff, High Bailiff or other officer of every such County Union of Counties or City shall, exclusive of such fees as he may be entitled to from the parties in any suit, be entitled to the following sums of money for the respective services performed by him under the Jurors' Acts, that is to say:

For each panel of Jurors whether Grand or Petit returned and summoned by him in obedience to any general precept for the Return of Grand or Petit Jurors for any sittings or sessions of Assize and Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer, Gaol Delivery, Sessions 858 Cap. 92. Jurors' Law Amendment Act, 1853, U. C. 19-20 Vict.

Sessions of the Peace or County or Recorder's Court respectively, under this Act, twenty-five shillings;

For copies of such panel to be returned in the offices of the Superior Courts of Common Law at Toronto, each, five shillings;

For every summons served upon the Jurors on such panel, the sum of two shillings and six pence;

And for every certificate given to any of such Jurors of his having served, to evidence his exemption from serving again until his time for doing so shall return in its course, the sum of one shilling and three pence;

And in case of the Sheriffs of Counties, the further sum of six pence for every mile that the Sheriff or his Deputy or Bailiffs may necessarily and actually have had to travel from the County Town for the purpose of serving such summonses.

How the said fees shall be paid.

Which several sums shall be paid by the Treasurer of such County or Union of Counties, or by the Chamberlain of such City, as the case may be, to such Officers severally, out of any moneys in his hands belonging to such County, Union of Counties, or City respectively, not otherwise specially appropriated by Act of Parliament, upon proof by affidavit made before some Commissioner for taking affidavits in some one of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Common Law at Toronto, for such County or Union of Counties, of such several services having been executed, and of such travel having been so necessarily performed in the service of such summonses; for all which moneys so to be paid as aforesaid, every such Treasurer and Chamberlain shall be allowed in his accounts with such County, Union of Counties or City, as if the same had been paid under the special authority and direction of the Municipal Corporation of such County, Union of Counties or City respectively; Provided always nevertheless, that in all such cases when there shall be more than a hundred or more than an even number of hundreds of such names, if the broken number beyond such hundred or hundreds shall fall short of fifty names, the same shall not be reckoned, and if such broken number shall amount to fifty names or upwards, the same shall be reckoned as a full hundred, but in all cases of there being altogether less than a single hundred, the same shall be reckoned as a full hundred.

Proviso:
Where there is a broken number of names.

CAP. XCIII.

An Act to extend the provisions of the Insolvent Debtors' Act of Upper Canada, and for the relief of a certain class of persons therein mentioned.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

THEREAS there are many persons who, having been Preamble. Traders in Upper Canada, within the meaning of the Bankrupt Act, (passed in the seventh year of the reign of Her Majesty, chapter ten), either before or since the expiration thereof, have become insolvent, but by reason of such expiration have been unable to avail themselves of its benefits: And whereas these persons, from having been such Traders, are precluded from the benefit of the Insolvent Debtors' Act, (passed in the eighth year of the Reign of Her Majesty, chapter forty-eight); And whereas it is expedient to relieve such persons on their making a full surrender of their property for the benefit of their creditors: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. All such Traders coming within the description above in Certain Tradthe preamble to this Act set forth, shall be entitled to avail ers to have the benefit of themselves of the benefit of the Act of this Province, passed in 8 V. c. 48. the eighth year of the reign of Her Majesty, and intituled, An Act for the relief of Insolvent Debtors in Upper Canada, and for other purposes therein mentioned, on their taking the steps and proceedings therein set forth for obtaining their discharge.

II. As to such persons, the order called the Final Order in Effect of the the said last mentioned Act, shall, in addition to its effect as set with respect forth in the fourth section of the said Act, operate as a discharge to such Tradof all debts or liabilities, due or contracted up to the time of the en. presentment of the petition under the first section of the said Act, in each case respectively, as fully and completely, and to the same extent, as if such Trader had obtained a certificate under the fifty-ninth section of the said Act relating to Bankrupts.

III. Provided always, that this Act shall apply only to Upper Act limited Canada.

CAP. XCIV.

An Act to alter and amend the Game Laws of Upper Canada.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

THEREAS it is expedient to amend the law for the pre-preamble. servation of Game and Wild Fowl in Upper Canada: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of

the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Time for killing Deer Cap. 94.

I. No Deer, Moose, Elk, Reindeer or Carriboo, shall be hunted, taken or killed, between the first of February and the first of August in any year.

Turkey, Grouse, &c. II. No wild Turkey, Grouse, Partridge or Pheasant, shall be hunted, taken or killed, between the first of March and the first of September in any year.

Quail.

III. No Quail shall be hunted, taken or killed, between the first of March and the first of October in any year.

Woodcock.

IV. No Woodcock shall be hunted, taken or killed, between the first of March and the first of July in any year.

Water Fowl.

V. No wild Swan, Goose, or Duck of the kinds known as the Mallard, Grey Duck, Black Duck, Wood Duck, or any of the kinds of Duck known as Teal, shall be hunted, taken or killed, between the fifteenth of April and the first of August in any year.

Certain Birds to be killed only with the gunVI. No wild Turkey, Grouse, Partridge or Pheasant, Quail or Woodcock, shall be trapped or taken by means of traps, nets, springes or other means of taking such birds other than by shooting, at any time whatever; nor shall any trap, net or snare be made, erected or set, either wholly or in part for the purpose of such trapping or taking.

Penalty for having game at unlawful times.

VII. No person shall have in possession any of the animals or birds hereinbefore mentioned, within the periods above prohibited, without lawful excuse, the proof whereof to be on the party charged.

Prosecution and recovery of penalties. VIII. Any offence against any provision of this Act shall be punished, on conviction before a Justice of the Peace, by a fine not exceeding five pounds nor less than five shillings in the discretion of such Justice, with costs, or in default of payment, by imprisonment for a term not exceeding one month; one half

Application.

of such fine to go to the Municipality, and half to the Informer.

IN The following Acts that is to say the Act passed in the

Repeal of—7 V. c. 12. 6 V. c. 46. 14 & 15 V. c. 61. 16 V. c. 171, &c. IX. The following Acts, that is to say, the Act passed in the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered twelve,—the Act passed in the eighth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered forty-six,—the Act passed in the Session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered sixty-one,—and the Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered one hundred and seventy-one,—and all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed.

Exemption.

X. This Act shall not apply to Indians.

Applies to U. C.

XI. This Act shall apply only to Upper Canada.

CAP. XCV.

An Act to provide for the separation of the County-of Victoria from the County of Peterborough, and to fix the County Town at Lindsay.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

MHEREAS a great number of the Inhabitants of the several Preamble. Townships and places in the County of Victoria have by their Petition, prayed that the said County of Victoria, now mited to the County of Peterborough, may be set apart as a eparate County for Judicial and other purposes, without unneessary delay; and the wealth and population thereof being sufficient to warrant the same, it is expedient to make provision to enable the said County to separate from the said County of Peterborough, as soon as the necessary provisions for that purpose shall have been made: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for the County Council of the United Council of Counties of Peterborough and Victoria, whenever they shall re-Peterborough eive petitions from a majority of the Township Councils in on receiving he said County of Victoria, in favor of a dissolution of the said petitions to Jnion, to appoint some convenient day in the month of January that effect, may cause a succeeding year, for the purpose of taking a vote of the vote of the ate-payers of the said several Townships composing the said Rate-payers of County of Victoria, upon the question of such dissolution, which taken on the aid vote shall be taken at the same places, in the same manner, question of a and by the same officers, as votes are taken for the election of dissolution. Councillors, and shall be recorded in books prepared for that surpose, each voter in favor of such dissolution voting "Yea," and each voter against such dissolution voting "Nay;" at least en days' notice of the time appointed for taking the said vote eing previously given in at least ten public places in each Municipality.

II. The Returning officers to take such votes for the respec- Returning ive Townships shall, within ten days thereafter, return their Officers to coll Broke verified under coth to the Clark of the County return Pollcoll Books verified under oath, to the Clerk of the County books to Clerk Jouncil, who shall publish and declare the result of the same of County or the information of all concerned; and if it shall appear that shall declare majority of all the rate-payers voting at the said polling, have the result ecorded their votes in favor of the said dissolution, then the Provisional fown Reeves and Deputy Town Reeves of the several Town-Council formthips in the said County of Victoria, as the same is described ed if the majority of votes and limited in and by the Act passed in the Session held in the be year ourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and in- 14 & 15 V. ituled, An Act to make certain alterations in the Territorial c. 5. Divisions of Upper Canada, shall form a Provisional Municial Council for the said County, and shall with respect to the

Its powers to be as under-12 V. c. 78, kc.

said County, have, possess and exercise, all and singular the rights, powers, privileges and duties conferred, granted or inposed by the Act passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act for abolishing the Territorial Division of Upper Canada into Districts, and for providing for temporary Unions of Counties for Judicial and other purposes, and for the future dissolution of such Unions as the increase of wealth and population may require, upon Provisional Municipal Comcils erected by Proclamation under the authority of the said Act, and also all the powers which may be conferred on Provisional Municipal Councils generally by any other Act or Law in force Power to pur in Upper Canada; and such Provisional Council shall and may so soon as they shall think fit so to do, purchase or otherwise procure the necessary property at the Town of Lindsay, which in Lindsay, procure the necessary property at the 10wh of Lindsay, which shall be is hereby declared to be the County Town of the said County of Victoria, and proceed to erect the necessary public buildings a such property; and all the provisions of the Act last above cited shall apply to the said Provisional Municipal Council and to the said County of Victoria.

chase the requisite lands the County Town.

Proclamation when the requisite build-

County Officers to be appointed.

III. So soon as the Court House and Gaol of the said County and dissolution shall be erected and completed at the Town of Lindsay alone said, according to the provisions of the fifteenth section of the ings are erect said lastly in part recited Act, and the other provisions of the ed at Lindsay. said fifteenth section shall have been complied with by the County, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor of this Pro vince to appoint the necessary officers as provided by seventeenth section of the said lastly in part recited Act, and Order in Council to issue a Proclamation dissolving the unit between the said County of Victoria and the said County Peterborough, from the date to be mentioned in such Proch mation: and all the provisions of the said lastly in part recim Act, or of any other Act or law in force in Upper Canada app cable to Counties on and after their being separated from other Counties, shall apply to the said Counties of Peterborough Victoria respectively.

First meeting Council. . Notice.

IV. The said Provisional Council shall first meet at the of Provisional Town of Lindsay, and a notice of such meeting shall be put lished in some newspaper published within the said County Victoria or in some adjoining County, and a copy of such noted sent by mail or otherwise to each member of such Provision Council, at least eight days before the day appointed for set meeting, by the Warden of the said United Counties of Personal Counties borough and Victoria; or if such meeting should fail or said day, a meeting may be called in like manner for another day.

Failure of meeting.

V. The said Warden of the United Counties of Peterboroug appoint a per- and Victoria shall, by a warrant under his hand and seal, we son to preside point are of the Court as point one of the Town Reeves or Deputy Town Reeves of the said County of Victoria, to preside at the first meeting of the

until election

aid Provisional Municipal Council until a Provisional Warden of Provisional hall be elected by such Provisional Municipal Council.

VI. This Act shall be deemed to be a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. XCVI.

In Act to settle the Northern Boundary Line of the City of Toronto.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS the Concession Line now forming the northern Preamble. limit of the liberties of the City of Toronto, (being the illowance for road between the Park Lots and the second Conression in the Township of York,) has been found to diverge rom the proper course, and the Common Council of the City of Toronto caused the same to be made straight, and expended large sum of money in turnpiking and otherwise improving he said line of road and in building stone culverts thereon, and user such expenditure was made it was discovered that the aid line in the original survey thereof had been either through arelessness or inadvertence run irregularly and crookedly, by neans whereof the line of road upon which such expenditure was made is without the liberties of the said City, and the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Toronto have to power to retain possession thereof or arrange with the owners and proprietors or others interested in the land so taken in the traightening of the said road for the value thereof or for lamages claimed by them; And whereas it is expedient that inthority be given to the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of he City of Toronto, to straighten the said road and to arrange with the said proprietors or owners of land necessarily taken or that purpose, or other persons interested therein, and that meh straight line should be made the northern boundary of the aid City of Toronto: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the idvice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. From and after the passing of this Act the said Concession The Line as Line so straightened as aforesaid shall be taken to be and shall straightened to be the northen be the northerly boundary line of the liberties of the said City boundary of of Toronto; and all the land lying between the line so Toronto: and straightened and the line as originally run, together with the the land gain and contained within the said original line, shall be vested in Corporation. he Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Toronto or the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

II. All claims for compensation to parties whose property Settlement of shall be taken by virtue of the preceding section, shall be claims of persettled and adjusted by arbitration in the manner prescribed by sons losing the thirty-third section of the Act passed in the sixteenth year

Cap. 96, 97.

of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered one hundred and eighty

How the land dealt with.

III. All the land lying between the new line of road so gained shall be straightened as aforesaid and the southern limit of the old line. and vested in the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Toronto by this Act, shall be held by them in trust from time to time to convey the same to the respective owners or proprietors of the land lying to the south of and immediately adjoining the said old line of road or the person or persons To be convey having the legal estate therein, according to the frontage of their respective lots thereon, so soon as such owner or proprietor or such other person or persons as aforesaid, or any of them, shall have paid to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Toronto, the value of their several and respective pieces of land agreed upon at any time hereafter between the said respective owners or proprietors, or other person or persons as aforesaid, and the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Toronto; and in case such value shall not be agreed upon between them as aforesaid, within one month after the passing of this Act, the same shall be ascertained by arbitration in like manner as is prescribed in the second section of this Act; And in making their award in the premises it shall

ed to certain parties on certain conditions.

Proviso.

Public Act.

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

tence whatsoever.

CAP. XCVII.

be the duty of the arbitrators to take into consideration all the circumstances which have rendered necessary the said reference; Provided always, that until the settlement of such

value and the payment thereof to the said Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of Toronto, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons, or other party whomsoever, to enclose or in any wise obstruct the said old line of road under any pre-

An Act to authorize the City of London to negotiate a Loan of sixty-three thousand pounds to consolidate the debt of the City, and for other purposes.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS the Corporation of the City of London have petitioned to be authorized by law to borrow, on the debentures of the said City, a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand pounds, for certain purposes and under certain restrictions in the said petition set forth, and it is expedient that the prayer of their petition should be granted so far as to enable them to pay off the debts hereinafter set forth: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. It shall and may be lawful to and for the City Council of City Council the City of London to raise by way of loan, upon the credit of to raise £63,000 by e debentures hereinaster mentioned, from any person or per- Debentures. ns, body or bodies corporate, in this Province, in Great Britain relsewhere, who may be willing to lend the same, a sum of oney not exceeding sixty-three thousand pounds.

II. It shall and may be lawful for the Mayor of the said Form of ity of London for the time being, to cause to be issued Debentures. mentures of the said City of London, under the Corporam Seal of the said city, signed by the Mayor and counsigned by the Chamberlain of the said city for the time being, such sums, not exceeding in the whole the said sum of sixtyme thousand pounds, as the Common Council shall direct and point, and the principal sum secured by the said debentures ad the interest accruing thereon, shall be made payable in is Province, in Great Britain or elsewhere.

Ill. So much of the said loan so to be raised as aforesaid as Application mil be necessary for the purpose, shall be applied by the City of money so cuncil of the City of London in the redemption of all such thentures of the said city as shall be outstanding when this stall come into force; and the Chamberlain of the City of ondon is hereby authorized and empowered, on receiving innactions so to do, from the City Council, and with the consent Debentures isthe holders thereof, to call in such debentures of the City of sued by virtue of certain Byandon as may have heretofore been issued by virtue of a By- laws, may be wof the Town Council of the Town of London, passed on the called in. at day of July in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight middled and fifty-two, authorizing the issue of debentures to ine by way of loan the sum of five thousand pounds, for the apose of paying certain debts due by the said Town of London, ad for making improvements therein, known as By-law numnineteen; and by virtue of a certain other By-law of the said own Council, passed on the ninth day of October in the year Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, authoriz-If the issue of debentures to raise by way of loan the sum of re thousand five hundred pounds, for the purpose of paying train debts due by the said town and for making improveents therein, known as By-law number twenty-four; and by intue of a certain other By-law of the said Town Council, assed on the twenty-seventh day of January in the year of Our and one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, to authorize le issuing of debentures to raise by way of loan the sum of wo thousand pounds, for the purpose of paying the purchase loney of certain land acquired for the enlargement of Covent larden Market, known as By-law number twenty-nine; and by irtue of a certain other By-law of the said Town Council, assed on the twenty-seventh day of June in the year of Our ord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, to authorize he issuing of debentures to raise by way of loan the sum of une hundred pounds, for the purpose of defraying the expense

of erecting the Firemen's Hall and Engine House on King Street, known as By-law number thirty-eight; and by virtue of a certain other By-law of the said Town Council, passed on the twenty-seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, to authorize the issuing of debentures to raise by way of loan the sum of twenty thousand pounds, for the purpose of paying for certain land purchased for the enlargement of Covent Garden Market, and for defraving the expense of erecting a Town Hall, Market House and other buildings thereon, known as By-law number thirty-six; and by virtue of a certain other By-law of the said Town of London. passed on the seventh day of November in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, to authorize the Town Council of the Town of London, to raise by way of loan the sum of six thousand five hundred pounds, for the purpose of constructing a sewer from Waterloo Street to Richmond Street. and thence Southerly along the centre of Richmond Street to the River Thames, known as By-law number forty-three; and by virtue of a certain other By-law of the said Council passed on the twenty-second day of August, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, authorizing the issue of debentures to raise by way of loan the sum of two thousand pounds, known as By-law number forty; and by virtue of a certain other By-law of the said Council passed on the thirtieth day of January, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, authorizing the issuing of debentures w raise by way of loan the sum of two thousand eight hundred pounds, for the purpose of paying for five hundred shares of stock in the London Gas Company, known as By-law number fifty; and by virtue of a certain other By-law of the said Council passed on the second day of October, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, to authorize the issue of debentures to the extent of eighteen thousand pounds, to desubstituted for fray the costs of certain improvements in the Town of London, those called in. known as By-law number sixty-one; and to substitute therefor debentures to be issued under this Act; Provided always, that no debentures shall be redeemed before due at any greater sum than was received for such debentures so to be redeemed: Provided also, that no portion of the debentures to be issued under this Act, or of the proceeds thereof, shall be applied 10 the payment of any interest accrued or to accrue on the debentures to be redeemed.

New Debentures to be Proviso.

Proviso.

IV. For and notwithstanding any provision, clause, mater or thing contained in any Act of the Parliament of this Province to the contrary, it shall and may be lawful for the City Council of the City of London, after having called in or paid the debentures described in the next preceding section, to repeal such' By-laws in the said section set forth as have not been already quashed by the Court of Queen's Bench for Upper Canada.

The said Bylaws may be repealed upon Debentures being paid.

V. For the payment, satisfaction and discharge of the deben-Sinking Fund res to be issued by virtue of this Act, it shall and may be of two per wful for the Common Council of the said City of London, provided. nd they are hereby required so to do, in any By-law or By-laws be passed authorizing the said loan, and the issuing the ebentures therefor, to impose a special rate per annum over nd above, and in addition to, all other rates to be levied in ich year, and over and above the interest to be payable on ich debentures, which shall be sufficient to form a sinking fund two per cent. per annum for that purpose.

VI. It shall be the duty of the Chamberlain of the City of Investment of ondon, from time to time to invest all sums of money raised Sinking Fund. y special rate for the sinking fund provided for by this Act, n any debentures issued by the Government of Canada, or in uch other securities as the Governor of this Province shall by order in Council direct or appoint, and to apply all dividends or nterest on the said sinking fund to the extinction of the debt reated under this Act.

VII. Any By-law to be passed under this Act shall not be By-laws not to epealed until the debt or debts created under this Act and the until debts are nterest thereon shall be paid and satisfied.

VIII. And whereas the sum of sixteen thousand pounds, part Recital. the debt of the City of London, was contracted in the contruction of certain main sewers in the said City, and at the ime such sewers were directed to be made, it was the intenion of the Corporation that a considerable, portion of the cost I such sewers should be raised by assessing the proprietors of such real property as might be immediately benefitted by such improvements; but no By-law was ever passed by the Town Council of the Town of London for that purpose; Be it enacted, Special assess that it shall and may be lawful for the Mayor, Aldermen and ments author-Commonalty of the City of London, to assess the proprietors of Sewers. such real property in the City of London as may abut upon any public street, highway, square or place through which the said wers pass, or immediately opposite or near to such sewers, for such sum or sums of money yearly, in like manner as the Common Council of the said City of London are by this Act empowered to impose assessments for the redemption of the debentures to be issued under the authority of this Act.

IX. It shall be the duty of the Chamberlain of the City of Money collect-London, whenever any money shall be collected by virtue of ed to be inthe preceding section of this Act, to invest the same in manner Sinking Fund. as by this Act is provided for the sinking fund contemplated by this Act.

X. The funds to be derived from the negotiation of the de-Funds derived bentures to be issued under this Act, when received, and all from Debensuch debentures as shall be issued but not negotiated, shall be

Beposited in danks.

And how

dealt with.

deposited by the Chamberlain of the said City for the time being in some one of the chartered Banks in this Province, on such conditions as the City Council shall from time to time agree upon, and only be withdrawn therefrom as they may from time to time be required for the payment or redemption of the debentures so to be redeemed.

Rates imposed in 1853, confirmed.

XI. The rate imposed upon the Town of London for the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, under any of the By-laws mentioned in the third section of this Act, is hereby declared to be a legal rate; and it shall and may be lawful for the Collector or Collectors of the City of London for the time being, at any time before the first day of January, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, to collect from the persons rated and charged upon the Collectors' roll for the said year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, who shall not before have paid the taxes so therein imposed, such sum or sums as are rated and set down on the said roll, and to use the same means for the collection thereof, as for the taxes of the year in which such collection shall be made.

By-laws not to affect Debentures.

XII. The By-laws to be made under the authority of this Act shall not affect the priority of any debentures issued for stock taken in any Railway Company.

Public Act.

XIII. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. XCVIII.

An Act to incorporate the Town of Woodstock, and to divide the same into Wards, and to define the limits thereof.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS the Municipal Council of the Town of Woodstock have, by Petition, prayed the Legislature to incorporate the same into a Town having the same rights, powers, privileges and jurisdiction as Towns in general; And from the said petition, it appears that by a census lately taken, the said Town contains a population exceeding three thousand souls; And whereas it is expedient and necessary and would tend to promote and be for the benefit and convenience of the inhabitants if the prayer of the said Petition were granted: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Town of Woodstock incorporated from 1st January, 1857,

I. The tract of Land now known as the Town of Woodstock shall, upon and from and after the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, be incorporated as a Town, with the rights, powers, and privileges of incorporated Towns in general, and as if the said Town had been

mentioned

mentioned and included in the Schedule B annexed to the with the usual Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Act of 1849, and privileges. with the rights, powers and privileges which shall by virtue of any Act or parts of Acts now in force in Upper Canada, or which shall hereafter be in force, belong to incorporated Towns in general; and all the rules, regulations, provisions and enactments therein contained, or which shall in any wise relate or belong to the same, shall apply to the Town of Woodstock as fally as if the said Town had been contained in the said Schedule B., with the exception hereinafter made as regards the first election.

II. The said Town of Woodstock shall be divided into five Divided into Wards in the manner described in the Schedule to this Act.

Ill. The Clerk for the time being of the said town of Wood- Returning stock shall be ex officio Returning Officer for the purpose of Officer at first holding the first Municipal Election under this Act, and shall election. holding the first Municipal Election under this Act, and shall, on or before the twenty-first day of December next after the passing of this Act, by his warrant, appoint a Deputy Return- Deputies for ing Officer for each of the five wards into which the said Town the Wards. of Woodstock is hereby divided, to hold the first election therein; and in the discharge of their duties, each Deputy Retuming Officer shall severally be subject to all the provisions of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts applicable to the first elections in Towns incorporated under the said Acts

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

SCHEDULE.

WARDS OF THE TOWN OF WOODSTOCK.

St Andrew's Ward shall be bounded as follows, that is to my: commencing at the point on the northern limit of the own where the centre line of Vansittart street intersects the aid northern limit; from thence extending in a southerly diection along the said centre line of Vansittart street to the northern limit of Dundas street; thence following the same course to the centre line of Dundas street; thence in a southasterly direction to the point of intersection of the southern imit of Dundas street and the centre line of Bishop street; hence along the centre line of Bishop street and Broadway street, to a point opposite the northern termination of the division line between lots numbers fifteen and sixteen on the south ade of Main street; thence southerly to the northern terminaion of the said division line; thence southerly along the said division line to the southern termination thereof; thence southerly in a straight line to the point where the southern boundary of Sudworth street intersects the centre line of Robertson street; thence in a southerly direction along the centre line of Robertson

Cap. 98.

Robertson street, to the southern boundary of lot number twenty-one in the first concession of the township of East Oxford; thence in the same course to the southern limit of the town; thence in a westerly direction along the said southern limit to the eastern limit of the allowance for road between the said lot twenty-one and the Gore between East and West Oxford; thence in a northerly direction along the western limit of the town to the southerly bank of Cedar Creek; thence following the limit of the town by Cedar Creek and the River Thames to the north-west corner of the town; thence easterly along the northern limit of the town to the place of beginning.

St. George's ward shall be bounded as follows, that is to say: commencing at the point on the northern limit of the town where the centre line of Vansittart street intersects the said northern limit; thence extending in a southerly direction alow the said centre line of Vansittart street, to the northern limit of Dundas street; thence following the same course to the centre line of Dundas street; thence in an easterly direction along the centre line of Dundas street, to the centre line of Victors street; thence in a northerly direction along the centre line of Victoria street, to the centre line of Percival street; thence in a westerly direction along the centre line of Percival street, to the centre line of Wellington street; thence in a northerly direction along the centre line of Wellington street, to the northern limit of lot number twenty in the first concession of the township of Blandford; thence continuing the same course to the northern limit of the town; thence along the northern limit of the town, in a westerly direction, to the place of beginning.

St. David's Ward shall be bounded as follows, that is to say: commencing at the point on the northern limit of the town where the centre line of Wellington street produced, would in tersect the said northern limit; thence in a southerly direction along the said centre line of Wellington street to the centre line of Percival street; thence in an easterly direction along the said centre line of Percival street, to the centre line of Victoria street; thence in a southerly direction along the centre line of Victoria street, to the centre line of Dundas street; thence in an easterly direction along the centre line of Dundas street, to a point opposite the south-west angle of lot number eighteen, in the first concession of the township of Blandford; thence in a northerly direction to the said south-west angle; thence in a northerly direction along the eastern limit of the town to the north-east angle of the town; thence in a westerly direction along the northern limit of the town to the place of beginning.

St. Patrick's Ward shall be bounded as follows, that is to say: commencing at the point on the centre line of Dundas street, where the centre line of Vansittart street, produced in a southerly direction, would intersect the centre line of Dundas

etreet:

street; thence in a south-easterly direction to the point where the northern limit of Dundas street intersects the centre line of Bishop street; thence southerly and easterly along the centre lines of Bishop street and Broadway street, to a point opposite the northern termination of the division line between lots numbers fisteen and sixteen on the south side of Main street; thence in a southerly direction to the said northern termination of the said division line; thence in a southerly direction along the said division line to the northern termination thereof; thence in a southerly direction in a straight line to the point where the southern boundary of Sudworth street intersects the centre line of Robertson street; thence in a southerly direction along the centre line of Robertson street, to the southern boundary of lot number twenty-one, in the first concession of the Township of East Oxford; thence following the same course to the southern limit of the town; thence in an easterly direction along the southern limit of the town to a point opposite the southern termination of the division line between lots numbers nineteen and twenty, in the first concession of the Township of East Oxford; thence northerly to the said southern termination of the said division line; thence northerly along the said division line to the southern limit of the Great Western Railway; thence in a westerly direction along the said southern limit of the said Railway to the point where the centre line of Victoria street, if produced southerly, would intersect the said southern limit of the said Railway; thence in a northerly direction along the said produced line to the southern termination of the centre line of Victoria street; thence northerly along the said centre line of Victoria street to the centre line of Dundas street; thence in a westerly direction along the said centre line of Dundas street, to the place of beginning.

St. John's Ward shall be bounded as follows, that is to say: commencing at the point where the centre line of Dundas street intersects the centre line of Victoria street; thence in a southerly direction along the centre line of Victoria street, to the northern boundary of the Great Western Railway; thence following the same course to the southern boundary of the said Railway; thence in an easterly direction along the said southern boundary, to the division line between lots numbers nineteen and twenty in the first concession of the Township of East Oxford: thence in a southerly direction along the said division line, to the northern limit of the allowance for road between the first and second concessions of the Township of East Oxford; thence in the same course to the southern limit of the town; thence in an casterly direction along the southern limit of the town, to the south east angle of the town; thence in a northerly direction along the eastern limit of the town to the northern limit of Dundas street; thence in a westerly direction along the northern limit of Dundas street to the south-west angle of lot number eighteen in the first concession of the township of Blandford;

thence in a southerly direction on the same course as the westerly boundary of the said lot, to the centre line of Dundas street; thence in a westerly direction along the centre line of Dundas street, to the place of beginning.

CAP. XCIX.

An Act to incorporate the Village of Kemptville.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS it appears that the tract of land hereinafter described, in the Township of Oxford in the County of Grenville, contains within it more than one thousand inhabitants, and that more than one hundred of such inhabitants have petitioned His Excellency the Governor General to be incorporated, but that inasmuch as such population does not appear by the now last census returns, the said incorporation cannot be effected under the ordinary operation of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts; And whereas these facts have been represented by Petition to the Legislature, with a prayer that the incorporation aforesaid may be effected by a special Act, which prayer it is expedient to grant: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Kemptville incorporated as a Village from 1st January, 1857.

I. Upon, from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, the tract of land comprised within the boundaries mentioned in the Schedule to this Act, shall be a Village under the name of the Village of Kemptville. and the inhabitants thereof shall be incorporated with the rights and privileges of an incorporated Village.

Its privileges. Municipal Corporations Acts to apply to it.

II. So much of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts as relates to incorporated Villages, shall, from and after the day last aforesaid, apply to the said Village of Kemptville. and the said Village shall have and exercise all and singular the rights, powers, privileges and jurisdiction which are thereby granted or conferred to or upon, or as shall by virtue of the said Acts or of any other Act or Acts now in force or hereafter to be in force in Upper Canada, belong to incorporated Villages: and all the rules, regulations and enactments in the said Acts or any of them contained, or which shall in any wis apply to incorporated Villages, shall apply to the said Village of Kemptville, as fully as if it had become an incorporated Village under the ordinary operation of the said Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts, with the exceptions hereinafter made.

Returning

III. The Municipal Council of the Township of Oxford shall Officer at first and may, at any time after the passing of this Act, and before election. the first day of December next, appoint a fit and proper person

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to be the Returning Officer for holding the first Municipal. Election in and for the said Village of Kemptville, under this Act; and in the discharge of his duties, the said Returning His duties, &c. Officer shall be governed by the provisions of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts, applicable to first Elections in incorporated Villages.

IV. Provided always, that the said Village of Kemptville Proviso: as to shall remain liable jointly with the said Township of Oxford, the Township for any debt or debts created by the Municipality of the said of Oxford and Township before the passing of this Act; and shall pay such for which share of such debt or debts as shall hear the same proportion. share of such debt or debts as shall bear the same proportion liable. to the whole of such debt or debts, as the assessed value of property in the said Village of Kemptville bears to the assessed value of property in the said Township, according to the last Assessment Roll; and the share so payable by the said Village shall be payable by it to the said Township for the purpose of being applied to the payment of such debt or debts, and if not paid, may be recovered by the Township as a debt from the Village; Provided always, that the said Township and the Proviso. said Village may, by their respective Councils, agree upon any other mode of settling the share of the said debt to be paid by each, and such agreement shall be valid as between them, but shall not affect the rights of the creditor or creditors.

V. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

SCHEDULE.

Boundaries of the Village of Kemptville.

Commencing in front of the Third Concession of the Township of Oxford, at the centre of Lot number Twenty-four in the said Third Concession,—Thence along a line (parallel to the side line) through the centre of the said Lot, to the rear of the said Concession,—Thence eastward along the rear of the said Third Concession, to the easterly limit of Lot number Twentyeight in the said Third Concession,-Thence northward along the side line between Lots numbers Twenty-eight and Twentynine, to the front of the said Third Concession,—and thence westward along the Third Concession line, to the place of beginning.

CAP. C.

An Act to legalize a certain By-law of the Municipal Council of the Township of Cornwall.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS it appears by a Petition from the Municipal Council of the Township of Cornwall, presented to Parliament at the present Session, that on the twenty-second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, the said Municipal Council, acting on the Petition of a large number of the freeholders of the said. Township, praying them to erect a Town Hall for the use of the said Township, adopted a By-law to raise by debentures the sum required for the purchase of a site and erecting a Town Hall thereon; That the said By-law was duly published in the manner pointed out by the Act passed in the Session held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered one hundred and nine, for three months from the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and was finally passed by the said Council on the eleventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, the day appointed in the notice appointing the day for the adoption of the said By-law; That a site was purchased and a Town Hall erected thereon, and opened for use on the Annual Township Meeting in January last, and has since been used for the meetings of the said Council; That Debentures were issued by authority of the said By-law for four hundred and seventy-five pounds currency, which with the sum of twenty-five pounds paid by the Council, was expended in the purchase of a site and erection of the Town Hall; and that two hundred pounds, part of the Debentures aforesaid, have been redeemed; That the said By-law was finally passed on the eleventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, after the passing of the Act of the eighteenth Victoria, chapter one hundred and thirty-three, which requires that all By-laws for raising money by loan should be submitted to the Electors for ratification; and the said Council have further set forth in the said Petition, that at the time of adopting the said Bylaw, they were not aware of the passing of the said Act, altering the mode of sanctioning a By-law for raising a loan, and were not made aware of the fact until some months afterwards; And whereas the said Council have by their said Petition, prayed that an Act may be passed to remove any doubt that may exist as to the legality of the said By-law, and to legalize the same, and it is expedient to grant their prayer: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

The By-law mentioned in the Preamble, confirmed.

I. The said By-law is hereby declared to be valid in all respects, and the debentures issued by authority thereof to have been legally issued, and the amount thereof, with the interest

therein specified and accruing thereon, shall be to all intents and purposes a debt of the said Municipality.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act

CAP. CI.

The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Amendment Act of 1856.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

HEREAS it has become necessary to amend certain parts Preamble. of The Lower Canada Municipal and Road Act of 18 V. c. 100. 1855, and to remove doubts as to the interpretation of other parts thereof: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, declares and enacts as follows:

INTERPRETATION.

- I. The words "said Act" whenever they occur in this Words "said Act shall, notwithstanding the citing of other Acts therein, be Act" to mean understood to refer to The Lower Canada Municipal and Road 18 V. c. 100. Act of 1855.
- 2. This Act and the said Act shall be considered as form- This Act to be ing but one Act, in the same manner as if all the provisions in construed as this Act contained had originally formed part of the said Act, one Act with except only in so far as any parts of the said Act are back. 18 V. c. 100. except only in so far as any parts of the said Act are hereby repealed.

NOTICES.

II. Nothing in the eighth and ninth sections or in any other Sections 8 & 9 part of the said Act shall prevent the Secretary-Treasurer of any of 18 V.c. 100, Council or the County Superintendent from giving or certify-to certain ing any notice either public or special required by the said Act notices. as amended by this Act: and whenever any such notice is given by either of the said officers, the certificate of the publication or service thereof shall be attested under the oath of office of the person giving the notice, if he has taken such oath; if not, under a special oath, as required by the said Act.

PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO MUNICIPAL COUNCILS GENERALLY.

CORPORATE SEAL.

III. Notwithstanding any thing contained in the eleventh Section 11 of section of the said Act, every Municipal Corporation shall 18 V. c 100, hereafter have a common seal; and every instrument or docu-amended. ment in writing which under the said Act should be signed by Every Muni-the Chief officer of any such Corporation shall be equally valid have a com-without his signature, provided the seal of the Corporation and mon seal, &c.

the signature of the Secretary-Treasurer be affixed thereto, whether such instrument or document shall have been executed before, or after the passing of this Act.

APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS.

Apppointments valid by the said Act, &c.

IV. No appointment of any officer shall be held or declared w be void solely by reason of the same having been made after the the time fixed period fixed by the said Act for making such appointment; and any act done by any person previous to the appointment of a Secretary-Treasurer to any Council which might or should have been done by such officer, if appointed, shall have the same force and effect as if the same had been done by such Secretary-Treasurer so duly appointed.

POWERS COMMON TO ALL COUNCILS.

Nothing in sub-section 9. of section 15 of 18 V. c. 100, to affect Bylawe made under 16 V. c. 22 and 18 V. c. 13.

V. Nothing contained in the ninth sub-section of the fifteenth section of the said Act, shall in any way relate to or affect any By-laws made or to be made under the authority of the Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled: An Act to establish a Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund for Upper Canada, as amended by the Act passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled: An Act to extend and amend the Act to establish a Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund for Upper Canada, by applying the same to Lower Canada, and for other purposes.

PERSONS DISQUALIFIED AS MEMBERS OR OFFICERS OF THE MUNICIPAL COUNCILS.

Word "Judge" section 17 of 18 V. c. 100, explained.

VI. The word "Judge," in the seventeenth section is hereby declared to apply and to have been intended to apply only to the Judges of the Court of Queen's Bench, the Superior Court, the Court of Vice Admiralty and the Circuit Court.

POWERS OF COUNTY COUNCILS.

Place of sitting of any County Council to be permanent when a Registry Office is built at it.

VII. Whenever a Registry Office has been established, or a public edifice for the use of the County Council has been provided, or is in course of construction, at a place appointed by By-law under the said Act for the sittings of such Council. such sittings shall continue to be held at the place so ap pointed, until otherwise determined by the Legislature.

County Councils to make By-laws, &c.

VIII. In addition to the powers vested in County Councils under the said Act, every County Council shall have power to make, in the month of March of every year, By-laws for the following objects:

Intoxicating Liquors.

1. To prohibit and prevent the sale of all Spirituous, Vinons, Alcoholic, and intoxicating Liquors, or to permit such sale subject to such limitations as they shall consider expedient; 2.

- 2. To determine under what restrictions and conditions, and Licenses to in what manner the Revenue Inspector of the District shall sell the same. grant Licenses to Shop Keepers, Tavern Keepers, or others, to sell such Liquors;
- 3. To fix the sum payable for each such License, provided Sum payable that it shall in no case be less than the sum now payable for License. therefor:
- 4. For the ordering and governing of all Shop Keepers, Governing Tavern Keepers, or other retailers of such Liquors, in what-licensed. ever place they may be sold, as they may deem proper and expedient for the prevention of drunkenness.

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IX. Every County Council shall also have power and autho- Power to rity to revise, amend or annul all By-Laws, Reports or *Process*—cil to revise Verbaux, made, passed, approved or homologated by any Local &c. By-laws Council within the County, except those made by Town or of Local Village Councils, whenever the same are appealed from in the manner homologated against manner hereinafter provided:

2. Whenever a majority of the persons interested if they be less Special Session than ten in number, and whenever any number not less than five of County of the assessable inhabitants of a Local Municipality, or the Council to revise By-law, ty Superintendent of the County in which such Municipality is &c. appealed situate, shall, within fifteen days after the homologation of any from. Valuation-Roll or Proces-Verbal, or after the expiration of the period within which such Valuation-Roll or Proces-Verbal is allowed to be revised and homologated by a Local Council, or within fifteen days after the first publication of any By-Law passed by the Council of such Local Municipality, if the By-Law, Report, *Procès-Verbal*, or Valuation-Roll, be made, passed, approved, homologated or published after the passing of this Act, otherwise within thirty days from and after the passing of this Act, file in the office of any County Council, a petition in appeal, praying for the revision or amendment of any such Valuation-Roll or Proces-Verbal or for the amendment or disallowance of any such By-Law, and setting forth the grounds or reasons for which such revision, amendment or disallowance is prayed for, it shall be the duty of the Warden of the County to convene a Special Session of the County Council and to give Public Notice of such Special Session; and every such Special Session shall be held within twenty days from the date of the filing of such petition;

3. The County Council at any such Special Session shall, Decision of after hearing the Petitioners and the Mayor, Councillors or County Councilers of the Local Council, or any of such parties who may effect. require to be heard, homologate without amendment, or amend and homologate as so amended, such Proces-Verbal or Valuation-Roll, and shall confirm, amend or disallow such By-Law as they may deem expedient, and every Procès-Verbal,

Valuation-Roll or By-Law so amended, shall come into force as so amended from the day of the date of such amendment, and every By-Law so disallowed shall become null and void to all intents and purposes as if the same had never been passed;

Adjournment sine die with-out decision to onerate confirmation,

4. But whenever any such County Council shall close such Special Session, or shall adjourn the same sine die, or for any period beyond ten days from the first day thereof without having decided upon the merits of the petition in Appeal, the Proces-Verbal, Valuation-Roll or By-Law, to which such petition relates, shall be considered as having been homologated by such Council:

Publication of decision.

5. Every By-Law of a Local Council when amended by the County Council, shall be published as so amended in the manner in the said Act provided, and every judgment of a County Council disallowing any By-Law passed by a Local Council shall be published in like manner;

County Council not to disallow or amend a By-law of a Town or Village, &c.

6. No County Council shall have power to disallow or amend any By-Law passed by the Council of a Town or Village Municipality, nor shall the Mayor of any Town or Village Manicipality vote or take any part in the proceedings before a County Council on appeals from other Local Councils;

County Counvaluations throughout the County.

7. Every County Council shall, at a special session to be cil to equalize holden for that purpose, at some period not later than the thirtyfirst day of December in the present year, and not later than the first day of June, in every other year during which new Valuation Rolls shall hereafter be made, examine the Valuation Rolls of the different Local Municipalities in the County and ascertain whether the valuation made in each bears a just relation to the valuation made in the others; and thereupon the County Council may increase or decrease the valuations of all assessable property in any one or more of such Local Munisuch equaliza- cipalities by adding or deducting such sums upon the hundred as may in their opinion be necessary to produce a just relation between all the valuations in the County; but no such County cil shall reduce the aggregate amount of the valuations made by the Valuators in the whole County;

> after the publication of such resolution, the Townships so united. shall form a Local Municipality, and an election of Councillors

Principle of tion.

8. Whenever it shall be represented to a County Council that the residents of any two or more Townships, no one of which contains a population sufficient to constitute a Municipality, are desirous of being united for the purpose of forming jointly a Municipality, it shall be lawful for such County Council by a each less than Resolution to unite for that purpose so many of such Townships under the joint names thereof, as shall be necessary to make 300 souls. the joint population of such United Townships amount to three hundred souls; and from and after the first day of January next

County Council may upon proper application unite two or more Townships containing

to be the Returning Officer for holding the first Municipal Election in and for the said Village of Kemptville, under this Act; and in the discharge of his duties, the said Returning His duties, &c. Officer shall be governed by the provisions of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporations Acts, applicable to first Elections in incorporated Villages.

IV. Provided always, that the said Village of Kemptville Proviso: as to shall remain liable jointly with the said Township of Oxford, debts due by for any debt or debts created by the Municipality of the said of Oxford and Township before the passing of this Act; and shall pay such for which share of such debt or debts as shall bear the same proportion liable. to the whole of such debt or debts, as the assessed value of property in the said Village of Kemptville bears to the assessed value of property in the said Township, according to the last Assessment Roll; and the share so payable by the said Village shall be payable by it to the said Township for the purpose of being applied to the payment of such debt or debts, and if not haid, may be recovered by the Township as a debt from the illage; Provided always, that the said Township and the Proviso. aid Village may, by their respective Councils, agree upon any ther mode of settling the share of the said debt to be paid by ach, and such agreement shall be valid as between them, but hall not affect the rights of the creditor or creditors.

V. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

SCHEDULE.

Boundaries of the Village of Kemptville.

Commencing in front of the Third Concession of the Townhip of Oxford, at the centre of Lot number Twenty-four in e said Third Concession,—Thence along a line (paralle) to eside line) through the centre of the said Lot, to the rear of the aid Concession,—Thence eastward along the rear of the said hird Concession, to the easterly limit of Lot number Twentyight in the said Third Concession,—Thence northward along e side line between Lots numbers Twenty-eight and Twentyine, to the front of the said Third Concession,—and thence estward along the Third Concession line, to the place of eginning.

have the same power and authority to make By-laws for such unincorporated Village as the Council of any Town or Village erected under the said Act;

Power to amend valuation roll extended: and sub-section 2 18 V. c. 100, amended so far.

2. The power vested by the second sub-section of the sixtyeighth section of the said Act in the Council of each Local Municipality to amend the valuation-roll thereof, shall extend to the revision and amendment of such valuation with reference of section 68 of to the assessment of the business of merchants and other persons and the incomes of professional men;

Sub section 1 of section 23 of 18 V. c. 100, amended.

3. The word "within," is hereby substituted for the word "beyond," in the proviso in the first sub-section of the twentythird section, commencing with the word "but," and the said proviso shall be read and interpreted as if the first mentioned word had been originally inserted therein.

Sub-section 6 18 V. c. 100, repealed.

4. The sixth sub-section of the twenty-third section of the of section 23 of said Act, is hereby repealed;

Local Council may prohibit sale of intoxicating liquors.

5. Every local Council shall have power to make By-laws to prevent or prohibit the sale of all Spirituous, Vinous, Alcoholic and Intoxicating Liquors, in any year when the County Council has failed in the month of March to regulate by By-law such sale.

REVENUE INSPECTORS.

Licenses not to be granted tor places where sale of intoxicating liquors is prohibited.

Proviso.

XII. No Revenue Inspector shall grant any License for the sale of any of the Liquors mentioned in the eighth section of this Act in any Municipality where such sale has been prohibited by By-law, nor in any Municipality where a By-law determining the restrictions and conditions under which such licenses may be granted has been passed, otherwise than in conformity with the provisions thereof: Provided always, the a copy of such By-law has been transmitted by the Secretary Treasurer to such Revenue Inspector.

SPECIAL POWERS OF TOWN AND VILLAGE COUNCILS.

Sub-section 7 of section 24 of 18 V. c. 100, amended.

XIII. The words "and immediately in front of such property," in the fourth and fifth lines of the seventh sub-section of the twenty-fourth section of the said Act, are hereby annulled: and the said sub-section shall be henceforth read and interpreted s if the said words had never been inserted therein.

ELECTION OF COUNCILLORS.

XIV. Nothing in the twenty-seventh or in any other section of Councillors may be taken the said Act contained, shall prevent Councillors being chosen from Villages, for a Parish or Township Municipality either from among the inhabitants

habitants of such Municipality, or from among the in- &c., in the ibitants of any Town or Village Municipality within the limits municipalitysuch Parish or Township, or partly from one class and partly and section 27 of 18 V c. 100, om the other.

amended so far.

2. The amount of the value of the property required to Qualification of talify a person to be appointed a Councillor, fixed by the Councillors, id Act at one hundred and fifty pounds, is hereby reduced to reduced, and section 27 of 1e hundred pounds with respect to Councillors to be elected or 18 V. c. 100, pointed after the passing of this Act.

NUMBER OF LOCAL COUNCILLORS.

XV. The word "seven" shall be substituted for the word Number to be five" in the twenty-ninth section, and in every other part of the seven; and aid Act in which the word "five" occurs as representing the section 29, &c., of 18 V c. 100, otal number of Councillors of a Local Council, declared by the amended so ixth sub-section of the eleventh section of the said Act to be far. omposed of seven councillors, and the said Act shall henceforth Sub-section 6 a all such parts be read as if the word "seven," instead of the of section 11. rord "five," had been originally inserted in the above parts.

ERECTION OF TOWNS AND VILLAGES

XVI. No tract of land shall be erected into a Town Munici-Towns must ality unless it be shewn by the Report of the County Superin- contain 3,000 endent that there are at least three thousand inhabitants within souls.

2. It shall be lawful for the Governor, upon due proof that Village conhe number of inhabitants in any Village previously, incorporated taining 3,000 is such, amounts to three thousand souls, to issue a Proclama-souls may be made a Town. ion creating such Village a Town Municipality;

3. It shall be the duty of the Warden of the County in Warden to which any newly erected Town or Village Municipality is cause Counituate, to cause an election of Councillors to be had, and to elected, and regarize the Council thereof, in the manner prescribed by the Council oraid Act, so soon as the proclamation erecting the same shall ganized. ake effect, notwithstanding that such time be not the year and month fixed by the twenty-seventh section of the said Act for holding an election; and the Councillors so elected shall remain in office until the next general election of Councillors to be held under the provisions of the said Act;

4. No proclamation for uniting a Town or Village Munici- When the Propality to some adjoining Local Municipality under the pro-clamation unvisions of the fifteenth sub-section of the thirty-fourth section of 15 of section the said Act, shall have any force or effect until the first day of 34 shall take January next after the expiration of the two months im-effect. mediately following the date of such proclamation;

Certain documents to be furnished to a new Town or Village.

5. It shall be lawful for any Town or Village Municipality to demand from the Council of the Municipality from which such Town or Village has been separated, or of any other Municipality, who may have them in their possession, and it shall be the duty of such Council on such demand, to give up to such Town or Village Municipality, all documents or papers of any kind whatsoever, relating exclusively to the territory included in such Village or Town Municipality, and to allow the Secretary-Treasurer of such Village or Town Municipality, or such other officer as shall be appointed for that purpose, to take copies of such parts of all other documents as relate to such territory, without any further fee than for the certificate of the authenticity of such copies:

Section 34 of 18 V. c. 100, amended.

6. The thirty-fourth section of the said Act shall hence forth be read and interpreted as if the word "thirty" had been inserted instead of the word "forty" in the fifth line thereofand the third sub-section of the same section shall henceforth be read and interpreted as if the word "forty" had been inserted in the first line thereof, instead of the word "sixty," and as if the word "sixty" had been inserted in the second line thereal instead of the word "thirty".

APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR.

Appointments by Governor may be re-

XVII. It shall be lawful for the Governor to revoke any appointment by him made, under the provisions of the said Act.

EXISTING *PROCES-VERBAUX* AND BY-LAWS.

XVIII. The fourth sub-section of the forty-sixth section of the Sub-section 4 of section 46 of said Act is hereby repealed. 18 V. c. 100, repealed.

NEW PROCES-VERBAUX

Sub-section 7 18 V. c. 100, repealed.

XIX. The seventh sub-section of the forty-seventh section of of section 47 of the said Act is hereby repealed.

When only a Proces Verbal shall be deemed homologsection 9 of section 49 of 18 V. c. 100, amended so far,

XX. Notwithstanding any thing in the ninth sub-section of the forty-ninth Section or in any other part of the said Act contained, no *Proces-Verbal* shall be considered as having ated: and sub- been duly homologated, unless it shall have been homologated, with or without amendment, by the Council charged with the examination or revision thereof, or until it shall have remained deposited in the office of such Council, without having been homologated or amended, during a period of ten days after the time when the first general meeting of such Council should have been, by law, held, subsequently to the date of the deposit of such Procès-Verbal.

2. Notwithstanding any thing in the forty-ninth section or in Further my other part of the said Act contained, the County Superin- amendment of modent shall not be bound to deposit his proces-verbal before the said section 49, &c. e expiration of thirty days after the time when he shall have isited the place where the work to which such proces-verbal elates is to be done.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF ROAD OFFICERS, &c.

XXI. Notwithstanding any thing in the said Act contained, Sub-section 2 o County Superintendent or other officer or person mentioned of section 53, n the second sub-section of the fifty-third section of the said Act, of 18 V. c. 100, amended as hall be bound to give special notice, or any notice whatsoever, regards certain refore entering upon any land for any of the purposes specified notices. n the said sub-section.

XXII. Notwithstanding any thing in the fifty-fifth section Section 55 of r in any other part of the said Act contained, no Inspector of 18 V. c. 100, Roads shall be bound to notify any Overseer of Koads in his amended as to notice of visits livision of the time when he intends to visit the section of such of Overseer Overseer otherwise than verbally—nor shall any such Inspector of Roads. e required to report to the County Superintendent, as provided inder the said section, oftener than every three months, unless pecially required by the County Superintendent so to do.

EXECUTION OF COUNTY WORKS.

XXIII. The words "or of one or more Local Municipalities in Section 46 of wo or more County Municipalities," in the sixty-fourth section of the said Act, are hereby annulled, and the words "or of more 18 V. c. 100. han one Local Municipality in one or more County Municipali- amended. ies," are hereby substituted therefor, so that the said sixtyourth section shall be read as if the latter words had been riginally inserted therein.

VALUATORS AND VALUATION.

XXIV. A valuation-roll for every local Municipality in Lower Valuation-Roll Canada shall be made in the year one thousand eight hundred to be made in nd sixty, and thenceforward triennially, notwithstanding a 1860, and aluation-roll may have been made in any local Municipality year therevithin the period of three years immediately preceding the atter. ime so fixed for making such triennial valuation-roll.

- 2. Every Valuator appointed after the passing of this Act Term of office hall remain in office until the next triennial appointment of of Valuators. aluators.
- 3. The appointment of Valuators shall hereafter be made Period for the t the time and in the manner prescribed by the said Act, if appointment such of Valuators.

such appointment takes place in the year fixed for the general election of Councillors, and if in any other year, then, at the general monthly meeting in the month of January, or at a special meeting held within fifteen days after such general meeting.

COLLECTION OF ASSESSMENTS, &c.

Sub-sections 5 & 6 of section 74 of 18 V. c. 100, repealed, and other provisions substituted.

XXV. The fifth and sixth sub-sections of the seventy-fourth section of the said Act are hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following provisions for the collection of assessments are substituted, and the said seventy-fourth section shall benceforth be read and interpreted as if the said provisions had originally stood in the place of the said fifth and sixth sub-sections hereby repealed.

The new provisions.

general notice to Ratepayers.

2. The Secretary-Treasurer upon completing his Collection-Roll, shall proceed to collect the assessments therein mentioned, and for that purpose shall, on the next following Sunday, give or Collection and cause to be given public notice that the Collection-Roll is completed and deposited in his office, and that all persons whose names appear therein, as liable for the payment of any assess-[Form No. 1.] ment, are required to pay the amount thereof to him at his office within twenty days of the publication of such notice;

Special notice in default.

Costs of such notice.

3. If at the expiration of the said twenty days any assessment to Rate payers remains unpaid, the Secretary-Treasurer shall leave at the usual place of residence or domicile of such person in arrear, [Form No. 2.] or with him personally, a statement in detail of the various sums and the total amount of assessments due by such person, and shall at the same time, in and by a notice annexed to such statement, demand payment of the assessments therein mentioned, together with the costs of the service of such notice according to such tariff as the Council shall have established;

In case of default for fifteen days, assessment to be levied by seizure and

4. If any person neglect to pay the amount of assessments imposed upon him, for the space of fifteen days after such demand made as aforesaid, the Secretary-Treasurer shall levy the same with costs, by Warrant under the hand of the Mayor of the Municipality authorizing the seizure and sale of the goods and chattels of the person who ought to pay the same, or of any goods or chattels in his possession, whetever the same may be found within the local Municipality; and no claim of property, or privilege thereon or thereto shall be available to prevent the sale thereof for the payment of the assessments and costs out of the proceeds thereof.

PENALTIES.

Section 76 of 18 V. c. 100, to apply to cases under this Act.

XXVI. All the provisions of the seventy-sixth Section of the said Act, shall apply to this Act, in as full a manner as if this Act had originally formed part of the said Act.

RECOVERY

RECOVERY OF PENALTIES, TAXES, &c.

XXVII. The first sub-section of the seventy-seventh section Sub-sec. 1 the said Act is hereby repealed.

of 18 V. c. 100, repealed.

- 2. All penalties imposed by the said Act as amended How penalties this Act, or by any By-law made by competent authority in under this Act tue of the said Act or of this Act, shall be recoverable be- 100, shall be the Circuit Court of the Circuit in which the Local recoverable. unicipality or the major part thereof is situated, or before any stice of the Peace; all the fines and penalties incurred any one person may be included in the same suit; and e costs in all such suits before a Justice of the Peace shall taxed according to the tariff of the Court of Commissioners in the trial of small causes; any law to the contrary notwithtanding;
- 3. The said seventy-seventh section of the said Act shall How section enceforth be read and interpreted as if the next preceding sub- 77 of 18 V. c. ection had originally been inserted therein, and had formed 100, shall be first sub-section thereof in lieu of the sub-section hardy he first sub-section thereof in lieu of the sub-section hereby epealed.

(No. 1.)

FUBLIC NOTICE TO BE GIVEN BY A SECRETARY-TREASURER OF THE COMPLETION OF HIS COLLECTION-ROLL.

Public Notice is hereby given that the Collection-Roll of Municipality of the (Parish, Township) of (Name) is impleted and is now deposited in the office of the undersigned. persons whose names appear therein as liable for the payat of any Assessment, are hereby required to pay the amount eof to the undersigned at his said office, within twenty s from this day, without further notice.

A. B.

Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipality of

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Sect. xxv.

No.

Sir, .- Take notice that, having failed to pay the above mentioned sum within the time prescribed by public notice, you are hereby required, within fifteen days from the date hereof, to pay the same to me at my office, together with the costs of this notice and service thereof as below, in default whereof, execution will issue against your goods and chattels. To the Corporation of the (Parish, Township, &c.) ä MUNICIPALITY OF THE (Parish, Township, &c.) (Date of delivery.) Total ±<u>i</u> 0000000 (here insert date of notice.) MUNICIPALITY OF THE (Pa rish, Township, &c.) (Copy of Account.) Notice served.

Mr.

Secretary-Treasurer.

Costs.

Notice.... CosTs.

Notice£

CAP. CII.

An Act to regulate the amount of security to be given by the Registrars of Lower Canada.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS by an Act passed by the Legislature of the Preamble. Province of Canada, in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to establish a Registry 18 V. c. 99. Office in and for each Electoral County in Lower Canada, the responsibility attached to Registrars has been greatly diminished by the reduction of the limits within which their duties are confined; And whereas the several penal sums required by An Act to explain and amend the Laws relating to 14 & 15 V. the registration of Deeds in Lower Canada, passed in the c. 93. session of the said Legislature held in the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, to be inserted in any recognizance entered into by any Registrar, were fixed for Counties of greater extent than those to which the first above mentioned Act refers, and it is therefore just to reduce the amount of the same: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Notwithstanding any thing contained in the second section Amount of seof the said Act to explain and amend the laws relating to curity to be the registration of Deeds in Lower Canada, the penal sum givenhereafter reduced, notin any recognizance to be entered into by any Registrar here-withstanding after for any County for Registration purposes, under the first 14 & 15 V. above mentioned Act, shall be one thousand pounds; Provided c. 93.

always, that the foregoing provisions of this Act shall in no Exceptions as wise affect or alter the amount of security given or to be given to certain Reby the Registrars of the Registration divisions of Quebec, Mont-gistration direal, Three-Rivers, and Sherbrooke, which shall continue to be the amount established for them respectively before the passing of this Act.

II. No Registrar appointed since the passing of the said first Amount of mentioned Act, nor his sureties shall be liable henceforth, under existing serecognizance entered into and now in force, for any greater curity reduced to £1,000. amount than the said penal sum of one thousand pounds which would require to be inserted in a recognizance entered into by such Registrar after the passing of this Act; but the penal sum in any such recognizance heretofore entered into, and now in force as aforesaid, is hereby reduced to the amount by this Act fixed and prescribed.

CAP. CIII.

An Act to amend an Ordinance of Lower Canada for the Relief of certain Religious Societies.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble. Act of L. C., 2 V. c. 26.

HEREAS by an Ordinance of the Legislature of Lower Canada, passed in the second year of Her Majesty's Reign, chapter twenty-six, Congregations or Societies of Christians, of any denomination whatsoever, in Lower Canada, are enabled to hold ground, for the purposes and under the limitations therein specified, by the instrumentality of a Trustee or Trustees, to whom and to whose successors, (to be appointed in the manner set forth in the Deed of Grant, Concession or Conveyance) the lands necessary for such purposes may be conveyed; And whereas lands have been conveyed to Trustees on behalf of such Congregations or Societies in Lower Canada under the said Ordinance without the manner of appointing successors to such Trustees being set forth in the Deeds of Grant, Concession or Conveyance of such lands, as required by the said Ordinance, and it is expedient to provide a remedy for such omission: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Meeting for settling the manner of centinuing the succession of Trustees, where the Trust Deed dues not pro-vide for the same.

I. It shall be lawful for any Congregation or Society of Christians of any denomination, on whose behalf lands in Lower Canada are now held under the said Ordinance by Trustee or Trustees without the manner of appointing successors being set forth in the Deed of Grant, Concession or Conveyance of such lands, at any time within one year after the passing of this Act to assemble in a public meeting, daily convened by notice in writing signed by at least five members of such Congregation or Society, and affixed to the door of their Church or place of Worship, and at such meeting, by the votes of a majority of the adult male members of such Congregation or Society, then and there present, to determine and declare in what manner the successors to such Trustee or Trustees shall be appointed.

Record of the bow.

II. A record of the proceedings of the meeting shall be made proceedings to out in writing and signed by the Chairman and Secretary be made, and thereof and shall thereafter be deposited of record among the thereof, and shall thereafter be deposited of record among the archives of the Congregation or Society, and a copy of sach record, certified to be a true copy by such Chairman of Secretary, on oath before a Justice of the Peace, shall be deposited, by acte de dépôt, in the usual manner, in the office of a Public Notary, whose copies thereof shall thenceforth be prima facie evidence of the contents thereof.

III. Such determination shall in every such case have the Effect of the same effect as a clause in the Deed of Grant, Concession or decision at Conveyance of the lands to which it relates setting forth the manner of appointing Successors to the Trustee or Trustees therein named would have, and no more.

CAP. CIV.

An Act to authorize the improvement of Watercourses.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS the improvement of Water-courses would be Preamble. a source of great prosperity to the Country: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Every proprietor of land is hereby authorized to improve Proprietors of any water-course bordering upon, running along or passing lands may across his property, and to turn the same to account by the turn water construction of mills, manufactories, works and machinery of joining them, all description, and for this purpose to erect and construct in baccount, deand about such water-course, all the works necessary for its efficient working, such as flood gates, canals, embankments, dams, dykes, and the like.

II. The proprietors or lessees of any such works shall be But shall be liable for all damages resulting therefrom to any person whom-damages. soever, whether by the too great elevation of the flood gates or otherwise.

III. Such damages shall be ascertained by Experts to be Such damages to be ascerappointed by the parties interested, in the ordinary manner; tained by and in default of one of the said parties to appoint such Experts, Experts in one of the Experts of the municipality, to be selected by the case of dispute. Warden, shall act. In case of difference of opinion, the two Experts appointed as aforesaid, shall choose a third. The Experts shall be sworn before a Justice of the Peace well and duly to perform their duty in the said capacity. In assessing Proviso: as to the damages and fixing the compensation to be paid, the Experts, estimates of such damages. if the case shall require it, may set off against the whole or any part of such damages, the increased value which the property of the claimants may have acquired by reason of the erection of such works, mills, manufactories or machinery.

IV. In default of payment of the damages and indemnity so Demolition of awarded within six months from the date of the report of the works if dam-Experts, together with legal interest to be computed from the said duly paid. date, the party by whom the payment is due shall be bound to demolish the works which he shall have erected, or they shall be so demolished at his costs and charges, upon judgment to

that effect rendered, the whole without prejudice to the damages and interest already incurred.

Act limited to L. C.

V. This Act shall apply to Lower Canada only.

CAP. CV.

An Act to erect part of the Township of Chatham, in the County of Argenteuil, into a separate Municipality.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS it is expedient to constitute a separate Township Municipality out of part of the present Township of Chatham, in the County of Argenteuil, inasmuch as such Division of the said Township will greatly promote the welfare and convenience of its inhabitants, and is required by the population and progress of the Township: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Township of Bellingham constituted out of part of Chatham.

I. Upon, from and after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, the sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth Ranges of the said Township of Chatham shall constitute a separate Township and Municipality by the name of the Township of Bellingham, and the remainder of the said present Township shall constitute a separate Township and Municipality by the name of the Township of Chatham.

County Council to pass a By-law as to

II. All and every the debts of the present Municipality shall be divided between the respective Municipalities of the said debts of Chat. Townships by virtue of a By-law to be passed by the County Council to that effect, and so soon as the said debts shall have been divided as aforesaid, each of the said Municipalities shall be bound to the payment of the share of the said debts which shall have been so assigned to it as aforesaid, as though such share of the said debts had been incurred by such Municipality.

Vote of majority of electors required for such division.

III. The division of the said Municipality of the Township of Chatham into two Municipalities, shall only take place after the same shall have been approved of by a vote of the majority of the municipal electors of the said Township of Chatham The said vote to be taken on such day as shall be fixed by the Municipal Council of the said County, within three months from the passing of this Act.

Public Act.

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. CVI.

An Act to establish a Recorder's Court in the City of Quebec.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide a summary and Preamble. inexpensive mode of recovering the debts, fines and penalties, and of hearing and determining the offences hereinafter mentioned, in the City of Quebec: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. There shall be a Court of Record in the said City, which Recorder's shall be called "Recorder's Court" of the City of Quebec, Court estaband wherein the Recorder for the time being shall preside, bec. assisted by one or more of the Councillors of the said City, or in the absence of the Recorder, from sickness or other causes, be held. or when there shall be no Recorder, the Mayor, or one of the Councillors of the said City, shall preside; and such Court Powers. shall in all cases possess the like powers, and have the like jurisdiction, as to crimes, offences and misdemeanors commit- Crimes and ted in the said City, as the Court of Weekly Sessions of the offences. Peace for the said City of Quebec now has or hereafter may have by law, as to crimes, offences and misdemeanors committed within its local jurisdiction, as well as in all those matters of civil concern, not belonging to the ordinary jurisliction of a Court of Justice, as have been or may hereafter be by law vested in the said Court of Weekly Sessions of the Peace; and it shall be lawful for the said Recorder's Court to Suits for mohear and determine all causes and suits that may be brought ney due for by the said Corporation of the said City, for the recovery of City taxes, my sum or sums of money that may be due and payable to the said Corporation of the said City, as the amount of any rate, assessment, tax, duty or impost lawfully imposed by any By law, rule, regulation or order, now in force, or that hereafter may be in force in the said City, and all causes and suits that may be brought by the said Corporation for the recovery of any sum or sums of money that may be due and payable to the said Corporation, for the rent or occupation of any butcher's or huckster's stall, or other stall or stand whatsoever, in or upon any of the public markets of the said City, or as and for the amount of any rate, tax, duty or impost now levied or collected, or that may hereafter be lawfully imposed, levied or collected on any of the said public markets; also, to hear and water rent. determine all causes and suits that may be brought by the said Corporation of the said City of Quebec, for the recovery of any water rent or revenue, or any sum or sums of money whatsoever, that may be due and payable to the said Corporation for water rent, or for any supply of water given or furnished from the Quebec Water Works, now the property of the said Corporation, to any house or premises, or to or for the use of

19-20 VKT.

Cap. 106.

Ordinance. 2 V. c. 2.

ations.

Ordinance, 2 Y. c. 2.

ing the Court.

Clerk. Clerk.

Process.

Execution of

any person or persons in the said City, or for the introduction of any pipe or pipes from the said works into any house or premises in the said City, or the enlarging, extending, repair ing, altering, removing or changing of any such pipe or pipes, in any house or premises, or at the instance or request, or for the use or benefit of any person or persons in the said City; and also to hear and determine all offences against any such By-law, regulation or order, or against any law concerning Market regul- any market or markets in the said City, or against any law concerning any assessment, tax or duty, to be levied in the said City, or against any of the provisions of an Ordinance of the Legislature of the Province of Lower Canada, passed in the second year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, As

> Ordinance for establishing an efficient system of Police in the Cities of Quebec and Montreal; and also to hear and demrmine all suits and prosecutions that may be brought for the

recovery of any fine or penalty that may hereafter be incurred, and be due and payable under any such By-law, rule, regulation or order now in force, or that hereafter may be in force in the said City as aforesaid, or under this Act, or under any Act or Acts concerning any market or markets in the said City, or under any Act or Acts concerning assessments to be raised as the said City, under any of the provisions of the said Ordinance, passed in the second year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, as above mentioned, An Ordinance for establishing an efficient system of Police in the Cities of Quebec and Montreal; And for the Place of hold- purposes aforesaid, the said Recorder's Court shall be held from time to time, as occasion may require, in the City Hall of the said City, or in such other place in the said City as the said Council of the said City may ordain; and the Clerk of the said Recorder's Court shall be appointed by the City Counc during pleasure; and the precepts, writs and processes to issued out of the said Recorder's Court, shall not require to under seal, but shall run and be in the name and style of He Majesty, Her Heirs or Successors, and shall be signed by the said Clerk or his Deputy; and it shall be lawful for the sal Court to summon, by a writ to be signed as aforesaid, t party accused of any offence as aforesaid, or from whom a sum of money shall be claimed for any one or more of the causes in this section before set forth, and the witnesses to heard as well in his favour as against such party, and upo the appearance or default of the party accused or complained against, or in case of his not appearing, upon proof of serve of such summons by the return in writing under oath of the person who made the service, to proceed with the examination tion of the witness or witnesses on oath, and to give judgment accordingly, awarding costs for the successful party; and the judgment when the party accused or complained against shall be co victed of such offence, or if judgment be given in favour of the

prosecutors for the sum of money sought to be recovered, for any part thereof, on proof or by confession, to issue a wal rant or warrants, to be signed as aforesaid, requiring constable or bailiff, of the goods and chattels belonging to the party convicted, or against whom such judgment shall be rendered, to levy the amount of such judgment, or of any penalty or fine to be imposed by such conviction, as the case may be, and costs of suit, and to cause sale thereof to be made; which warrant shall authorize any constable or bailiff to execute such warrant in any part of the District of Quebec, by saisie: and sale of any goods and chattels which shall and may be found in the said District, appertaining to the person or persons against whom such warrant shall thus be issued; Provided Proviso: certain articles that when a warrant or saisie execution shall issue against the exempted goods, debts and chattels of a defendant, the following goods from seizure. and chattels be exempted, to wit: one stove, every article of bedding and dress, one cord of firewood, one pig, one cow, and tradesmen's tools of any kind.

II. It shall be lawful for the said Recorder's Court to cause Recorder's order to be preserved in the said Recorder's Court, and to Court may punish by fine and imprisonment any person guilty of any tempt comcontempt of the said Court, or of any member thereof, if mitted in Court. such contempt be committed during the sitting and in the presence of the said Recorder's Court; to enforce the attendance of any witnesses in any action, cause or prosecution, that may be pending before the said Recorder's Court, and to compel such witnesses to answer all lawful questions; to authorize Further powand require the examination of any party on interrogatories, on ers to compel facts and articles (faits et articles,) or on the juramentum litis witnesses, &c. decisorium or on the juramentum judiciale, in the same and like cases and circumstances in which such examination may be lawfully required and had in the ordinary Courts of civil jurisdiction in Lower Canada; and to cause the execution of, and obedience to any order, precept, writ, process or warrant, that may issue from the said Recorder's Court, for any one or more of the purposes aforesaid, by the like means as are used for any such purpose or purposes in the ordinary Courts of civil jurisdiction in Lower Canada; And it shall be lawful for the Bailiffs. Council of the said City of Quebec, to appoint so many bailiffs of the said Court, as the said Council may think fit; and to Fees. make and settle a tariff of the fees which may be exacted by the Clerk of the said Recorder's Court, and by the bailiffs and other such officers to be employed in and about the said Recorder's Court; Provided always, that no fee shall be Proviso. exacted under such tariff until such tariff be approved by the Governor in Council; And it shall be the duty of the Clerk of Duties of Clerk the said Recorder's Court, to prepare and make out all the precepts, writs and processes severally that may issue from the said Court, and in a Register to be kept for that purpose, to enter in a succinct manner, all the proceedings had in the said Court, and to record at full length all the judgments rendered, and convictions pronounced by the said Court, but not to take in writing the depositions of witnesses or of parties examined in the said Court; and any person who shall, either as a party ing. &c., to be

or as a witness, wilfully and corruptly give false evidence in

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Who shall be competent witnesses.

any cause, suit, action, prosecution or other proceeding in the said Recorder's Court, shall be deemed guilty of wilful and corrupt perjury, and shall be liable to the penalties of wilful and corrupt perjury; and any member of the said Council, excepting the Mayor or Councillors of the said Council then sitting in the said Court, and any member, officer or servant of the said Corporation, shall be a competent witness in any suit or prosecution that may be instituted in the said Recorder's Court, if he have no direct interest in the issue of such suit or prosecution, or be not otherwise rendered incompetent, any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding; and any toll, assessment, tax, duty or impost, fine or penalty that may be sued for in the said Recorder's Court, shall be recoverable there, upon the oath of one credible witness; and any person prosecuted in the said Court, for any offence that may be head and determined by the said Court, shall be liable to be convicted on the oath of one credible witness; Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the said Recorder, or the person doing the duties of the Recorder, to grant a delay of at least one month, and which shall not exceed three months to any defendant, on confession of judgment when the action is brought before the said Court.

One witness sufficient in certain cases in the said Court.

Proviso.

Recorder to be a Barrister of L.C ., &c. Salary.

Proviso : not to be appointed except on request of the City Council.

III. The Recorder for the said City of Quebec shall be a Barrister of Lower Canada, of not less than five years' standing, and shall be appointed by the Crown during pleasure; and such Recorder shall be ex officio a Justice of the Peace in and for the said City and District of Quebec, and shall receive a salary of not less than three hundred pounds and not more than five hundred pounds per annum, payable monthly out of the funds of the said City; Provided always, nevertheless, that the said Recorder shall not in the first instance be appointed until after the Corporation of the said City shall have communicated to the Governor of this Province, through the Provincial Secretary thereof, their opinion that such officer is required for the better conduct of the affairs of the said City, and the administration of justice therein.

Court may sit daily, and for what purposes.

held and to sit daily, and as many times as may be necessary each day, without previous notice or time fixed, to summarily hear and determine upon the case of any person offending against the provisions of the said Ordinance passed in the second year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Ordenance for establishing an efficient system of Police in the Cities of Quebec and Montreal, or the provisions of any Act or Act concerning assessments to be raised in the said City, or concerning markets, or against any By-law, rule, regulation or order now in force, or that may be hereafter in force in the said City; and upon the case of any vagrant, loose, idle or disorderly person, and other offenders arrested by or in charge of

IV. It shall be lawful for the said Recorder's Court to be

2 V. c. 2.

the Police of the said City; and the cases of persons arrested on view, or immediately after the commission of any offence, or by warrant issued out of the said Court, or by the said Recorder, or by any Justice of the Peace for the said District of Quebec: and it shall and may be lawful for the Police or Police may Constabulary Force of the said City of Quebec, or for any other bring offendpeace officer or constable, to bring before the said Recorder's said Court. Court, or before the said Recorder, or, in case of absence as aforesaid, before his Deputy or before the Mayor, or such of the Councillors of the said City as may be appointed to act in his stead, in the City Hall of the said City, any person offending as aforesaid against the provisions of the said Ordinance, against any Act or Acts concerning assessments or markets, or against any By-law, rule, regulation or order now in force, or that may hereafter be so, in the said City, and any vagrant, loose, idle or disorderly person, and every person arrested as such, to be then and there dealt with according to law, as the said Recorder's Court, the said Recorder or his Deputy individually, or the Mayor or Councillor aforesaid, may adjudge and determine.

V. All fines and penalties imposed by any By-law, rule, How certain order, or regulation, which may be in force at the time of the fines shall be passing of this Act, whether made by the Justices of the Peace applied. for the District of Quebec, before the passing of the said Ordinance to incorporate the City or Town of Quebec, or by the said Council since the passing of that Ordinance, or hereafter to be made by the said Council, and all fines and penalties imposed by this Act or any Act concerning any market or martets in the said City, or by any Act concerning any assessment, has or duty to be raised in the said City, or by the said Ordinance, intituled, An Ordinance for establishing an efficient system 2 V. c. 2. of Police in the Civies of Quebec and Montreal, which shall or To be sued for may be prosecuted for or recovered in the said Recorder's Court, in the name of and generally, all fines and penalties sued for, recovered, im- the Corporaposed or levied in the said Court, shall be recovered in the name of "The Mayor, Councillors and Citizens of the City of Quebec," and for the use of that Corporation, and shall belong 10 and form part of the general funds of the said City, and in no other name or for no other use; And it shall be lawful for the Council may said Council to remit any such fine or penalty, or to accept remit fines, or payment of any such fine or penalty from any party willing to receive them without prosepay the same, without prosecution, and all fines or penalties cution. that may be so paid without prosecution shall form part of the general funds of the said City.

VI. It shall be competent for the Recorder for the said City Recorder may of Quebec to hold the said Recorder's Court of the City of hold the Court Quebec, with or without the assistance, or in the presence or alone. absence of any one or more of the Councillors of the said. City.

Court may try certain cases of assault, &c.

VII. It shall be lawful for the said Recorder's Court to hear. try and determine any case of common assault or assault and battery arising within the said City, upon complaint of the party aggrieved praying the said Court to proceed therein under this Act, in the same manner and to the same effect, and subject to the same provisions, as any Justice of the Peace may by law now summarily hear, try and determine any complaint of any such offence, and also to hear, try and determine any complaint under the Act passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act to amend and consolidate the provi-

18 V. c. 159.

sions contained in the Ordinances to incorporate the City and Town of Quebec, and to vest more ample powers in the Corporation of the said City and Town, against any person for assaulting or resisting any officer or constable appointed under the said Act, in the execution of his duty, or for aiding or inciting any person so to assault or resist.

In case of sickness, &c. of Recorder. Governor may appoint a Deputy.

VIII. In case of sickness or absence of the Recorder above mentioned, a Deputy may be appointed by the Crown to act during the sickness or absence of the said Recorder, which said Deputy shall be a Barrister of Lower Canada, of not less than five years' standing, and shall be ex officio a Justice of the Peace, in and for the said City and District of Quebec, during his continuance in office as Deputy of the said Recorder, but shall not be appointed until after the Corporation of the said City shall have communicated to the Governor of this Province, through the Provincial Secretary thereof, their opinion that such an officer is required for the better conduct of the affairs of the said City and administration of justice therein.

Proviso.

Clerk of the Court may appoint a Deputy.

IX. It shall be lawful for the Clerk of the said Recorder's Court of Quebec, from time to time, by an instrument under his hand and seal, to be acknowledged by him before and duly deposited and filed in the office of the said Recorder's Court and entered and recorded in the Register thereof, to appoint one fit and proper person to be and act as his Deputy in the discharge of all and every his duties as Clerk of the said Recorder's Court, and to remove any person so appointed, and appoint another in his stead; and each and every person so appointed shall at all times, while his said appointment shall remain in force and unrevoked, be to all intents and purposes a Clerk of the said Recorder's Court.

Rights of the

X. Nothing in this Act contained shall in any manner dero-Crown saved gate from or affect, or be construed to derogate from or affect the rights of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, except in so far only as the same may be expressly derogated from or affected by the provisions of this Act.

Interpretation clause. Governor.

XI. The words "Governor of this Province," whenever they occur in this Act, shall be understood as meaning the Governor, or any person authorized to execute the commission of Governor

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within this Province for the time being; and the word "Coun-Councillors. cillor" and the word "Councillors," whenever they occur in this Act, shall be understood as meaning any member or members of the said Council of the City of Quebec, unless by the context it shall appear clearly that the words "Councillor" or "Councillors," respectively, are intended to apply exclusively to a member of the said Council, who is not the Mayor of the said City; and the words "the said Corporation," or "the Corporation. said Corporation of the City of Quebec," whenever they occur in this Act, shall be understood as meaning the said Corporation of "the Mayor, Councillors and Citizens of the City of Quebec," unless the context necessarily requires a different meaning to be given to these words; and the words "Lower Lower Canada. Canada," whenever they occur in this Act, are to be understood as meaning and comprehending that part of the Province of Canada which formerly constituted the Province of Lower Canada; and any word or words implying the singular Gender and number, or the masculine gender only, shall be understood to number. include several matters of the same kind as well as one matter, and several persons as well as one person, and bodies corporate as well as individuals, unless it be otherwise specially provided, or there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

XII. This Act shall be held and taken to be a Public Act, Public Act. and as such shall be judicially taken notice of by all Judges, Justices and other persons whomsoever, without being specially pleaded.

CAP. CVII.

An Act to amend and consolidate as amended, the laws relative to the incorporation of the Trustees of the Kingston Hospital.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the laws relative to Preamble. the incorporation of the Trustees of the Kingston Hospital and to consolidate the same as amended: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

- I. The Act passed in the Session held in the twelfth year of 12 v. c. 103, Her Majesty's Reign and intituled An Act to incorporate the repealed. Trustees of the Kingston Hospital, shall be and is hereby repealed.
- II. From and after the passing of this Act, the Mayor of the How the Cor-City of Kingston, for the time being, the Warden of the United poration shall be constituted. Counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington, for the time being, the Judge of the United Counties of Frontenac, Lennox

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and Addington, for the time being, the Sheriff of the United Counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington, for the time being, one of the Medical Professors of "Queen's College" to be nominated annually by the Senate thereof, James Sampson, M. D., the Honorable John Macaulay, the Honorable John Alexander Macdonald, John R. Forsyth, Thomas Kirkpatrick, John Watkins, James Hopkirk, Thomas Askew, John Paton, William G. Hinds and James Harty, Esquires, and their successors in the manner hereinafter mentioned, shall be, within the meaning of the "Interpretation Act," a body corporate, by the name of the "Governors of the Kingston Hospital," and a such, shall, besides the powers by the said last mentioned Act

General pow-

Hospital, &c., vested in it.

conferred upon bodies corporate or Corporations, have powerto hold the said Hospital and all the land held by or vested in the Trustees of the said Hospital, under the Act hereby repealed or in any manner whatsoever, all which and all property now vested in the Trustees of the said Hospital, shall be and are hereby vested in the Corporation as hereby constituted, which shall in law be the same Corporation with that created by the Act above cited and repealed, and shall and may be capable of receiving, taking and holding from Her Majesty, or from any person or persons, or any body corporate or politic, by grant, devise or otherwise, any lands, or interest in lands, or any goods, chattels or effects, which Her Majesty or any such person or persons, body corporate or politic, may be desirous of granting or conveying to them for the use and support of the said Hospital or for the endowment thereof.

Governors of the Hopital constituted.

III. The eleven persons named aforesaid, and any person who may have paid, or may hereafter pay the full sum of twenty-five pounds towards the support or endowment of the Hospital, and continue to pay thereafter, the sum of one pound yearly, on or before the first day of November in each year, shall be and are hereby made Governors of the said Hospital: and the aforementioned eleven persons shall hold office during life; and the Governors other than the eleven persons aforesaid shall hold office so long as their annual subscriptions shall be regularly paid.

Governor to be informed of vacancies among the 11 Governors.

IV. If any one of the said cleven Governors shall die, remove from the county, resign office, or become incapable of acting from any cause, his said office shall thereby become vacant, and it shall be the duty of the Secretary to the Board of Governors (to be appointed as hereinafter provided,) to communicate such fact to the Governor of this Province.

How such **be filled.**

V. In the event of any vacancy, as in the last section vacancy shall mentioned, it shall and may be lawful for the Governor of this Province, in Council, to supply the said vacancy within three months after the Secretary shall communicate, as alore said, the fact of such vacancy, and if the said vacancy be not supplied by the Governor in Council within the period aforesaid,

it shall be lawful for the Board of Governors, to proceed, at their first Annual Meeting thereafter, to the election, by ballot, of one Governor to fill each such vacancy as aforesaid.

VI. It shall and may be lawful for the Board of Governors, Governors to from time to time, to make By-laws and Rules, for the admission make By-laws into, and for the internal management and regulation of the said purposes. Hospital, or for the leasing or management of such of the lands or property of the said Hospital as may not be required for the immediate use thereof, and generally to make such By-laws and Rules for the internal management and regulation of the said Hospital, as shall to them seem meet and expedient; Pro- Proviso: for vided always, that such By-laws or Rules shall be laid before approval of the Governor of this Province, in Council for his approval. the Governor of this Province, in Council, for his approval, within thirty days after the same shall have been made or adopted, and may be by him disallowed within one month after the same shall be received when transmitted by the said Board of Governors; And provided always, that if no notifica- Proviso. tion of approval or disapproval be received by the said Board within one month after the same shall have been transmitted to the Governor in Council, then such By-laws and Rules shall be deemed to have been approved, and shall then forthwith be in force.

VII. Any five of the said Governors shall form a quorum for Quorum. the transaction of business.

VIII. The annual general meeting of the Board of Governors General meetshall be held on the first Monday of November in each and ing. every year: The first meeting to be held on Wednesday, the First meeting. fifth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

IX. The said Governors shall at each Annual Meeting to be Appointment held as aforesaid, appoint a Chairman to hold office for the then of Chairman. ensuing year; the Chairman of the preceding year shall hold office till the appointment of his successor.

X. The said Board of Governors shall have power to appoint Appointment a Secretary and such other officers for the proper management of Secretary, of the Hospital as they shall consider necessary, with power to &c. remove the said Secretary or any such officer at pleasure, and to appoint another or others in his or their places.

XI. It shall be the duty of the Clerk or Secretary, to attend Duties of Seall meetings of the Board and to keep minutes of their proceed- cretary. ings, and to communicate vacancies as hereinbefore provided, and generally to perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board in a By-law for regulating his office.

XII. It shall be the duty of the said Board of Governors to Governors to invest in good, safe and sufficient securities, all moneys which invest Hospital moneys.

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Governor of this Province.

of the said Hospital, which may not be required for the immediate expenditure of the same; and from time to time, when To account to required so to do by the Governor of this Province, to render an account in detail of all moneys received by them as Governors of the said Hospital, specifying the sources from which the same have arisen or been received, and the manner in which the same have been invested or expended, and all such particulars as may be necessary to shew the state of the funds or endowment, if any, of the said Hospital; and the said Board of Governors shall also lay an annual statement of the affairs of the Hospital before both Houses of the Legislature, within thirty days after the commencement of each session.

may at any time come into their hands, for the use and support

Reports to Legislature.

Additional powers to Board of Governors.

XIII. The said Board of Governors, by the corporate name aforesaid, shall have, in addition to the powers conferred by the "Interpretation Act" aforesaid, power to distrain for any rent or rents of any lands or buildings, or any account whatever, and to distrain for rents when the same are in arrear and unpaid, and to act in all matters touching the collection and control of the funds of the said Hospital, and the management and disposition of any lands belonging to the same, as shall appear to them to be most conducive to the interest of the said Hospital.

XIV. It shall and may be lawful for any Medical Student in Medical Students may visit the said City of Kingston to visit the wards of the said Hospithe Hospital. tal and attend them, upon the payment of such fees, and under such regulations and instructions as the said Board of Governors shall and may by any By-law from time to time direct and appoint, and with the sanction of the attending Medical Officers.

XV. Neither the repeal of the Act hereinbefore repealed, nor Existing contracts not af. the change hereby made in the corporate name of or in the fected. composition of the Corporation thereby constituted and hereby continued, shall in any wise affect contracts or any proceedings heretofore bond fide made or had pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, or any other Act relating to the said Hospital.

Public Act. XVI. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Interpretation. XVII. The Interpretation Act shall apply to this Act, except wherever the provisions of this Act are inconsistent therewith.

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CAP. CVIII.

In Act to enable the Town Council of the Town of St. Catharines, to sell and convey certain Land purchased by the said Council for the purpose of a Public Cemetery.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS the Town Council of the Town of St. Catharines, Preamble. in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, purchased a part of Lot number seven in the seventh concession of the Township of Grantham, for the purpose of a Public Demetery; And whereas the said Council subsequently acquired another tract of land more advantageously situate for the ourpose of a Public Cemetery, and has expended a large sum of money in preparing the said last mentioned tract of land for Cemetery purposes; And whereas the said Council no longer requires the said land so purchased as aforesaid, and desires to be authorized to dispose thereof: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The said Town Council of the Town of St. Catharines Town Council shall have full power and authority to sell and dispose of that may dispose of part of Lot number seven in the seventh concession of the the said lot. Township of Grantham, in the County of Lincoln, heretofore purchased by the said Council for the purpose of a Public Cemetery, and to convey the same in fee simple to such person or persons as may be desirous of purchasing the same.

II. This Act shall be a Public Act, and the Interpretation Act Public Act. shall apply to it.

CAP. CIX.

An Act to alter the survey of that part of the Third Concession of the Township of Onondaga, commonly called "Martin's Bend," and to confirm a new survey thereof, and for other purposes.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS the Lots laid out in that part of the Third Con-Preamble. cession West of Fairchild's Creek in the Township of Onondaga in the County of Brant, commonly called Martin's Bend, being part of the Indian Lands on the Grand River, according to the survey of the said Township made by James Kirkpatrick, Deputy Provincial Surveyor, are not adapted to the peculiar topographical position of the land in the said Bend; And whereas all the land in the said Bend has been settled upon, and the settlers have made improvements upon the lands

occupied

occupied by them without reference to the shape or boundaries of the lots as defined by the said survey, and such settlers are desirous of purchasing the lands held by them without reference to such survey; And whereas a survey of the said Bend has been made by Lewis Burwell, a Deputy Provincial Surveyor, and a diagram thereof bearing date the thirty-first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fiftythree, subdividing the said Bend in accordance with the respective possessions of the several settlers in the said Bend, has been submitted to His Excellency the Governor in Council, and is now among the plans in the Indian Department; And whereas the settlers in the said Bend have petitioned to be allowed to purchase the lands held by them in accordance with the said survey of the said Lewis Burwell, and that the seven roads marked on said diagram should be established and confirmed as public highways; And whereas it is expedient that the said survey of the said James Kirkpatrick, as far as the same relates to lots numbers twenty-one, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five, twenty-six, twenty-seven, twentyeight, twenty-nine, thirty and thirty-one of the said third Concession of the Township of Onondaga, being the Lots contained in the said Bend, should be set aside, and that the said survey of the said Lewis Burwell should be adopted in the place thereof: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Lands at Marbe granted ac-cording to the Survey of Lewis Barwell.

I. It shall and may be lawful for the Superintendent General tin's Bendmay of Indian affairs to sell and dispose of and cause to be granted all or any of the lands in the said Bend lying and being to the south-west of the limit between Lots numbers twenty and twenty-one, and embracing lots from twenty-one to thirty-one, both inclusive, in the said Third Concession of the said Town ship of Onondaga, in accordance with the survey of the said Lewis Burwell, and without reference to the survey of the said James Kirkpatrick or the boundaries of Lots thereby established.

Survey of Barwell substituted for that of Kirkpatrick.

II. From and after the passing of this Act, the said survey of the said James Kirkpatrick, as far as the same relates to the subdivision of the said Bend south-westerly from the said limit between lots numbers twenty and twenty-one, shall be superseded by the said survey of the said Lewis Burwell, and the said survey of the said Lewis Burwell, as far as the lands it the said Bend are concerned, shall have the same force and effect as and shall for all purposes be deemed and taken to be the original survey of the said concession.

Certain roads on Burwell's Plan confirm-

III. The roads marked on the said diagram of the said Lewe Burwell in red, the one running from the Grand River opposite the Village of Newport, between lots G. and H. F. and J. and D. and E., and through lots B. and A., and the other from the last mentioned Road, near the centre of lot D., south-easterly throng through C. and part of the lot commonly called the "Mission Lot," to the Grand River, shall be established and are hereby confirmed of the width of forty feet as public highways.

IV. And whereas the allowance for Road between lots Recital. numbers nineteen and twenty in the said Third Concession of A certain road the Township of Onondaga, from the River's edge, south- allowancemay easterly to the present travelled road running across the said Lots be granted to w. N. Alger, nineteen and twenty, is by reason of the nature of the ground on his giving unsuited and impracticable for a road; And whereas William other land for N. Alger of the said Township of Onondaga, Esquire, is seized the road. in fee of the said lots nineteen and twenty, and is willing to lay out a road along the northern eastern limit of the said lot number nineteen, in the place of the said original allowance for Road between lots numbers nineteen and twenty; therefore it shall and may be lawful for the Governor in Council to cause to be granted to the said William N. Alger, his heirs and assigns for ever, the said original allowance for road between lots nineteen and twenty, from the said travelled road to within one chain of the River's edge, as an equivalent for the road to be opened by him along the north-eastern limit of the said lot nineteen.

V. For and notwithstanding any Act, law, usage or custom to Certain lands the contrary thereof, it shall and may be lawful for the Superin- in Cayaga tendent General of Indian affairs to cause to be sold or granted any Town may be of the Indian lands not already granted in the Town of Cayuga, out reservain the County of Haldimand, lying to the west of Ouse Street, tion of right and south of the Bridge across the Grand River at King Street, of way to the in the said Town or Cayuga, without any reservation of right in the said Town or Cayuga, without any reservation of right to the public or any individual to cross such lands to the River's edge, or any manner of reservation whatsoever, except any right of way already acquired by the public or by any individual; Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall authorize Proviso. or be construed to authorize the selling or granting of any lands laid out as streets or allowance for streets upon the plan of the said Town of Cayuga.

VI. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. CX.

An Act to vest in the Agricultural Societies of Middlesex and Elgin, certain Lands in the City of London granted for Agricultural purposes, with power to dispose of the same.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

THEREAS the Agricultural Society of the County of Preamble. Elgin have by their petition set forth,—that on the third day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five,

Letters Patent were issued granting ten acres of land in the then Town and now City of London, to the then Municipal Council of the District of London, which comprised the tract of land now forming the Counties of Middlesex and Elgin, in trust for the use of the inhabitants of the said District of London. as a site for holding Free Fairs according to law, -that afterthe passing of the Act substituting Counties for Districts in Upper Canada, the said Counties of Middlesex and Elgin were united but have since been disunited, and that as the said land was granted, as aforesaid, for the use of inhabitants of the now Counties of Middlesex and Elgin, and as at the time of the disuniting of the said Counties as aforesaid, the subject in question was expressly excluded from the proceedings had for adjusting the respective liabilities of the said Counties to each other, and was left as an open question for future settlement, the inhabitants of the County of Elgin are entitled to an equiable share of the said land or of the proceeds thereof,—and they therefore pray that an Act may be passed vesting the said land in the Agricultural Societies of the Counties of Middlesex and Elgin, and empowering and requiring them to sell the said land, and to apportion the proceeds thereof between the Counties of Middlesex and Elgin; And whereas certain portions of the said lands have been disposed of by the Municipal Council of the County of Middlesex to the Great Western Railway Company and to the London and Port Stanley Railway Company, and it is desirable that the titles of the said Companies thereto should be confirmed, and that the remainder of the said lands not so sold, or their value, should be appropriated so as to secure to each of the said Counties of Middlesex and Elgin, an equitable share thereof: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

The unsold land vested in ties in trust, to be sold for the purposes of this Act.

I. So much of the said land as was not sold as aforesaid, by portion of the the Municipal Council of the County of Middlesex to the said Railway Companies, or either of them, shall be and is hereby the said Agri- Kallway Companies, or either of them, shall be and is hereby cultural Socie- vested in the Agricultural Society of the County of Middlesex and the Agricultural Society of the County of Elgin, as tenants in common, in trust to sell and dispose of the same to the best advantage, by Public Auction, or in such other manner as may be agreed upon by a majority of the President, Vice-President and Directors for the time being of each of the said Societies and to convey the same in fee to the purchaser or purchasers, under the corporate seals of the said Societies, and the hands of their respective Presidents for the time being; and such purchaser or purchasers shall hold the same quit and clear of any trust to which the said land was subject, and shall not be bound to see to the execution of any such trust, or to the appli-Proviso: exist. cation of the purchase money; Provided always, that such ing leases, &c., sale or sales shall be subject to all existing leases or interests created by the Municipal Council of the County of Middlesez, in the said land or any part thereof.

not to be disturbed.

1856.

II. The proceeds of such sale or sales whenever they shall be Division of the made, shall be apportioned and divided between the Agricul-proceeds betural Societies of the said Counties of Middlesex and Elgin, in tween the said Societies. proportion to their respective populations by the last census; and the amount (if any) so ascertained to belong to each of the said Societies, out of any moneys arising from the said land and received by the Municipal Council of the County of Middlesex, shall be paid over forthwith, or so soon as it shall be As to moneys received by the said Council, to the Society to which it shall already received by the said Council, to the Society to which it shall already received by the Mideleng and partil it shall be so paid about the said by the Mideleng and partil it shall be so paid about the said council. belong, and until it shall be so paid, shall be a debt due by diesex County the said County to such Society and recoverable accordingly, Council, and the moneys so apportioned shall be invested or applied by the said Societies respectively, in such manner as to them shall seem best for the promotion and encouragement of Agriculture, and for no other use or purpose whatsoever.

III. All deeds, contracts and agreements heretofore bond fide Deeds to or made or entered into as aforesaid, by the said Municipal Coun-contracts with cil of the County of Middlesex to or with the said Railway the Railway Companies Companies, or either of them, for the disposal of any part of confirmed. the said lands, are hereby confirmed and declared to be binding and effectual on all the parties thereto, according to the true intent and meaning thereof; and the said Railway Companies shall hold any portion of the said lands so conveyed to them quit and clear of all trusts, in like manner as purchasers under this Act, and shall pay to the said Municipal Council, any portion of the purchase money of the said land which may be unpaid at the passing of this Act.

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. CXI.

An Act to grant additional aid to the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

HEREAS it is expedient to grant facilities in aid of the Preamble. Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, for objects and under conditions hereinafter mentioned: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. For the purpose of enabling the Grand Trunk Railway Governor in Company of Canada to complete their undertaking, the Governor Council auin Council shall be and hereby is authorized to carry into effect thorized to the arrangement provisionally entered into between the Govern-certain proviment of Canada and the said Company, based upon the follow- sional arrangeing terms, viz:

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Issue of Preferential Bonds.

The said Company shall be authorized to issue Preferential Bonds to the extent of two millions of pounds sterling. The holders of such bonds to have priority of claim therefor over the present first lien of the Province.

Such issue shall not take place until the Railway of the Railway to be first completed said Company from St. Thomas, in Lower Canada, to Stratford, mas to Stratin Upper Canada, shall have been finished and in operation.

Deposit of pro-

pany.

The proceeds of the said Bonds shall be deposited with the coods of bonds. Provincial Agents in London, and released to the Company on How to be re- the certificates of the Receiver General, upon proof to the satislessed to Com- faction of the Governor in Council of progress of the several works hereinafter mentioned.

Appropriation of such proceeds.

The said proceeds shall be appropriated to the aid or construction of the following works and apportioned as hereinafter stated, and released to the Company as the said works are severally proceeded with:

The Railways from St. Mary's to London and Sarnia	E450,000
The Railway from St. Thomas, Lower Canada,	<u>*</u>
to Rivière-du-Loup	525,000
Victoria Bridge	800,000
Three Rivers and Arthabaska	125,000
To enable the said Company to assist the Port Hope, and Cobourg and Prescott Railways as	,
subsidiary Lines	100,000
Ę,	2,000,000

The St. Mary's and London branch and subsidiary lines shall be completed by the.... 1st September, 1857. Stratford and Sarnia......1st September, 1858.

Arthabaska and Three Rivers..... 1st September, 1859. The Victoria Bridge 1st January, 1860.

The St. Thomas and Rivière-du-Loup Line as follows:

From St. Thomas to Rivière Ouelle... 1st January, 1859. From Rivière Ouelle to Rivière du-Loup 1st January, 1860.

Provision in favour of Trois-Pistoles Railway.

In order to restore to the Trois-Pistoles Road, the guarantee diverted from it by the Act of 1854 (18 Victoria, Chapter 33) and expended on the Toronto and Stratford section, there shall be reserved from the proceeds of the Preferential Bonds as they are paid over to the Provincial Agents, such a portion for the section of the Road from St. Thomas to Rivière-du-Loup, as shall ensure its progress equally with the other works above mentioned.

II. Provided that the proceeds of the said Preferential Bonds On the said o the amount aforesaid, be deposited with the Provincial conditions cer-Agents, the interest accruing on the Provincial Debentures tain interest to be advanced sound to the Company shall, during the period of five years, by the Probeing the time necessary for the completion of the works vince, and reand for the development of the through traffic,) be advanced and Compabe paid in Stock;
by the Province, and such advances, as they are made, shall ny's Bondhold
be repaid to the Province in share capital of the Company, and ers to rank
the lien of the Province, subject to the preceding conditions, the Province. shall rank, as to dividend or interest, with that of the Company's bond-holders.

1856.

III. All Orders in Council to be made, and things to be done Orders in by the Governor of this Province in Council in pursuance of Council, &c., and in accordance with the conditions above mentioned, and may be made for giving for the purpose of the carrying out the same, shall be valid and effect to the binding: and no enactment which the Legislature of this Pro-foregoing province may hereafter make, for carrying out and giving effect to visions. the said conditions or any Order in Council to be made under this Act or under any provision of any Act theretofore passed relating to the said Company, according to the true intent and purport thereof, shall be deemed an infringement of the rights of the Company or of any party whatever.

IV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. CXII.

An Act to provide for and encourage the construction of a Railway from Lake Huron to Quebec.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS it is of the utmost importance to the general preamble. interests of this Province, that a main line of Railway communication should be opened from Lake Huron to the Ottawa and thence to Quebec in the most direct line; And whereas the opening of such line from Amprior or some place between Amprior and Pembroke, on the River Ottawa, to such point on Lake Huron as may be found best adapted for the purpose, would secure for the said main line so large a proportion of the travel and traffic of the Great West as to ensure the success of the remainder of the line from the River Ottawa to Quebec, while it would also open for settlement a most valuable tract of country now unimproved and waste, and it is therefore expedient to grant special encouragement and aid to the construction of such Railway as aforesaid: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. The Presidents, Directors and Stockholders of the North Howthe Com-Shore Railway Company, the Vaudreuil Railway Company, the pany shall be formed. Montreal

Montreal and Bytown Railway Company, the Bytown and Pembroke Railway Company, and the Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company, shall be and are hereby constituted a body politic and corporate by the name of the Lake Huron, Ouawa and Quebec Junction Railway Company, each for the share hereinafter mentioned.

Railway from Grenville to Ottawa City, to be made by two Companies jointly.

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II. The Montreal and Bytown Railway Company, and the Vaudreuil Railway Company shall be entitled each to make half the Railway from opposite Grenville to the City of Ottawa, dividing such Railway between them; the Montreal and Bytown Railway Company taking the half nearest to Grenville; but with power to the Directors of the two Companies to agree that the Road shall be made and worked by the Companies in common, upon such terms and conditions as shall be made in such agreement.

Share of each nies composing the New Company in that Company's Stock, &c.

III. Each of the said Companies shall have a share in the Comof the Compu- pany hereby constituted, and hereinafter also called the New Company, proportionate to the length of so much of its own Railway as forms part of the General Line from the Upper Ottawa to Quebec, but inasmuch as the distance from Montreal to Bytown, ought only to be reckoned once in establishing such proportion; therefore—

Proportion of respective shares.

1. The Montreal and Bytown Railway Company, and the Vaudreuil Railway Company shall only be entitled together to a share in the New Company, proportionate to the whole distance from Montreal to the City of Ottawa;—and inasmuch as the last named Company has renounced any share in the Capital of the New Company founded on that part of its line between Vaudreuil to some point in the Township of Hawkes bury opposite Grenville; therefore—

Shares further defined.

2. Dividing the whole Capital of the New Company into one thousand parts, the number of parts to which each Company will be entitled, shall be as follows, viz:

		Parts.
The	North Shore Railway Company	. 441
	Montreal and Bytown Railway Company	
	Vaudreuil Railway Company	
The	Bytown and Pembroke Railway Company	107
	Brockville and Ottawa Railway Company	
		1000

Certain clauses c. 51, incorporated with ihis Act.

IV. The several clauses of the Railway Clauses Consoliof 14 & 15 V. dation Act with respect to the first, second, third and fourth clauses thereof, and also the several clauses of the said last mentioned Act with respect to "Interpretation," "Incorporation," "Powers," "Plans and Surveys," "Lands and their valuation,"

valuation," "Highways and Bridges," "Fences," "Tolls," "General Meetings," "Directors, their election and duties,"
"Shares and their transfer," "Municipalities," "Shareholders," "Actions for indemnity and fines and penalties and their prosecution," "Working of the Railway," and "General Provisions," shall be incorporated with this Act, and shall accordingly apply to the said New Company and their Railway, except only in so far as they may be inconsistent with the express enactments hereof; and the expression "this Act" when used herein, shall be understood to include the provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act which are incorpomted with this Act as aforesaid.

V The Company hereby incorporated and their servants and Line of the agents shall have full power under this Act to lay out, construct Railway and complete a Railway connection between the River Ottawa, described. at Amprior, or some place between Amprior and Pembroke, and the waters of Lake Huron at such point as may seem to the Company best adapted to attain the objects mentioned in the Preamble, with full power to pass over any portion of the Country between the points aforesaid, and to carry the said Railway through the Crown Lands lying between the same.

VI. The capital of the Company hereby incorporated shall be Capital Stock. six thousand five hundred pounds sterling for each mile in length of their Railway from the Ottawa to Lake Huron, (with Provision for power to increase the same in the manner provided by the increasing it. Railway Clauses Consolidation Act,) which said capital shall be held by the Companies aforesaid, in the proportions hereinbefore mentioned.

VII. The Presidents for the time being, of the several Com-Directors of Panies aforesaid, and one Director of each to be chosen by the the New other Directors thereof, shall form the Board of Directors of the Company. New Company, and shall elect a President and Vice-President from among themselves.

VIII. The said Directors shall have the powers of Directors under General powthe Railway Clauses Consolidation Act, except that the calls for ere of the instalments on the capital shall be made upon the several Com- Directors. panies composing the said New Company, instead of being made upon the individual shareholders: and upon such call Provision as to being made, it shall be the duty of the Directors of each Com-calls on Stock. Pany forthwith to pay the amount thereof to the Directors of the new Company if they have a sufficient sum in their hands, and if not, they shall forthwith make such call upon the shareholders of their Company as will enable them to pay such instalment to the New Company, and in default of their so making such call, they shall themselves be personally liable to pay the same.

Capital of the Companies forming the New Company to be proportionately increased.

IX. The Capital Stock of each of the said Companies shall be increased by such sum as shall be requisite to pay its share of the Capital of the New Company; and such additional Capital may be raised by each of the said Companies, either by the issue of new Shares or in any other way in which money may be raised by such Company, under its Special Act and the clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act incorporated with such Special Act.

How such intal shall be raised.

X. The Capital so to be raised by the issue of new shares shall creased Capi- be divided into shares of twenty-five pounds sterling each; and the Directors of any of the said Companies may, if they see fit. pass a By-law for converting the present shares of its stock into shares of twenty-five pounds sterling each, at par, and in that case each Stockholder shall be deemed to hold stock to the number of sterling shares which will be nearest to and not less than the value of his currency shares, paying the Company the difference, if any.

When certain . complied with, be commenced, but not before.

XI. Whenever the whole capital of the said Companies conditions are shall have been subscribed, including the amount required to the work may pay the share of each of them in the New Company, and ten per cent of the whole shall have been paid up and deposited in some chartered Bank or Banks, for the purposes of this Act and of the Special Acts of the said Companies, and secured to be applied to such purposes only to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council, then and not before, the said Company may commence the said Railway and the works therewith connected, and shall go into full operation in all respects: Proviso: as to Provided always, that the Survey for the said Railway may be commenced and made by the said New Company at any time after the passing of this Act.

Survey.

Quorum of Directors.

XII. Any meeting of the Directors of the New Company, at which not less than five of such Directors shall be present, shall be competent to exercise and use all and every of the powers hereby vested in the said Directors.

Certificates of shares, bonds, &c., to be given by Directors.

XIII. It shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the New Company for the time being, to make, execute and deliver all such scrip and share, certificates, and all such bonds, debentures mortgages, or other securities as to the said Directors, for the time being, shall from time to time seem most expedient for raising the necessary capital or funds for the time being author rized to be raised by the said Company, or for raising any part thereof.

Bonds, &c., how to be executed.

XIV. All bonds, debentures and other securities to be execued by the said company, may be payable to bearer, and su such bonds, debentures or other securities of the New Company. and all dividends and interest warrants thereon respectively. which shall purport to be payable to bearer, shall be assignable:

w by delivery, and may be sued on and enforced by the spective bearers and owners thereof for the time being in eir own names.

XV. Calls may be made by the Directors of the New Com-Calls on Stock. my for the time being as they shall see fit; Provided that no call Provise. be made upon any Company holding stock in the New ompany shall exceed the sum of ten pounds per centum on the amount of stock in the New Company held by such ompany, and that the amount of any such calls in any one ar shall not exceed fifty pounds per centum upon the stock) held.

XVI Deeds and Conveyances under this Act for the lands to Form and ree conveyed to the said Company for the purposes of this Act, gistration of hall and may as far as the title to the said lands or cirpeeds of Conveyance to the umstances of the parties making such conveyance will admit, Company. e made in the form given in the Schedule to this Act marked ., and all Registrars are hereby required to register in their egistry Books such deeds on the production thereof and proof execution, without any memorial, and to minute every such atry on the deed; the said Company are to pay the Registrar Fee to Regisuso doing the sum of two shillings and six pence, and no more. trar.

XVII. And whereas it may be necessary for the said Company Power to take possess gravel pits and lands containing deposits of gravel, land for gravel s well as lands for stations and other purposes, at convenient pits, &c. laces along their line of Railway for constructing and keeping repair and for carrying on the business of the said Railway, nd as such gravel pits or deposits cannot at all times be ocured without buying the whole lot of land whereon such eposits may be found; It is therefore enacted, That it shall be awful for the said Company, and they are hereby authorized, om time to time to purchase, have, hold, take, receive, use ad enjoy, along the line of the said Railway or separated herefrom, and if separated therefrom then with the necessary ight of way thereto, any lands, tenements and hereditaments which it shall please Her Majesty or any person or persons, or odies politic, to give, grant, sell or convey unto, and to the use of or in trust for the said Company, their successors and 188igns; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Company And to dispose 0 establish stations or workshops on any of such lots or blocks of portions not land, and from time to time, by deed of bargain and sale or Aberwise, to grant, bargain, sell or convey any portions of such ands not necessary to be retained for gravel pits, sidings, ranches, wood-yards, station-grounds or workshops, or for officetually repairing, maintaining and using to the greatest dvantage the said Railway and other works connected herewith.

XVIII. And in order to aid and encourage the said Railway Grant of land Tom the River Ottawa to Lake Huron; Be it enacted, That four to the Compamake the Road.

Conditions of grant.

ny as an aid to millions of acres of the ungranted lands of the Crown in the neighborhood of the line of the said Railway, shall be and are hereby set apart for the purposes of this Act; and whenever any portion of the said Railway, not less than twenty-five miles in length, shall be actually completed in a good and permanent manner, equal at least to that in which the Great Western Railway is made, and with stations, rolling-stock, and other appurtenances sufficient for the proper working of the said Railway, then, upos the report of some skilled Engineer whom the Governor shall appoint for the purpose, and the approval of such report by the Governor in Council, and upon a similar Report (made and approved in like manner) that each of the Companies forming the said New Company has completed in like manner, with proper rolling-stock and appurtenances, a portion of its Railway forming part of the general line, and bearing at least as great a proportion to the whole length of such part as such Company's share in the stock of the New Company, bear to the whole of the said stock,—then there shall be granted to the said Lake Huron, Ottawa and Quebec Junction Railway Company, by the Governor in Council, a portion of the said four mile lions of acres of land lying adjacent to the portion of the said Railway so completed, and bearing such proportion to the four millions of acres, as the length of the portion of the Railway of the said New Company so completed bears to that of the whole of the said Railway; and such grant shall be a free grant, and the Company shall have full power to alienate the lands so granted, and to deal with them in such manner as they max think proper; Provided always, that the grants to be so made to the said Company shall be of tracts of land fronting on the said Railway, such frontages to be of ten miles each, and alternating with tracts fronting thereon of the same width and quantity, to be reserved as Public Lands and dealt with such.

Proviso.

Company may pledge their interestin such lands.

Unpledged lands how divided, &c.

XIX. Subject to the conditions abovementioned, the Director of the New Company may pledge its interest in the said lands, security for any sum they may find it necessary to raise for constructing the Railway and works; but any of the said land which may be granted to the New Company, which may be clear of any such pledge, may be divided among the several Companies composing the New Company, in proportion to their respective shares in its Capital Stock, and the portion of such; lands coming to each Company may be dealt with and disposed; of as the Company shall by its By-laws direct.

Time for commencing and completing the work.

XX. The said Railway from the Ottawa to Lake Huron shall; be commenced and twenty miles thereof completed within three years and the whole line completed within seven year, from the passing of this Act, otherwise the powers and privileges hereby granted shall cease; Provided always, that if within the three years aforesaid, the said Montreal and Bytown Railway Company shall not have raised their share of

funds for the purposes of the Company incorporated by this t, and commenced their share, of the said road from the awa to Lake Huron, it shall in that case be lawful for the d Vaudreuil Railway Company to take and complete alone said share, and the said Company shall then be entitled to proportion of the said lands forming the share coming to said Montreal and Bytown Railway Company, for that nt of the road which lies between Hawkesbury and the City of

XXI. The Company hereby incorporated and the North Shore The several ilway Company, the Vaudreuil Railway Company, the first mention-ntreal and Bytown Railway Company, the Bytown and Pem-ed may unite ske Railway Company, and the Brockville and Ottawa Rail- if they think ly Company, may, if they deem it advisable, unite together fit.

one Company, and to such Union and to all proceedgs previous or subsequent thereto, the provisions of the Act 16 V. cc. ets passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign 39 & 76 to d chaptered respectively thirty-nine and seventy-six, shall union. ply as fully as to the Railways and Railway Companies erein mentioned, and the Company formed by such Union all have all the rights and be subject to all the obligations the New Company hereby incorporated: Provided always, Proviso. at the corporate name of the Company formed by such union all be the same as that of the Company hereby incorporated.

XXII. All provisions of the several Special Acts incorpo-Inconsistent ting the Companies mentioned in the next preceding section, enactments of any Act or Acts amending such Special Acts or of any repealed. her Act or Law, which shall be inconsistent with this Act e and shall be repealed from the passing thereof.

XXIII. The expression "the New Company" in this Act, shall Interpretation. ways mean the Lake Huron, Ottawa and Quebec Junction

ailway Company, hereby incorporated; the expression "the orth Shore Railway Company" shall mean the Company incorprated by that name by the Act passed in the sixteenth year Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered one hundred; the tpression "the Vaudreuil Railway Company" shall mean ic Company incorporated by that name, by the Act passed in ie sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered one undred and thirty-four; the expression "the Montreal and yown Railway Company" shall mean the Company icorporated by that name, by the Act passed in the ixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign and chaptered one undred and three; the expression "the Bytown and 'embroke Railway Company" shall mean the Company incororated by that name by the Act passed in the sixteenth year Her Majesty's Reign and chaptered one hundred and thirtyeven; and the expression "the Brockville and Ottawa Railvay Company" shall mean the Company incorporated by that ame by the Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's leign and chaptered one hundred and six.

.VIZ.

414

Public Act,

XXIV. The Interpretation Act shall apply to this Act, as shall enactment hereinafter to be made for the purpose of curying out its several provisions according to their true intent be deemed an infringement of the rights of any of the Companies aforesaid or of any person or party; and this Act stall be deemed a Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

Know all men by these presents that I. (insert the name of the wife also, if she is to release her down, w for any other reason to join in the conveyance,) do hereby in consideration of paid to me (or as the case may be by the Lake Huron, Ottawa and Quebec Junction Railway Company, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, grant, bargain, sell, convey and confirm unto the said Lake Hum, Ottawa and Quebec Junction Railway Company, their successions sors and assigns for ever, all that certain parcel or tract of had situate (describe the land)—the same having been selected and laid out by the said Company for the purpose of their Railway; to have and to hold the said land and premises, together with every thing appertaining thereto to the said Lake Huron, Ottawa and Quebec Junction Railway Company, their success sors and assigns for ever, (if there be dower to be released, add and I, (name the wife) hereby release my dower in the premises.

Witness my (or our) hand (or hands) and seal (or seals) , one thousand eight hundred this day of and

> A. B. [L. S.] C. D. [L. 8.]

Signed, sealed and delivered in) the presence of O. K.

CAP. CXIII.

An Act to amend and extend the Charter of the Amherstburgh and St. Thomas Railway Company.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS the Amherstburgh and St. Thomas Railway Company have prayed for amendments to their Acid Incorporation, and it is expedient to grant their prayer *Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and conses of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts # follows:

First general 18 V. c. 182, when to be

I. Notwithstanding any thing in the seventh section of the meeting under Act passed in the eighteenth year of the Her Majesty's Reign and intituled, An Act to incorporate the Amherstburgh and S. Thomas Railway Company, as soon as two hundred and fir thousand

housand pounds of the Capital Stock of the said Company hall have been subscribed, and ten per cent. paid thereon, in he manner required by the said Act, a general meeting of he Shareholders shall be held at the Town of Amherstburgh or St. Thomas, or at some intermediate place, for the purpose of The said Act lecting Directors and putting the said Act into effect, as if amended in he said sum had been that fixed by the said section, instead of the sum of five hundred thousand pounds.

856.

II. And whereas it may be necessary for the said Company Company may o possess gravel pits, and lands containing deposits of gravel, hold land for is well as lands for stations and other purposes, at convenient gravel pits, places along their line of Railway, for constructing and keeping in repair, and for carrying on the business of the said Railway, and as such gravel pits or deposits cannot at all times be procured, without purchasing the whole lot of land whereon such deposits may be found; it is therefore enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby authorized, from time to time, to purchase, have, hold, take, receive, use and enjoy, along the line of the said Railway or separated therefrom, and if separated therefrom, then with the necessary right of way thereto, any lands, tenements and hereditaments which it shall please Her Majesty, or any person or persons, or bodies corporate, to give, grant, sell or convey unto, and to the use of, or in trust for, the said Company their successors and assigns; and it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to establish stations or workshops on any of such lots or blocks of land, and from time to time, by deed of bargain and sale or otherwise, to grant, bargain, sell or convey any portion of such lands not necessary to be retained for the purposes of the said Company.

III. The said Company are hereby empowered to unite with Companymay any other Railway Company, whose Railway intersects that of unite with any the said Company, or touches a place which their road also other, under the said Company, or touches a place which their road also 16 V. cc. 39 & touches, and to such Union the provisions of the Acts passed 76. in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered respectively thirty-nine and seventy-six, shall extend and apply.

IV. The Railway and works of the said Company shall be Period for commenced within three years and completed within six years commencing and complete after the passing of this Act; any thing in the Act hereby ing the Railamended to the contrary notwithstanding.

V. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. CXIV.

An Act to incorporate the Queenston and St Catharines Railway Company.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS certain persons have petitioned that an Act may be passed authorizing the construction of a Railway from Queenston in the County of Lincoln to or near to St. Catharines in the same County, so as to form a Railway connection between the said places as near as may be; And whereas a Railway so constructed would tend to the improvement of the section of country through which it would pass: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Certain perated.

I. Joseph P. Boomer, Richard Woodruff, Senior, Joseph sons incorpor- Wynn, Peter B. Clement, Thomas Merritt, Calvin S. Phelps, W. H. Merritt, Junior, William A. Chisholm, James C. Woodruff, J. C. Rykert, William Woodruff, Job Chubbuck, and Adam Brown, Esquires, together with such other person or persons, Corporations and Municipalities as shall, under the provisions of this Act, become shareholders in the Company hereby incorporated, shall be and are hereby ordained, coasttuted and declared to be a body corporate and politic, by and under the name of the "Queenston and Saint Catharines Railway Company."

Corporate name.

Certain incorporated

II The several clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act with respect to the first, second, third and fourth clauses & 15 V. c. 51, thereof, and also the several clauses of the said last mentioned with this Act. Act with respect to "Interpretation," "Incorporation." "Powers," "Plans and Surveys," "Lands and their valuation," "Highways and Bridges," "Fences," "Tolls," "General Meetings," "Directors, their election and duties," "Shares and their transfer," "Municipalities," "Shareholders," "Actions for indemnity and fines and penalties and their prosecution," "Working of the Railway," and "General Provisions," shall be incorporated with this Act, and shall accordingly apply to the said Company and the said Railway, except only in so lar as they may be inconsistent with the express enactments hereof: and the expression "this Act" when used herein, shall be understood to include the provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act which are incorporated with this Act 83 aforesaid.

Line of Railway defined.

III. The said Company and their servants and agents shall have full power under this Act to lay out, construct and complete a Railway connection between Queenston in the County of Lincoln and St. Catharines in the same County, with full

power

ower to pass over any portion of the intermediate country, to tersect and unite with the Great Western or any other Railay at or near St. Catharines, in the manner provided in the nth section of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act.

IV. Deeds and Conveyances under this Act for the lands to Form of Deeds conveyed to the said Company for the purposes of this Act, to the Company and mode all and may, as far as the title to the said lands or circum-ny and mode of registering ances of the parties making such conveyance will admit, be them. ade in the form given in the Schedule to this Act marked A., ad all Registrars are hereby required to register in their Reistry Books such deeds on the production thereof and proof of xecution, without any memorial, and to minute every such atry on the deed; the said Company are to pay the Registrar Fee to Regisor so doing the sum of two shillings and six pence, and no more. trar.

V. From and after the passing of this Act the said Joseph P. Provisional loomer, Richard Woodruff, Joseph Wynn, Peter B. Clement, Directors. homas Merritt, Calvin S.-Phelps, James C. Woodruff, J. C. lyken, William Woodruff and Adam Brown, Esquires, shall e Provisional Directors of the said Company for carrying into ffect the object and purposes of this Act.

VI. It shall and may be lawful for the Provisional Directors vacancies or the time being of the said Company or a majority of them, among them supply the place or places of any of their number from time how filled. o time dying or declining to act as such Provisional Director r Directors, out of the several subscribers for stock in their aid Railway to the amount of at least two hundred and fifty ounds provincial currency each, during the period of their ontinuance in office; and such Provisional Directors, except Their powers s hereinafter is excepted, shall be and they are hereby invest- and duties. d with all the powers, rights, privileges and indemnities, and bey shall be and are hereby made subject unto the like restricons, as the elected Directors of the said Company, upon their eing elected by the stockholders of the said Company as ereinafter provided, would under the provisions of the Railay Clauses Consolidation Act and of this Act, become investd with or subject unto respectively.

VII. When and so soon as shares to an amount equivalent to First general thy thousand pounds provincial currency in the capital stock meeting of the said Company shall be taken, and ten pounds per centum creon shall have been paid into some of the chartered Banks this Province, it shall and may be lawful for the Provisional rectors of the said Company for the time being, to call a beting at the Town of Queenston or St. Catharines, of the subnibers for stock in the said Company, and who have paid ten centum thereon as aforesaid, for the purpose of electing rectors of the said Company; Provided always, that if the Provise. Provisional Directors shall neglect or omit to call such beting, then the same may be called by any five of the holders

of shares in the said Company holding among them not less

Proviso. Notice.

Election of Directors.

By-laws.

Proviso.

than an amount equivalent to four thousand pounds provincial currency; And provided always, that in either case public notice of the time and place of holding such meeting shall be given during one month in some one newspaper published in the Town of St. Catharines; and at such General Meeting the shareholders assembled, with such proxies as shall be present shall choose seven persons to be Directors of the said Company, being each a proprietor of shares in the said Company to an amount of not less than two hundred and fifty pounds provincial currency, and shall also proceed to pass such rules, regalations and By-laws as shall seem to them fit, provided they be not inconsistent with this Act; Provided also that such a per cent shall not be withdrawn from such Bank or otherwise applied, except for the purposes of such Railway or upon the dissolution of the Company, from any cause whatsoever.

Term of office

Annual general meeting.

of Directors.

Special general meetings and powers thereof.

VIII. The Directors so elected or those appointed in their stead in case of vacancy, shall remain in office until the has Wednesday in June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-right; and on the said first Wednesday in June and on the first Wednesday in June in each year thereafter, or such other day as shall be appointed by any By-law, an Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders shall be held at the office of the Company for the time being, to choose eleven Directors in the room of those whose period of office shall have expired, and generally w transact the business of the Company; but if at any time it should appear to any ten or more of such Shareholders holding together two hundred and fifty shares at least, that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders is necessary to be held, it shall be lawful for such ten or more of them to cause fifteen days' notice at least to be given thereof, in such newspapers as are hereinbefore provided, or in such manner as the Company shall by any By-law direct or appoint, specifying in such notice the time and place and the reason and intention of such Special Meeting respectively; and the shareholders are hereby authorized to meet pursuant to such notice and proceed to the execution of the powers by this Act given to them, with respect to the milter so specified only: and all such acts of the shareholders of the majority of them at such Special Meetings assembled, [SCG majority not having either as principals or proxies less tiss two hundred and fifty shares,) shall be as valid to all inker! and purposes as if the same were done at Annual Meetings

Capital how to be raised.

IX. For the purpose of making, constructing and maintain £100,000, and the Railway and other works necessary for the proper use and enjoyment of the Railway by this Act authorized to be construct ed, it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Company for the time being, to raise in such manner by lot. subscription of Stock, issuing of shares or otherwise, as to the Directors of the said Company, for the time being, shall from time to time seem fit, the sum of one hundred thousand

pound

1856.

pounds Provincial currency, such shares to be issued in sums of twenty-five pounds Provincial currency each: Provided al- Proviso for ways, that the said capital sum may from time to time, if increase of necessary, be increased in the manner provided for by those Capital. clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act, which in and by the second section of this Act are expressed to be incorporated with this Act.

X. It shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Directors to Company for the time being, to make, execute and deliver all issue shares, such scrip and share certificates, and all such bonds, deben- scrip, &c. tures, mortgages, or other securities, as to the said Directors for the time being shall from time to time seem most expedient for raising the necessary capital for the time being authorized to be raised by the said Company, or for raising any part thereof.

XI. Every proprietor of shares in the said Company shall be One vote for entitled on every occasion when the votes of the members of each share. the said Queenston and St. Catharines Railway Company are to be given, to one vote for every share of twenty-five pounds currency held by him.

XII. All bonds, debentures and other securities to be execu- Debentures. ted by the said Railway Company may be payable to bearer, &c., may be and all such bonds, debentures or other securities of the said payable to bearer. Company, and all dividends and interest warrants thereon respectively, which shall purport to be payable to bearer, shall be assignable at law by delivery, and may be sued on and enforced by the respective bearers and owners thereof for the time being

XIII. Any meeting of the Directors of the said Company, at Quorum of which not less than five of such Directors shall be present, shall Directors. be competent to exercise and use all and every of the powers hereby vested in the said Directors.

XIV. Calls may be made by the Directors of the said Com-Calls how pany for the time being; Provided that no call to be made upon made, and the subscribers for stock in the said Railway Company, shall amount at one time, &c. exceed the sum of ten pounds per centum upon the amount subscribed for by the respective shareholders in the said Company, and that the amount of any such calls in any one year shall not exceed fifty pounds per centum upon the stock so subscribed; Provided also, that upon the occasion of any person or Corpora- Proviso: ten tion becoming a subscriber for stock in the said Company, it per cent may shall and may be lawful for the Provisional and other Directors on subscribof the said Company, for the time being, to demand and receive ing. to and for the use of the said Company, the sum of ten pounds per centum upon the amount so by such person or Corporation respectively subscribed, and the amount of such calls as shall have already been made payable in respect of the stock then already subscribed, at the time of such person or Corporation respectively subscribing for stock.

XV.

Company may purchase lots of land for gravel pits, stations, &c.

XV. And whereas it may be necessary for the said Company to possess gravel pits and lands containing deposits of gravel, as well as lands for stations and other purposes at convenient places along their line of Railway, for constructing and keeping in repair and for carrying on the business of the said Railway, and as such gravel pits or deposits cannot at all times be proeured without buying the whole lot of land whereon such deposits may be found; It is therefore enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby authorized, from time to time to purchase, have, hold, take, receive. use and enjoy, along the line of the said Railway or separated therefrom, and if separated therefrom, then with the necessity sary right of way thereto, any lands, tenements and here ditaments which it shall please Her Majesty or any person or persons, or bodies politic, to give, grant, sell or convey unto, and to the use of or in trust for the said Company. their successors and assigns, and it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to establish stations or workshops on any of such lots or blocks of land, and from time to time by deed of bargain and sale or otherwise, to grant, bargain, sell or convey any portions of such lands not necessary to be retained for gravel pits, sidings, branches, wood yards, station-grounds or workshops, or for effectually repairing, maintaining and using to the greatest advantage, the said Railway and other works connected therewith.

May dispose of such lots of land as they shall not require.

XVI. The said Railway shall be commenced within two Commencement and com- years and completed within five years after the passing of this pletion of Act. Railway.

Public Act.

XVII. The Interpretation Act shall apply to this Act, and this Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

Know all men by these presents that I, (insert the name of the wife also, if she is to release her dower, or for any other reason to join in the conveyance,) do hereby in consideration of paid to me (or as the case may be) by the Queenston and St. Catharines Railway Company, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, grant, bargain, ell, convey and confirm unto the said Queenston and St. Catharines Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever, all that certain parcel or tract of land situate (describe the land) in same having been selected and laid out by the said Company for the purpose of their Railway; to have and to hold the said land and premises together with every thing appertaining thereto to the said Queenston and St. Catharines Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever, (if there be dower to be released, add) and I, (name the wife) hereby release my dower in the premises.

19-20 Vict.

Witness my hand (or our hands) and seal (or seals) this , one thousand eight hundred and day of

A. B. [L. S.] C. D. [L. S.]

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of O. K.

CAP. CXV.

An Act to incorporate the Waterloo and Saugeen Railway Company.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS certain persons in the City of Hamilton have Preamble. petitioned, that an Act may be passed authorizing the construction of a Railway from the Town of Berlin, in the County of Waterloo, to the waters of Lake Huron, at or near on Elgin, in the County of Bruce, so as to form a Railway connection between the said places; And whereas a Railway constructed would tend to the improvement of the section of country through which it would pass: Therefore, Her Majesty, y and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Jasper T. Gilkison, Adam Brown, William P. MacLaren, Certain per-Samuel B. Freeman, of the City of Hamilton, Esquires, John sons incorpor-Hoffman, Isaac Weaver, and Hartman Schnair, of the Village of Waterloo, Esquires, Henry Snider, Peter N. Tagge, harles Hendry, John Moyer, Peter Winger, and Edward ristow, of the Township of Woolwich, Esquires, Michael P. Impey, John Hawk, J. Ament, W. Ballard, John Zoeger, Wilam Hastings, Peter Smith, and Alexander Buchanan, of the Township of Wellesley, Esquires, Peter N. Tagge, Isaac Clements, Samuel Shants, Samuel B. Bowman, and Jonathan B. fowman, of the Township of Waterloo, Esquires, David S. hoemaker, John Scott, George Davidson, John A. Mackie, cob Hoffman, John Klein, Abram Tyson, Enoch Zeigler, avid S. Bowlby, and Charles Stanton, of the Town of Berlin, equires, Abraham A. Erb, Jacob Hespeler, and Otto Klotz, of le Village of Preston, Esquires, William Osborne and Emilius ving, of the Town of Galt, Esquires, together with such other emon or persons, Corporations and Municipalities as shall, oder the provisions of this Act, become Shareholders in the ompany hereby incorporated, shall be and are hereby or ained, constituted and declared to be a body corporate and olitic, by and under the name of the "Waterloo and Saugeen Corporate hailway Company."

II. The several clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Certain Act, with respect to the first, second, third and fourth clauses clauses of 14 thereof, and also the several clauses of the said last mentioned Act & 15 V. c. 51,

incorporated

Cap. 115.

with respect to "Interpretation," "Incorporation," "Powers," with this Act. "Plans and Surveys," "Lands and their valuation," "Highways and Bridges," "Fences," "Tolls," "General Meetings," "Directors, their Election and Duties," "Shares and their transfer," "Municipalities," "Shareholders," "Actions for indemnity, and fines and penalties and their prosecution," "Working of the Railway," and "General Provisions," shall be incorporated with this Act, and shall accordingly apply to the said Company and the said Railway, except only in so far as may be inconsistent with the express enactments hereof; and the expression "this Act" when used herein, shall be understood to include the provisions of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act which are incorporated with this Act as aforesaid.

Line of Railway defined.

III. The said Company and their servants and agents shall have full power under this Act to lay out, construct and complete a Railway connection between Berlin, in the County of Waterloo, by way of Waterloo Village, and the waters of Lake Huron at or near Port Elgin, in the County of Bruce, to intersect and unite with the Grand Trunk Railway at Berlin, as provided by the ninth section of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act, and to construct a Fork or Branch to Owen Sound from any point north of Durham.

of registering

them.

Branch to Owen Sound.

IV. Deeds and conveyances under this Act for the lands to to the Compa- be conveyed to the said Company for the purposes of this Act, my and mode shall and may as for an electrical state. shall and may, as far as the title to the said lands or circumstances of the parties making such conveyance will admit, be made in the form given in the Schedule to this Act marked A; and all Registrars are hereby required to register in their Registry Books such deeds on the production thereof and proof of execution, without any memorial, and to minute every such entry on the Deed; the said Company are to pay the Registrar for so doing the sum of two shillings and six pence, and no more.

Provisional Directors.

V. From and after the passing of this Act the said William P. MacLaren, Samuel B. Freeman and James Cummings, John Ferrie, Charles A. Sadlier, John Brown, Jasper T. Gilkison, Jacob Hespeler, William Clarke, John Hoffman, Henry Snider, David S. Shoemaker, Michael P. Empey, Peter N. Tagge, John F. Moore, Nehemiah Ford and Charles Hendry, Esquires, shall be the Provisional Directors of the said Company for carrying into effect the object and purposes of this Act

Vacancies among them how filled.

VI. It shall and may be lawful for the Provisional Directors for the time being of the said Company, or a majority of them. to supply the place or places of any of their number from time to time dying or declining to act as such Provisional Director or Directors, out of the several subscribers for stock in their said Railway to the amount of at least two hundred and fifty pounds provincial

rovincial currency each, during the period of their continuance Their powers a office; and such Provisional Directors, except as hereinafter and duties. excepted, shall be and they are hereby invested with all the owers, rights, privileges and indemnities, and they shall be nd they are hereby made subject unto the like restrictions, as he elected Directors of the said Company, upon their being lected by the Stockholders of the said Company as hereinafter rovided, would under the provisions of the Railway Clauses consolidation Act and of this Act, become invested with or ubject unto respectively.

VII. When and so soon as shares to an amount equivalent First general o one hundred thousand pounds provincial currency, in the meeting of apital stock of the said Company shall be taken, and ten Stockholders. ounds per centum thereon shall have been paid into some one of the Chartered Banks of this Province, it shall and may be lawful for the Provisional Directors of the said Company for the time being, to call a meeting at the Town of Berlin of the subscribers for stock in the said Company, and who have paid ten per centum thereon as aforesaid, or the purpose of electing Directors of the said Com-nany; Provided always, that if the said Provisional Direc-Proviso: ors shall neglect or omit to call such meeting, then the Failure of ame may be called by any ten of the holders of shares in the meeting. aid Company holding among them not less than an amount equivalent to five thousand pounds provincial currency; And Proviso. provided always, that in either case public notice of the time Notice. and place of holding such meeting shall be given during one nonth, in some one newspaper published in the Town of Berlin, and also in some one newspaper published in each of the counties through which the said Railway shall pass or be intended to pass, or in such of the said counties as shall have a newspaper published therein respectively; and at such Election of General Meeting the Shareholders assembled, with such proxies Directors. as shall be present, shall choose eleven persons to be Directors of the said Company, being each a proprietor of shares in the said Company to an amount of not less than two hundred and fifty pounds provincial currency, and shall also proceed to pass Making Bysuch Rules, Regulations and By-laws, as shall seem to them laws. ht, provided they be not inconsistent with this Act: And pro- Proviso. vided also, that such ten per cent. shall not be withdrawn from such Bank, or otherwise applied except for the purposes of such Railway, or upon the dissolution of the Company from any cause whatsoever.

VIII. The Directors so elected or those appointed in their Term of office stead in case of vacancy, shall remain in office until the first of Directors. Wednesday in June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and on the said first Wednesday in June and on the first Wednesday in June in each year thereafter, or such other day as shall be appointed by any By-law, an Annual General Annual gene-Meeting of the Shareholders shall be held at the office of the ral meeting.

Company

Special general meetings and powers thereof.

Company for the time being, to choose eleven Directors in the room of those whose period of office shall have expired, and generally to transact the business of the Company; but if at any time it should appear to any ten or more of such Shareholders holding together one thousand shares, at least, that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders is necessary to be held, it shall be lawful for such ten or more of them to cause fifteen days' notice at least to be given thereof in such newspapers as are hereinbefore provided, or in such manner as the Company shall by any By-law direct or appoint, specifying in such notice the time and place and the reason and intention of such Special Meeting respectively; and the shareholders are hereby authorized to meet pursuant to such notice and proceed to the execution of the powers by this Act given to them, with respect to the matters so specified only; and all such acts of the shareholders, or the majority of them, at such Special Meetings assembled, (such majority not having either as principals or proxies less than one thousand shares,) shall be as valid to all intents and purposes as if the same were done at Annual Meetings.

how to be raised.

IX. For the purpose of making, constructing and maintain-Capital IA. For the purpose of making, constituting 2750,000, and ing the Railway and other works necessary for the proper use and enjoyment of the Railway by this Act authorized to be constructed, it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Company for the time being, to raise in such manner by loan, subscription of stock, issuing of shares or otherwise as to the Directors of the said Company for the time being shall from time to time seem fit, the sum of seven hundred and fifty thousand pounds provincial currency, such shares to be issued in sums of five pounds provincial currency each; Provided always, that the said capital sum may from time to time, if necessary, be increased in the manner provided for by those clauses of the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act, which in and by the second section of this Act are expressed to be incorporated with this Act.

Proviso for increase of Capital,

Directors to issue shares, scrip, &c.

X. It shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Company for the time being, to make, execute and deliveral such scrip and share certificates, and all such bonds, debentures mortgages or other securities, as to the said Directors for the time being shall from time to time seem most expedient, for raising the necessary capital for the time being authorized to be raised by the said Company, or for raising any part thereof.

One vote for each share.

XI. Every proprietor of shares in the said Company shall be entitled, on every occasion when the votes of the members of the said Waterloo and Saugeen Railway Company are to be given, to one vote for every share of five pounds currency held by him

XII. All bonds, debentures and other securities to be Debentures. executed by the said Railway Company may be payable to &c., may be earer, and all such bonds, debentures or other securities of payable to bearer. he said Company, and all dividends and interest warrants hereon respectively, which shall purport to be payable to earer, shall be assignable at law by delivery, and may be med on and enforced by the respective bearers and owners hereof for the time being, in their own names.

XIII. Any meeting of the Directors of the said Company, at Quorum of which not less than five of such Directors shall be present, Directors. shall be competent to exercise and use all and every of the powers hereby vested in the said Directors.

XIV. Calls may be made by the Directors of the said Com- Calls how pany for the time being: Provided that no call to be made made, and upon the subscribers for stock in the said Railway Company, amount at one shall exceed the sum of ten pounds per centum upon the amount subscribed for by the respective Shareholders in the said Company, and that the amount of any such calls in any one year shall not exceed fifty pounds per centum upon the stock so subscribed: Provided also, that upon the occasion of Proviso; ten any person or Corporation becoming a subscriber for stock in per cent may the said Company, it shall and may be lawful for the Provisional on subscriband other Directors of the said Company, for the time being, to ing. demand and receive to and for the use of the said Company, the sum of ten pounds per centum upon the amount so, by such person or Corporation respectively, subscribed, and the amount of such calls as shall have already been made payable in respect of the stock then already subscribed, at the time of such person or Corporation respectively subscribing for stock.

XV. And whereas it may be necessary for the said Com- May purchase pany to possess gravel pits and lands containing deposits of lots of land for gravel, as well as lands for stations and other purposes, at con- stations, &c. venient places along their line of Railway, for constructing and keeping in repair and for carrying on the business of the said Railway; And as such gravel pits or deposits cannot at all times be procured without buying the whole lot of land whereon such deposits may be found: It is therefore enacted, that it shall be lawful for the said Company, and they are hereby authorized, from time to time, to purchase, have, hold, take, receive, use and enjoy along the line of the said Railway or separated therefrom, and if separated therefrom, then with the necessary right of way thereto, any lands, tenements and hereditaments which it shall please Her Majesty or any person or persons, or bodies politic, to give, grant, sell or convey unto, and to the use of or in trust for the said Company, their successors and assigns, and it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to establish stations or workshops on any of such lots or blocks of land, and from time to time, by deed of May dispose bargain and sale or otherwise, to grant, bargain, sell or convey land as they

Cap. 115, 116. Waterloo, &c. Railway Co. Incorp. 19-20 Vict.

shall not require.

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any portions of such lands not necessary to be retained for gravel pits, sidings, branches, wood-yards, station grounds or work-shops, or for effectually repairing, maintaining and using to the greatest advantage the said Railway and other works connected therewith.

Commencement and completion of . Railway.

XVI. The said Railway shall be commenced within three years and completed within ten years after the passing of this Act.

Public Act. XVII. The Interpretation Act shall apply to this Act, and this Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

Know all men by these presents that I, (insert the name of the wife also, if she is to release her down, or for any other reason to join in the conveyance,) do hereby in consideration of paid to me (or as the case may be,) by the Waterloo and Saugeen Railway Company, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, grant, bargain, sell, convey and confirm unto the said Waterloo and Saugeen Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever, all that certain parcel or tract of land situate (describe the land)—the same having been selected and laid out by the said Company for the purpose of their Railway; to have and to hold the said land and premises together with every thing appertaining thereto, to the said Waterloo and Saugeen Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever, (if there be dower to be released, add) and I, (name the wife) hereby release my dower in the premises.

Witness my (or our) hand (or hands) and seal (or seals) this day of , one thousand eight hundred and

A. B. [L. S.] C. D. [L. S.]

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of

. O. K.

CAP. CXVI.

An Act to render operative the Carillon and Grenville section of the Montreal and Bytown Railway.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS the Montreal and Bytown Railway Company have already constructed a portion of the said Railway consisting of about twelve and a half miles from Carillon to Graville, which has been ready for use during the last two years; And

and whereas the Company, in consequence of financial difficulies, have been unable to complete the said road, and have een prevented from working the portion of the same already completed, by the proprietors of the lands through which the aid road passes not having been indemnified for the same; And rhereas it would be advantageous to that portion of the Counry, and to the creditors of the said Company, that the said porion of the road should be put in operation: Therefore, Her lajesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. It shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Company Directors may o transfer, within one year from the passing of this Act, the transfer the said portion of the said Railway from Carillon to Grenville, said portion to the Wardens with the rolling-stock, to the Wardens for the time being, of of Ottawa and the Municipalities of the Counties of Ottawa and Argenteuil, Argenteuil, in trust, for the purpose of working the said road for the benefit of the creditors of the said Company; and the said Wardens shall have all the rights, privileges and powers of the said Company, for the purposes of purchasing lands and of working and managing that portion of the said Railway.

II. The transfer of the said section of the Road shall not be Wardens not accepted by the Wardens of the said Municipalities, without to accept withthe consent of the Members of the Councils, expressed by a Re-out the consent of their Councils, expressed by a Re-out the Councils, expre solution to be passed at a Special Meeting called for that purcils. ose after fifteen days' notice.

III. It shall be in the power of the said Wardens, by and Wardens, with with the consent of the Municipal Councils of the said Coun-consent of ies of Ottawa and Argenteuil, to borrow a sum not exceeding Councils may borrow £6000 six thousand pounds Sterling, for the purpose of paying and for the purindemnifying the proprietors of the lands through which the poses of this said portion of the road runs, and also to pay the claims of the Act. workmen who have been employed on the said Road, and to make the necessary repairs to put the same in working order, on the security of the said portion of the road and to be a irst mortgage on the same.

IV. It shall be the duty of the said Wardens to apply the pro- How the proseeds of the said road,—first, to the payment of the running exceeds of the Railway shall be seeds; secondly, to the payment of the interest on the said sum be applied by six thousand pounds sterling, or any portion thereof which the Wardens. nay have been borrowed by the said Wardens for the purposes sforesaid; thirdly, for creating a sinking fund of two per cent per unnum on the sum so borrowed, for the purpose of paying the ame; - and the balance of said proceeds, if any, shall be by them Balance to be leposited in some chartered Bank in the City of Montreal, to be ap-deposited for lied to the payment of the claims of the creditors against the said the creditors. company, in proportion to their respective claims and according o the priority or preference of such claims.

19-20 Vict.

Company may resume the said portion £6,000, and interest is paid

V. The said Montreal and Bytown Railway Company shall have a right to assume the said Section, on repayment of the when the said said six thousand pounds sterling, or such portion thereof as shall have been borrowed for the purposes aforesaid and all mpaid interest accrued thereon, with other necessary charges, and the powers of which they are hereby divested, shall then be again vested in the said Company, and the functions of the parties in whom they are hereby vested shall cease; and whenever the said six thousand pounds sterling, and all interest thereon, and other charges authorized to be paid under this Act, shall be paid off, then the said Railway and powers shall revert to and be reinvested in the said Company.

Creditors' rights of Company saved.

VI. Nothing in this Act shall be interpreted to divest any of the creditors of the said Company of any claim or right they might have or exercise before the passing of this Act.

Publie Act.

VII. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. CXVII.

An Act to incorporate the Kingston and Newburgh Railway Company.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS Overton Smith Gildersleeve, John Watkins, William Wilson, David Shaw, John R. Dickson, John R. Forsyth, James Harty, Archibald J. McDonell, Alexander Campbell, Thomas Kirkpatrick, George Davidson, and Horatio Yates, of the City of Kingston, Esquires, and others, have pertioned the Legislature to incorporate a Company to construct 2 Railway from the City of Kingston through Clark's Mills to Newburgh, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petitioners: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada. enacts as follows:

Incorporation of Company.

I. The above named persons, together with such persons, corporations, municipalities and companies, as well foreign as provincial, as shall under the provisions of this Act become Shareholders in the Company hereinafter mentioned, shall be and are hereby ordained, constituted and declared to be a body corporate and politic in fact by and under the name and style of the "Kingston and Newburgh Railway Company."

Corporate name.

Certain

II. The several clauses of "The Railway Clauses Consolclauses of 14 dation Act" with respect to the mist, second, and also, the several clauses of the said Act incorporated clauses thereof, and also, the several clauses of the said Act incorporated." "incorporation." "power, with this Act. with respect to "interpretation," "incorporation," "powers, "plans and surveys," "lands and their valuation," "highways and bridges," "fences," "tolls," "general meetings," "Directions," tors, their election and duties," "shares and their transfer." " municipalities

"municipalities," "shareholders," "actions for indemnity, and fines and penalties and their prosecution," "working of the Railway," and "general provisions," shall be incorporated with this Act, and shall be included by the expression "this Act," whenever used therein.

III. The said Company and their servants or agents, shall Line of Railhave full power under this Act, to lay out, construct, make and way defined. finish a double or single iron Railway or Road at their own cost and charges, on and over any part of the country lying between the City of Kingston and Newburgh, through Clark's Mills.

IV. Deeds and conveyances under this Act, for lands to be Form of Deeds conveyed to the said Company for the purposes of this Act, to the Comshall and may as far as the title to the said lands or the circum-pany. stances of the parties making such conveyances will admit, be made in the form given in the Schedule to this Act, marked A; and all Registrars are hereby required to enter in their Registry Registration. Books such deeds, on the production thereof and proof of execution, without any memorial, and to minute every such entry on the deed; and the said Company are to pay to the said Fee. Registrar for so doing, the sum of two shillings and six pence, and no more.

V. The Capital Stock of the said Company shall not exceed Capital of in the whole the sum of three hundred thousand pounds cur- Company. rency, to be divided into twenty thousand shares of twenty-five pounds each, which amount shall be raised by the persons or parties above named, or some of them, together with such other persons and Corporations as may become subscribers towards such Stock; and the said money so raised shall be applied in How to be the first place towards the payment and discharge of all fees, applied. expenses and disbursements for procuring the passing of this Act, and for making the surveys, plans and estimates of the said Railway and connected therewith.

VI. Within three months after this Act shall be passed, a First general General Meeting of the Shareholders shall be held at the City meeting. of Kingston, for the purpose of putting this Act into effect, which Meeting shall be called by any five of the persons named in this Act, ten days' public notice thereof being given by being Notice. published in any one of the newspapers of the City of Kingston; at which said General Meeting, the Shareholders present having paid five per cent. on their Stock subscribed, shall, either in person or by proxy, choose nine Directors in the manner and Election of qualified as hereinafter mentioned, who, together with the ex Directors. officio Directors, as provided by the Railway Clauses Consolidation Act, shall hold office until the first Annual General Meeting for the election of Directors, and until others are elected Term of office. in their stead: Provided always, that such Meeting shall not be Proviso. called until at least ten per cent. upon the entire capital of the

Company

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Proviso.

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Company shall have been paid in to some one of the Charterel Banks of this Province; And provided also, that such ten per cent. shall not be withdrawn from such Bank, or otherwise applied, except for the purposes of such Railway, or upon the dissolution of the Company from any cause whatsoever.

Annual general meeting.

VII. On the second Monday in June in each year, at the

Notice.

chosen by the Shareholders nine Directors in the manner hereinafter directed; and public notice of such annual election shall be published one month before the day of election, in any two newspapers published in the City of Kingston; and all elections for Directors shall be by ballot, and the persons who shall have

City of Kingston, at the office of the Company, there shall be

Ties.

Ballot.

the greatest number of votes at any election shall be Directors: and if it shall happen that two or more shall have an equal number of votes, the Shareholders shall determine the election

Vacancies. how filled. by another or other votes until a choice is made; and it: vacancy shall at any time happen among the Directors, by death, resignation, or removal from the Province, such vacance shall be filled for the remainder of the year by a majority of the

Board of Directors. Directors; and the said nine Directors, with the said ex office Directors, shall form the Board of Directors.

Quorum.

VIII. The number of Directors who shall form a quorum for the transaction of business may be regulated by the By-laws of the Company, and until such By-laws shall be passed, 2 majority of the Directors shall form such quorum; Provided Paid Director. that the Directors may employ one of their number as a paid Director.

Qualification of Directors.

IX. The persons qualified to be elected Directors of the said Company, under this Act, shall be every Shareholder holding stock to the amount of two hundred and fifty pounds, who shall have paid up all calls on such Stock.

Calls limited.

X. No call of money from the Shareholders shall exceed he per cent. on their shares.

One vote for each share.

XI. Each Shareholder in his own right shall be entitled to 1 number of votes equal to the number of shares which he shall have in his name two weeks prior to the time of voting.

Company may be a party to Bills of Exchange, &c.,

XII. The said Company shall have power to become parties to promissory notes and Bills of Exchange, for sums not less than twenty-five pounds; and any such promissory note made or endorsed, and any such Bill of Exchange drawn, accepted, or endorsed by the President or the Vice-President of the Company, and countersigned by the Secretary and Treasurer, and under the authority of a majority of a quorum of the Directors shall be binding upon the Company; and every such promisory note or bill of exchange made, drawn, accepted or endored by the President or Vice-President of the said Company, and countersigned

countersigned by the Secretary and Treasurer as such, shall be presumed to have been properly made, drawn, accepted or endorsed, as the case may be, for the Company, until the contrary be shown; and in no case shall it be necessary to have Seal not rethe seal of the Company affixed to any such bill of exchange quired. or promissory note, nor shall the President, Vice-President or the Secretary and Treasurer of the Company so making, drawing, accepting or endorsing any such promissory note or bill of exchange, be therefore subjected individually to any liability whatever; Provided always, that nothing in this section shall Proviso: be construed to authorize the said Company to issue any note Against Bank-payable to bearer, or any promissory note intended to be circuspayable to bearer, or any promissory note intended to be circulated as money or as the notes of a Bank.

XIII. The guage of the said Railway shall not be broader or Guage. narrower than five feet six inches.

XIV. The said Railway shall be commenced within two years, ment of Railand completed within five years from the passing of this Act. way.

XV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

Know all men by these presents, that I (insert the name of the wife also, if she is to release Her Dower, or for any other reason to join in the conveyance,) do hereby in consideration of paid to me by the Kingston and Newburgh Railway Company, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, grant, bargain, sell, convey and confirm unto the said Kingston and Newburgh Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever, all that certain parcel or tract of land situate (describe the land) the same having been selected and laid out by the said Company for the purposes of their Railway, to have and to hold the said land and premises, together with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereto to the said Kingston and Newburgh Railway Company, their successors and assigns for ever; (if there be Dower to be released, add) and I (name of wife) hereby release my Dower on the premises.

Witness my (or our) hand (or hands) and seal (or seals), this , one thousand eight hundred day of and

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of

A. B. [L. S.] (and if the wife join) C. B. [L. S.]

CAP. CXVIII.

An Act to incorporate the Toronto and Georgian Bay Canal Company.

Assented to 1st July, 1856.

19-20 VILT.

Preamble.

HEREAS Thomas Clarkson and others have petitioned to be incorporated for the purposes of this Act: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts 18 follows:

Certain persons incorporated.

I. Thomas Clarkson, James Sunson, John Fiskin, W. Rees, T. D. Harris, E. F. Whittemore, James John Hayes. Samuel Thompson, John Beverly Robinson, George A. Pyper, Duncan McDonnell, John Harrington, James Mitchell, Hugh Miller, W. McMaster, D. K. Feehan, R. B. Bernard, Thomas Steers, the Honorable John Hillyard Cameron, M. P. P., Angus Morrison, M. P. P., Joseph Hartman, M. P. P., John W. Gamble, M. P. P., M. P. Hayes, Charles Robertson, Thomas Shortis, Thomas Baines, Angus Maclonell, Allan McDonnell, or either of them, together with all such persons (subjects of Her Majesty or others,) as shall become Stockholders of the Company hereinaster mentioned, shall be and are hereby ordained, constituted and declared to be a body corporate and politic, in fact and by the name of the "Toronto and Georgian Bay Canal Company," and by that name they and their successors shall and may have continued succession; and by such name shall be capable of contracting and being contracted with, of suing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded. answering and being answered unto, in all Courts and places whatsoever, in all manner of actions, suits, complaints, matters and causes whatsoever; and they and their successors may and shall have a common seal, and may change and alter the same at their will and pleasure; and also, they and their successors by the same name of the Toronto and Georgian Bay Canal Company, shall be in law capable of purchasing and holding to them and their successors, any estate, real personal or mixed, to and for the use of the said Company, and of letting, selling, conveying or otherwise departing there with forther benefit and on the account of the said Company, from time to

Corporate name and powers.

May purchase and hold real estate.

time, as they shall deem expedient or necessary.

Directors may survey and hold line for Canal.

II. The Directors of the said Company shall have full power and authority to survey and explore the Country lying between the Georgian Bay of Lake Huron and Lake Ontario, and by designate and establish, and for the said Company to take, appropriate, have and hold, to and for the use of them and their successors, the line and boundaries of an intended Canal, and to build and erect the same with the necessary locks, tow paths branches, feeders, basons and railways to connect the water of Lake Huron with those of Lake Ontario, and also, to select

And purchase mills, warehouses, &c.

such sites for such warehouses and other erections, as may four use of be considered expedient by the said Directors, and to purchase Company. and dispose of the same to and for the use and profit of the said Company; Provided that nothing hereinbefore contained shall Proviso. be construed to extend to compel the owners of any mill seat which shall be in existence before the construction of the said Canal or any of its branches or feeders, to sell or convey the same to the said Company unless the same shall be in the line of the said Canal, or that the possession of the same shall be Proviso: as to necesssary to the construction of the said Canal or any of its persons using branches or feeders; Provided also, that the owner or owners by Canal, &c. of any mill seat or mill seats, using any additional supply of water brought thereto by the said Canal or its branches or feeders, shall pay a reasonable compensation therefor to the said Company, to be determined as hereinafter provided for determining any damage done to property by the said Company.

III. It shall and may be lawful for the said Company, and Certain powthey are hereby authorized and empowered, from and after the ers granted to passing of this Act, to supply the said Canal, whilst making and when made, with water from all such brooks, springs, streams, water-courses, lakes, hollows or repositories of water, as shall be found in making the said Canal, or within the distance of two thousand yards of the same or any part thereof, or any reservoir or reservoirs to be made for the supplying of the said Canal with water; and the said Company are hereby authorized and empowered to make all such reservoirs, and such and so many feeders, branches, aqueducts, tunnels and channels in connection with and for the use of the said Canal, as to them shall seem necessary and proper: and for the pur-Surveys. poses aforesaid, the said Company, their agents, servants and workmen, are hereby authorized and empowered to enter upon and into the lands and grounds of, or belonging to, the Queen's Majesty, Her Heirs or Successors, or to any other person or persons, bodies corporate or politic (except as hereinbefore mentioned,) and to survey and take lands of the same or any part thereof, and to set out and ascertain such parts as they shall think necessary and proper for the making of the said Canal and its appurtenances, and for the completion of the said water connection and navigation according to the trueintent and meaning of this Act, and all such other matters and conveniences as they shall think proper and necessary for making, preserving, improving, completing and using the said intended navigation, and also to bore, dig, trench, cut, remove, Works. take, carry away, and lay soil, clay, stone, rubbish, trees, roots and stumps of trees, beds of gravel or sand, or any other matter or thing which may be dug or got in the making of the said Canal, or in deepening or improving the navigation of any river or rivers, lake or lakes, in connection with, and forming part of the intended navigation, or out of any land of any person or persons adjoining or contiguous thereto, and which may be

proper or convenient for carrying on the repairing of the said

Wharves, &c.

Canal or other the said works, or which may hinder or obstruct the making, completing and using the same, and the same to lay in or upon the boundaries of the said Canal or the rivers and lakes forming portions of the said navigation, or in and upon the land of any person or persons adjoining thereto; And also to make, build, erect and set up in and upon the said Canal, and at the points of entrance to the same or any part thereof or of the said intended navigation, or upon the land adjoining or near the same, such and so many wharves, quays, piers, land ing places, bridges, tunnels, aqueducts, sluices, rivers, pens for water, tanks, reservoirs, drains, bridges and other ways, mads and works, as the said Company shall think requisite and comvenient for the purposes of the said navigation; and also, from time to time to alter, enlarge, amend and repair the said works or any of them, for conveying all manner of materials necessary for making, erecting, altering or repairing, widening or enlarging the said works or any part thereof, and also to place, lay, work and manufacture the said materials, and erect such work-shops, forges or other erections as they may deem necessary, upon the lands near to the said works; and to make, maintain, and alter any places or passages over, under or through the said Canal or any of its branches or connections, or other part of the said intended navigation; And also to make, purchase, set up and appoint such tow-boats, barges, vessels or rafts, for the use of the said navigation, as they shall see fit; also to erect and keep in repair any piers, arches or other works, in, upon and across any rivers, brooks or lakes, for making, using, maintaining and repairing the said Canal, and other the rivers and navigable waters forming part of the said intended navigation, and the towing-paths and other conveniences connected therewith; And also to construct, make and do all other works, matters and things whatsoever, which they shall think necessary and convenient for the making effecting, preserving, improving, completing and using the said Canal and the said intended navigation in pursuance of and within the true meaning of this Act, they, the said Company. doing as little damage as may be in the execution of the

Vessels.

Other things.

Lands, &c., may be conveyed to Company.

ments.

IV. After any land or ground shall be set out and ascertained to be necessary for the purposes of the said navigation or other purposes herein mentioned, it shall be lawful for all owners whether individuals or bodies corporate or politic, or trustees or lessees, or other party or parties holding any right, title, interest or claim to any of such lands, or grounds, to contract for, sell and convey to the said Company, all or any part of such land or ground which shall from time to time be set out and ances and con. ascertained as aforesaid; and all such contracts, agreements,

powers hereby granted, and making satisfaction, in manner hereinafter mentioned, for all damages to be sustained by the owners or occupiers of such lands, hereditaments and tene

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ales and conveyances shall be valid and effectual in law, tracts to be o all intents or purposes, notwithstanding any law, statute valid. r usage to the contrary, and the amount of the purchase mokeys to be paid for such lands or grounds respectively, shall be scertained by arbitration as hereinafter mentioned, unless in uch cases as the owner or owners may agree thereupon withut the intervention of any third party.

V. The Directors of the said Company may contract, com- Directors may ound, compromise, settle and agree with owners or occupiers contract for espectively, of any land through or upon which they may lands, &c. letermine to cut and construct the said Canal or other works ereby authorized, either for the purchase of so much of the and as they shall require for the purposes, uses or profit of the he Company, or for damages which he, she or they shall or nay be entitled to recover from the said Company, in consequence of any of the works hereby authorized being constructed n or upon his or their respective lands; and in case of any Arbitration in isagreement between the said Directors and the owner or case of dispute where, occupier or occupiers aforesaid, the amount of the as to sum to be paid. purchase moneys for the land and tenements purposed to be surchased, or the amount of damages to be paid to them as foresaid, shall be ascertained by arbitration in manner hereinfter mentioned.

VI. In each and every case where any dispute shall arise Arbitrators to etween the said Directors and any other person or persons be appointed thomsoever, touching any purchase, sale or damage, or the pute touching noney to be paid in respect thereof, and in each and every sale or purare where, under the provisions of this Act, any purchase, chase of lands. ale or damage, or the money to be paid in respect of the same re directed to be ascertained and determined by arbitration, he same shall be referred to, ascertained and determined by tree indifferent persons, one of whom shall be chosen by the wner or occupier of the land, or other person or persons inte- Arbitrators ested who shall disagree with said Directors in respect to the how to be ompensation or purchase money to be paid him, her or them chosen. espectively, pursuant to the provisions of this Act, one other the said arbitrators shall be chosen by the said Directors, nd the third shall be chosen by the two persons to be so amed as aforesaid, and such three persons shall be the rbit ators to award, determine, adjudge and order the resective sums of money which the said Company shall pay to respective persons entitled to receive the same, and the ward of such three persons, or any two of them, shall be final; nd the said arbitrators so appointed are hereby required to ttend at some convenient place on or near the line of the said anal, to be appointed by the said Directors, within eight ays after notice in writing shall be given them by the said irectors for that purpose, then and there to arbitrate, award nd determine such matters as shall be submitted to their conideration by the parties interested; and each of the said Arbitrators to

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arbitrators be sworn.

Proviso.

Proviso. Penalty for refusing to appoint Arbitrators.

Judge of County Court to appoint in such cases.

arbitrators shall be sworn before one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, any of whom may be required to attend the said meeting for that purpose, well and truly to assess the damages between the parties according to the best of his judgment: Provided that no arbitrator shall be compellable to attend such meeting who ordinarily resides more than fifty miles from the place of meeting: Provided also, that if the owner or owners, or other person or persons interested in any of the land required for carrying out the purposes of this Act, shall neglect or refuse to appoint an arbitrator, upon being notified to do so by the Directors aforesaid, by writing a letter to that effect, addressed to him, her or them, at his or their last, or then present residence, and by publication of sock notice for one month in one or more local newspapers of the County in which such land is situated, then and in that case, after the expiration of thirty days from the time of such notice being fully completed, the Judge of the County Court within which the lands are situate shall act as arbitrator for such party or parties so refusing or neglecting, and the said Judge shall, with the other two arbitrators, as hereinbefore provided, proceed to adjudge and determine the damages or purchase money, or other matter or thing submitted to their judgment. according to the provisions of this Act.

Company to take surveys and levels of lands through which Canal

posited with plan.

Copies may be obtained.

&c., to be evidence in Courts of law or elsewhere.

VII. For the purposes of this Act, the said Company shall and may by some sworn Land Surveyor in the Province, and by an Engineer by them to be appointed, cause to be taken and made, surveys and levels of the said lands through which is to pass, and the said intended Canal is to be carried, together with a map or plan there- or plan of such intended Canal and the course and direction thereof, and of the said lands through which the same is to pass and also a book of reference of the said canal, in which shall Book of refer- be set forth a description of the said several lands, and the ence to be de-names of the owners, occupiers and proprietors thereof, so is as the same can be ascertained, and in which shall be contained everything that is necessary for the right understanding of such map or plan, copies of which said map or plan and book of reference shall, on the completion of such survey, map and book of reference, be deposited by the said Company in the offices of the respective Clerks of the Peace for the seven Counties through which the said Canal or any part thereof shall pass, and also in the office of the Secretary of this Province: and all persons shall have liberty to resort to such copies so b be deposited as aforesaid, and to make extracts from or copethereof as occasion shall require, paying to the said Secretar. of this Province or to the said respective Clerks of the Peach at the rate of six pence current money of this Province, it Copies of plan every one hundred words; and the said copies of the said map or plan and book of reference so deposited, or a tree copy or copies thereof, certified by the Secretary of the Province, or by one of the said Clerks of the Peace for the said respective Counties, shall severally be, and they are hereby

declared

erson to be a Returning Officer for holding the first Municipal lection under this Act, and the person so appointed shall, in le discharge of his duties as such Returning Officer, be subject all the provisions of the Upper Canada Municipal Corporaons Acts applicable to first Elections in incorporated Villages; 'rovided always, that at the first Election to be held in the said Proviso : qua-'illage, the qualification of Electors and of Councillors shall be lification of electors at he same as in Townships.

VII. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. CXX.

An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts relating to the Commercial Bank of the Midland District, and to change its corporate name to the "Commercial Bank of Canada."

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS the corporation now called and known as Preamble. "The Commercial Bank of the Midland District," was created and constituted by and under the Act of the Former Acts Legislature of Upper Canada passed in the second year of the cited. Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, and intituled, An Act to incorporate certain persons under the style and Acts of U. C., title of the President, Directors and Company of the Com- 2 W. 4, c. 11.
mercial Bank of the Midland District, which said Act was amended by the Act of the said Legislature passed in the third year of the same Reign and chaptered forty-two, and the 3 W. 4, c. 42. Act thereof passed in the fifth year of the same Reign and s w. 4, c. 45. chaptered forty-five; And whereas the said Acts were again amended and the charter and privileges of the said Corporation were confirmed and extended by the Act of the Legislature of this Province passed in the sixth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to extend the charter of the Commercial Acts of Cana-Bank of the Midland District, and to increase its Capital da, 6 V. c. 26. Stock, which said Act hath since been amended and the pripleges of the said Corporation have been further extended by he Act of the said Legislature passed in the ninth year of Her 9 v. c. 87. Majesty's Reign and chaptered eighty-seven, and by that of the aid Legislature passed in the twelfth year of Her Majesty's 12 v. c. 170. Reign and chaptered one hundred and seventy, by which e corporate name of the said Bank was altered to "The commercial Bank of the Midland District," and the said Acts ere further amended and an increase of the Capital Stock of e said Corporation was authorized by the Act of the said egislature passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's 18 V. c. 42. eign, chaptered forty-two; And whereas the said Corporation ath by its Petition prayed, that the provisions of the said several cts may be consolidated with certain amendments and exnsions of the powers and privileges thereby conferred, and at the corporate name of the Bank may be altered as 29 * hereinafter

retain sunken vessels, &c.

boat or raft shall be sunk in any part of the said intended asvigation and the owners shall neglect or refuse to weigh and remove the same forthwith, the said Company may cause the same to be weighed and removed and retain the same until all charges necessarily incurred in so doing shall be paid or saisfied, and all such charges may be recovered in any count of competent jurisdiction from the owners or persons in charge of such vessel, boat or raft.

In case of acny may immediately enter upon

XI. In case of any accident requiring immediate repair on cident, compa- the said canal or any part of the said navigation, the said Company, their Agent or workmen, may enter upon the adjoining land (not being an orchard or garden) without any previous adjacent lands. treaty with the owners or occupiers thereof, and dig for, work get and carry away and use, all such gravel, stone, earth, clar or other materials as may be necessary for the repair of the accident aforesaid, doing as little damage as may be to sock land, and making compensation therefor within six months next after the same shall have been demanded, and in case of dispute or difference regarding the amount to be so paid, the same shall be decided by arbitration as hereinbefore provided

Ponds and basins for the lying up or turning of versels.

XII. The said Company may open, cut and erect such ponds and basins for the lying up and turning of vessels, boats or rafts, using the said Canal or navigation, and at such portions of the navigation as they shall deem expedient, and they may also build and erect such dry docks, slips and machinery connected therewith for the hauling out and repairing of vessels. as they shall think proper, and may let the same on such terms , as they shall deem expedient, or carry on the business of the same by their servants or agents as the said Company or the Directors thereof shall decide from time to time.

Works to be completed within 15 years. Penalty.

XIII. The said Company, in order to entitle themselves w the benefit and privileges conferred upon them by this Act shall commence the said work within three years, and they are hereby required to complete the said navigation within fifteen years from the passing hereof, that is to say, to open a channel of water communication from some point on the Georgian Bay of Lake Huron, to some point on Lake Ontario, so as w be navigable for vessels drawing ten feet water; otherwise, the Act and every thing herein contained shall be null and void w all intents and purposes.

Draught to be legibly marked on all vesaels.

XIV. Every vessel of whatsoever kind using the said care shall have her draught of water legibly marked in figures 11th less than six inches long, from one foot to her greatest draught. upon the stem and stern posts, and any wilful mistatemen' of such figures so as to mislead the officers of the canal as 13 any vessel's true draught, shall be punishable as a misdemer nor on the part of the owner and master of such vessel, and the said Directors may detain any such vessel upon which

incorrect

incorrect figures of draught shall be found, until the same are corrected at the expense of her owner.

XV. And for preventing disputes touching the tonnage of Vessels to be vessels navigating the said canal, every owner or master of guaged and every boat, barge, raft or vessel, navigating the said canal or marked. other part of the said navigation, shall permit the same to be guaged and measured, and for refusing to permit the same, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five pounds, and it shall be lawful for the person appointed for that purpose by the said Directors to guage and measure all vessels using the said navigation, and his decision shall be final in respect to the tolls to be paid thereon, and he may mark the tonnage or measurement on every vessel habitually using the said canal, and such measure so marked by him shall always be evidence respecting the tonnage in all questions respecting the tolls or dues to be paid to the said Company by virtue hereof.

XVI. The said Company may hold all such lands, heredita- Company may ments and tenements as may at any time be granted to them hold certain by Her Majesty the Queen, Her Heirs or Successors, in fur-real estate. therance of the objects contemplated by this Act, or by any person or persons, body or bodies corporate or politic.

XVII. The Capital Stock of the said Company shall not ex- Capital Stock ceed six millions of pounds currency or the equivalent in sterling, and number of (exclusive of any real estate which the said Company may have or hold by virtue of this Act,) to be held in two hundred and forty thousand shares of twenty-five pounds each; and the shares of the said Capital Stock shall, after the first instalment thereon shall have been paid, be transferable by the respective persons subscribing or holding the same, to any other person or persons; and such transfer shall be registered in a book or books to be kept by the said Company for that purpose.

XVIII. All persons, subjects of Her Majesty or others, may who may sub subscribe for any number of shares not exceeding, in the first scribe for instance, two hundred shares, the amount whereof shall be shares, and to Payable to the said Company in the manner hereinafter men- in the first tioned, that is to say, five per cent. on each share so subscribed instance. shall be payable to the said Company immediately after the Stockholders shall have elected the Directors as hereinafter mentioned, and the remainder by instalments of not more than ten per centum, at such period as the President and Directors shall, from time to time, direct for the payment thereof, provided that no instalment shall be called in at a shorter period than thirty days from the next preceding instalment, nor until public notice shall have been given as hereinafter mentioned with respect to notice of meetings to be holden under this Act, for at least thirty days previous to the day on which such instalment is made payable; Provided always, that if any Stockhol- Provise: ferder or Stockholders shall neglect or refuse to pay the said Comstalments be Pany the instalment due upon any share or shares held by him, not paid as

, her, called for.

her, or them, at the time required by law, such share or shares, with the amount previously paid thereon, shall be forfeited, and the said Directors shall sell such share or shares by public auction, after having given thirty days' notice of such intended sale to such Stockholder or respective Stockholders, and the proceeds thereof with the amount previously paid thereon shall be accounted for and applied in the same manner as the other funds of the Company; Provided always, that such purchaser or purchasers shall pay all instalments which shall be due upon such shares, over and above the purchase money thereof. immediately after the sale and before they shall be entitled to a certificate of the transfer of such share or shares so to be purchased as aforesaid.

Proviso: all calls to be naid before transfer.

time.

Any person XIX. It the whole number of shares share and may subscribe within three years after the passing of this Act, it shall and XIX. If the whole number of shares shall not be subscribed nor any amount may be lawful for any former subscriber to increase his. her or their former subscription.

First meeting Directors.

Provisional Directors until £1,000,000 is subscribed. and 10 per cent. paid up.

Books of subopened at Toronto.

XX. So soon as one million pounds of the Capital Stock shall for election of have been subscribed and ten per cent. thereon shall have been paid into some one or more of the Chartered Banks of this Province, or into some branch or agency of such Bank or Banks, it shall and may be lawful for the subscribers or any of them to call a meeting, pursuant to directions hereinafter contained, for the purpose of proceeding to elect Directors as hereinafter mentioned, and such election shall then and there be made by a majority of the subscribers present in person or by proxy, and the persons then chosen shall remain in office as Directors, and be capable of serving until the first Monday in May succeeding their election; and until the aforesaid one million pounds Stock shall be subscribed, the following persons shall be Provisional Directors of the said Company: Thomas Clarkson, James Sanson, John Fiskin, W. Rees, T. D. Harris E. F. Whittemore, James John Hayes, Samuel Thompson. John Beverley Robinson, George A. Pyper, Duncan McDonnell John Harrington, James Mitchell, Hugh Miller, W. McMaster, D. K. Feehan, R. B. Bernard, Thomas Steers, the Honorable John Hillyard Cameron, M. P. P., Angus Morrison, M. P. P. Joseph Hartman, M. P. P., John W. Gamble, M. P. P., M. P. Hayes, Charles Robertson, Thomas Shortis, Thomas Baines Angus MacDonell, Allan McDonnell; Provided always, that scription to be the parties hereinbefore named or a majority of them, shall cause books of subscription to be opened in the City of Toronic. for thirty days, and afterwards in such other places as they may from time to time appoint, until the meeting of Shareholder. hereinaster provided for, for receiving the subscriptions of per sons willing to become subscribers to the said undertaking; and for that purpose it shall be their duty, and they are hereby requir ed to give public notice in one or more newspapers published in the said City, as they or a majority of them may think proper d the time and places at which such books will be opened and 1856.

ready for receiving subscriptions as aforesaid, the persons authorized by them to receive such subscriptions, and the Chartered Bank or Banks into which the ten per cent. thereon is to be paid, and the time hereinafter limited for such payment; and every per- Rights of subson whose name shall be written in such books as a subscriber to scribers. the said undertaking, and who shall have paid, within ten days after the closing of the said books into the Bank or Banks aforesaid, or any branches or agencies thereof, ten per centum on the Ten per cent. amount of stock so subscribed for, to the credit of the said Com- to be paid pany, shall thereby become a member of the said Company, and down. shall have the same rights and privileges as such, as are hereby conferred on the several persons who are herein mentioned by name as members of the said Company; Provided also, and it is Proviso. hereby enacted, that such ten per cent. shall not be withdrawn from the said Bank or Banks, or otherwise applied except for the purposes of the said Company.

Cap. 118.

XXI. The chief duties of the Directors so chosen shall be, Duties of in the first place, to provide for and pay the preliminary Directors. expenses of the undertaking, procure and provide means for the payment for accurate and detailed surveys, specifications, plans and estimates of the work to be done, in order to complete the intended navigation as contemplated by this Act; also to ask, advertise for, and receive tenders for the whole or any part of the proposed work, and generally to do all things authorized by the said Company to be done by virtue of this Act; also to issue to the parties, persons or bodies who Stock certifimay have contributed towards the payment of the preliminary cates. expenses, stock certificates of the Company for the amount of their respective contributions.

XXII. The said Company, may from time to time, lawfully Company borrow, either in this Province or elsewhere, such sum or sums may borrow of money, not exceeding at any time the subscribed and paid up money; capital of the Company, as they may find expedient, and at such rate of interest as they may think proper, and may make the bonds, debentures or other securities they shall grant for And grant the sums so borrowed, payable either in currency or in sterling, mortgages on and at such place or places within or without this Province, as they may deem advisable, and may mortgage or pledge the lands, tolls, revenues or other property of the said Company, for the due payment of the said sums and the interest thereon and the said Company may issue debentures in sums of not less than twenty five pounds currency, at not less than twelve months, provided the whole debt, including such debentures, does not at any time exceed the subscribed capital.

XXIII. The number of votes to which each proprietor of votes accordshares in the said undertaking shall be entitled on every occa- ing to number sion when, in conformity to the provisions of this Act, the votes of shares of the members of the said Company are to be given, shall be in proportion to the number of shares held by him, that is to

Proviso.

say: one vote for each share less than fifteen, and one for every ten shares over that number; Provided always, that no proprietor as aforesaid shall have more than fifty votes, and all proprietors of shares, whether resident in this Province or not, may Vote by proxy. vote by proxy, if he, she or they shall see fit, provided that such proxy do produce from his constituent or constituents a notice in writing in the words or to the effect following, that is to say:

Form of appointment by proxy.

, of , one of the proprietors " of the Toronto and Georgian Bay Canal Company, do hereby " nominate, constitute and appoint , of "to be my proxy, in my name and in my absence to vote or "give my assent or dissent to any business, matter or thing " relating to the said undertaking that shall be mentioned or " proposed at any meeting of the proprietors of the said under-" taking, or any of them, in such manner as he the said " shall think fit, according to his opinion and judgment for the "benefit of the said undertaking, or any thing appertaining "thereto. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand , in the year one " and seal, the day of ,,, "thousand eight hundred and

Votes by proxy to be binding.

Majority of

all questions.

tion of proper officers, matters or things, shall be proposed, discussed or considered in any public meeting of the proprietors to be held by virtue of this Act, shall be determined by the votes to decide majority of votes and proxies then present and so given aforesaid, and all decisions and acts of any such majority shall bind the said Company, and be deemed the decision and acts of the said Company; Provided always, that no proprietor tish subjects to who shall not be a natural born subject of Her Majesty, or a subject of Her Majesty naturalized under an Act of the British Parliament, or Act of the Parliament of this Province, shall ke elected President, Vice-President or Treasurer of the said Com-

And such vote or votes, by proxy, shall be as valid as if, such

principals had voted in person; and whatever question, elec-

None but Bribe President or Treasurer.

pany.

Shareholders not liable for debts of Corperation.

XXIV. No Shareholder in the said Company shall be in any manner whatsoever liable or charged for any debt or demand due by the said Company, beyond the payment or the extent of his, her or their share in the capital of the said Company not paid up.

Board of Directors to manage business, and elect President, &c Proviso.

Meeting for election of Directors to

XXV. The affairs of said Company shall be managed by a Board of seven Directors, who shall elect from among themselves a President and Vice-President; the said Directors may be subjects of Her Majesty or otherwise; Provided always, no person shall be eligible to the offices of President Vice-President, Secretary or Treasurer of the said Company, except subjects of Her Majesty, by birth or naturalization; the said Directors shall be elected on the first Monday in May in every year, at a meeting of Stockholders, to be held in the City

of Toronto, and the said election shall be made by such Stock- be held in holders as shall be present at such meeting in person or by Toronto. proxy; and all elections for Directors shall be by ballot, and Vote by ballot. the seven persons who shall have the greatest number of votes at any election, shall be Directors, (except as hereinbefore or after provided), and if two or more persons shall have an equal Ties. number of votes in such manner that more than seven shall by a plurality of votes appear to be chosen Directors, a second ballot shall be held to determine which of the said persons having an equal number of votes, shall be Director or Direc-

XXVI. The Directors so chosen or those appointed in their Term of office stead in case of vacancy, shall remain in office until the first of Directors. Monday in the month of May next following their election, and on the said first Monday in May, and on the first Monday in May in each year thereafter, or on such other day as shall be Annual meetappointed by any By-law, an annual general meeting of the ings of Comsaid Proprietors shall be held at the office of the Company, for pany. the time being, to choose Directors in the room of those whose office may at that time become vacant, and generally to transact the business of the Company; but if at any time it shall appear to any ten or more of such Proprietors holding together two hundred shares at least, that for more effectually putting this Act in execution, a special general meeting of Proprietors Special meetis necessary to be held, it shall be lawful for such ten or more ings of Proof them to cause fifteen days' notice at least to be given prietors may thereof in two public powerpoors as aforesaid on in such be called. thereof, in two public newspapers as aforesaid, or in such manner as the Company shall by any By-law direct or appoint, specifying in the said notice the time and place and the reason and intention of such special meeting respectively; and the proprietors are hereby authorized to meet pursuant to such notices, and proceed to the execution of the powers by this Act given them, with respect to the matters so specified only; and all such acts of the proprietors or the majority of them at such special meetings assembled, such majority not having either as principal or proxies less than two hundred shares, shall be as valid to all intents and purposes as if the same were done at annual meetings; Provided always, that it shall Proviso. and may be lawful for the said Directors, in case of the death Vacancies, or absence, resignation or removal of any person elected a how to be Director to manage the affairs of the said Company, in manner aforesaid, to appoint another or others in the room or stead of those of the Directors who may die or be absent, resign or be removed as aforesaid; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding; but if such appointment be not made, such death, absence or resignation shall not invalidate the acts of the remaining Directors.

XXVII. At each of the said annual meetings of the stock- Three Directholders, three of the said seven Directors shall retire in rotation, ors shall anthe order of retirement of the said first elected seven Directors but may be

being re-elected.

Proviso.

being decided by lot; but the Directors then or at any subsequent time retiring, shall be eligible for re-election; Provided always, that no such retirement shall have effect, unless the' Proprietors shall at such annual meeting proceed to fill up the vacancies thus occurring in the direction.

Directors to elect a President and Vice-President.

XXVIII. The Directors shall at their first (or at some other) meeting after the day appointed for the Annual General Meeting in each year, elect one of their members by ballot to be the President of the said Company, who shall always (when present) be the Chairman of and preside at all meetings of the Directors, and shall hold his office until he shall cease to be a Director, or until another President shall be elected in his stead, and the said Directors may in like manner elect a Vice-President who shall act as Chairman in the absence of the President

Five Directors to be a quorum.

Proviso: Directors to have only one vote each.

Casting vote of President. &c. Proviso:

Directors subof general meetings.

Proviso.

XXIX. Any meeting of the said Directors, at which not less than five Directors shall be present, shall be a quorum, and shall be competent to use and exercise all and any of the powers hereby vested in the said Directors: Provided always, that no one Director, though he may be a proprietor of many shares, shall have more than one vote at any meeting of the Directors, except the President and Vice-President when acting as Chairman, or any temporary Chairman who in case of the absence of the President and Vice-President, may be chosen by the Directors present, either of whom when presiding at a meeting of the Directors shall, in case of a division of equal numbers, have the casting vote, although he may have given one vote before And provided also, that such Directors shall from time to time be subject to the examination and control of the said annual ject to control and special meetings of the said Proprietors as aforesaid and shall pay due obedience to all By-laws of the said Company and to such orders and directions in and about the premises as they shall from time to time receive from the said Pro prietors at such annual or special meetings; such orders and directions not being contrary to the special directions or provisions in this Act contained; And provided also that the act of any majority of a quorum of the Directors present at any meet ing regularly held, shall be deemed the act of the Directors.

XXX. Provided always, That no person holding any office. No officer of place or employment or being concerned or interested in any Company or Contractor to contract or contracts under the said Company, shall be capable be Director. of being chosen a Director or of holding the office of Director

Annual meet-Auditors.

XXXI. Every such annual meeting shall have power to ap ing to appoint point not exceeding three Auditors, to audit all accounts of money laid out and disbursed on account of the said under taking, by the Treasurer, Receiver or Receivers and other officer or officers to be by the said Directors appointed, or by any other person or persons whatsoever, and employed by or coll cerned for or under them in and about the said undertaking, and

to that end the said Auditors shall have power to adjourn themselves over from time to time and from place to place, as shall be thought convenient by them; and the said Directors chosen Powers of Diunder the authority of this Act, shall have power from time to rectors to time to make such call or calls of money from the stockholders make calls. of the said Canal and other works, to defray the expenses of or to carry on the same as they from time to time find wanting and necessary for these purposes, except as before provided; and Further powsuch Directors shall have full power and authority to direct ers of Directand manage all and every the affairs of the said Company, as ors. well in contracting for and purchasing lands, rights and materials for the use of the said company, as in employing, ordering and directing the work and workmen, and in placing and removing under-officers, clerks, servants and agents, and in making all contracts and bargains touching the said undertaking, and to affix or authorize any person to affix the common seal of the Company to any act, deed, by-laws, notice or other document whatsoever; and any such act, deed, by-laws, notice or signing and other document, bearing the common seal of the Company, and sealing docusigned by the President, Vice-President or any Director or Di-ments. rectors, shall be deemed the act of the Directors of the said Company, nor shall the authority of the signer of any document purporting to be so signed and sealed, to sign and affix the said seal thereto be liable to be called in question by any party except the Company; and the Directors shall have such other and further powers as, being vested in the Company by this Act, shall be conferred upon the said Directors by the by-laws of the Company.

XXXII. The owner or owners of one or more shares in the said Shareholders undertaking, shall pay his, her or their shares and proportion of to pay calls. the moneys to be called for as aforesaid, to such person or persons and at such time and place, as the said Directors shall, from time to time appoint and direct, of which thirty days' notice at least shall be given in two newspapers as aforesaid, or in such other manner as the said proprietors or their successors shall by any By-law direct or appoint, and in case such person or persons Forfeiture for shall neglect to pay his, her or their rateable calls as aforesaid not paying for the space of two calendar months after the time appointed calls. for the payment thereof as aforesaid, then he, she or they shall forfeit his, her or their respective share or shares in the said undertaking, and all the profit and benefit thereof, all which forleitures shall go to the rest of the Proprietors of the said undertaking, their successors and assigns, for the benefit of the said proprietors, in proportion to their respective interests; and in every case such calls shall be payable with interest from the time the same shall be so appointed to be paid until the payment thereof.

XXXIII. The said Company shall always have power and au- Company may thority at any general meeting assembled as aforesaid, to remove remove any any person or persons chosen upon such Board of Directors as person chosen by Board of aforesaid,

those who shall die, resign or be removed, and to remove anyother

Directors, and aforesaid, and to elect others to be Directors in the room of may elect others in case of death, &c.

And repeal or amend Bylaws.

officer or officers under them, to revoke, alter, amend or change any of the By-laws or Orders prescribed with regard to their proceedings amongst themselves (the method of calling general meetings, and their time and place of assembling and manner of voting and appointing Directors only excepted,) and shall have power to make such new Rules, By-laws and Orders for the good government of the said Company, and their servants, agents or workmen, for the good and orderly making and using the said Canal, and all other works connected therewith or belonging thereto, as hereby authorized, and for the well-governing of all persons whatever travelling upon or using the said Canal and other works, or transporting any goods, wares, merchandize or other commodities thereon, which said By-laws and Orders shall be put into writing under the common seal of the said Company, and shall be kept in the office of the Company, and a printed or written copy of so much of them as relate to or affect any party other than the members or servants of the Company, shall be affixed openly in all and every of the places where tolls are to be gathered, and in like manner as often as any change or altera-By-laws to be tion shall be made to the same; and the said By-laws and in writing and Orders so made and published as aforesaid shall be binding upon and observed by all parties, and shall be sufficient in any Court of Law or Equity to justify all persons who shall act under the same; and any copy of the said By-laws, or any of them, certified as correct by the President, or some person authorized by the Directors to give such certificate, and beams the common seal of the said Company, shall be deemed arthentic, and shall be received as evidence of such By-laws in any Court, without further proof.

Certified copies to be evidence.

published.

Form of trans-XXXIV. All sales of the shares in the said undertaking shall fer of shares. be in the form following, varying the names and descriptions of the contracting parties, as the case may require:

> " I, A. B., in consideration of the sum of " by C. D., of do hereby bargain, sell and transfer share (or shares) of the stock of " to the said C. D., "the Toronto and Georgian Bay Canal Company; to hold to him "the said C. D., his executors, administrators and assigns, " subject to the same rules and orders, and on the same conditions "that I held the same immediately before the execution hereof; "and I, the said C. D., do hereby agree to accept of the said share (or shares) subject to the same rules, orders and " conditions.

"Witness our hands and seals, this day of "in the year one thousand eight

Proviso.

Provided always, that no such transfer of any share shall be valid until all calls or instalments then due thereon shall have been paid up.

XXXV.

r pledge of any share or shares of the Capital Stock of the said lank, or of any goods, wares or merchandize; nor shall the Nor exercise aid Bank either directly or indirectly, raise loans of money any but bankr deal in the buying, selling or bartering of goods, wares ing business. r merchandize, or engage or be engaged in any trade whatver, except as a dealer in gold and silver bullion, bills of exchange, discounting of promissory notes and negotiable ecurities, and in such trade generally as legitimately apertains to the business of Banking; Provided always, that Proviso: may he said Bank may take and hold mortgages and hypotheques hold morton real estate, and on ships, vessels and other personal property in additional

of any debtor of the said Bank.

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his Province, by way of additional security for debts contracted security.

XXIX. The aggregate amount of discounts and advances Discounts to made by the said Bank upon commercial paper or securities Directors limited to one bearing the name of any Director of the said Bank, or the twentieth of name of any copartnership or firm in which any Director of the the whole. said Bank shall be a partner, shall not at any one time, exceed one twentieth of the total amount of discounts or advances made by the Bank at the same time.

to the Bank in the course of its dealings, and also for such purpose may purchase and take any outstanding mortgages, judgments or other charges upon the real or personal property

XXX. The Bank may allow and pay interest not ex-Bank may ceeding the legal rate in this Province, upon money depo-retain discount, &c. sited in the Bank; and, in discounting promissory notes, bills, or other negotiable securities or paper, may receive or retain the discount thereon at the time of discounting or negotiating the same; And when notes, bills, or other negotiable securities May charge a or paper, are bond fide payable at a place within the Province preminm in different from that at which they are discounted, the Bank may also, in addition to the discount, receive or retain an amount not exceeding one half per centum on the amount of every such note, bill or other negotiable security or paper, to defray the expenses of agency and exchange attending the collection of every such note, bill, or other negotiable security or May charge paper; And the Bank may charge any note or bill held by and against the made payable at the Bank, against the deposit account of the deposit acmaker or acceptor of such note or bill at the maturity thereof; counts of cerany law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXI. The bonds, obligations and bills obligatory or of Certain Bonds, credit of the said Bank, under its common seal and signed by &c., of the the President or Vice-President, and countersigned by a Cashier assignable by (or Assistant Cashier) thereof, which shall be made payable to indorsement any person or persons, shall be assignable by indorsement thereon under the hand or hands of such person or persons, and of his, her or their assignee or assignees, and so as absolutely to transfer and vest the property thereof in the several assignees successively, and to enable such assignee or assignees to bring

Interpretation clause.

XXXVIII. Every matter or thing which the said Company are authorized or empowered to do or suffer, shall be interpreed to mean that the said Company shall be empowered to do and suffer all such acts, matters and things by their duly appointed agents, servants and workmen whether the same be specially mentioned or not; and in all cases wherein the said Canal is mentioned in this Act, the same shall apply to all branches, feeders, reservoirs, and rivers or parts of rivers which shall be made part or parcel of the navigation thereof, or of the supplying of the same with water.

XXXIX. The said Company shall at all times, when there-Provisions as unto required by the Post Master General of this Province, the to the carriage Commander of the Forces, or any person having the superty's Mail, &c. rintendence or command of any Police Force, carry Her Ma jesty's Mails, Her Majesty's Naval or Military Forces or Mili tia, and all artillery, ammunition, provisions or other stores for their use, and all policemen, constables and others, travelling on Her Majesty's service, on the said Canal on such terms and conditions, and under such regulations as the Governor or Person administering the Government shall, in Council, appoint and declare.

Treasurer, Receiver and Collector to give security.

XL. The said Company shall and are hereby required and directed to take sufficient security by one or more bond or bonds, in a sufficient penalty or penalties from their Treasurer, Receiver and Collector for the time being, of the moneys to be raised by virtue of this Act, for the faithful execution by such Treasurer, Receiver and Collector of his and their office and offices respectively.

Limitation of actions for things done in pursuance of this Act.

XLI. If any action or suit shall be brought or commenced against any person or persons for any thing done or to be done in pursuance of this Act, or in the execution of the powers and authorities or of the orders and directions hereinbefore given or granted, every such action or suit shall be brought or commenced within six calendar months next after the fact commited, or in case there shall be a continuation of damage, then within six calendar months next after the doing or committing General issue, such damage shall cease, and not afterwards; and the Deferdant or Defendants in such action or suit, shall and may plead the general issue, and give this Act and the special matter is evidence at any trial to be held thereupon, and that the same was done in pursuance and by the authority of this Act; and it shall appear to have been so done, or if any action or sail

Costs to defendant if plaintiff fail.

or if the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs shall be non-suited, or discortinue his, her or their action or suit, after the Defendant of Defendants shall have appeared, or if judgment shall be given against the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs, the Defendant or Defendants shall have full costs, and shall have such remedy for the sam: as any Defendant or Defendants hath or have for costs of suit

XLII.

in other cases by law.

shall be brought after the time so limited for bringing the same.

XXXIV. Notwithstanding the change hereby made in its Present notes Corporate name, it shall be lawful for the said Bank, until notes may be used bearing the Corporate name hereby assigned to it shall be notwithstanding the change prepared and ready for issue, to issue or re-issue its notes in- of corporate tended for general circulation, although in such notes it may be name. designated as 'The Commercial Bank of the Midland District.' and any such note, or any other note, bill, bond or other instrument, document or writing whatever, in which the said Bank shall be designated as 'The Commercial Bank of the Midland District,' or as 'The President, Directors and Company of the Commercial Bank of the Midland District,' shall, after this Act shall be in force, have in all respects the same effect, as regards the rights and liabilities of the said Bank or of any other person or party, as if the said Bank had been therein designated as 'The Commercial Bank of Canada.'

XXXV. A suspension by the said Bank, either at its Suspension of chief place or seat of business in the said City of Kingston, or payment for at any of its branches or offices of discount and deposit at any forfeit charter. other place in this Province, of payment on demand in specie of the notes or bills of the said Bank payable there on demand, shall, if the time of suspension extend to sixty days, consecutively or at intervals within any twelve consecutive months, operate as and be a forfeiture of its charter, and of all and every the privileges granted to it by this or any other Act.

XXXVI. The total amount of the bank-notes and bills of the Total amount Bank, of all values, in circulation at any one time, shall never of Bank notes exceed the aggregate amount of the paid up capital stock of the limited. Bank, and the gold and silver coin and bullion, and debentures or other securities, reckoned at par, issued or guaranteed by the Government under the authority of the Legislature of this Province, on hand; and of the bank-notes and bills in circulation And of those at any one time, not more than one fifth of the said aggregate under £1. amount shall be in bank-notes or bills under the nominal value of one pound currency each; but no bank-note of bill of the None to be Bank, under the nominal value of five shillings, shall be issued under 5 shillings. or put in circulation.

XXXVII. The total amount of the debts which the said Bank Total liabilishall at any one time owe, whether by bond, bill, note or other- ties of the wise, shall not exceed three times the aggregate amount of its Bank limited. Capital Stock paid in, and the deposits made in the Bank in specie and Government securities for money; and in case of excess, or in case the total amount of the bills or notes of the said Bank payable to order or to bearer on demand and intended for general circulation shall at any time exceed the amount hereinbefore limited, the said Bank shall forfeit its Forfeiture of charter and all the privilege granted to it by this or any other charter for Act, and the Directors under whose administration the excess this or the next shall happen, shall be liable jointly and severally for the same preceding secin their private capacity, as well to the Shareholders as to the bility of Di-

holders rectors.

Director may avoid such

holders of the bonds, bills and notes of the said Bank, and an action or actions in this behalf may be brought against them or any of them, and the heirs, executors, administrators, or curators of them or any of them, and be prosecuted to judgment and execution according to law, but such action or actions shall not exempt the said Bank or its lands, tenements, goods or Proviso: how chattels, from being also liable for such excess: Provided always, that if any Director present at the time of contracting any such excess of debt, do forthwith, or if any Director absent at the time of contracting any such excess of debt, do within twenty-four hours after he shall have obtained a knowledge thereof, enter on the minutes or register of the Bank, his protest against the same, and do within eight days thereafter publish such protest in at least two Newspapers published in the City of Kingston, such Director may thereby, and not otherwise, exonerate and discharge himself, his beirs, executors and administrators or curators, from the liability aforesaid, any thing herein contained or any law to the contrary notwithstanding: provided always, that such publication shall not exonerate any Director from his liability as a shareholder.

Proviso.

liability.

Limitation of liability of Shareholders in case of insolvency of the Bank.

XXXVIII. In the event of the property and assets of the said Bank becoming insufficient to liquidate the liabilities and engagements or debts thereof, the Shareholders of its stock, in their private or natural capacities, shall be liable and responsible for the deficiency, but to no greater extent than to double the amount of their respective shares, that is to say, the liability and responsibility of each Shareholder to the creditors of the said Bank, shall be limited to a sum of money equal in amount to his stock therein, over and above any instalment or instalments which may be unpaid on such stock, for which be shall also remain liable and shall pay up: Provided always, that nothing in this section contained shall be construed to alter or diminish the additional liabilities of the Directors of the said Bank hereinbefore mentioned and declared.

Proviso.

Statement of affairs to be published monthly.

XXXIX. Besides the detailed statement of the affairs of the said Bank hereinbefore required to be laid before the Shareholders thereof, at their annual general meeting, the Directors shall make up and publish on the first Monday in each and every month, statements of the Assets and Liabilities of the said Bank, in the form of the Schedule A., hereunto annexed, shewing under the heads specified in the said form, the average amount of the notes of the said Bank in circulation, and other liabilities, at the termination of the month to which the statement shall refer, and the average amount of specie and other Assets, that at the same times were available to meet the same: and it shall be the duty of the Directors to submit to the require further Governor of this Province, if required, a copy of such months statement , and, if by him required to verify all or any part of it said statements, the said Directors shall verify the same by the

production

Governor may information.

production of the weekly or monthly balance sheets from which the said statements shall have been compiled: and furthermore the said Directors shall from time to time when required, furnish to the said Governor, of this Province, such further reasonable information respecting the state and proceedings of the said Bank, and of the several branches and offices of discount and deposit thereof, as such Governor of this Province, may reasonably see fit to call for: Provided always, that the weekly Proviso: such or monthly balance sheets, and the further information that further inforshall be so produced and given, shall be held by the said confidential. Governor of this Province, as being produced and given in strict confidence that he shall not divulge any part of the contents of the said weekly or monthly balance sheets, or of the information that shall be so given; And provided also, that Proviso: prithe Directors shall not, nor shall any thing herein contained be vate accounts not to be disconstrued to authorize them or any of them, to make known the closed. private account or accounts of any person or persons whatever having dealings with the said Bank.

XL. It shall not be lawful for the said Bank, at any Bank not to time whatever, directly or indirectly, to advance or lend to or lend money to for the use of or on account of any Foreign Prince, Power or any foreign State, any sum or sums of money or any securities for money: and if such unlawful advance or loan be made, then and from thenceforth, the said Corporation shall be dissolved, and all the powers, authorities, rights, privileges and advantages granted to it by this or any other Act, shall cease and determine.

XLI. The several public notices by this Act required to be Public notices given, shall be given by advertisement, in one or more of the how to be Newspapers published in the City of Kingston, and in the Canada given. Gazette, or such other Gazette as shall be generally known and accredited as the Official Gazette for the publication of official documents and notices emanating from the Civil Government of this Province, if any such Gazette be then published.

XLII. If any Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Manager, Clerk Punishment of or Servant of the said Bank, shall secrete, embezzle or abscond embezzlement with, any Bond, Obligation, Bill Obligatory or of Credit, or &c., by Bank other Bill or Note, or any Security for money, or any moneys or effects, intrusted to him as such Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Manager, Clerk or Servant, whether the same belong to the said Bank, or belonging to any other person or persons, body or bodies politic or corporate, or institution or institutions, be lodged and deposited with the said Bank, the Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Manager, Clerk or Servant, so offending, and being thereof convicted in due form of Law, shall be deemed guilty of felony.

XLIII. Every person convicted of felony under this Act Imprisonment shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor in the Pro- over two years to be in Penivincial Penitentiary, for any term not less than two years, or tentiary.

Cap. 120. Commercial Bank, M. D.—Amendment. 19-20 Ver.

by imprisonment in any other Gaol or place of confinement of any less term than two years, in the discretion of the Court before which he shall be convicted.

Power to search for forged notes or machinery used for forging.

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XLIV. It shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice of the Peace, on complaint made before him, upon the oath of one credible person, that there is just cause to suspect that any one or more person or persons is or are or hath, or have been concerned in making or counterfeiting any false bills of exchange, promissory notes, undertakings or orders of the said Bank, or hath in his possession any plates, presses or otherintruments, tools or materials for making or counterfeiting the same or any part thereof, by warrant under the hand of such Justice, to cause the dwelling house, room, workshop, or outhouse, or other building, yard, garden, or other place, belonging to such suspected person or persons, or where any such person or persons shall be suspected of carrying on any such making or counterfeiting to be searched; and if any such false bills of exchange, promissory notes, undertakings or orders, or any plates, pressex or other tools, instruments or materials, shall be found in the custody or possession of any person or persons whomsoever, not having the same by some lawful authority, it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons whomsoever discovering the same, to seize, and he or they are hereby authorized and required to seize such false or counterfeit bills of exchange, promissory notes, undertakings or orders, and such plates, presses, or other tools, instruments or materials, and to carry the same forthwith before a Justice of the

Peace of the County or District, (or if more convenient, of the adjoining County or District,) in which the same shall be seized, who shall cause the same to be secured and produced in evidence against any person or persons who shall or may be prosecuted for any of the offences aforesaid, in some Cour of Justice proper for the determination thereof, and the same, after being so produced in evidence, shall by order of the Count be defaced or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of as such Count

How dealt with if found.

Saving of wights of the Crown, &c.

shall direct.

XLV. Nothing in this Act contained shall in any manner derogate from, or affect, or be construed to derogate from of affect, the rights of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, of any person or persons, or of any body or bodies politic of corporate, except in so far as the same may be specially derogated from or affected by the provisions of this Act.

Public Act.

Short Title.

XLVI. This Act shall be held, and taken to be a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken notice of and have the effect of a Public Act, without being specially pleaded, and shall be known as the Charter of the Commercial Bank of Canada, and the Interpretation Act shall apply thereto.

XLVII. This Act, and so much of the Acts mentioned in Duration of the preamble as is not repealed by this Act, shall be and remain this Act. in force until the first day of January, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and from that time until the end of the then next Session of the Parliament of this Province, and no longer.

XLVIII The foregoing sections of this Act shall have force Commenceand effect upon, from and after the first day of January, in the ment of this year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and not before, and the said sections only shall be understood as intended, by the words "this Act," whenever in any of them the time when this Act shall be in force is mentioned.

SCHEDULE A

Referred to in the Thirty-ninth Section of the foregoing Act.

Return of the Average Amount of Liabilities and Assets of the Commercial Bank of Canada, during the period from the first to one thousand eight hundred and

LIABILITIES.

Promissory Notes in circulation not bearing interest. £
Bills of Exchange in circulation not bearing interest. £
Bills and Notes in circulation bearing interest. £
Balances due to other Banks. £
Cash deposits, not bearing interest. £
Cash deposits, bearing interest. £

Total average Liabilities.....£

ASSETS.

Coin and Bullion£	;
Landed or other property of the Bank£	;
Government Securities£	;
Promissory Notes or Bills of other Banks£	,
Balances due from other Banks,	
Notes and Bills discounted,£	;
Other Debts due to the Bank, not included under the	
foregoing heads	;

Total average Assets.....£

CAP. CXXI.

An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts forming the Charter of the Bank of Upper Canada.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

Corporation called and known as the "The Bank of Upper Canada," was created and constituted by and under the Act of the Legislature of Upper Canada passed in the fifty-ninth year of the Reign of King

59 G. 3, c. 24. George the Third, and intituled, An Act to incorporate sundr. persons under the style and title of The President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Upper Canada, which said Act was amended by the Act of the said Legislature passed in the second

2 G. 4, c. 7. year of the Reign of King George the Fourth, and chaptered seven, and by the Act thereof passed in the second year of the

2 W. 4, c. 10. Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, and chartered ten; And whereas the said Acts were again amended be the Act of the Legislature of this Province passed in the session

4 & 5 V. c. 95. thereof held in the fourth and fifth years of Her Majesty's Reigr., and chaptered ninety-five, and the charter and privileges of the said Corporation were confirmed and extended by the Act of the said Legislature passed in the sixth year of Her Majesty's

Reign, and intituled, An Act to extend the charter of the Bank of 6 V. c. 27. Upper Canada, and to increase the Capital Stock thereof, which said Act hath since been amended and the privileges of the said Corporation have been further extended by the Act of the said Legislature passed in the ninth year of Her Majesty's 9 V. c. 86.

Reign, and chaptered eighty-six, and by that of the said Legi-13 & 14 V. lature passed in the session held in the thirteenth and fourteenth c. 137. years of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered one hundred and thirty-seven, and the said Acts were further amended and at increase of the Capital Stock of the said Corporation was an

thorized by the Act of the said Legislature passed in the 18 V. c. 39. eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, chaptered thirty-nine. And whereas the said Corporation hath by its Petition praved. that the provisions of the said several Acts may be consolidated with certain amendments and extensions of the powers and privileges thereby conferred, and it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said Petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and

with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council ar Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Inconsistent provisions of the said Acts repealed.

I. So much of the Acts hereinbefore cited, or any of them. may be inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of the Act, or as makes any provision in any matter provided for ? this Act, other than such as is hereby made, shall be and . hereby repealed.

Corporation continued. Powers.

II. The said Corporation of the Bank of Upper Canada shall, during the time this Act shall remain in force, cotinue to have all each and every of the rights, powers and

authority

1856.

than twenty; and it shall be lawful for absent Shareholders to Voting by give their votes by proxy, such proxy being also a Shareholder, proxy. and being provided with a written authority from his constituent or constituents, in such form as shall be established by a By-law, and which authority shall be lodged in the Bank: Pro- Proviso: vided always, that a share or shares of the Capital Stock of Shares voted the said Bank which shall have been held for a less period on must have than three calendar months immediately prior to any meeting certain time. of the Shareholders, shall not entitle the holder or holders to wite at such meeting, either in person or by proxy: Provided Proviso: as to also, that where two or more persons are joint holders of shares, Joint Stockit shall be lawful that one only of such joint holders be empowered by Letter of Attorney from the other joint holder or holders, or a majority of them, to represent the said shares and vote accordingly: And provided also that no Shareholder who voters must shall not be a natural born or naturalized subject of Her Ma- be British jesty, or who shall be a subject or citizen of any Foreign Prince Subjects. or State, shall either in person or by proxy, vote at any meeting whatever of the Shareholders of the said Bank, or shall assist in calling any meeting of the Shareholders; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

XIX. No Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Bank Clerk or other Bank Officers Officer of the Bank, shall vote either in person or by proxy at not to vote. any meeting for the election of Directors, or hold a proxy for that purpose.

XX. Any number not less than twenty of the Shareholders Specialgeneral of the said Bank, who together shall be proprietors of at least meetings, how one thousand shares of the paid up Capital Stock the said Bank, by themselves or their proxies, or the Directors of the said Bank or any seven of them, shall respectively have power at any time to call a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Bank, to be held at their usual place of meeting in the City of Kingston, upon giving six weeks previous public notice thereof, and specifying in such notice the object or objects of such meeting; and if the object of It the object any such Special General Meeting be to consider of the proposed be the removal removal of the President or Vice-President, or of a Director, &c. Directors of the Corporation, for mal-administration, or other specified and apparently just cause, then and in any such case the person or persons whom it shall be so proposed to remove, shall from the day on which the notice shall be first published, be suspended from the duties or his or their office or offices; and if it be the President or Vice-President whose removal shall be proposed as aforesaid, his office shall be filled up by the remaining Directors (in the manner hereinbefore provided in the case of a vacancy occurring in the office of President or Vice President,) who shall choose or elect a Director to serve as such President or Vice-President, during the time such suspension shall continue or be undecided upon.

and may be lawful for the Directors of the Bank, and at any time within the period hereinbefore limited for subscribing in such Stock, to admit and receive such subscriptions and full payment, or payment of any number of instalments, together with such premium; and in every case, the premium so received on any Stock subscribed for, shall be carried to the account of the ordinary profits of the said Bank.

V. If any Shareholder or Shareholders shall refuse or neglect

to pay any instalment upon his, her or their shares of the said

As to premium.

Forfeiture for non-payment of calls.

Sale of shares are not paid.

Capital Stock, at the time or times required by the Directors as aforesaid, such Shareholder or Shareholders shall incur a forfeiture to the use of the said Bank, of a sum of money equal to ten pounds per centum on the amount of such shares; and on which calls moreover, it shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Bank (without any previous formality other than thirty days' public notice of their intention) to sell at public auction the said shares, or so many of the said shares as shall, after deducting the resonable expenses of the sale, yield a sum of money sufficient to pay the unpaid instalments due on the remainder of the said shares and the amount of forfeitures incurred upon the whole: and the President, with the Vice-President or the Cashier of the said Bank, shall execute the transfer to the purchaser of the shares of Stock so sold, and such transfer being accepted, shall be as valid and effectual in law as if the same had been executed by the original holder or holders of the shares of Stock thereby transferred: Provided always, that nothing in this section contained shall be held to debar the Directors or shareholders, at a general meeting, from remitting either in whole or in part, and conditionally or unconditionally, any forfeiture incurred by the non-payment of any instalment as aforesaid.

Proviso: forfeiture may be re-leased.

Chief place of business.

Branches

VI. The chief place or seat of business of the said Bank, shall be in the City of Toronto, but it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the Bank, to open and establish in other Cities, Towns and Places in this Province, Branches of Agencies or offices of discount and deposit of the said Bank, under such rules and regulations for the good and faithful management of the same, as to the said Directors shall from time to time seem meet, not being repugnant to any law of this Province, to this Act, or to the By-laws of the said Bank.

Ten Directors to be elected annually.

VII. For the management of the affairs of the said Bank. there shall continue to be Ten Directors annually elected by the Shareholders of the Capital Stock thereof, at a general meeting of them to be held annually on the twenty-fifth day of June in each year, (except when that day shall be a Sunday of legal holiday, and then on the next day which shall not be a Sunday or legal holiday,) beginning in the month of June. the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven. at which meeting the Shareholders shall vote according to the rule or scale of votes hereinafter established; and the Directors

elected

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share shall have been so transmitted, and shall be, by such party, made and signed; and every such declaration shall be, by the party making and signing the same, acknowledged before a Judge or Justice of a Court of Record, or before the Mayor, Provost, or Chief Magistrate of a City, Town, Borough, or other place, or before a Public Notary, where the same shall be made and signed; and every such declaration, so signed and acknowledged, shall be left with the Cashier, or other officer or agent of the Bank, who shall thereupon enter the name of the party. entitled under such transmission, in the Register of Shareholders; and until such transmission shall have been so authenticated, no party or person claiming by virtue of any such transmission shall be entitled to receive any share of the profits of the Bank, nor to vote in respect of any such share, as the holder thereof: Provided always, that every such declaration and instru- Proviso: as to ment as by this and the following section of this Act is required declarations to perfect the transmission of a share of the Bank, which shall made in foreign parts. be made in any other Country than in this or some other of the British Colonies in North America, or in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall be further authenticated by the British Consul or Vice-Consul, or other the accredited representative of the British Government in the Country where the declaration shall be made, or shall be made directly before such British Consul or Vice-Consul, or other accredited representative: And provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall be held to debar the Directors, Cashier, or other officer or agent of the Bank, from requiring corroborative evidence of any fact or facts alleged in any such declaration.

XXIV. If the transmission of any Share of the said Bank be As to transby virtue of the marriage of a Female Shareholder, the declara-mission of tion shall contain a copy of the Register of such marriage, or shares by marriage or by other particulars of the celebration thereof, and shall declare will, or intesthe identity of the wife with the holder of such share; and if tacy. the transmission have taken place by virtue of any testamentary instrument or by intestacy, the Probate of the Will, or the Letters of Administration, or Act of Curatorship, or an official extract therefrom, shall, together with such declaration, be produced and left with the Cashier, or other Officer or Agent of the Bank, who shall thereupon enter the name of the party entitled under such transmission, in the Register of Shareholders.

XXV. If the transmission of any share or shares in the Probate of Capital Stock of the said Bank be by decease of any Share-will or letters holder, the production to the Directors, and deposit with them, of administration to be of any probate of the will of the deceased Shareholder, or sufficient auof letters of administration of his estate, granted by any Court thority to the in this Province having power to grant such probate or letters Directors for paying dividof administration, or by any prerogative, diocesan or peculiar ends, &c. Court or authority in England, Wales, Ireland, India or any other British Colony,—or of any testament-testamentary or testament-dative expede in Scotland,—or if the deceased Shareholder

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Present Directors con-· tinted.

XI. The Shareholders of the said Bank, who at the time this Act shall come into force shall be Directors thereof, shall be and continue to be Directors thereof until the first election of Directors under this Act, and shall then go out of office; and the said Directors shall, until the first election under this Act, the Directors of the said Bank by this Act, and be governed by

Their powers, have in all respects the rights, duties and powers assigned to its provisions as if elected under it.

Directors to for certain purposes.

XII. It shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said make By-laws Bank from time to time to make and enact By-laws, Rules and Regulations, (the same not being repugnant to this Act or to the Laws of this Province) for the proper management of the affairs of the said Corporation, and, from time to time, to alter or repeal the same, and others to make and enact in their stead; Provided always, that no By-law, Rule or Regulation so made by the Directors, shall have force or effect until the same shall, after six weeks' public notice, have been confirmed by the Shareholders at an annual general meeting or at a spe-Proviso: as to cial general meeting called for that purpose; And provided also, that the By-laws of the said Bank in force at the time when this Act shall come into force, in so far as they are not repugnant to this Act, or to Law, shall continue to be the Bylaws thereof until others shall have been made and enacted and confirmed as provided for by this section.

Notice.

Proviso.

existing Bylaws.

Payment of President and Directors.

XIII. The Shareholders may by a By-law appropriate a sum of money for the remuneration of the services of the President and Directors as such, and the President and Directors may annually apportion the same among themselves as they may think fit: No Director shall act as a Private Banker.

Directors to appoint Bank Officers and Servants.

Provise: security to be taken from each.

XIV. The Directors of the said Bank, shall have power to appoint a Cashier, Assistant Cashier and Secretary, and Clerks and Servants under them, and such other Officers as shall be necessary for conducting the business of the Bank, and to allow reasonable compensation for their services respectively, and shall also be capable of exercising such powers and authority. for the well governing and ordering of the affairs of the Corporation, as shall be prescribed by the By-laws thereof; Provided always, that before permitting any Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Officer, Clerk or Servant of the Bank, to enter upon the duties of his office, the Directors shall require him to give bond, with sureties, to the satisfaction of the Directors, that is The amounts, to say, every Cashier in a sum not less than five thousand pounds, currency, every Assistant Cashier in the sum of Three Thousand pounds currency, and every other Officer, Clerk of Servant, in such sum of money as the Directors shall consider adequate to the trust to be reposed in him, with condition for good and faithful behaviour.

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or pledge of any share or shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank, or of any goods, wares or merchandize; nor shall the Nor exercise said Bank either directly or indirectly, raise loans of money any but bankor deal in the buying, selling or bartering of goods, wares ing business. or merchandize, or engage or be engaged in any trade whatever, except as a dealer in gold and silver bullion, bills of exchange, discounting of promissory notes and negotiable securities, and in such trade generally as legitimately appertains to the business of Banking; Provided always, that Provise: may the said Bank may take and hold mortgages and hypotheques hold morton real estate, and on ships, vessels and other personal property in additional this Province, by way of additional security for debts contracted security. to the Bank in the course of its dealings, and also for such purpose may purchase and take any outstanding mortgages, judgments or other charges upon the real, or personal property of any debtor of the said Bank.

XXIX. The aggregate amount of discounts and advances Discounts to made by the said Bank upon commercial paper or securities Directors libearing the name of any Director of the said Bank, or the twentieth of name of any copartnership or firm in which any Director of the the whole. said Bank shall be a partner, shall not at any one time, exceed one twentieth of the total amount of discounts or advances made by the Bank at the same time.

XXX. The Bank may allow and pay interest not ex-Bank may ceeding the legal rate in this Province, upon money deposited in the Bank; and, in discounting promissory notes, bills, or other negotiable securities or paper, may receive or retain the discount thereon at the time of discounting or negotiating the same; And when notes, bills, or other negotiable securities May charge a or paper, are bond fide payable at a place within the Province premium in different from that at which they are discounted, the Bank may also, in addition to the discount, receive or retain an amount not exceeding one half per centum on the amount of every such note, bill or other negotiable security or paper, to defray the expenses of agency and exchange attending the collection of every such note, bill, or other negotiable security or May charge paper; And the Bank may charge any note or bill held by and against the made payable at the Bank, against the deposit account of the deposit acmaker or acceptor of such note or bill at the maturity thereof; counts of cerany law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXI. The bonds, obligations and bills obligatory or of Certain Bonds, credit of the said Bank, under its common seal and signed by &c., of the the President or Vice-President, and countersigned by a Cashier Bank to be assignable by or Assistant Cashier) thereof, which shall be made payable to indursement. any person or persons, shall be assignable by indorsement thereon under the hand or hands of such person or persons, and of his, her or their assignee or assignees, and so as absolutely to transfer and vest the property thereof in the several assignees successively, and to enable such assignee or assignees to bring

Bank Officers not to vote.

XVIII. No Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Bank Clerk or other Officer of the Bank, shall vote either in person or by proxy a any meeting for the election of Directors, or hold a proxy for that purpose.

Special general meetings, how called,

&c.

If the object be the removal of a Director,

XIX. Any number not less than twenty of the Shareholders of the said Bank, who together shall be proprietors of at least one thousand shares of the paid up Capital Stock of the said Bank, by themselves or their proxies, or the Directors of the said Bank or any seven of them, shall respectively have power at any time to call a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Bank, to be held at their usual place of meeting in the City of Toronto, upon giving six weeks' previous public notice thereof, and specifying in such notice the object or objects of such meeting; and if the object of any such Special General Meeting be to consider of the proposed removal of the President or Vice-President, or of a Director or Directors of the Corporation, for mal-administration, or other specified and apparently just cause, then and in any such case the person or persons whom it shall be so proposed to remove, shall from the day on which the notice shall be first published, be suspended from the duties of his or their office or offices; and if it be the President or Vice-President whose removal shall be proposed as aforesaid, his office shall be filled up by the remaining Directors (in the manner hereinbefore provided in the case of a vacancy occurring in the office of President or Vice-President,) who shall choose or elect a Director to serve as such President or Vice-President, during the time such sus pension shall continue or be undecided upon.

Shares to be personalty, and how transferable.

Must be registered in the Bank Books.

Shares sold under execution.

XX. The shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank, shall be held and adjudged to be personal estate, and shall be transmissible accordingly, and shall be assignable and transferable at the chief place of business of the said Bank, or at any of its Branches which the Directors shall appoint for that purpose, and according to such form as the Directors shall from time to time prescribe; but no assignment or transfer shall be valid and effectual unless it be made and registered in a Book or Books to be kept by the Directors for that purpose, nor until the person or persons making the same shall previously discharge all debts actually due by him, her or them to the Bank, which may exceed in amount the remaining Stock, (if any) belonging to such person or persons; and no fractional part or parts of a share, or other than a whole share, shall be assignable of transferable; and when any share or shares of the said Capital Stock shall have been sold under a writ of execution, the Sheriff by whom the writ shall have been execu'ed, shall within thirty days after the sale, leave with the Cashier of the Bank, an attested copy of the writ, with the certificate of such Sheriff indorsed thereon, certifying to whom the sale Bank's lien on has been made, and thereupon (but not until after all debts due by the original holder or holders of the said shares to the

shares.

Bank,

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XXXIV. Notwithstanding the change hereby made in its Present notes Corporate name, it shall be lawful for the said Bank, until notes may be used bearing the Corporate name hereby assigned to it shall be notwithstanding the change prepared and ready for issue, to issue or re-issue its notes in- of corporate tended for general circulation, although in such notes it may be name. designated as 'The Commercial Bank of the Midland District,' and any such note, or any other note, bill, bond or other instrument, document or writing whatever, in which the said Bank shall be designated as 'The Commercial Bank of the Midland District,' or as 'The President, Directors and Company of the Commercial Bank of the Midland District,' shall, after this Act shall be in force, have in all respects the same effect, as regards the rights and liabilities of the said Bank or of any other person or party, as if the said Bank had been therein designated as 'The Commercial Bank of Canada.'

XXXV. A suspension by the said Bank, either at its Suspension of chief place or seat of business in the said City of Kingston, or payment for at any of its branches or offices of discount and deposit at any forfeit charter. other place in this Province, of payment on demand in specie of the notes or bills of the said Bank payable there on demand, shall, if the time of suspension extend to sixty days, consecutively or at intervals within any twelve consecutive months, operate as and be a forfeiture of its charter, and of all and every the privileges granted to it by this or any other Act.

XXXVI. The total amount of the bank-notes and bills of the Total amount Bank, of all values, in circulation at any one time, shall never of Bank notes exceed the aggregate amount of the paid up capital stock of the limited. Bank, and the gold and silver coin and bullion, and debentures or other securities, reckoned at par, issued or guaranteed by the Government under the authority of the Legislature of this Prorince, on hand; and of the bank-notes and bills in circulation And of those at any one time, not more than one fifth of the said aggregate under £1. amount shall be in bank-notes or bills under the nominal value of one pound currency each; but no bank-note of bill of the None to be Bank, under the nominal value of five shillings, shall be issued under 5 shilor put in circulation.

XXXVII. The total amount of the debts which the said Bank Total liabilishall at any one time owe, whether by bond, bill, note or other- ties of the wise, shall not exceed three times the aggregate amount of its Bank limited. Capital Stock paid in, and the deposits made in the Bank in specie and Government securities for money; and in case of excess, or in case the total amount of the bills or notes of the aid Bank payable to order or to bearer on demand and inended for general circulation shall at any time exceed the amount hereinbefore limited, the said Bank shall forfeit its Forfeiture of charter and all the privilege granted to it by this or any other excess under Act, and the Directors under whose administration the excess this or the next shall happen, shall be liable jointly and severally for the same preceding sec-in their private capacity, as well to the Shareholders as to the bility of Di-

holders rectors.

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where the declaration shall be made, or shall be made directly before such British Consul or Vice-Consul, or other accredited representative: And provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall be held to debar the Directors, Cashier, or other officer or agent of the Bank, from requiring corroborative evidence of any fact or facts alleged in any such declaration.

As to transmission of shares by mar-

XXIII. If the transmission of any Share of the Bank be by virtue of the marriage of a Female Shareholder, the declaration shall contain a copy of the Register of such marriage, or will, or intes- other particulars of the celebration thereof, and shall declare the identity of the wife with the holder of such share; and if the transmission have taken place by virtue of any testamentary instrument or by intestacy, the Probate of the Will, or the Letters of Administration, or Act of Curatorship, or an official extract therefrom, shall, together with such declaration, be produced and left with the Cashier, or other Officer or Agent of the Bank, who shall thereupon enter the name of the party entitled under such transmission, in the Register of Shareholders.

Probate of of administration to be sufficient authority to the Directors for paying dividends, &c.

XXIV. If the transmission of any share or shares in the will or letters Capital Stock of the said Bank be by decease of any Shareholder, the production to the Directors, and deposit with them, of any probate of the will of the deceased Shareholder, or of letters of administration of his estate, granted by any Court in this Province having power to grant such probate or letters of administration, or by prerogative, diocesan or peculiar Court or authority in England, Wales, Ireland, India or any other British Colony,-or of any testament-testamentary or testament-dative expede in Scotland,-or if the deceased Shareholder shall have died out of Her Majesty's dominions, the production to and deposit with the Directors of any probate of his will or letters of administration of his property or other document of like import, granted by any Court or authority having the requisite power in such matters,—shall be sufficient justification and authority to the Directors for paying any dividend or transferring or authorizing the transfer of any share, in pursuance of and in conformity to such probate, letters of administration or other such document as aforesaid.

Bank not bound to see to trusts.

XXV. The said Bank shall not be bound to see to the execution of any trust, whether express, implied or constructive, to which any of the shares of its Stock may be subject; and the receipt of the party in whose name any such share shall stand in the Books of the Bank, or if it stand in the name of more parties than one, the receipt of one of the parties, shall, from time to time, be a sufficient discharge to the Bank for any dividend of other sum of money, payable in respect of such share, notwill standing any trust to which such share may then be subject and whether or not the Bank have had notice of such trust; and the Bank shall not be bound to see to the application of

the money paid upon such receipt; any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. It shall be the duty of the Directors of the said Bank Bank to invest to invest, as speedily as the debentures hereinafter mentioned one tenth of its can be procured from the Receiver General, and to keep in- paid up capital in provincial vested at all times, in the debentures of this Province payable or municipal within the same, or secured upon the Consolidated Municipal loan fund De-Loan Fund, one-tenth part of the whole paid up Capital of the said Bank, and to make a Return of the numbers and amount of such debentures, verified by the oaths and signatures of the President and Chief Cashier or Manager of the said Bank, to the Inspector General, in the month of January in each year, under the penalty of the forfeiture of the Charter of the said Bank in default of such investment and return: Provided Proviso. always, that the said Bank shall not be bound to invest any portion of its Capital in debentures under the provisions of this section unless it shall have availed itself of the power to increase its Capital Stock to an amount exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, under this Act or the said Act passed in the Eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered thirtynine.

XXVII. The said Bank shall not either directly or indi- Bank not to rectly hold any lands or tenements, (save and except such as hold real proby the *third section of this Act it is specially authorized to acas limited in quire and hold) or any ships or other vessels, or any share or section 2. shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank, or of any other Bank in this Province; nor shall the said Bank either directly or second -See indirectly, lend money or make advances upon the security, french. mortgage or hypothecation (hypothèque) of any lands or tenements, or of any ships or other vessels, nor upon the security or pledge of any share or shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank, or of any goods, wares or merchandize; nor shall the Nor exercise said Bank either directly or indirectly, raise loans of money any but bank-or deal in the buying, selling or bartering of goods, wares or merchandize, or engage or be engaged in any trade whatever, except as a dealer in gold and silver bullion, bills of exchange, discounting of promissory notes and negotiable securities, and in such trade generally as legitimately appertains to the business of Banking; Provided always, that Provise: may the said Bank may take and hold mortgages and hypothèques hold morton real estate, ships, vessels and other personal property in this additional Province, by way of additional security for debts contracted security. to the Bank in the course of its dealings, and may also for such purpose purchase and take any outstanding mortgages, judgments or other charges upon the real or personal property of any debtor of the said Bank.

XXVIII. The aggregate amount of discounts and advances Discounts to made by the said Bank upon commercial paper or securities Directors libearing the name of any Director of the said Bank, or the name itself to one

Of the whole.

of any copartnership or firm in which any Director of the said Bank shall be a partner, shall not at any one time, exceed one twentieth of the total amount of discounts or advances made by the Bank at the same time.

Bank may re-&c.

May charge a premium in certain cases.

XXIX. The Bank may allow and pay interest not exceedtain discount, ing the legal rate in this Province, upon moneys deposited in the Bank; and in discounting promissory notes, bills, or other negotiable securities or paper, may receive or retain the discount thereon at the time of discounting or negotiating the same; and when notes, bills, or other negotiable securities or paper, are bond fide payable at a place within the Province different from that at which they are discounted, the Bank may also in addition to the discount receive or retain an amount not exceeding one half per centum on the amount of every such note, bill or other negotiable security or paper. to defray the expenses of agency and exchange attending the collection of every such note, bill, or other negotiable security or paper; And the Bank may charge any note or bill held by and payable at the Bank, against the deposit account of the maker of such note or acceptor of such bill, at the maturity thereof; any law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstand-

May charge notes, &c., against the deposit accounts of certain parties thereto.

Certain bonds &c., of the Bank to be assignable by indorsement.

Bills and notes valid the' not under seal.

Assignable in certain cases by delivery. Proviso : Directors may notes.

XXX. The bonds, obligations and bills obligatory or of credit of the said Bank, under its common seal and signed by the President or Vice-President, and countersigned by a Cashier (or Assistant Cashier) thereof, which shall be made payable to any person or persons, shall be assignable by indorsement thereon under the hand or hands of such person or persons, and of his, her or their assignee or assignees, and so as absolutely to transfer and vest the property thereof in the several assignees successively, and to enable such assignce or assignees to bring and maintain an action or actions thereon in his, her or their own name or names; and signification of any assignment by indorsement shall not be necessary, any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and bills or notes of the said Bank, signed by the President, Vice-President, Cashier or other officer appointed by the Directors of the said Bank to sign the same, promising the payment of money to any person or persons, his or their order or to the bearer, though not under the corporate seal of the said Bank, shall be binding and obligator upon it, in the like manner and with the like force and effect as they would be upon any private person if issued by him in his private or natural capacity, and shall be assignable in like manner as if they were so issued by a private person in his natural capacity; Provided always that nothing in this Act shall be held to debar the Directors of the said Bank from authorize any authorizing or deputing from time to time, any Cashier. Assis-Officers to sign tant Cashier or Officer of the Bank, or any Director other than the President or Vice-President, or any Cashier, Manager or local Director of any branch or office of discount and deposit of

the said Bank, to sign the bills or notes of the Corporation intended for general circulation and payable to order or to bearer on demand.

XXXI. And whereas it may be deemed expedient, that the Recital, name or names of the person or persons intrusted and authorized by the Bank to sign bank-notes and bills on behalf of the Bank, should be impressed by machinery, in such form as may from time to time be adopted by the Bank, instead of being subscribed in the hand-writing of such person or persons respectively: And whereas doubts might arise respecting the validity of such notes: Be it therefore further declared and Signature to enacted. That all bank-notes and bills of the Bank of Bank-notes Upper Canada, whereon the name or names of any person may be impressed by or persons intrusted or authorized to sign such notes or bills on machinery. behalf of the Bank, shall or may become impressed by machinery provided for that purpose by or with the authority of the Bank, shall be and be taken to be good and valid, to all intents and purposes as if such notes and bills had been subscribed in the proper hand-writing of the person or persons intrusted and authorized by the Bank to sign the same respectively, and shall be deemed and taken to be bank-notes or bills within the meaning of all laws and statutes whatever; and shall and may be described as bank-notes or bills, in all indictments and other criminal proceedings whatsoever; any law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXII. The notes or bills of the said Bank made payable to Bank-notes to order or to bearer and intended for general circulation, whether be payable at the same shall issue from the chief seat or place of business of the place of the said Bank in the City of Toronto or from any of its the said Bank in the City of Toronto, or from any of its branches, shall be payable on demand in specie at the place where they bear date.

XXXIII. A suspension by the said Bank, either at its Suspension of chief place or seat of business in the said City of Toronto, or payment for at any of its branches or offices of discount and deposit at any sixty days to other place in this Province, of payment on demand in specie forfeit charter. of the notes or bills of the said Bank payable there on demand, shall, if the time of suspension extend to sixty days, consecutively or at intervals within any twelve consecutive months, operate as and be a forfeiture of its charter, and of all and every the privileges granted to it by this or any other Act.

XXXIV. The total amount of the bank-notes and bills of the Total amount Bank, of all values, in circulation at any one time, shall never of Bank-notes exceed the aggregate amount of the paid up capital stock of the limited. Bank, and the gold and silver coin and bullion, and debentures or other securities, reckoned at par, issued or guaranteed by the Government under the authority of the Legislature of this Province, on hand; and of the bank-notes and bills in circulation And of those at any one time, not more than one-fifth of the said aggregate under £1.

None to be under 5 shillings.

amount shall be in bank-notes or bills under the nominal value of one pound currency each; but no bank-note or bill of the Bank, under the nominal value of five shillings, shall be issued or put in circulation.

Total liabilities of the Bank limited. Forfeiture of charter for excess under preceding sec-tion; and liability of Directors.

XXXV. The total amount of the debts which the said Bank shall at any one time owe, whether by bond, bill, note or otherwise, shall not exceed three times the aggregate amount of its Capital Stock paid in, and the deposits made in the Bank in specie and Government securities for money; and in case of this or the next excess, or in case the total amount of the bills or notes of the said Bank payable to order or to bearer on demand and intended for general circulation shall at any time exceed the amount hereinbefore limited, the said Bank shall forfeit is charter and all the privileges granted to it by this or any other Act, and the Directors under whose administration the excess shall happen, shall be liable jointly and severally for the same in their private capacity, as well to the Shareholders as to the holders of the bonds, bills and notes of the said Bank, and an action or actions in this behalf may be brought against them or any of them, and the heirs, executors, administrators, or curtors of them or any of them, and be prosecuted to judgment and execution according to law, but such action or actions shall no: exempt the said Bank or its lands, tenements, goods or chattels, from being also liable for such excess: Provided always, that if any Director present at the time of contracting any such excess of debt, do forthwith, or if any Director absent at the time of contracting any such excess of debt, do within twenty-four hours after he shall have obtained a knowledge thereof, enter on the minutes or register of the Bank, his protest against the same, and do within eight days thereafter publish such protest in at least two Newspapers published in the City of Toronto, such Director may thereby, and not otherwise, exonerate and discharge himself, his heirs, executors, and administrators or curators, from the liability aforesaid, any thing herein contained or any law to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always. that such publication shall not exonerate any Director from his liability as a shareholder.

Proviso: how Director may avoid such liability.

Proviso.

Limitation of liability of Shareholders in case of insolvency of the Bank.

XXXVI. In the event of the property and assets of the said Bank becoming insufficient to liquidate the liabilities and engagements or debts thereof, the Shareholders of its stock, it their private or natural capacities, shall be liable and resporsible for the deficiency, but to no greater extent than to double the amount of their respective shares, that is to say, the lit bility and responsibility of each Shareholder to the creditors the said Bank, shall be limited to a sum of money equal in amount to his stock therein, over and above any instalment," instalments which may be unpaid on such stock, for which h shall also remain liable and shall pay up: Provided always that nothing in this section contained shall be construed to alter or diminish the additional liabilities of the Directors of the said Bank hereinbefore mentioned and declared.

Proviso.

XXXVII

XLVII. This Act, and so much of the Acts mentioned in Duration of the preamble as is not repealed by this Act, shall be and remain this Act. in force until the first day of January, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and from that time until the end of the then next Session of the Parliament of this Province, and no longer.

XLVIII The foregoing sections of this Act shall have force Commenceand effect upon, from and after the first day of January, in the ment of this year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and not before, and the said sections only shall be understood as intended, by the words "this Act," whenever in any of them the time when this Act shall be in force is mentioned.

SCHEDULE A

Referred to in the Thirty-ninth Section of the foregoing Act.

Return of the Average Amount of Liabilities and Assets of the Commercial Bank of Canada, during the period from one thousand eight the first hundred and

LIABILITIES.

Promissory Notes in circulation not bearing interest£
Bills of Exchange in circulation not bearing interest£
Bills and Notes in circulation bearing interest£
Balances due to other Banks£
Cash deposits, not bearing interest£
Cash deposits, bearing interest£

Total average Liabilities.....£

ASSETS.

Coin and Bullion	£
Landed or other property of the Bank	£
Government Securities	£
Promissory Notes or Bills of other Banks	£
Balances due from other Banks,	£
Notes and Bills discounted,	£
Other Debts due to the Bank, not included under the	
foregoing heads	

Total average Assets.....£

Officers,

&c., by Bank with, any Bond, Obligation, Bill Obligatory or of Credit, or other Bill or Note, or any Security for money, or any moneys or effects, intrusted to him as such Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Manager, Clerk or Servant, whether the same belong to the said Bank, or belonging to any other person or persons, body or bodies politic or corporate, or institution or institutions, be lodged and deposited with the said Bank, the Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Manager, Clerk or Servant, so offending, and being thereof convicted in due form of Law, shall be deemed guilty of felony.

Imprisonment tentiary.

XLI. Every person convicted of felony under this Act over two years shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor, in the Proto be in Penivincial Penitentiary, for any term not less than two years, or by imprisonment in any other Gaol or place of confinement for any less term than two years, in the discretion of the Court before which he shall be convicted.

Power to search for forged notes or machinery used for forg-

How dealt

with if found.

XLII. It shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice of the Peace, on complaint made before him, upon the oath of one credible person, that there is just cause to suspect that any one or more person or persons is or are or hath, or have been concerned in making or counterfeiting any false bills of exchange, promissory notes, undertakings or orders of the said Bank, or hath in his possession any plates, presses or other instruments, tools or materials for making or counterfeiting the same or any part thereof, by warrant under the hand of such Justice, to cause the dwelling house, room, workshop, or outhouse or other building, yard, garden or other place, belonging to such suspected person or persons, or where any such person or persons shall be suspected of carrying on any such making or counterfeiting. to be searched; and if any such false bills of exchange, promissory notes, undertakings or orders, or any plates, presex or other tools, instruments or materials, shall be found in the custody or possession of any person or persons whomsoever, not having the same by some lawful authority, it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons whomsoever discovering the same, to seize, and he or they are hereby authorized and required to seize such false or counterfeit bilk of exchange, promissory notes, undertakings or orders, and such plates, presses, or other tools, instruments or materials and to carry the same forthwith before a Justice of the Peace of the County or District, (or if more convenient, of the acjoining County or District,) in which the same shall be seized. who shall cause the same to be secured and produced in evidence against any person or persons who shall or may be prosecuted for any of the offences aforesaid, in some Court of Justice proper for the determination thereof, and the same, after being so produced in evidence, shall by order of the Count's defaced or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of as such Cour. shall direct.

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XLIII. Nothing in this Act contained shall in any manner Saving of lengate from, or affect, or be construed to derogate from or rights of the affect the rights of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, or Crown, &c. of any person or persons, or of any body or bodies politic or opporate, except in so far as the same may be specially derorated from or affected by the provisions of this Act.

XLIV. This Act shall be held, and taken to be a Public Act, Public Act. nd shall be judicially taken notice of and have the effect of a Public Act, without being specially pleaded, and shall be known as the Charter of the Bank of Upper Canada, and Short Title. he Interpretation Act shall apply thereto.

XLV. This Act, and so much of the Acts mentioned in Duration of he preamble as is not repealed by this Act, shall be and remain this Act. n force until the first day of January, which will be in the year our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and from hat time until the end of the then next Session of the Parlianent of this Province, and no longer.

XLVI. The foregoing sections of this Act shall have force Commenceand effect upon, from and after the first day of January, in the ment of this rear of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven. Act. and not before, and the said sections only shall be understood is intended, by the words "this Act," whenever in any of them he time when this Act shall be in force is mentioned.

SCHEDULE A

Referred to in the Thirty-seventh Section of the foregoing Act.

Return of the Average Amount of Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of Upper Canada, during the period from first one thousand eight hundred and

LIABILITIES.

Promissory Notes in circulation not bearing interest£
Bills of Exchange in circulation not bearing interest £
Bills and Notes in circulation bearing interest£
Balances due to other Banks£
Cash deposits, not bearing interest£
Cash deposits, bearing interest£

Total average Liabilities £

ASSETS.

Coin and Bullion	£
Landed or other property of the Bar	nk£
Government Securities	£
31 *	` Promissory

and may be lawful for the Directors of the Bank, and at any time within the period hereinbefore limited for subscribing for such Stock, to admit and receive such subscriptions and full payment, or payment of any number of instalments, together with such premium; and in every case, the premium so received on any Stock subscribed for, shall be carried to the account of the ordinary profits of the said Bank.

V. If any Shareholder or Shareholders shall refuse or neglect

As to premium.

Forfeiture for

Sale of shares are not paid.

non-payment to pay any instalment upon his, her or their shares of the said Capital Stock, at the time or times required by the Directors as aforesaid, such Shareholder or Shareholders shall incur a forfeiture to the use of the said Bank, of a sum of money equal to ten pounds per centum on the amount of such shares; and on which calls moreover, it shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Bank (without any previous formality other than thirty days' public notice of their intention) to sell at public auction the said shares, or so many of the said shares as shall, after deducting the reasonable expenses of the sale, yield a sum of money sufficient to pay the unpaid instalments due on the remainder of the said shares and the amount of forfeitures incurred upon the whole; and the President, with the Vice-President or the Cashier of the said Bank, shall execute the transfer to the purchaser of the shares of Stock so sold, and such transfer being accepted, shall be as valid and effectual in law as if the same had been executed by the original holder or holders of the shares of Stock thereby transferred: Provided always, that nothing in this

Proviso: forfeiture may be re-leased.

section contained shall be held to debar the Directors or shareholders, at a general meeting, from remitting either in whole or in part, and conditionally or unconditionally, any forfeiture incurred by the non-payment of any instalment as aforesaid.

Chief place of business.

Branches.

VI. The chief place or seat of business of the said Bank, shall be in the City of Toronto, but it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the Bank, to open and establish in other Cities, Towns and Places in this Province, Branches or Agencies or offices of discount and deposit of the said Bank, under such rules and regulations for the good and faithful management of the same, as to the said Directors shall from time to time seem meet, not being repugnant to any law this Province, to this Act, or to the By-laws of the said Bank.

Ten Directors to be elected annually.

VII. For the management of the affairs of the said Bank there shall continue to be Ten Directors annually elected by the Shareholders of the Capital Stock thereof, at a general meeting of them to be held annually on the twenty-fifth day of June in each year, (except when that day shall be a Sunday legal holiday, and then on the next day which shall not be a Sunday or legal holiday,) beginning in the month of June. the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seveni at which meeting the Shareholders shall vote according to the rule or scale of votes hereinafter established; and the Directors elected

establish such rules, regulations and by-laws as to them shall By-laws. seem meet and necessary for the due and proper administration of their affairs and the due management of the said Bank (such by-laws and regulations not being inconsistent with this Act, or contrary to the laws of this Province): Provided however, By-laws must that such rules, regulations and by-laws shall be submitted for be approved by Shareholdapproval to the Stockholders or Shareholders in the said Bank, ers. at their regular annual meetings.

II. The capital Stock of the said Bank shall be one million Capital, of pounds of lawful money of Great Britain, divided into fifty £1,000,000 thousand shares of twenty pounds of like lawful money each sterling. thousand shares of twenty pounds of like lawful money each, which said shares shall be and are hereby vested in the several Shares, £20. persons who shall subscribe for the same, their legal representatives and assigns.

III. As soon as two hundred thousand pounds of the said First meeting Capital Stock shall have been subscribed and fifty thousand Directors. pounds actually paid in thereupon, it shall and may be lawful for the subscribers, or the majority of them, to call a meeting at some place to be named, in the City of Hamilton, for the purpose of proceeding to the election of the number of Directors for the said Bank hereinafter mentioned, and such election shall then and there be made by a majority of shares voted By a majority upon, in the manner hereinaster prescribed in respect of the of votes. Annual election of Directors; and the persons then and there chosen, shall be the first Directors, and shall be capable of serving until the third Monday in June then next ensuing the said election; Provided always, that no such meeting of the Proviso: said subscribers shall take place until a notice specifying the given. objects of such meeting is published in one or more newspapers published in the Cities of Hamilton and such other places as a majority of the Corporation may direct, at least twenty days previous to such time of meeting.

IV. The shares of the Capital Stock subscribed for shall be Instalments paid in and by such instalments, and at such times and places on Stock. as the said Directors shall appoint; and Executors, Administrators and Curators paying instalments upon the shares of deceased Shareholders, shall be and they are hereby respectively indemnified for paying the same; Provided always, that no Proviso. share or shares shall be held to be lawfully subscribed for, unless a sum equal at least to ten pounds per centum on the amount subscribed for, be actually paid at the time of subscribing; Provided further, that it shall not be lawful for the sub-Proviso. scribers of the Capital Stock hereby authorized to be raised, to commence the business of Banking, until a sum not less than fifty thousand pounds shall have been duly paid in by such subscribers; Provided further, that the remainder of the said Province Capital Stock shall be subscribed and paid up as follows, that is to say, the sum of one hundred thousand pounds within eighteen months, the further sum of two hundred thousand

pounds within three years, the further sum of two hundred thousand pounds within four years, and the further sum of four hundred and fifty thousand pounds within five years after the Bank shall have so commenced the business of Banking under penalty of forfeiture of their charter.

V. The stock, property, affairs and concerns of the said Bank

shall be managed and conducted by ten Directors, one of whom

Stockholders residing in the Province, and be elected on the third Monday in June in every year, at such time of the day and at such place in the City of Hamilton aforesaid, as a majority

the third section, previous to the time of holding such election; and the said election shall be held and made by such of the said Shareholders of the said Bank as shall attend for the purpose in their own proper person or by proxy; and all elections for Directors shall be by ballot, and the said proxies, shall only be capable of being held and voted upon by Shareholders then present; and the ten persons who shall have the greatest number of votes at any election shall be the Directors, except as hereinafter directed; and if it should happen at any election

that two or more persons have an equal number of votes in

such a manner that a greater number of persons shall, by a plurality of votes appear to be chosen as Directors, then the Directors who shall have had a greater number of votes, or the majority of them, shall determine which of the said persons, so

Number of Directors.

to be the President, who, excepting as is hereinbefore provided Torm of office. for, shall hold their offices for one year, which Directors shall be

Nation of alon-

Notice of electors for the time being shall appoint; and public tion.

notice shall be given by the Directors as hereinbefore provided in

Ties at elec-

Proviso: qualification of Directors.

having an equal number of votes, shall be the Director of Directors, so as to complete the whole number of ten; and the said Directors as soon as may be after the said election, shall proceed in like manner to elect by ballot, two of their number to be the President and Vice-President; Provided always, that no person shall be eligible to be or continue as Director unless he shall hold in his name and for his own use, stock in the said Bank to the amount of forty shares, and shall be a natural born or naturalized subject of Her Majesty, and resident in this Province.

Failure of election how remedied.

VI. In case it should at any time happen that an election of Directors of the said Bank should not be made on any day when pursuant to this Act it ought to have been made, the said Corporation shall not for that cause be deemed to be dissolved, but shall and may be lawful on any other day to hold and make an election of Directors in such manner as shall have been regulated by the By-laws of the said Bank.

Scale of votes.

VII Each shareholder shall be entitled to a number of voltropproportioned to the number of shares which he or she shall have held in the said Bank, in his or her own name, at least three months prior to the time of voting, according to the following

scak,

scale, that is to say, one share and not more than two, one vote, and for every two shares above two, one vote; and all questions proposed for the consideration of the said shareholders shall be determined by the majority of their votes, the Chairman elected to preside at any such meeting of the said shareholders shall have the casting vote; Provided always, that Casting vote. no Cashier, Bank-Clerk, or other officer of the Bank shall either Proviso: Offivote in person or by proxy at any meeting for the election of cers not to Directors, or hold a proxy for that purpose.

VIII. The Books, Correspondence and Funds of the Corpora- Inspection of tion shall at all times be subject to the inspection of the Direc-books, actors, but no shareholder not being a Director, shall inspect or counts, &c. be allowed to inspect the account or accounts of any person dealing with the Corporation.

IX. It shall be the duty of the Directors of the said Bank to Divivends. make half yearly dividends, of so much of the profits of the said Bank, as to them or the majority of them shall appear advisable.

X. The Directors for the time being, or the major part of Directors to them, shall have power to make such By-laws and regulations make By-laws not repugnant to the provisions of this Act or the laws of this Province, as to them shall appear needful and proper, touching the management and disposition of the stock, property, estate and effects of the said Bank, and touching the duties and conduct of the Officers, Clerks and Servants employed therein, and for the calling of Special General Meetings of the Shareholders, prescribing how and under what circumstances the same shall be called, and all such other matters as appertain to the business of a Bank, and shall also have power to appoint as many To appoint Officers, Clerks and Servants for carrying on the said business, Officers. and with such salaries and allowances as to them shall seem meet, and shall have power to make such calls of money from Calls of money the several shareholders for the time being, upon the shares in on Stock. the said Bank subscribed for by them respectively, as the said Board shall find necessary, and in the corporate name of the said Bank to sue for, recover and get in all such calls, or to cause and declare such shares to be forfeited to the said Bank in case of non-payment of any such call; and an action of debt Actions for may be brought to recover any money due on any such call; calls. And it shall not be necessary to set forth the special matter in the declaration, but it shall be sufficient to allege that the De- what must fendant is the holder of one share or more (as the case may be), only need be in the Capital Stock of the said Bank, and is indebted for calls proved. upon the said share or shares to the said Bank, in the sum to which the call or calls amount, (as the case may be, stating the number and amount of such calls), whereby an action hath accrued to the said Corporation, to recover the same from such Defendant by virtue of this Act; and it shall be sufficient to

maintain such action, to prove by any one witness (a shareholder being competent) that the Defendant at the time of making any such call, was a shareholder in the number of shares alleged, and to produce the By-law or resolution of the Board making and prescribing such call, and to prove notice thereof given in conformity with such By-law or Resolution, and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the said Proviso: calls Board of Directors or any other matter whatsoever; Provided that each such call shall be made at intervals of thirty days,

Officers to give security.

and upon notice to be given at least thirty days prior to the day on which such call shall be payable, and any such call shall not exceed twenty per cent of each share subscribed; And provided always, that before permitting any Manager, Officer, Clerk or Servant of the Corporation to enter upon the duties of his office, the Directors shall require every such Manager,

Officer, Clerk or Servant, to give Bond, to the satisfaction of The amounts. the Directors, that is to say, every Manager, in a sum not less than Five Thousand Pounds, current money of Canada, and every other Officer, Clerk or Servant, in such sum of money as the Directors consider adequate to the trust to be reposed, with condition for good and faithful behaviour.

Payment of Directors.

Onorum.

XI. The Directors, including the said President and Vice-President, shall be entitled to such emoluments for their services as may be fixed by any order or resolution passed at the usual Annual Meeting of Shareholders; and any five shall constitute a Board for the transaction of business, of whom the President or Vice-President shall be one, except in case of sickness or absence, in which case the Directors present may choose out of their number a Chairman for such Meeting.

Bank-notesnot to be issued until the Bank has a certain sum in coin.

XII. No bill or note for any sum whatever shall be issued or put into circulation by the said Bank until fifty thousand pounds of the Capital Stock of the said Bank shall have been actually paid in, and shall be held by and in actual possession of the said Bank, in gold or silver coin current in this Province.

Chief place of business.

XIII. The chief place or seat of business of the said Bank shall be in the city of Hamilton aforesaid, but it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Bank, to open and establish in Windsor and other cities, towns and places in this Province, branches and agencies or offices of discount and deposit of the said Bank, under such rules and regulations for the good and faithful management of the same, as to the said Directors shall from time to time seem meet, and shall not be repugnant to any law of this Province, to this Act, or to the By-laws of

Branches.

Statement of affairs to be submitted at annual meetthe said Bank.

XIV. At every Annual General Meeting of the Shareholder of the said Bank, to be held in the City of Hamilton in the manner hereinbefore provided, the Directors shall submit a full and clear statement of the affairs of the said Bank, containing of

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he one part, the amount of Capital Stock paid in, the amount What it must of the notes of the Bank in circulation, and net profits made, containand the balance due to other banks and institutions, and the ash deposited in the Bank, distinguishing deposits bearing inerest from those not bearing interest; and on the other part, the amount of current coins, the gold and silver bullion in the vaults of the Bank, the balances due to the Bank from other banks and institutions, the value of the real and other property of the sank, and the amount of debts owing to the Bank, including and particularising the amounts so owing upon bills of exchange, liscounted notes, mortgages and other securities; thus exhibitng on the one hand the liabilities of or the debts due by the Bank, and on the other hand the assets and resources thereof; and the said statements shall also exhibit the rate and amount of the then last dividend declared by the Directors, the amount of reserved profits at the time of declaring the said dividend, and the amount of debts to the Bank over-due and not paid, with an estimate of the loss which may probably be incurred from the non-payment of such debts.

XV. The shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank shall shares to be be held and adjudged to be personal estate, and be transmissible personalty, accordingly, and shall be assignable and transferable at the transferable. Bank according to the Schedule A annexed to this Act; but no assignment or transfer shall be valid or effectual unless it be made and registered in a book or books to be kept by the Directors for that purpose, nor until the person or persons making the same shall previously discharge all debts already due by him, her or them to the Bank, which may exceed in amount the remaining stock, if any, belonging to such person or persons; and no fractional part or parts of a share or other than a whole share shall be assignable or transferable; and when Sales of shares any share or shares of the said Capital Stock shall have been in execution. sold under a writ of execution, the Sheriff by whom the writ shall have been executed shall, within thirty days after the sale, eave with the Manager of the said Bank an attested copy of he writ with the certificate of such Sheriff endorsed thereon, rertifying to whom the sale has been made, and thereupon (but Debts to Bank not until after all debts due by the original holder or holders of must be paid the said shares to the Bank shall be discharged as aforesaid), before transthe President or Vice-President or the Manager of the Bank shall execute the transfer of the share or shares so sold, to the purchaser, and such transfer being accepted shall be to all inents and purposes as valid and effectual in law as if it had been executed by the original holder of such shares; any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. The said Bank hereby constituted shall not, either Bank not to directly or indirectly, hold any lands or tenements, (save and hold real pro-Acept such as by the first section of this Act it is specially under sect 1. authorized to acquire and hold,) or any ships or other vessels, or any share or shares in the Stock of the Corporation, nor in

Proviso.

where the declaration shall be made, or shall be made directly before such British Consul or Vice-Consul, or other accredited representative: And provided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall be held to debar the Directors, Cashier, or other officer or agent of the Bank, from requiring corroborative evidence of any fact or facts alleged in any such declaration.

As to transmission of shares by marriage or by will, or intes-

XXIII. If the transmission of any Share of the Bank be by virtue of the marriage of a Female Shareholder, the declaration shall contain a copy of the Register of such marriage, or other particulars of the celebration thereof, and shall declare the identity of the wife with the holder of such share; and if the transmission have taken place by virtue of any testamentary instrument or by intestacy, the Probate of the Will, or the Letters of Administration, or Act of Curatorship, or an official extract therefrom, shall, together with such declaration, be produced and left with the Cashier, or other Officer or Agent of the Bank, who shall thereupon enter the name of the party entitled under such transmission, in the Register of Shareholders.

Probate of of administration to be sufficient authority to the Directors for paying dividends, &c.

XXIV. If the transmission of any share or shares in the will or letters Capital Stock of the said Bank be by decease of any Shareholder, the production to the Directors, and deposit with them, of any probate of the will of the deceased Shareholder, or of letters of administration of his estate, granted by any Court in this Province having power to grant such probate or letters of administration, or by prerogative, diocesan or peculiar Court or authority in England, Wales, Ireland, India or any other British Colony,-or of any testament-testamentary or testament-dative expede in Scotland,—or if the deceased Shareholder shall have died out of Her Majesty's dominions, the production to and deposit with the Directors of any probate of his will or letters of administration of his property or other document of like import, granted by any Court or authority having the requisite power in such matters,—shall be sufficient justification and authority to the Directors for paying any dividend or transferring or authorizing the transfer of any share, in pursuance of and in conformity to such probate, letters of administration or other such document as aforesaid.

Bank not bound to see to trusts.

XXV. The said Bank shall not be bound to see to the execution of any trust, whether express, implied or constructive, to which any of the shares of its Stock may be subject; and the receipt of the party in whose name any such share shall stand in the Books of the Bank, or if it stand in the name of more parties than one, the receipt of one of the parties, shall, from time to time, be a sufficient discharge to the Bank for any dividend or other sum of money, payable in respect of such share, notwithstanding any trust to which such share may then be subject, and whether or not the Bank have had notice of such trust: and the Bank shall not be bound to see to the application of

the money paid upon such receipt; any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXVI. It shall be the duty of the Directors of the said Bank Bank to invest to invest, as speedily as the debentures hereinafter mentioned one tenth of its can be procured from the Receiver General, and to keep in- in provincial vested at all times, in the debentures of this Province payable or municipal within the same, or secured upon the Consolidated Municipal loan fund De-Loan Fund, one-tenth part of the whole paid up Capital of the said Bank, and to make a Return of the numbers and amount of such debentures, verified by the oaths and signatures of the President and Chief Cashier or Manager of the said Bank, to the Inspector General, in the month of January in each year, under the penalty of the forfeiture of the Charter of the said Bank in default of such investment and return: Provided Proviso. always, that the said Bank shall not be bound to invest any portion of its Capital in debentures under the provisions of this section unless it shall have availed itself of the power to increase its Capital Stock to an amount exceeding five hundred thousand pounds, under this Act or the said Act passed in the Eighteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and chaptered thirtynine.

XXVII. The said Bank shall not either directly or indi-Bank not to rectly hold any lands or tenements, (save and except such as hold real proby the *third section of this Act it is specially authorized to ac- perty except as limited in quire and hold) or any ships or other vessels, or any share or section 2. shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank, or of any other Bank in this Province; nor shall the said Bank either directly or *second -See indirectly, lend money or make advances upon the security, french. mortgage or hypothecation (hypothèque) of any lands or tenements, or of any ships or other vessels, nor upon the security or pledge of any share or shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank, or of any goods, wares or merchandize; nor shall the Nor exercise said Bank either directly or indirectly, raise loans of money any but bankor deal in the buying, selling or bartering of goods, wares ing business. or merchandize, or engage or be engaged in any trade whatever, except as a dealer in gold and silver bullion, bills of exchange, discounting of promissory notes and negotiable securities, and in such trade generally as legitimately appertains to the business of Banking; Provided always, that Provise: may the said Bank may take and hold mortgages and hypothèques hold morton real estate, ships, vessels and other personal property in this additional Province, by way of additional security for debts contracted security. to the Bank in the course of its dealings, and may also for such purpose purchase and take any outstanding mortgages, judgments or other charges upon the real or personal property of any debtor of the said Bank.

XXVIII. The aggregate amount of discounts and advances Discounts to made by the said Bank upon commercial paper or securities Directors libearing the name of any Director of the said Bank, or the name mited to one

of any copartnership or firm in which any Director of the said Bank shall be a partner, shall not at any one time, exceed one twentieth of the total amount of discounts or advances made by the Bank at the same time.

XXIX. The Bank may allow and pay interest not exceed-

Bank may re-

tain discount, ing the legal rate in this Province, upon moneys deposited in the Bank; and in discounting promissory notes, bilk, or other negotiable securities or paper, may receive or retain the discount thereon at the time of discounting or negotiating the same; and when notes, bills, or other negotiable securities or paper, are bond fide payable at a place within the Province different from that at which they are discounted, the Bank may also in addition to the discount receive or retain an amount not exceeding one half per centum on the amount of every such note, bill or other negotiable security or paper, to defray the expenser of agency and exchange attending the collection of every such note, bill, or other negotiable security or paper; And the Bank may charge any note or bill held by and payable at the Bank, against the deposit account of the

maker of such note or acceptor of such bill, at the maturity

thereof; any law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstand-

May charge a premium in certain cases.

May charge notes, &c., against the deposit accounts of certain parties thereto.

ing.

Certain bonds &c., of the Bank to be assignable by indorsement.

Bills and notes valid tho' not under seal.

Assignable in certain cases by delivery. Proviso: Directors may authorize any Officers to sign notes.

XXX. The bonds, obligations and bills obligatory or of credit of the said Bank, under its common seal and signed by the President or Vice-President, and countersigned by a Cashier (or Assistant Cashier) thereof, which shall be made payable w any person or persons, shall be assignable by indorsement thereon under the hand or hands of such person or persons, and of his, her or their assignee or assignees, and so as absolutely to transfer and vest the property thereof in the several assigned successively, and to enable such assignee or assignees to bring and maintain an action or actions thereon in his, her or their own name or names; and signification of any assignment of indorsement shall not be necessary, any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and bills or notes of the said But signed by the President, Vice-President, Cashier or other officer appointed by the Directors of the said Bank to sign the same, promising the payment of money to any person of persons, his or their order or to the bearer, though not under the corporate seal of the said Bank, shall be binding and obligated upon it, in the like manner and with the like force and effect as they would be upon any private person if issued by him his private or natural capacity, and shall be assignable in like manner as if they were so issued by a private person in is natural capacity; Provided always that nothing in this 16 shall be held to debar the Directors of the said Bank for authorizing or deputing from time to time, any Cashier, Assir tant Cashier or Officer of the Bank, or any Director other that the President or Vice-President, or any Cashier, Manager local Director of any branch or office of discount and deposit

the said Bank, to sign the bills or notes of the Corporation intended for general circulation and payable to order or to bearer on demand.

XXXI. And whereas it may be deemed expedient, that the Recital. name or names of the person or persons intrusted and authorized by the Bank to sign bank-notes and bills on behalf of the Bank, should be impressed by machinery, in such form as may from time to time be adopted by the Bank, instead of being subscribed in the hand-writing of such person or persons respectively: And whereas doubts might arise respecting the validity of such notes: Be it therefore further declared and Signature to enacted, That all bank-notes and bills of the Bank of Bank-notes Upper Canada, whereon the name or names of any person may be impressed by or persons intrusted or authorized to sign such notes or bills on machinery. behalf of the Bank, shall or may become impressed by machinery provided for that purpose by or with the authority of the Bank, shall be and be taken to be good and valid, to all intents and purposes as if such notes and bills had been subscribed in the proper hand-writing of the person or persons intrusted and authorized by the Bank to sign the same respectively, and shall be deemed and taken to be bank-notes or bills within the meaning of all laws and statutes whatever; and shall and may be described as bank-notes or bills, in all indictments and other criminal proceedings whatsoever; any law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XXXII. The notes or bills of the said Bank made payable to Bank-notes to order or to bearer and intended for general circulation, whether be payable at the same shall issue from the chief seat or place of business of the place of date. the said Bank in the City of Toronto, or from any of its branches, shall be payable on demand in specie at the place where they bear date.

XXXIII. A suspension by the said Bank, either at its Suspension of chief place or seat of business in the said City of Toronto, or payment for at any of its branches or offices of discount and deposit at any sixty days to other place in this Province, of payment on demand in specie forfeit charter. of the notes or bills of the said Bank payable there on demand, shall, if the time of suspension extend to sixty days, consecutively or at intervals within any twelve consecutive months, operate as and be a forfeiture of its charter, and of all and every the privileges granted to it by this or any other Act.

XXXIV. The total amount of the bank-notes and bills of the Total amount Bank, of all values, in circulation at any one time, shall never of Bank-notes exceed the aggregate amount of the paid up capital stock of the limited. Bank, and the gold and silver coin and bullion, and debentures or other securities, reckoned at par, issued or guaranteed by the Government under the authority of the Legislature of this Province, on hand; and of the bank-notes and bills in circulation And of those at any one time, not more than one-fifth of the said aggregate under £1.

amount

None to be under 5 shillings. amount shall be in bank-notes or bills under the nominal valuof one pound currency each; but no bank-note or bill of the Bank, under the nominal value of five shillings, shall be issued or put in circulation.

Total liabilities of the Bank limited. Forfeiture of charter for excess under this or the next preceding section; and liability of Directors.

XXXV. The total amount of the debts which the said Bank shall at any one time owe, whether by bond, bill, note or otherwise, shall not exceed three times the aggregate amount of its Capital Stock paid in, and the deposits made in the Bank in specie and Government securities for money; and in case of excess, or in case the total amount of the bills or notes of the said Bank payable to order or to bearer on demand and intended for general circulation shall at any time exceed the amount hereinbefore limited, the said Bank shall forfeit is charter and all the privileges granted to it by this or any other Act, and the Directors under whose administration the excess shall happen, shall be liable jointly and severally for the same in their private capacity, as well to the Shareholders as to the holders of the bonds, bills and notes of the said Bank, and an action or actions in this behalf may be brought against them or any of them, and the heirs, executors, administrators, or curtors of them or any of them, and be prosecuted to judgment and execution according to law, but such action or actions shall no: exempt the said Bank or its lands, tenements, goods or chattels. from being also liable for such excess: Provided always, that if any Director present at the time of contracting any such excess of debt, do forthwith, or if any Director absent at the time of contracting any such excess of debt, do within twenty-four hours after he shall have obtained a knowledge thereof, enter on the minutes or register of the Bank, his protest against the same, and do within eight days thereafter publish such protes' in at least two Newspapers published in the City of Toronto. such Director may thereby, and not otherwise, exonerate and discharge himself, his heirs, executors, and administrators curators, from the liability aforesaid, any thing herein contained or any law to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always. that such publication shall not exonerate any Director from his liability as a shareholder.

Proviso: how Director may avoid such liability.

Proviso.

Limitation of liability of Shareholders in case of insolvency of the Bank. AXXVI. In the event of the property and assets of the said Bank becoming insufficient to liquidate the liabilities and engagements or debts thereof, the Shareholders of its stock, in their private or natural capacities, shall be liable and responsible for the deficiency, but to no greater extent than to double the amount of their respective shares, that is to say, the liability and responsibility of each Shareholder to the creditors of the said Bank, shall be limited to a sum of money equal it amount to his stock therein, over and above any instalment of instalments which may be unpaid on such stock, for which he shall also remain liable and shall pay up: Provided always that nothing in this section contained shall be construed to always or diminish the additional liabilities of the Directors of the said Bank hereinbefore mentioned and declared.

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XXXVII. Besides the detailed statement of the affairs of the Statement of said Bank hereinbefore required to be laid before the Share-affairs to be holders thereof, at their annual general meeting, the Directors published shall make up and publish on the first Monday in each and every month, statements of the Assets and Liabilities of the said Bank, in the form of the Schedule A, hereunto annexed, hewing under the heads specified in the said form, the average mount of the notes of the said Bank in circulation, and ther liabilities, at the termination of the month to which the tatement shall refer, and the average amount of specie and ther Assets, that at the same times were available to meet the ame: and it shall be the duty of the Directors to submit to the Governor may lovernor of this Province, if required, a copy of such monthly requirefurther tatements, and, if by him required to verify all or any part of information. he said statements, the said Directors shall verify the same by he production of the weekly or monthly balance-sheets from which the said statements shall have been compiled: and urthermore, the said Directors shall from time to time when equired, furnish to the said Governor of this Province, such urther reasonable information respecting the state and proeedings of the said Bank, and of the several branches and ffices of discount and deposit thereof, as such Governor of this rovince, may reasonably see fit to call for: Provided always, Proviso: such lat the weekly or monthly balance-sheets, and the further in- further inforormation that shall be so produced and given, shall be held by mation to be confidential. ne said Governor of this Province, as being produced and given a strict confidence that he shall not divulge any part of the ontents of the said weekly or monthly balance-sheets, or of the nformation that shall be so given; And provided also, that Proviso: priie Directors shall not, nor shall any thing herein contained be vate accounts onstrued to authorize them or any of them, to make known the vulged. rivate account or accounts of any person or persons whatever aving dealings with the said Bank.

XXXVIII. It shall not be lawful for the said Bank, at any Bank not to me whatever, directly or indirectly, to advance or lend to or lend money to r the use of or on account of any Foreign Prince, Power or any foreign state, &c. tate, any sum or sums of money or any securities for money: nd if such unlawful advance or loan be made, then and from enceforth, the said Corporation shall be dissolved, and all the owers, authorities, rights, privileges and advantages granted it by this or any other Act, shall cease and determine.

XXXIX. The several public notices by this Act required to be Public notices ven, shall be given by advertisement, in one or more of the how to be e wspapers published in the City of Toronto, and in the Canada given. azette, or such other Gazette as shall be generally known and credited as the Official Gazette for the publication of official ocuments and notices emanating from the Civil Government this Province, if any such Gazette be then published.

XL. If any Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Manager, Clerk or Punishment of ervant of the said Bank, shall secrete, embezzle or abscond embezzlement

with, any Bond, Obligation, Bill Obligatory or of Credit, or &c., by Bank Officers, other Bill or Note, or any Security for money, or any moneys a effects, intrusted to him as such Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Manager, Clerk or Servant, whether the same belong to the said Bank, or belonging to any other person or persons, body or bodies politic or corporate, or institution or institutions be lodged and deposited with the said Bank, the Cashier, Assistant Cashier, Manager, Clerk or Servant, so offending, and being thereof convicted in due form of Law, shall be deemed

Imprisonment tentiary.

guilty of felony.

shall direct.

XLI. Every person convicted of felony under this Act over two years shall be punished by imprisonment at hard labor, in the Proto be in Penivincial Penitentiary, for any term not less than two years, or by imprisonment in any other Gaol or place of confinement for any less term than two years, in the discretion of the Court before which he shall be convicted.

XLII. It shall and may be lawful to and for any Justice of

the Peace, on complaint made before him, upon the oath of

one credible person, that there is just cause to suspect that any

one or more person or persons is or are or hath, or have been

concerned in making or counterfeiting any false bills of exchange, promissory notes, undertakings or orders of the said Bank, or hath in his possession any plates, presses or other ins-

missory notes, undertakings or orders, or any plates, presen or other tools, instruments or materials, shall be found in the custody or possession of any person or persons whomsoever, not having the same by some lawful authority, it shall and may be lawful to and for any person or persons whomsoever discovering the same, to seize, and he or they are hereby authorized and required to seize such false or counterfeit bilk of exchange, promissory notes, undertakings or orders, and such plates, presses, or other tools, instruments or materials and to carry the same forthwith before a Justice of the Peace of the County or District, (or if more convenient, of the adjoining County or District,) in which the same shall be seized who shall cause the same to be secured and produced it evidence against any person or persons who shall or may be prosecuted for any of the offences aforesaid, in some Count Justice proper for the determination thereof, and the same, after being so produced in evidence, shall by order of the Count defaced or destroyed, or otherwise disposed of as such Cour

Power to search for forged notes or machinery used for forg-

> truments, tools or materials for making or counterfeiting the same or any part thereof, by warrant under the hand of such Justice, to cause the dwelling house, room, workshop, or outhouse or other building, yard, garden or other place, belonging to such suspected person or persons, or where any such person or persons shall be suspected of carrying on any such making or counterfeiting to be searched; and if any such false bills of exchange, pro-

How dealt with if found. XLIII. Nothing in this Act contained shall in any manner Saving of lerogate from, or affect, or be construed to derogate from or rights of the affect the rights of Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, or Crown, &c. of any person or persons, or of any body or bodies politic or corporate, except in so far as the same may be specially derogated from or affected by the provisions of this Act.

XLIV. This Act shall be held, and taken to be a Public Act, Public Act. and shall be judicially taken notice of and have the effect of a Public Act, without being specially pleaded, and shall be mown as the *Charter of the Bank of Upper Canada*, and Short Title. he Interpretation Act shall apply thereto.

XLV. This Act, and so much of the Acts mentioned in Duration of he preamble as is not repealed by this Act, shall be and remain this Act. n force until the first day of January, which will be in the year our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and from hat time until the end of the then next Session of the Parlianent of this Province, and no longer.

XLVI. The foregoing sections of this Act shall have force Commence and effect upon, from and after the first day of January, in the ment of this rear of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and not before, and the said sections only shall be understood as intended, by the words "this Act," whenever in any of them the time when this Act shall be in force is mentioned.

SCHEDULE A

Referred to in the Thirty-seventh Section of the foregoing Act.

Return of the Average Amount of Liabilities and Assets of the Bank of Upper Canada, during the period from first to one thousand eight hundred and

LIABILITIES.

Promissory Notes in circulation not bearing interest£
Bills of Exchange in circulation not bearing interest£
Bills and Notes in circulation bearing interest£
Balances due to other Banks£
Cash deposits, not bearing interest£
Cash deposits, bearing interest£

Total average Liabilities £

ASSETS.

Coin and Bullion	£
Landed or other property of the Bank Government Securities	££
Government Securities	£
31 *	` Promissory

Promissory Notes or Bills of other Banks.....£ - Balances due from other Banks.....£ Notes and Bills discounted.....£ Other Debts due to the Bank, not included under the foregoing heads....£

Total average Assets.....£

CAP. CXXII.

An Act to incorporate the Union Bank of Canada.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS the persons whose names are hereinafter mentioned, have by their petition prayed, that they and their legal representatives may be incorporated for the purpose of establishing a Bank in the City of Hamilton, and have represented that there is a great deficiency of Banking Capital in the said City; And whereas it would greatly conduce to the prosperity of that locality, and of the Province generally, by aiding to develope the commercial and agricultural resources thereof, if such Bank were established: Therefore, Her Maiesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Certain perated.

I. The Honorable Sir Allan Napier McNab, the Honorable sons incorpor- Walter Dickson, the Honorable Joseph C. Morrison, Arthur Rankin, Jaspar T. Gilkeson, Hugh Bowlsby Willson, Samuel Black Freeman, Richard Porter Street, George William Burton, Edmund Ritchie, Hugh C. Baker, Daniel C. Gunn, James D. McKay, James D. Pringle, James Adam, John Osborne, John W. Willson, John F Moore, Nehemiah Merritt, Valentine H. Tisdale, Thomas Stinson, George Rykert and James Little, Esquires, of Canada, and the Honorable Silas M. Holmes, Eber B. Ward and Uriah Tracy Howe, Esquires, of Detroit, Michigan, and Henry Martin Benedict, Esquire, of New York, and William McKenzie Shaw, Esquire, of St. Germain en Laye in France, and such other persons as may become Shareholders in the Bank to be by this Act created, and their assigns, shall be and they are hereby created, constituted and declared to be a Corporation, body corporate and politic by the name of the "Union Bank of Canada," and shall continue such Corporation, and shall have perpetual succession, and a corporate seal, with power to alter and change the same at pleasure, and may sue and be sued, implead and be impleaded in all Courts of Law as other Corporations may do, and shall have the power to acquire and hold real and immoveable estate for the management of their business, not exceeding the annual value of five thousand pounds currency, and may sell, alienate

Corporate name and general pow-

Real property limited.

> or exchange the same and acquire other instead, and may when duly organized as hereinafter provided, make, ordain and

1856.

establish such rules, regulations and by-laws as to them shall By-laws. seem meet and necessary for the due and proper administration of their affairs and the due management of the said Bank (such by-laws and regulations not being inconsistent with this Act, or contrary to the laws of this Province): Provided however, By-laws must that such rules, regulations and by-laws shall be submitted for be approved by Shareholdapproval to the Stockholders or Shareholders in the said Bank, ers. at their regular annual meetings.

II. The capital Stock of the said Bank shall be one million Capital, of pounds of lawful money of Great Britain, divided into fifty £1,000,000 thousand shares of twenty pounds of like lawful money each, Shares £90. which said shares shall be and are hereby vested in the several Shares, £20. persons who shall subscribe for the same, their legal representatives and assigns.

III. As soon as two hundred thousand pounds of the said First meeting Capital Stock shall have been subscribed and fifty thousand Directors. pounds actually paid in thereupon, it shall and may be lawful for the subscribers, or the majority of them, to call a meeting at some place to be named, in the City of Hamilton, for the purpose of proceeding to the election of the number of Directors for the said Bank hereinafter mentioned, and such election shall then and there be made by a majority of shares voted By a majority upon, in the manner hereinafter prescribed in respect of the of votes. Annual election of Directors; and the persons then and there chosen, shall be the first Directors, and shall be capable of serving until the third Monday in June then next ensuing the said election; Provided always, that no such meeting of the Proviso: said election; Provided always, that no such meeting of the Notice to be said subscribers shall take place until a notice specifying the given. objects of such meeting is published in one or more newspapers published in the Cities of Hamilton and such other places as a majority of the Corporation may direct, at least twenty days previous to such time of meeting.

IV. The shares of the Capital Stock subscribed for shall be Instalments paid in and by such instalments, and at such times and places on Stock. as the said Directors shall appoint; and Executors, Administrators and Curators paying instalments upon the shares of deceased Shareholders, shall be and they are hereby respectively indemnified for paying the same; Provided always, that no Proviso. share or shares shall be held to be lawfully subscribed for, unless a sum equal at least to ten pounds per centum on the amount subscribed for, be actually paid at the time of subscribing; Provided further, that it shall not be lawful for the sub- Provise. scribers of the Capital Stock hereby authorized to be raised, to commence the business of Banking, until a sum not less than fifty thousand pounds shall have been duly paid in by such subscribers; Provided further, that the remainder of the said Proviso. Capital Stock shall be subscribed and paid up as follows, that is to say, the sum of one hundred thousand pounds within eighteen months, the further sum of two hundred thousand

pounds

pounds within three years, the further sum of two hundred thousand pounds within four years, and the further sum of four hundred and fifty thousand pounds within five years after the Bank shall have so commenced the business of Banking under penalty of forfeiture of their charter.

Number of Directors.

V. The stock, property, affairs and concerns of the said Bank shall be managed and conducted by ten Directors, one of whom to be the President, who, excepting as is hereinbefore provided Term of office. for, shall hold their offices for one year, which Directors shall be Stockholders residing in the Province, and be elected on the third Monday in June in every year, at such time of the day and at such place in the City of Hamilton aforesaid, as a majority Notice of electors for the time being shall appoint; and public notice shall be given by the Directors as hereinbefore provided in

> the third section, previous to the time of holding such election: and the said election shall be held and made by such of the said Shareholders of the said Bank as shall attend for the purpose in their own proper person or by proxy; and all elections for Directors shall be by ballot, and the said proxies shall only be capable of being held and voted upon by Shareholders then present; and the ten persons who shall have the greatest number of votes at any election shall be the Directors, except as hereinafter directed; and if it should happen at any election

> that two or more persons have an equal number of votes in such a manner that a greater number of persons shall, by a plurality of votes appear to be chosen as Directors, then the Directors who shall have had a greater number of votes, or the majority of them, shall determine which of the said persons, so having an equal number of votes, shall be the Director or Directors, so as to complete the whole number of ten; and the

Ties at elec-

Proviso: qualification of Directors.

said Directors as soon as may be after the said election, shall proceed in like manner to elect by ballot, two of their number to be the President and Vice-President; Provided always, that no person shall be eligible to be or continue as Director unless he shall hold in his name and for his own use, stock in the said Bank to the amount of forty shares, and shall be a natural bon or naturalized subject of Her Majesty, and resident in this Province.

Failure of election how remedied.

VI. In case it should at any time happen that an election of Directors of the said Bank should not be made on any day when pursuant to this Act it ought to have been made, the said Cor poration shall not for that cause be deemed to be dissolved, but it shall and may be lawful on any other day to hold and make an election of Directors in such manner as shall have been regulated by the By-laws of the said Bank.

Scale of votes.

VII Each shareholder shall be entitled to a number of volve proportioned to the number of shares which he or she shall have held in the said Bank, in his or her own name, at least three months prior to the time of voting, according to the following

scale.

And the Production of the said of the said

ACTOR TO STATE OF STA

the hare and not more than two, one vote, Technolog and by land of the thall & above two, one vote; and all ques-Onsideration of the said shareholders majority of their votes, the Chairsuch meeting of the said sharevote; Provided always, that Casting vote. ficer of the Bank shall either Proviso: Offieeting for the election of cers not to

ds of the Corpora- Inspection of

on of the Direc- books, ac-'all inspect or counts, &c. 'ny person

a Bank to Divivends. as of the said shall appear ad-

me being, or the major part of Directors to ake such By-laws and regulations make By-laws visions of this Act or the laws of this shall appear needful and proper, touching and disposition of the stock, property, estate the said Bank, and touching the duties and con-Officers, Clerks and Servants employed therein, and د calling of Special General Meetings of the Shareholders, cribing how and under what circumstances the same shall called, and all such other matters as appertain to the busis of a Bank, and shall also have power to appoint as many To appoint ficers. Clerks and Servants for carrying on the said business, Officers. d with such salaries and allowances as to them shall seem meet, and shall have power to make such calls of money from Calls of money be several shareholders for the time being, upon the shares in on Stock. e said Bank subscribed for by them respectively, as the said Board shall find necessary, and in the corporate name of the saind Bank to sue for, recover and get in all such calls, or to cause and declare such shares to be forfeited to the said Bank in case of non-payment of any such call; and an action of debt Actions for may be brought to recover any money due on any such call; calls. And it shall not be necessary to set forth the special matter in the declaration, but it shall be sufficient to allege that the De- What must fendant is the holder of one share or more (as the case may be), only need be in the Capital Stock of the said Bank, and is indebted for calls stated and upon the said share or shares to the said Bank, in the sum to which the call or calls amount, (as the case may be, stating the number and amount of such calls), whereby an action hath accrued to the said Corporation, to recover the same from such

Defendant by virtue of this Act; and it shall be sufficient to

maintain

maintain such action, to prove by any one witness (a shareholder being competent) that the Defendant at the time of making any such call, was a shareholder in the number of shares alleged, and to produce the By-law or resolution of the Board making and prescribing such call, and to prove notice thereof given in conformity with such By-law or Resolution, and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the said Proviso: calls Board of Directors or any other matter whatsoever; Provided

limited.

that each such call shall be made at intervals of thirty days, and upon notice to be given at least thirty days prior to the day on which such call shall be payable, and any such call shall not exceed twenty per cent of each share subscribed; And pro-

Officers to give security.

vided always, that before permitting any Manager, Officer, Clerk or Servant of the Corporation to enter upon the duties of his office, the Directors shall require every such Manager. Officer, Clerk or Servant, to give Bond, to the satisfaction of

The amounts, the Directors, that is to say, every Manager, in a sum not less than Five Thousand Pounds, current money of Canada, and every other Officer, Clerk or Servant, in such sum of money as the Directors consider adequate to the trust to be reposed, with condition for good and faithful behaviour.

Payment of Directors.

XI. The Directors, including the said President and Vice-President, shall be entitled to such emoluments for their services as may be fixed by any order or resolution passed at the usual Annual Meeting of Shareholders; and any five shall constitute a Board for the transaction of business, of whom the President or Vice-President shall be one, except in case of sickness or absence, in which case the Directors present may choose out of

their number a Chairman for such Meeting.

Quorum.

Bank-notesnot to be issued until the Bank has a certain sum in coin.

XII. No bill or note for any sum whatever shall be issued or put into circulation by the said Bank until fifty thousand pounds of the Capital Stock of the said Bank shall have been actually paid in, and shall be held by and in actual possession of the said Bank, in gold or silver coin current in this Province.

Chief place of business.

XIII. The chief place or seat of business of the said Bank shall be in the city of Hamilton aforesaid, but it shall and may be lawful for the Directors of the said Bank, to open and establish in Windsor and other cities, towns and places in this Pro-

Branches.

vince, branches and agencies or offices of discount and deposit of the said Bank, under such rules and regulations for the good and faithful management of the same, as to the said Directors shall from time to time seem meet, and shall not be repugnant to any law of this Province, to this Act, or to the By-laws of the said Bank.

Statement of affairs to be submitted at annual meet-

XIV. At every Annual General Meeting of the Shareholden of the said Bank, to be held in the City of Hamilton in the man ner hereinbefore provided, the Directors shall submit a full and clear statement of the affairs of the said Bank, containing on

the one part, the amount of Capital Stock paid in, the amount What it must of the notes of the Bank in circulation, and net profits made, contain. and the balance due to other banks and institutions, and the cash deposited in the Bank, distinguishing deposits bearing interest from those not bearing interest; and on the other part, the amount of current coins, the gold and silver bullion in the vaults of the Bank, the balances due to the Bank from other banks and institutions, the value of the real and other property of the Bank, and the amount of debts owing to the Bank, including and particularising the amounts so owing upon bills of exchange, discounted notes, mortgages and other securities; thus exhibiting on the one hand the liabilities of or the debts due by the Bank, and on the other hand the assets and resources thereof; and the said statements shall also exhibit the rate and amount of the then last dividend declared by the Directors, the amount of reserved profits at the time of declaring the said dividend, and the amount of debts to the Bank over-due and not paid, with an estimate of the loss which may probably be incurred from the non-payment of such debts.

XV. The shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank shall shares to be be held and adjudged to be personal estate, and be transmissible personalty, accordingly, and shall be assignable and transferable at the transferable. Bank according to the Schedule A annexed to this Act; but no assignment or transfer shall be valid or effectual unless it be made and registered in a book or books to be kept by the Directors for that purpose, nor until the person or persons making the same shall previously discharge all debts already due by him, her or them to the Bank, which may exceed in amount the remaining stock, if any, belonging to such person or persons; and no fractional part or parts of a share or other than a whole share shall be assignable or transferable; and when Sales of shares any share or shares of the said Capital Stock shall have been in execution. sold under a writ of execution, the Sheriff by whom the writ shall have been executed shall, within thirty days after the sale, leave with the Manager of the said Bank an attested copy of the writ with the certificate of such Sheriff endorsed thereon, certifying to whom the sale has been made, and thereupon (but Debts to Bank not until after all debts due by the original holder or holders of must be paid the said shares to the Bank shall be discharged as aforesaid), before transthe President or Vice-President or the Manager of the Bank shall execute the transfer of the share or shares so sold, to the purchaser, and such transfer being accepted shall be to all intents and purposes as valid and effectual in law as if it had been executed by the original holder of such shares; any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

XVI. The said Bank hereby constituted shall not, either Bank not to lirectly or indirectly, hold any lands or tenements, (save and hold real pro-Except such as by the first section of this Act it is specially under sect 1. authorized to acquire and hold,) or any ships or other vessels, or any share or shares in the Stock of the Corporation, nor in

any Bank in this Province; nor shall the said Bank, either rectly or indirectly, lend money or make advances upon the security or mortgage of any lands or tenements, or of any ships or other vessels, nor upon the security or pledge of any share or shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank, nor shall the said Bank, either directly or indirectly raise loans of money, or deal in the buying or selling or bartering of goods, wares and merchandize, or engage or be engaged in any trade except as a dealer in gold and silver bullion, bills of exchange, discounting of promissory notes, and negotiable securities, and in all such trade generally as legitimately appertains to the business of Proviso: Bank Banking; Provided always, that the said Bank may take and hold mortgages and liens and assignments of mortgages and securing debts, liens on real and other property, by way of security for debts contracted to or with the Bank in the course of its dealing. and may proceed either at Law or in Equity for the realization

may take mortgages for

of the same.

Discounts to Directors limited

XVII. The aggregate amount of discounts and advance made by the said Corporation upon commercial paper or securities bearing the name of any Director or the copartnership name or firm of any Director of the said Corporation, shall not at any one time exceed one twentieth of the total amount of discounts or advances made by the Corporation at the same time.

Bank may deduct discount. May charge a per centage in certain cases.

And may charge notes and bills overdue to the deof certain parties.

XVIII. The Bank may allow and pay interest not exceeding the legal rate in this Province, upon money deposited in the Bank; and, in discounting promissory notes, bills, or other ne gotiable securities or paper, may receive or retain the discoun thereon at the time of discounting or negotiating the same: And when notes, bills, or other negotiable securities or paper, are payable within the Province, at a place different from the at which they are discounted, the Bank may also in addition to posit accounts the discount make a charge not exceeding one half per centur. on the amount of every such note, bill or other negotiable seen rity or paper, to defray the bond fide expenses of agency and exchange attending the collection of every such note, bill, vi other negotiable security or paper; And the Bank may chang any note or bill held by the Bank or made payable at the Bank. against the deposit account of the maker of such note or accept of such bill, at the maturity thereof; any law, statute or user to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bonds and bills under seal, how assignable.

XIX. The bonds, obligations, and bills obligatory and i credit of the said Bank, under its common seal, and signed ! the President or Vice-President, which shall be made payat. to any person or persons, shall be assignable by endorsem: thereon, under the hand or hands of such person or persons, 10 of his, her or their assignee or assignees, and so as absolute to transfer and vest the property thereof in the several assignasuccessively, and to enable such assignee or assignees to brink

on due acceptance, an action or actions thereupon, in his, her or their name or names; and signification of any such assignment by endorsement shall not be necessary, any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding: and bills and notes of the said And when not Bank, signed by the President or Vice-President, and counter-under soal, signed by the Manager of the said Bank, promising the pay-how to be signed. &c. ment of money to any person or persons, his, her or their order or to bearer, though not under the seal of the said Bank, shall be binding and obligatory on the same, with the like force and effect and in the same manner as they would be upon any private person or persons, if issued by him, her or them, in his, her or their private or natural capacities, and shall be assignable or negotiable in the like manner as if they were so issued by such private person or persons; Provided always, that nothing in this Proviso: Offi-Act contained shall be held to debar the Directors of the said cers may be Bank from authorizing or deputing from time to time any Director deputed to other than the President or Vice-President to sign, or any Manager of a branch or office of discount and deposit thereof or other Officer of the Bank to countersign, the bills and notes of the said Bank intended for general circulation, and payable to order or to bearer on demand.

XX. The notes or bills of the said Bank made payable to Bank-notes to order or to bearer and intended for general circulation, whether be payable in the same shall issue from the chief seat or place of business of specie at the the said Bank in the City of Hamilton, or from any of its they bear date. branches or agencies, shall be payable on demand in specie at the place where they bear date.

XXI. And whereas it may be deemed expedient that the Recital. name or names of the person or persons intrusted and authorized by the Bank to sign Bank-notes and Bills on behalf of the Bank, should be impressed by machinery, in such form as may from time to time be adopted by the Bank, instead of being subscribed in the hand-writing of such person or persons respectively; And whereas doubts might arise respecting the validity of such notes: Be it therefore further declared and Signatures of enacted, That all Bank-notes and bills of the Union Bank of persons em-Canada, whereon the name or names of any person or persons sign Bank intrusted or authorized to sign such notes or bills on behalf of notes may be the Bank, shall or may become impressed by machinery pro-vided for that purpose by or with the authority of the Bank, shall be and be taken to be good and valid, to all intents and purposes, as if such notes and bills had been subscribed in the proper hand-writing of the person or persons intrusted and authorized by the Bank to sign the same respectively, and shall be And such deemed and taken to be bank-notes or bills within the meaning notes shall be of all laws and statutes whatever; and shall and may be valid, &c. described as bank-notes or bills in all indictments and other criminal proceedings whatsoever; any law, statute or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Suspension of payment for sixty days to forfeit this Act.

XXII. A suspension by the said Corporation either at the chief place or seat of business, or at any of their branches or offices of discount and deposit at other places in this Province, of payment on demand, in specie, of the notes or bills of the said Corporation, payable on demand, shall, if the time of supension extend to sixty days consecutively or at intervals, within any twelve consecutive months, operate as and be a forfeiture of this Act of Incorporation, and all and every the privileges hereby granted.

XXIII. The total amount of the notes or bills of the said Cor-

poration, being for a less sum than one pound, current money

of Canada, each, which shall be or may have been issued and

Total amount of notes under £1 limited.

> put in circulation, shall not exceed at any one time one fifth of the amount of the capital stock of the Corporation then paid in; Provided always, that no notes under the nominal value of five shillings shall at any time be issued or put into circulation by

No note to be under 5 shillings.

Proviso: 16 V. c. 162.

the Corporation; nor shall any further limitation by the Legislature of the total amount of notes to be issued or re-issued by the said Corporation be held to be any infringement upon the privileges hereby granted; Provided that the several provisions of an Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled, An Act to encourage the issue by the Chartered Banks of this Province, of notes secured in the manner provided by the General Banking Law, shall be and are hereby declared to be applicable to the Bank to be established under this Act.

Total liabilities of the Bank limited.

And of Bank notes.

Penalty on Directors in

XXIV. The total amount of the debts which the said Corporation shall at any time owe, whether by bond, bill, note or otherwise, shall not exceed three times the aggregate amount of the capital stock paid in, and the deposits made in the Bank, in specie and Government securities for money; and at no one period after the passing of this Act shall the notes or bills payable on demand and to bearer, exceed the amount of the actual paid up capital stock of the Corporation, and the amount of Provincial or Municipal Loan Fund Debentures held by the Corporation; and in case of excess, the said Corporation shall Bank, and on forfeit this Act of Incorporation and all the privileges hereby case of excess, granted; and the Directors under whose administration the excess shall happen, shall be liable jointly and severally for the same, in their private capacities, as well to the shareholders as to the holders of the bonds, bills and notes of the Corporation; and an action or actions in this behalf may be brought against them, or any of them, and the heirs, executors, administrators or curators of them, or any of them, and be prosecuted to judgment and execution according to law, but such action or actions shall not exempt the Corporation or their lands, tenements. goods or chattels, from being also liable for such excess; Provided always, that if any Director present at the time of contracting any such excess of debt, do forthwith, or if any Director absent at the time of contracting any such excess of debt do within twenty-four hours after he shall have obtained a

knowledge

Proviso: how Directors may avoid such penalty.

knowledge thereof, enter on the minutes or register of proceedings of the Corporation, his protest against the same, and do within eight days thereafter publish such protest in at least one newspaper published in the City of Hamilton, such Director may hereby, and not otherwise, exonerate and discharge himself, his heirs, executors and administrators or curators from the liability aforesaid, any thing herein contained, or any law to the contrary notwithstanding: And provided always, that such Proviso. publication shall not exonerate any Director from his liability is a shareholder.

XXV. In the event of the property and assets of the said Liability of Bank hereby constituted, becoming insufficient to liquidate its Shareholders iabilities and engagements or debts, the shareholders of the limited. said Bank in their private or natural capacities, shall be liable and responsible for the deficiency, but to no greater extent than to double the amount of their capital stock, that is to say, the liability and responsibility of each shareholder shall be limited to the amount of his or her share or shares of the said capital stock, and a sum of money equal in amount thereto; Provided Proviso. ilways, that nothing in this section contained shall be construed to alter or diminish the additional liabilities of the Directors of the Corporation hereinbefore mentioned and de-:lared.

XXVI. Besides the detailed statement of the affairs of the Mouthly statesaid Bank hereinbefore required to be laid before the share-ments to be solders thereof at their annual general meetings, the Directors published by shall make up and publish on the first day of each month in wery year, statements of the assets and liabilities of the said Bank, in the form of the Schedule B hereunto annexed, shewng under the head specified in the said form, the average of the mount of the notes of the Bank and other liabilities during the nonth then last past to which the statement shall refer, and the iverage amount of specie and other assets that at the same ime were available to meet the same; and it shall also be the luty of the Directors to submit to the Governor a copy of each such monthly statement; and if by him required to verify all or any part of the said statements, the said Directors shall verify he same by the production of the weekly or monthly balance sheets from which the said statements shall have been compiled; And furthermore, the said Directors shall from time to time, if Governor may equired, furnish to the said Governor such further information require further ts such Governor may reasonably see fit to call for; Provided information.

Proviso: as to liways, that the Directors shall not, nor shall any thing herein private accontained be construed to authorize them, or any of them, to counts. nake known the private account or accounts of any person or resons whatsoever, having dealings with the said Bank.

XXVII. The provisions of this Act, so far as the same relate Forfeiture of o the said Bank, shall no wise be forfeited for non-user at any Act by nonime before the first day of June, in the year one thousand eight user. undred and sixty.

Bank not to foreign state.

XXVIII. It shall not be lawful for the Corporation hereby lend money to constituted, at any time whatever, directly or indirectly, to advance or lend to, or for the use of or on account of any Foreign Prince, Power or State, any sum or sums of money or any securities for money; and if such unlawful advance or loan be made, then and from thenceforth the said Corporation shall be dissolved, and all the powers, authorities, rights, privileges and advantages hereby granted shall cease and determine; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

What shall be under this Act.

XXIX. The several public notices by this Act required to be a public notice given, shall be given by advertisement in one or more of the newspapers published in the City of Hamilton, and such other places as the Directors may from time to time appoint, and in the Canada Gazette, or such other Gazette as shall be generally known and accredited as the Official Gazette for the publication of official documents and notices emanating from the Civil Government of this Province.

Books of subbe opened in the United Kingdom or in France, and shares made transferable there.

XXX. Books of subscription may be opened in the United ecription may States and in the United Kingdom and in France, and shares in the capital stock of the Bank may be issued and made transferable, and the dividends accruing may also be made payable in the said countries, in like manner as such shares and dividends are respectively made transferable and payable at the Bank in the City of Hamilton; and to that end, the Directors may from time to time make such rules and regulations, and prescribe such forms and appoint such agent or agents, as they may deem proper.

How the transmission of shares otherwise than by regular transfer shall be authenticated.

XXXI. If the interest in any share in the said Bank become transmitted in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or insolvency of any Shareholder, or in consequence of the marriage of a female shareholder, or by any other lawful means than by a transfer according to the provisions of this Act, the Directors may require such transmission to be authenticated by a declaration in writing as hereinaster mentioned, or in such other manner as the Directors of the Bank shall require; and every such declaration or other instrument so signed, made and acknowledged, shall be left at the Bank, with the Manager or other officer or agent of the Bank, who shall thereupon enter the name of the party entitled under such transmission in the register of shareholders, and until such transmission shall have been so authenticated, no party or person claiming by virtue of any such transmission shall be entitled to receive any share of the profits of the Bank, nor to vote in respect of any such share or shares as the holder thereof; Provided always, that every such declaration and instrument as by this and the following section of this Act is required to perfect the transmission of a share of the Bank, and as shall be made in any other country than this or some other of the British Colonies in North America, or in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, shall be further authenticated by the British Consulation

Vice-Consul

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Vice-Consul, or other the accredited representative of the 3ritish Government, in the country where the declaration shall e made, or shall be made directly before such British Consul r Vice-Consul, or other accredited representative; And proided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall be held to lebar the Directors, Manager or other officer or agent of the Bank from requiring corroborative evidence of any fact or facts illeged in any such declaration.

XXXII. If the transmission of any share of the Bank be by If the transvirtue of the marriage of a female Shareholder, the declaration mission be by shall contain a copy of the register of such marriage or other marriage. particulars of the celebration thereof, and shall declare the identity of the wife with the holder of such share; and if the transmission have taken place by virtue of any testamentary instrument or by intestacy, the probate of the will or the letters of administration or of tutorship or curatorship, or an official extract therefrom, shall, together with such declaration, be produced and left with the Manager or other officer or agent of the Bank, who shall then enter the name of the party entitled under such transmission in the register of shareholders.

XXXIII. Whenever the interest in any share or shares of the Bank may ap-Capital Stock of the said Bank shall be transmitted by the death ply to Courts of any Shareholder or otherwise, or whenever the ownership in case of doubt as to of, or legal right of possession in any such share or shares, legal owners shall change by any lawful means other than by transfer ac- of shares. cording to the provisions of this Act, and the Directors of the said Bank shall entertain reasonable doubts as to the legality of any claim to and upon such share or shares of stock, then and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Bank to make and file, in one of the Superior Courts of Law for Upper-Canada, a declaration and petition in writing addressed to the Justices of the Court, setting forth the facts and the number of shares previously belonging to the party in whose name such shares stand in the Books of the Bank, and praying for an order or judgment adjudicating and awarding the said shares to the party or parties legally entitled to the same, and by which order or judgment the Bank shall be guided and held fully harmless and indemnified and released from all and every other claim for the said shares, or arising therefrom; Provided Proviso: as to always that notice of such petition shall be given to the party notice, pleadclaiming such share or shares, who shall upon the filing of such ing, &c. petition establish his right to the several shares referred to in such petition: and the delays to plead and all other proceedings in such cases shall be the same as those observed in analogous cases before the said Superior Courts; Provided also, that the Proviso: as to costs and expenses of procuring such order and adjudication, costs. shall be paid by the party or parties to whom the said shares shall be declared lawfully to belong, and such shares shall not be transferred until such costs and expenses be paid, saving the recourse of such party against any party contesting his right.

Bank not bound to see to trusts.

XXXIV. The Bank shall not be bound to see to the execution of any trust, whether express, implied or constructive, to which any of the shares in the Bank may be subject, and the receipt of the party in whose name any such share shall stand in the Books of the Bank, or if it stand in the names of more parties than one, the receipt of one of the parties, shall from time to time be a sufficient discharge to the Bank for any dividend or other sum of money payable in respect of such share, notwithstanding any trust to which such share may then be subject, and whether or not the Bank have had notice of such trust, and the Bank shall not be bound to see to the application of the money paid upon such receipt; any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank may invest part of capital in provincial Debentures, &c.

XXXV. It shall be the duty of the Directors of the said Bank to invest as speedily as the debentures hereinafter mentioned can be procured from the Receiver-General, and to keep invested at all times in the debentures of this Province, payable within the same, or secured upon the Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund, one tenth part of the whole paid up Capital of the said Bank, and to make a return of the numbers and amount of such debentures, verified by the oaths and signatures of the President and Chief Manager of the said Bank, to the Inspector General, in the month of January in each year, under the penalty of the forfeiture of the Charter of the said Bank, in default of such investment and return; Provided always, that the said Directors shall not commence the ordinary business of

Proviso.

Duration of this Act. XXXVI. This Act shall be and remain in force until the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and from that time until the end of the then next Session of the Parliament of this Province, and no longer.

banking until the sum of twenty thousand pounds shall have

Public Act.

XXXVII. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

been invested in such debentures.

SCHEDULE A

Referred to in the foregoing Act.

For value received from , I (or we,) of , do hereby assign and transfer into the said shares, (on each of which has been paid pounds shillings, currency, amounting to the sum of pounds, shillings,) in the Capital Stock of the Union Bank of Canada, subject to the rules and regulations of the said Bank.

Witness my (or our) hand (or hands) at the said Bank, this day of , in the year one thousand eight hundred and

(Signature.)

I (or we) do hereby accept the foregoing assignment of hares in the Stock of the Union Bank of Canada, assigned me (or us) as above mentioned.

At the Bank, this ight hundred and

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day of

, one thousand

(Signature.)

SCHEDULE B

Referred to in the foregoing Act.

leturn of the average amount of liabilities and assets of the Union Bank of Canada, during the period from the first of one thousand eight hundred and to the last day of the said month.

LIABILITIES.

Promissory notes in circulation not bearing interest £ Bills of exchange in circulation not bearing interest £	,
Bills and notes in circulation bearing interest£ Balances due to other Banks£ Cash deposits not bearing interest£	•
Cash deposits bearing interest	į
Total average liabilities£	

ASSETS.

Coin and Bullion	£
Landed or other property of the Bank	£
Government securities	
Promissory notes or bills of other Banks	£
Balances due from other Banks	£
Notes and bills discounted	
Other debts due to the Bank, not included under the fore	e-
going heads	

Total average assets....£

CAP. CXXIII.

An Act to incorporate the Colonial Bank of Canada.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

WHEREAS John Major, James R. Boyd, and Amos Bost-Preemble. wick, have by their Petition prayed that they and their legal representatives might be incorporated for the purpose of metablishing a Bank in the City of Toronto; And whereas such ank would be conducive to the general prosperity of that secion of the Country, and greatly facilitate and promote the agrifultural and commercial growth of the said locality, and it is but just

just that the said persons and others who see fit to associate themselves, should be incorporated for the said purpose: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The several persons hereinabove named, together with

Certain persons incorporated.

Alexander McKenzie Clark, John G. Bowes, George Boomer, George Duggan, Jr., John C. King, Samuel Sexton Pomroy, Genet Conger, J. Weatherly, and Ambrose White Thompson. and such other persons as may become Shareholders in the Company to be by this Act created, and their assigns, shall be and they are hereby created, constituted and declared to be a Corporation, body corporate and politic by the name of the "Colonial Bank of Canada," and shall continue such Corporation, and shall have perpetual succession, and a corporate seal, with power to alter and change the same at pleasure, and may sue

and be sued, implead or be impleaded in all Courts of Law as other Corporations may, and shall have the power to acquire and hold real and immoveable estate for the management of

five hundred pounds currency, and may sell, alienate or exchange the same and acquire other instead, and may, when duly

Corporate name and general powers.

Real property their business, not exceeding the yearly value of two thousand limited.

By-laws may be made.

Proviso.

organized as hereinafter provided, make, ordain and establish such rules, regulations and by-laws as to them shall seem meet and necessary for the due and proper administration of their affairs and the due management of the said Bank, such by-laws and regulations not being inconsistent with this Act, or contrary to the laws of this Province: Provided however, that such mles, regulations and by-laws shall be submitted for approval to the Stockholders or Shareholders in the said Bank, at their regular annual meetings.

Capital, £500,000 in shares of £25.

II. The Capital Stock of the said Bank shall be five hundred thousand pounds of lawful money aforesaid, divided into twenty thousand shares of twenty-five pounds of like money each, which said shares shall be and are hereby vested in the several persons who shall subscribe for the same, their legal representatives and assigns.

III. As soon as the sum of one hundred thousand pounds of

First general meeting.

the said Capital Stock shall have been subscribed and twentyfive thousand pounds actually paid in thereupon, it shall and may be lawful for the subscribers, or the majority of them, to call meeting at some place to be named, in the City of Toronto, for the purpose of proceeding to the election of the number of Directors for the said Bank hereinaster mentioned, and such electic shall then and there be made by a majority of shares voted upon, in the manner hereinafter prescribed in respect of the Annual election of Directors; and the persons then and ther

Election of Directors.

Term of service.

chosen shall be the first Directors, and shall be capable of serving until the first Wednesday of May then next ensuing the said election; Provided always, that no such meeting of the

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said subscribers shall take place, until a notice specifying the Proviso: objects of such meeting is published in the Canada Gazette Notice to be and also in one or more newspapers published in the Cities given. of Toronto, Kingston, Hamilton and London, and in the town of Cobourg, at least twenty days previous to such time of meeting.

IV. The shares of Capital Stock subscribed for, shall be Instalments paid in by instalments, and at such times and places as the how called in. said Directors shall appoint; and Executors, Administrators and Curators paying instalments upon the shares of deceased Shareholders, shall be and they are hereby respectively indemnified for paying the same; Provided always, that no Provise; ten share or shares shall be held to be lawfully subscribed for, per cent to be unless a sum equal at least to ten pounds per centum on the paid down. amount subscribed for, be actually paid at the time of subscribing, or within one month thereafter; Provided further, that it Proviso: shall not be lawful for the subscribers of the Capital Stock £25,000 must be paid up hereby authorized to be raised, to commence the business of before com-Banking, until a sum not less than twenty-five thousand pounds mencing. shall have been duly paid in by such subscribers; Provided Proviso: when further, that the remainder of the said Capital Stock shall be the capital subscribed and paid up as follows, that is to say, the sum of fifty must be paid. thousand pounds within eighteen months, the further sum of one hundred thousand pounds within three years, the further sum of one hundred thousand pounds within four years, and the further sum of two hundred and twenty-five thousand pounds within five years after the said Bank shall have so commenced the business of Banking, under the penalty of forfeiture of their Charter.

V. The stock, property, affairs and concerns of the said Bank Affairs to be shall be managed and conducted by five Directors, one of whom managed by shall be the President, who, excepting as is hereinbefore provided elected yearly. for, shall hold their offices for one year, which Directors shall be Stockholders residing in the Province, and be elected on the first Wednesday of May in every year, after such first election, at such time of the day and at such place in the City of Toronto aforesaid, as a majority of the Directors for the time being shall appoint; and public notice shall be given by the said Directors as herein provided, previous to the time of holding the said election; and the said election shall be held and made by such of the said Stockholders of the said Bank as shall attend for that purpose in their own proper person, or by proxy resident within this Province; and all elections for Directors shall be by ballot, and Election to be the said proxies shall only be capable of being held by and voted by ballot. upon by Shareholders then present; and no one Shareholder shall be entitled to give upon proxies held by him, more than one hundred votes at such election; and the five persons who shall have the greatest number of votes at any election shall be the Directors, except as is hereinafter directed; and if it shall Ties.

happen at any election, that two or more persons have an equal

number

shall

number of votes, in such a manner that a greater number of per-

President and Vice President. Two Directors

for the next Year.

sons than five shall, by a plurality of votes, appear to be chosen as Directors, then the Directors who shall have had a greater number of votes, or the majority of them, shall determine which of the said persons so having an equal number of votes shall be the Director or Directors, so as to complete the whole number of five; and the said Directors, as soon as may be after the said election, shall proceed in like manner to elect by ballot two of their number to be their President and Vice-President: and two to be ineligible of the Directors who shall be chosen in any year, excepting the President and Vice-President, shall be ineligible to the office of Director for one year after the expiration of the time for which they shall have been chosen Directors, and in case a greater number than three of the Directors, exclusive of the President and Vice-President who served for the last year, shall appear to be elected, then the election of such person or persons above the said number, and who shall have the fewest votes, shall be considered void, and such other of the Stockholders as shall be eligible and shall have the next greatest number of votes shall be considered as elected in the room of such last described person or persons who are hereby declared ineligible as aforesaid, and the President and Vice-President for the time being shall always be eligible for re-election to the office of Director, but Stockholders not residing within the Province of Canada shall be ineligible, and if any Director shall move out of this Pro-Casual vacan. vince, his office shall be considered as vacant; and if any cies how filled. vacancy or vacancies should at any time happen amongst the said Directors, by death, resignation, disqualification or

Non-residents ineligible.

Proviso: Stock qualification.

removal, during the current year of office, such vacancy or vacancies shall be filled for the remainder of the year in which they may happen, by the remaining Directors, or the majority of them, electing in such place or places a Shareholder or Shareholders eligible for such office; Provided always, that no person shall be eligible to be or continue as Director unless he shall hold in his name, and for his own use, stock in the said Bank to the amount of twenty shares.

Provision in of election.

VI. In case it should at any time happen that an election of case of failure Directors of the said Bank should not be made on any day when pursuant to this Act it ought to have been made, the said Corporation shall not for that cause be deemed to be dissolved, but it shall and may be lawful on any other day, to hold and make an election of Directors in such manner as shall have been regulated by the By-laws of the said Bank.

Ratio of votes to su. .es.

VII. Each shareholder shall be entitled to a number of votes proportioned to the number of shares which he or she shall have held in the Bank, in his or her own name, for at least three months prior to the time of voting, according to the following scale, that is to say: for one share and not more than two, one vote, and for every two shares above two, one vote; and all questions proposed for the consideration of the said shareholders

shall be determined by the majority of their votes, the Chairman elected to preside at any such meeting of the said shareholders having the casting vote; Provided that no Cashier, Provise: Offi-Bank-Clerk, or other officer of the Bank shall either vote in cers not to person or by proxy at any meeting for the election of Directors, vote. or hold a proxy for that purpose.

VIII. The Books, Correspondence and Funds of the Corpora- Inspection of tion shall at all times be subject to the inspection of the Directors, books and but no shareholder not being a Director, shall inspect or be allowed accounts. to inspect, the account or accounts of any person dealing with the Corporation.

IX. It shall be the duty of the Directors of the said Bank to Dividends. make half-yearly dividends, of so much of the profits of the said Bank, as to them or the majority of them shall appear advisable.

X. The Directors for the time being or the major part of them, Directors to shall have power to make such By-laws and Regulations not make Byrepugnant to the provisions of this Act or the laws of this Province, as to them shall appear needful and proper, touching the management and disposition of the stock, property, estate and effects of the said Bank, and touching the duties and conduct of the Officers, Clerks and Servants employed therein, and all such other matters as appertain to the business of a Bank. and shall also have power to appoint as many Officers, Clerks Thappoint and Servants for carrying on the said business and with Officers. such salaries and allowances, as to them shall seem meet, and shall have power to make such calls of money from the several To make shareholders for the time being, upon the shares in the said Calls. Bank subscribed for or held by them respectively, as the said Directors find necessary, and in the corporate name of the said Bank to sue for, receive and get in all such calls, or to cause and

declare such shares to be forfeited to the said Bank, in case of

non-payment of any such call; and an action of debt may be brought to recover any money due on any such call; And it shall What only not be necessary to set forth the special matter in the declaration, must be alleg-but it shall be sufficient to allege that the Defendant is the holder in suits for of one share or more (as the case may be), in the Capital Stock calls.

of the said Bank, and is indebted for calls upon such share or shares to the said Bank, in the sum to which the call or calls amount, (as the case may be, stating the number and amount of such calls), whereby an action hath accrued to the said Corporation, to recover the same from such Defendant by virtue of this Act; and it shall be sufficient to maintain such action, to prove by

any one witness, (a shareholder being competent), that the said Defendant at the time of making any such call, was a shareholder in the number of shares alleged, and to produce the By-law or

resolution of the Board making and prescribing such call, and to prove notice thereof given in conformity with such By-law or Resolution, and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment

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of the said Board of Directors or any other matter whatso-Proviso: calls ever; Provided that each such call shall be made at intervals of thirty days, and upon notice to be given at least thirty days prior to the day on which such call shall be payable, and any such call shall not exceed twenty per cent of each share sub-Officers to give scribed; And provided always, that before permitting any security. Cashier, Officer, Clerk or Servant of the Corporation to enter upon the duties of his office, the Directors shall require every such

Cashier, Officer, Clerk or Servant of the Corporation, to give Bond, to the satisfaction of the Directors, that is to say, every The amounts. Cashier, in a sum not less than Five Thousand Pounds, current money of Canada, and every other Officer, Clerk or Servant, in such sum of money as the Directors consider adequate to the trust reposed, with condition for good and faithful behaviour.

XI. The Directors, including the said President and Vice-Directors may President, shall be entitled to such emolument for their services he paid. as may be fixed by any order or resolution passed at the usual Annual Meeting of Shareholders; and any five shall constitute Quorum. a Board for the transaction of business, of whom the President or Vice-President shall be one, except in case of sickness or absence, in which case the Directors present may choose out of their number a Chairman for such Meeting.

XII. No bill or note, for any sum whatever, shall be issued or No note to put into circulation by the said Bank until twenty-five thousand issue until £95,000 is pounds of the Capital Stock of the said Bank shall have been paid up. actually paid in, and shall be held by and in the actual possession of the said Bank, in gold or silver coin current in this Province.

XIII. The chief place or seat of business shall be in the City Chief place of of Toronto aforesaid, but it shall and may be lawful for the Dibusiness. rectors of the said Bank to open and establish in other cities, towns and places in this Province, branches and agencies or Branches. offices of discount and deposit of the said Bank, under such rules and regulations for the good and faithful management of the same, as to the said Directors shall from time to time seem meet, and shall not be repugnant to any law of this Province, to this Act, or to the By-laws of the said Bank.

XIV. At every Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Bank, to be held in the City of Toronto in the manner hereinbefore provided, the Directors shall submit a full and clear statement of the affairs of the said Bank, containing on the one part, the amount of the Capital Stock paid in, the amount of the notes of the Bank in circulation, and net profits made, and the balance due to other banks and institutions, and the cash deposited in the Bank, distinguishing deposits bearing interest from those not bearing interest, and on the other part the amount of current coins and gold and silver bullion in the vaults of the Bank,

Statement of affairs at annual general meetings.

Bank, the balances due to the Bank from other banks and institutions, the value of the real and other property of the Bank, and the amount of debts owing to the Bank, including and particularising the amounts so owing upon bills of exchange, discounted notes, mortgages and other securities; thus exhibiting on the one hand the liabilities of or the debts due by the Bank, and on the other hand the assets and resources thereof; and the said statements shall also exhibit the rate and amount of the then last dividend declared by the Directors, the amount of reserved profits at the time of declaring the said dividend, and the amount of debts to the Bank overdue and not paid, Debts overdue with an estimate of the loss which may probably be incurred to be shown. from the non-payment of such debts.

XV. Any number not less than twenty of the Shareholders Mode of callof the said Bank, who together shall be proprietors of at least ing special five hundred shares of the paid up Capital Stock of the said ings; and Bank, by themselves or their proxies, or the Directors of the proceedings said Bank or any three of them, shall respectively have power thereat. at any time to call a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Bank, to be held at their usual place of meeting in the City of Toronto, upon giving six weeks' public notice thereof, and specifying in such notice the object or objects of such meeting; and if the object of any such Special General Meeting be to consider of the proposed removal of the President or Vice-President, or of a Director or Directors of the Corporation, for mal-administration, or other specified and apparently just cause, then and in any such case the person or persons whom it shall be so proposed to remove, shall, from the day on which the notice shall be first published, be suspended from the duties of his or their office or offices; and if it be the President or Vice-President whose removal shall be proposed as aforesaid, his office shall be filled up by the remaining Directors (in the manner hereinbefore provided in the case of a vacancy occurring in the office of President or Vice-President,) who shall choose or elect a Director to serve as such President or Vice-President, during the time such suspension shall continue or be undecided upon.

XVI. The shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank shall Shares to be be held and adjudged to be personal estate, and be transmissible personalty, and how transmissible and how transmissible personal estate, and be transmissible personalty, accordingly, and shall be assignable and transferable at the ferable. Bank according to the form of Schedule A annexed to this Act; but no assignment or transfer shall be valid or effectual unless it be made and registered in a book or books to be kept by the Directors for that purpose, nor until the person or persons making the same shall previously discharge all debts actually due by him, her or them to the Bank, which may exceed in amount the remaining stock, if any, belonging to such person or persons; and no fractional part or parts of a share or other than a whole share shall be assignable or transferable; and when shares sold in any share or shares of the said Capital Stock shall have been execution.

sold

sold under a writ of execution, the Sheriff by whom the wit shall have been executed shall, within thirty days after the sake leave with the Cashier of the said Bank an attested copy of the writ with the certificate of such Sheriff endorsed thereon certifying to whom the sale has been made, and thereupon (but not until after all debts due by the original holder or holden of the said shares to the Bank shall be discharged as aforesaid, the President or Vice-President or the Cashier of the Bank shall execute the transfer of the share or shares so sold, to the purchaser, and such transfer being accepted shall be to all in tents and purposes as valid and effectual in law as if it had been executed by the original holder of such share or share; any law or usage to the contrary not with standing.

What only shall be the business of the Bank, and what property it may hold.

XVII. The said Bank hereby constituted shall not, either directly or indirectly, hold any lands or tenements, (save and except such as by the first section of this Act, it is specially authorized to acquire and hold,) or any ships or other vessels, or any share or shares in the Stock of the Corporation, nor in any Bank in this Province; nor shall the said Bank, either directly or indirectly lend money or make advances upon the security or mortgage of any lands or tenements, or of any ships or other vessels, nor upon the security or pledge of any share or shares of the Capital Stock of the said Bank, nor shall the said Bank either directly or indirectly raise loans of money or deal in the buying and selling or bartering of goods, wares and merchandize, or engage or be engaged in any trade except as a dealer in gold and silver bullion, bills of exchange, die counting of promissory notes, and negotiable securities, and in all such trade generally as legitimately appertains to the bush Proviso: as to ness of Banking; Provided always, that the said Bank may take and hold mortgages and liens and assignments of mortgages and liens on real and other property, by way of security for debts contracted to or with the Bank in the course of its dealings, and may proceed either at Law or in Equity for the

mortgages in the course of business.

realization of the same.

Discounts to Directors limited

XVIII. The aggregate amount of discounts and advances made by the said Corporation upon commercial paper or securities bearing the name of any Director, or the co-partner ship name or firm of any Director of the said Corporation, shall not at any time exceed one twentieth of the total amount of discounts or advances made by the Corporation at the same time.

Interest and discounts.

XIX. The Bank may allow and pay interest not exceeding the legal rate in this Province, upon moneys deposited in the Bank; and, in discounting promissory notes, bills, or other no gotiable securities or paper, may receive or retain the discount thereon at the time of discounting or negotiating the same And when notes, bills, or other negotiable securities or paper, are bond fide payable at a place within this Province different

Further per centage may be taken in certain cases. rom that at which they are discounted, the Bank may also, in iddition to the discount, receive or retain an amount not exceedng one half per centum on the amount of every such note, bill or other negotiable security or paper, to defray the expenses of igency and exchange attending the collection of every such note, bill or other negotiable security or paper; And the Bank Note, &c., nay charge any note or bill held by and payable at the Bank, overdue may be charged against the deposit account of the maker of such note or acceptor against deposit of such bill, at the maturity thereof; any law, statute or usage accounts in to the contrary notwithstanding.

XX. The bonds, obligations, and bills obligatory and of Bonds, notes, credit of the said Bank, under its common seal, and signed by &c., how to be the President or Vice-President, which shall be made payable how assignto any person or persons, shall be assignable by endorsement able. thereon, under the hand or hands of such person or persons, or of his, her or their assignee or assignees, and so as absolutely to transfer and vest the property thereof in the several assignees successively, and to enable such assignee or assignees to bring, on due acceptance, an action or actions thereupon, in his, her or their name or names; and signification of any such assignment by endorsement shall not be necessary, any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding: and bills and notes of the said Bank, signed by the President or Vice-President, and countersigned by the Cashier, promising payment of money to any person or persons, his, her or their order or to the bearer, though not under the seal of the said Bank, shall be binding and obligatory on the same, with the like force and effect and in the same manner as they would upon any private person or persons, if issued by him, her or them, in his, her or their private or natural capacities, and shall be assignable or negotiable in the like manner as if they were so issued by such private person or persons; Provided always, that nothing in this Proviso: as to Act contained shall be held to debar the Directors of the said by other Offi-Bank from authorizing or deputing from time to time any Officer cers, &c. of the Bank, or any Director other than the President or Vice-President, or any Cashier, Manager or local Director of a branch or office of discount and deposit of the Bank, to sign, and any Accountant or Book-keeper of the said Bank, or of any Branch or office of discount and deposit thereof, to countersign, the bills and notes of the said Bank intended for general circulation and payable to order or to bearer on demand.

XXI. And whereas it may be deemed expedient, that the Recital. name or names of the person or persons intrusted and authorized by the Bank to sign Bank-notes and Bills on behalf of the Bank, should be impressed by machinery, in such form as may from time to time be adopted by the Bank, instead of being subscribed in the hand-writing of such person or persons respectively; And whereas doubts might arise respecting the validity of such notes: Be it therefore further declared and Signature of enacted, That all bank-notes and bills of the said Bank, Officers appointed to sign

whereon the name or names of any person or persons isnotes may be impressed by trusted or authorized to sign such notes or bills on behalf of machinery. the Bank, shall or may become impressed by machinery provided for that purpose by or with the authority of the Bank, shall be and be taken to be good and valid, to all intents and purposes, as if such notes and bills had been subscribed in the proper hand-writing of the person or persons intrusted and authorized by the Bank to sign the same respectively, and shall be deemed and taken to be bank-notes or bills within the meaning of all laws and statutes whatever; and shall and may be des-And such cribed as bank-notes or bills, in all indictments and other notes shall be valid. &c. civil or criminal proceedings whatsoever; any law, statue or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Notes to bear

date and be

place of date.

XXII. The notes or bills of the said Bank made payable to order or to bearer and intended for general circulation, whether payabl at the the same shall issue from the chief seat or place of business of the said Bank in the City of Toronto, or from any of its branches, shall be payable on demand in specie at the place where they bear date.

Suspension of payment of notes to forfeit charter.

XXIII. A suspension by the said Corporation (either at the chief place or seat of business, or at any of their branches or offices of discount and deposit at other places in this Province,) of payment on demand, in specie, of the notes or bills of the said Corporation payable on demand, shall, if the time of supension extend to sixty days consecutively or at intervals within any twelve consecutive months, operate as and be a forfeiture of this Act of Incorporation, and of all and every the privileges hereby granted.

Total amount of notes tor less than £1 each limited.

XXIV. The total amount of the notes or bills of the said Corporation, being for a less sum than one pound, current money of Canada, each, which shall be or may have been issued and put in circulation, shall not exceed at any one time one fifth of the amount of the capital stock of the Corporation then paid in: Proviso: none Provided always, that no note under the nominal value of fire shillings shall at any time be issued or put in circulation by the Corporation; nor shall any further limitation by the Legi-

lature of the total amount of notes to be issued or re-issued by

to be under 5 shillings.

the said Corporation be held to be any infringement upon the Provise: Bank privileges hereby granted; Provided that the several provision to have benefit of an Act passed in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's reign of 16 V. c. 162, intituled, An Act to encourage the issue by the Charlette Banks of this Province, of Notes secured in the manner provided by the General Banking Law, snall be and are hereby declared to be applicable to this Act.

Total liabilities of Bank limited

XXV. The total amount of the debts which the said Corpration shall at any time owe, whether by bond, bill, note of otherwise, shall not exceed three times the aggregate amount of the capital stock paid in, and the deposits made in the Bank

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specie and Government securities for money; and at no one And of its riod after the passing of this Act, shall the notes or bills pay- Bank-notes. sle on demand to bearer, exceed the amount of the actually iid up capital stock of the Corporation, and the amount Provincial or Municipal Loan Fund Debentures held by e Corporation; and in case of excess, the said Corpotion shall forfeit this Act of Incorporation and all the prileges hereby granted; and the Directors under whose ad-Liability of inistration the excess shall happen, shall be liable jointly Directors for id severally for the same, in their private capacities, as excess. ell to the shareholders as to the holders of the bonds, lls and notes of the Corporation; and an action or acons in this behalf may be brought against them, or any of em, and the heirs, executors, administrators or curators of iem, or any of them, and be prosecuted to judgment and xecution according to law, but such action or actions shall of exempt the Corporation or their lands, tenements, goods or hattels, from being also liable for such excess; Provided Proviso; how lways, that if any Director present at the time of contracting a Director ny such excess of debt, do forthwith, or if any Director absent may avoid such liability. the time of contracting any such excess of debt, do within venty-four hours after he shall have obtained a knowledge lereof, enter on the minutes or register of proceedings of the orporation, his protest against the same, and do within eight ays thereafter publish such protest in at least one newspaper ublished in the City of Toronto, such Director may thereby, nd not otherwise, exonerate and discharge himself, his heirs, recutors and administrators or curators, from the liability foresaid, any thing herein contained, or any law to the ontrary notwithstanding; And provided always, that such Proviso. ublication shall not exonerate any Director from his liability 8 a shareholder.

XXVI. In the event of the property and assets of the said Liability of lank hereby constituted, becoming insufficient to liquidate its Shareholders abilities and engagements or debts, the shareholders of the limited. aid Bank, in their private or natural capacities, shall be liable nd responsible for the deficiency, but to no greater extent than o double the amount of their capital stock, that is to say, he liability and responsibility of each shareholder shall be imited to the amount of his or her share or shares of the said apital stock, and a sum of money equal in amount thereto; rovided always, that nothing in this section contained shall Proviso. e construed to alter or diminish the additional liabilities of he Directors of the Corporation hereinbefore mentioned and leclared.

XXVII. Besides the detailed statement of the affairs of the Monthly aid Bank, hereinbefore required to be laid before the share-statements of lolders thereof, at their annual general meetings, the Directors affairs to be shall make up and publish on the first day of each month in very year, statements of the assets and liabilities of the said

Bank.

Cap. 123.

Bank, in the form of the Schedule B. hereunto annexed, shewing under the heads specified in the said form, the average of the amount of the notes of the Bank and other liabilities during the month to which the statement shall refer, and the average amount of specie and other assets that at the same time were available to meet the same; and it shall be also the duty of the Directors to submit to the Governor a copy of each such monthly statement; and if by him required to verify all or any part of the said statements, the said Directors shall verify the same by the production of the weekly or monthly balance-sheets from which the said

information.

Proviso.

Governor may statements have been compiled; And furthermore, the said require further Directors shall from time to time, if required, furnish to the said Governor such further information as such Governor may reasonably see fit to call for; Provided always, that the Directors shall not, nor shall any thing herein contained be construed to authorize them or any of them, to make known the private account or accounts of any person or persons whatever having dealings with the said Bank.

Forfeiture for non-user.

XXVIII. The provisions of this Act so far as the same relate to the said Bank, shall in no wise be forfeited for non-user at any time before the first day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty.

Bank not to

XXIX. It shall not be lawful for the Corporation hereby lend to foreign constituted, at any time whatever, directly or indirectly, to advance or lend to, or for the use of or on account of any Foreign Prince, Power or State, any sum or sums of money or any securities for money; and if such unlawful allowance or lost be made, then and from thenceforth the said Corporation shall be dissolved, and the powers, authorities, rights, privileges and advantages hereby granted shall cease and determine; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

How public notices shall be given.

XXX. The several public notices by this Act required to be given, shall be given by advertisement in one or more a the newspapers published in the Cities of Toronto, Hamilton. Kingston and London, and in the Town of Cobourg, and in the Canada Gazette, or such other Gazette as shall be generally known and accredited as the Official Gazette for the public tion of official documents and notices emanating from ty Civil Government of this Province.

Books of subscription may be opened in United Kingdom.

XXXI. Books of subscription may be opened and shares of the capital stock of the Bank may be made transferable, and by dividends accruing thereon may be made payable in the United Kingdom, France and the United States of America, in his manner as such shares and dividends are respectively matter transferable and payable at the Hank in the City of Toron. and to that end the Directors may from time to time make sale rules and regulations and prescribe such forms and appoint such agent or agents, as they may deem necessary. XXIII.

56.

XXXII. If the interest in any share in the said Bank become Proof of transansmitted in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or in-mission of lvency of any Shareholder, or in consequence of the marriage shares other a female shareholder, or by any other lawful means than by regular transtransfer according to the provisions of this Act, the Directors fer. ay require such transmission to be authenticated by a declation in writing as hereinafter mentioned, or in such other anner as the Directors of the Bank shall require; and every ch declaration or other instrument so signed, made and knowledged, shall be left at the Bank, with the Cashier or her officer or agent of the Bank, who shall thereupon enter e name of the party entitled under such transmission in the gister of shareholders; and until such transmission shall have sen so authenticated, no party or person claiming by virtue f any such transmission, shall be entitled to receive any share f the profits of the Bank, nor to vote in respect of any such nare or shares as the holder thereof; Provided always, that Proviso: How very such declaration and instrument as by this and the fol-the declaration wing section of this Act is required to perfect the transmission thenticated in f a share of the Bank, as shall be made in any other coun-certain cases. y than in this or some other of the British Colonies in North merica, or in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and reland, shall be further authenticated by the British Consul or ice-Consul, or other the accredited representative of the ritish Government in the country where the declaration shall e made, or shall be made directly before such British Consul r Vice-Consul, or other accredited representative; And pro-Proviso. ided also, that nothing in this Act contained shall be held to ebar the Directors, Cashier or other officer or agent of the lank, from requiring corroborative evidence of any fact or facts lleged in any such declaration.

XXXIII. If the transmission of any share of the Bank be by If the transirtue of the marriage of a female Shareholder, the declaration mission be by hall contain a copy of the register of such marriage or other marriage. articulars of the celebration thereof, and shall declare the dentity of the wife with the holder of such share; and if the ransmission have taken place by wirtue of any testamentary astrument or by intestacy, the probate of the will or the letters f administration or of tutorship or curatorship, or an official xtract therefrom, shall, together with such declaration, be roduced and left with the Cashier or other officer or agent of ne Bank, who shall then enter the name of the party entitled inder such transmission in the register of shareholders.

XXXIV. Whenever the interest in any share or shares of the Decision of apital Stock of the said Colonial Bank of Canada shall be transcitted by the death of any Shareholder or otherwise, o. whenever had as to conhe ownership or legal right of possession in any such share or tested claims hares shall change, by any lawful means other than by transfer to shares. ccording to the provisions of this Act, and the Directors of the aid Bank shall entertain reasonable doubts as to the legality

of any claim to and upon such share or shares of stock. the and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Bank to mak and file, in one of the Superior Courts of Law for Uppe Canada, a declaration and petition in writing addressed to be Justices of the Court, setting forth the facts and the number of shares previously belonging to the party in whose name such shares stand in the Books of the Bank, and praying for & order or judgment adjudicating and awarding the said share to the party or parties legally entitled to the same, and by which order or judgment the Bank shall be guided and held fully harmless and indemnified and released from all und every other claim for the said shares or arising thereton; Provided always that notice of such petition shall be given to the party claiming such share or shares, who shall upon the filing of such petition establish his right to the several share referred to in such petition: and the delays to plead and il other proceedings in such cases shall be the same as those observed in analogous cases before the said Superior Courts. Proviso: as to Provided also, that the costs and expenses of procuring such order and adjudication, shall be paid by the party or parties to

> whom the said shares shall be declared lawfully to belong and such shares shall not be transferred until such costs and expenses be paid, saving the recourse of such party against

any party contesting his right.

Proviso: Notice to be given.

costs.

Bank not bound to see to truste.

As to shares held jointly.

XXXV. The Bank shall not be bound to see to the execution of any trust, whether express, implied or constructive, to which any of the shares in the Bank may be subject, and the receipt of the party in whose name any such share shall stand in the Books of the Bank, or if it stand in the names of more parties than one, the receipt of one of the parties, shall from time to time be a sufficient discharge to the Bank for any dividend or other sum of money payable in respect of such share, notwithstanding any trust to which such share may then be subject, and whether or not the Bank have had notice of such trust, and the Bank shall not be bound to see to the application of the money paid upon such receipt; any law or user to the contrary notwithstanding.

Bank to invest one tenth of its paid up capital in provincial and bentures.

XXXVI. It shall be the duty of the Directors of the said Bank to invest, as speedily as the debentures hereinaster mentioned can be procured from the Receiver General, and to keep invested at all times in the debentures of this Province, payable withis municipal De- the same, or of the Consolidated Municipal Loan Fund, @ tenth part of the whole paid up Capital of the said Bank, and to make a return of the numbers and amount of such debentures, verified by the oaths and signatures of the President and Chief Cashier or Manager of the said Bank, to the Inspective General, in the month of January of each year, under 15th penalty of the forfeiture of the Charter of the said Bank, " default of such investment and return; Provided always, the the said Directors shall not commence the ordinary business

Proviso.

f banking until the sum of ten thousand pounds shall have seen invested in such debentures.

XXXVII. This Act shall be and remain in force until the first Duration of lay of June, which will be in the year of Our Lord one thousand this Act ight hundred and seventy, and from that time until the end of he then next Session of the Parliament of this Province, and 10 longer.

XXXVIII. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

FORM OF SCHEDULE A

Referred to in the foregoing Act.

For value received from , I, (or we,)
of , do hereby assign and transfer unto the said
shares, (on each of which has been paid pounds
shillings, currency, amounting to the sum of pounds,
shillings,) in the Capital Stock of the Colonial Bank of
Canada, subject to the rules and regulations of the said Bank.

Witness my (or our) hand (or hands) at the said Bank, this day of , in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and

(Signature.) O. K.

I (or we) do hereby accept the foregoing assignment of shares in the stock of the Colonial Bank of Canada, assigned to me (or us) as above mentioned.

At the Bank, this eight hundred and

day of

, one thousand

(Signature.)

FORM OF SCHEDULE B

Referred to in the foregoing Act.

Return of average amount of liabilities and assets of the Colonial Bank of Canada, during the period from first to one thousand eight hundred and

LIABILITIES.

Promissory notes in circulation not bearing interest Bills of exchange in circulation not bearing interest	£
Bills and notes in circulation bearing interest	£
Cash deposits, not bearing interest	£

Total average liabilities.....£

ASSETS.

ASSETS.

Coin and Bullion	£
Landed or other property of the Bank	
Government securities	
Promissory notes or bills of other Banks	
Balance due from other Banks	
Notes and bills discounted	
Other debts due to the Bank, not included under the foregoing heads.	•
	~

Total average assets....£

CAP. CXXIV.

An Act to incorporate the Canada Marine Insurance Company.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS the formation and establishment of Marine and Inland Navigation Insurance Companies is of great public utility, and is necessary to the prosperity of the trade of this Province; And whereas the several persons hereinafter named are willing and desirous to establish and maintain such a Company, but the same cannot be effected without the aid of the Legislature: Therefore, Her. Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Incorporation of Company.

I. The Honorable George Moffatt, Joseph Knapp, James Mitchell, Donald Lorn McDougall, Hugh Allan, Louis Renaud, M. H. Seymour, H. H. Whitney, H. L. Routh, Thomas Morland, Wolfred Nelson, John Ogilvy, D. Lewis, J. J. C. Abbott, N. S. Whitney and C. C. Abbott, and every other person who shall hereafter become a Shareholder of the said Company shall be, and are hereby united into a Company, for making and effecting Inland Navigation and Marine Insurances, according to the rules and directions hereinafter mentioned, and for that purpose shall be a body corporate until the first day of January, One thousand nine hundred and sixly under the name of the Canada Marine Insurance Company.

Duration and corporate name.

Power and authority to make Insurances on vessels and goods by water. II. The said Company shall have power and authority in make, with any person or persons, all and every Insurance connected with Marine risks and risks of navigation, and transportation by water, against loss or damage of or to any Vessel, Steamer, Boat, or other Craft, either sea-going or navigating upon Lakes, rivers, or navigable waters—and of, or to, and Cargo, Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, Specie, Bullion, Jenells, Bank-notes, Bills of Exchange, and other evidences of debts, conveyed therein, and of, and to, any Timber, or other property of every description, borne or carried by water, and

Directors for the time being, to give due notice of such meeting, Notice of by publishing the same at least ten days before the day afore- meetings. named, in at least one newspayer published in the City of Montreal; and in the event of the first Monday in February in any year being a legal holiday, then the annual meeting aforesaid shall be held on the next following day not being a holiday; and the shareholders present, either in person or by proxy, at all general meetings, shall have one vote for each and every share that shall have heen held in his or her name, or in the name of any firm, association or partnership of which he or she may be a partner, upon the books of the said Company, for at least fifteen days next preceding such annual election; Provided Proviso: one always, that no more than one vote, be given or taken upon any vote for each share, and that the scrutineers at such election shall decide as share, &c. to the right of any person to vote, in the event of disagreement ordispute between parties holding shares registered in the name of any firm, association or partnership as aforesaid; and in case Ties. of a failure to elect from an equality of votes, for more than fifteen Directors, a new election shall be held to fill the undetermined places; and in case of any vacancy occurring in the Vacancies to number of Directors, such vacancy shall be filled up for the re- be filled by mainder of the year in which it may occur, by a shareholder to Directors. be nominated by a majority of the Directors; Provided always, Proviso: each that no person shall be elected or nominated to be a Director, Director must who shall not be a shareholder in the Company to the extent of at least. at least ten shares, at the time of his election or nomination, and during his continuance in office, either registered in his own name or the name of the firm or partnership of which he is a member; Provided further that no two persons of a firm or Provided partnership be qualified by the same shares.

X. The Corporation shall not be dissolved by a failure to Corporation elect Directors at the time when such election should be made not dissolved pursuant to this Act, but such election may be made on any by a failure other day, in such manner as may be directed and required by the By-laws of the Company; Provided that any ten or more Special geneof the shareholders, holding or representing at least one fourth ral meeting of the subscribed stock, may require the Directors to call a may be called special general meeting of the shareholders, in the manner pre-holders. scribed for the annual general meetings, and on their refusal or neglect to do so, may themselves call such meeting by an advertisement to be published in two newspapers published in Montreal as aforesaid.

XI. Any number of the Directors aforesaid, being a majority Directors may of them, shall have full power from time to time to make and make Byenact By-laws, Rules and Regulations (the same not being re- laws, &c. pugnant to this Act, or the laws of this Province) for the proper management of the affairs of the said Company, and from time to time to alter and repeal the same, and others to make and enact in their stead; Provided that no such By-laws, Rules By-laws must and Regulations made as aforesaid shall be valid or have effect, beapproved by

Management Directors.

VI. The corporate powers, property, and business of the said by a Board of Company shall be conducted and managed by a Board of files Directors, who shall be named and chosen at a meeting of Stockholders of the said Company, to be held as hereinafter provided.

Books of subopened.

VII. It shall be the duty of the parties named in the preamble scription to be of this Act, or a majority of them, to open books in the City of Montreal for the subscription of the stock of the said Company. after giving at least ten days' notice thereof in the Canada Ga zette, and in one English and one French newspaper published in the said City; and the said books of subscription shall be and remain open and accessible to the public for at least one day at a place to be designated in such notice, and should the said twenty thousand shares not be fully subscribed during such time and at such place, the said parties aforenamed in the preamble of this Act, or a majority of them, or when their powers shall have ceased, the Directors for the time being, shall have power to obtain subscriptions for the remaining shares there of elsewhere, as they may deem proper, and in any manner they may consider expedient, not inconsistent with the provisions this Act; Provided always, that it shall be the duty of the said parties or a majority of them, as aforesaid, so soon as, and whenever fifty thousand pounds, or two thousand shares, of the said stock shall have been subscribed, to organize the said Company, and to call a meeting of the shareholders, by giving a least ten days' notice in two newpapers published in the City of Montreal, as aforesaid, for that purpose.

Proviso: for organization of the Company when £50,000 is subscribed.

Election of Directors.

of them as shall attend the meeting provided for in the last preceding clause of this Act, at such meeting to proceed to the appointment and election of fifteen Directors, as provided for by this Act, upon whom shall devolve thereafter the duty of order Term of office. nizing, conducting and managing the affairs of the said (10 pany, until the first annual general meeting of shareholdes upon the next ensuing first Monday in February, as provided it And the said parties named in the preamble of this Act, shall, after such election, be relieved from further day touching the organization or management of the affair of the

VIII. It shall be the duty of the said shareholders, or so many

Provisions respecting . election of Directors.

said Company.

Annual meetings.

IX. All elections of Directors shall be by ballot, and after? first meeting hereinbefore provided for, a general meeting of shareholders shall be held at the usual place of business of said Company, or any other place in the City of Montrel, pr the first Monday of February, annually, for the election of Direction tors, which Directors shall serve till the next annual good meeting, and until such time as their successors shall be clerk and for the transaction of such other business as may post be laid before such meeting, and for the review of the guard affairs of the said Company; and it shall be the duty of "

Direction

Directors for the time being, to give due notice of such meeting, Notice of by publishing the same at least ten days before the day afore- meetings. named, in at least one newspayer published in the City of Montreal; and in the event of the first Monday in February in any year being a legal holiday, then the annual meeting aforesaid shall be held on the next following day not being a holiday; and the shareholders present, either in person or by proxy, at all general meetings, shall have one vote for each and every share that shall have heen held in his or her name, or in the name of any firm, association or partnership of which he or she may be a partner, upon the books of the said Company, for at least fifteen days next preceding such annual election; Provided Proviso: one always, that no more than one vote, be given or taken upon any vote for each share, and that the scrutineers at such election shall decide as share, &c. to the right of any person to vote, in the event of disagreement or dispute between parties holding shares registered in the name of any firm, association or partnership as aforesaid; and in case Ties. of a failure to elect from an equality of votes, for more than fifteen Directors, a new election shall be held to fill the undetermined places; and in case of any vacancy occurring in the Vacancies to number of Directors, such vacancy shall be filled up for the re- be filled by mainder of the year in which it may occur, by a shareholder to Directors. be nominated by a majority of the Directors; Provided always, Proviso: each that no person shall be elected or nominated to be a Director, Director must who shall not be a shareholder in the Company to the extent of at least. at least ten shares, at the time of his election or nomination, and during his continuance in office, either registered in his own name or the name of the firm or partnership of which he is a member; Provided further that no two persons of a firm or Provise. partnership be qualified by the same shares.

X. The Corporation shall not be dissolved by a failure to Corporation elect Directors at the time when such election should be made not dissolved pursuant to this Act, but such election may be made on any by a failure other day, in such manner as may be directed and required by the By-laws of the Company; Provided that any ten or more Special geneof the shareholders, holding or representing at least one fourth rai meeting of the subscribed stock, may require the Directors to call a may be called by sharespecial general meeting of the shareholders, in the manner pre- holders. scribed for the annual general meetings, and on their refusal or neglect to do so, may themselves call such meeting by an advertisement to be published in two newspapers published in Montreal as aforesaid.

XI. Any number of the Directors aforesaid, being a majority Directors may of them, shall have full power from time to time to make and make Byenact By-laws, Rules and Regulations (the same not being re-laws, &c. Pugnant to this Act, or the laws of this Province) for the proper management of the affairs of the said Company, and from time to time to alter and repeal the same, and others to make and enact in their stead; Provided that no such By-laws, Rules By-laws must and Regulations made as aforesaid shall be valid or have effect, beapproved by

unless Shareholders.

unless approved and confirmed by a majority of the Shareholders present at an annual or special general meeting convened as aforesaid.

Directors shall

XII. There shall be a monthly meeting of the Directors, and meet monthly; any seven or more of the Directors shall form a quorum for transacting and managing the business and affairs of the Company, at the first of which monthly meetings the said Board of Directors shall appoint one of their members as President, who shall serve for one year, or until the next annual general meeting of Directors, and until his successor shall be appointed, and such other officers as shall be deemed necessary, at such salaries as they may deem proper, and at each monthly meeting shall also nominate and appoint two out of their number to cooperate and advise with the President until the next meeting of the Board, in managing the ordinary affairs of the Company.

Shall appoint a President;

And other Officers: Also Sub-

Boards.

Duties of the Sub-Boards.

XIII. The President and two Directors so appointed shall be a Sub-Board, and shall hold daily meetings for the transaction of business, and all Policies of Insurance issued by the Company, shall be signed by the President and Manager, and at least one of the Directors so appointed for the current month, and sealed with the seal of the Company; and it shall be the duty of the said Board, as far as practicable, to carry out the policy of the General Board as shall be expressed at their monthly meetings: Provided always, that no Director or Officer shall be held liable, except as a shareholder in the Company, for the giving out and signing Policies of Insurance or any other lawful acts, deeds or transactions done and performed in pursuance of this Act; and no Director shall be answerable for, or chargeable with, the defaults, neglects or misdeeds of others of them, or of any Officer or Clerk of the Company.

Proviso.

Directors not responsible for each other or for Officers.

Officers or others for

fraud.

XIV. Any Manager, or other Officer of the Company who Punishment of shall be guilty of any wilful falsehood or fraud, in any matter or thing pertaining to his office or duty, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and any person falsely personating a member entitled to vote, and offering to vote as such member at any election of Directors, or who shall falsely sign or affix the name of any member of the Company to any appointment of a proxy, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

On subscripand payment of, Company

XV. So soon as fifty thousand pounds of the said capital tion of £50,000 stock shall have been subscribed as aforesaid, and the rum of ten thousand pounds shall be paid in on account thereof, and may be organ- not before, the said Board of Directors shall thereafter proceed with the business and purposes of the said Company.

Five per cent. on amount of subscription to be paid on subscribing.

XVI. Any person may subscribe for such and so many shares as he may think fit, and five per centum on each share shall be paid at the time of subscribing therefor, and the remainder at such times as the Directors for the time being shall appoint; and

if

if any Shareholder refuse or neglect to pay the said instalments at Remainder by the time when required so to do, he shall forfeit his share, together instalments. with the amount paid thereon; and the said share shall be sold, Forfeiture for and the sum arising from such sale, together with the amount non-payment so previously paid, shall be accounted for and divided in the like ot calls. manner as the other moneys of the Company, unless the sum produced from such sale shall be more than sufficient to pay all arrears and interest on such instalment, together with the expense of such sale, and in such case the surplus of such money shall be paid on demand to the owner; and no more shares shall be sold than what shall be deemed necessary to pay such arrears, interest and expenses.

XVII: In case the said Directors shall deem it more expedient Proceedings to in any case to enforce the payment of any unpaid instalments enforce paythan to forfeit the share therefor, it shall and may be lawful ment in place for the Company to sue for and recover the same from such Shareholders with interest thereon, in any action for debt, in any Court having civil jurisdiction to the amount claimed; and in What only any such action it shall be sufficient to allege that the defen-need be allegdant is the holder of one or more shares (stating the number of ed and proved. shares), and is indebted to the Company in the sum to which the calls in arrear may amount; and to maintain such action, it shall be sufficient that the signature of the defendant to some book, or paper, by which his subscription for such share shall appear, be proved by one witness, whether in the employment of, or interested in the Company, or in any way allied, or related to any of the said Directors or Shareholders, or other persons interested in the said Company, or not, and that the number of calls in arrear have been made.

XVIII. The shares of the said Company shall be assignable Transfer of and transferable according to such rules as the Board of Direc- shares. tors shall appoint and establish, and such transfers shall be recognized and acknowledged by the Company, only after they shall have been entered in the Books of the Company; and no Debts to the Shareholder or member indebted to the Company shall be per- Company mitted to make a transfer or receive a dividend until his debt is must be first paid, or security to the satisfaction of the Directors be given to them that it will be paid.

XIX. It shall be the duty of the Sub-Board to reinsure the Duty of Subexcess of any risk or risks that shall be taken by the Com- Board to repany upon a single bottom, exceeding five per centum upon the insure in cersubscribed Capital of the Company, including the amount of notes or securities contributed by special partners for the time being, any thing in this Act or any By-law to the contrary notwitstanding; and any wilful neglect to obtain or apply for such re-insurance shall subject the said Sub-Board, or any member of the same so offending, to be suspended or discharged from office by the Board.

Proportion of premium to be returned in certain cases.

XX. Policy holders whose Policies shall not have resulted in a loss to the Company, either total or partial, the premiums on which shall have amounted to ten pounds or upwards during the current year, shall be entitled to a dividend in cash upon the amount of such premiums paid by them, in such proportion to the dividend declared to Stockholders as shall be fixed upon by a By-law of the Company; Provided always, that any By-law for such purpose may, if deemed expedient, require that each and every Policy shall be voted upon and dealt with without reference to any other Policy taken from or made with the said Insurance Company.

Shareholders shall be paid interest on amounts paid XXI. Prior to any dividend being declared, there shall be paid or allowed to the Shareholders respectively, upon the amount paid in upon their Stock, an annual interest not exceeding the income derived from the investment of the funds of the Company, without reference to the profits of the Company which shall be made up annually to the first day of February, and paid from time to time to the said Shareholders.

Annual statements, dividends, &c. XXII. No separate statement shall be required for the part of year following the day on which the Company shall have issued their first Policy, but after that period an annual dividend statement shall be made which shall exhibit a full and unreserved statement of the affairs of the Company, of their funds, property and securities, the amount in real estate, bonds and mortgages, notes and other securities therefor, public debt, or other Stock, and the amount of debt due to and from the Company, together with a fair estimate of the net profits of the Company not before divided, up to the first day of february in each year, and allowing for any previous or probable deficiencies, which said annual statement shall be submitted to the Annual General Meeting aforesaid.

Declaration of dividend.

XXIII. At each Annual General Meting, after the allowance of such reduction to insurers as aforesaid, and after the submission of the said statement and approval thereof by the Shareholders, the Board of Directors shall declare such dividend in favor of Stockholders, and in favor of those who shall have become special partners for the current year as aforesaid, out of the net profits of the preceding period, as they shall think fit, and which dividend shall be paid in cash.

Limitation of liability of Shareholders. XXIV. Shareholders, recipients of return premiums or grantors of notes in advance for premiums, shall not be held liable for any claim, engagement, loss or payment whatsoever, for or by reason of the liabilities of the said Company of what nature soever, beyond the amount of the share or shares, note or notes or securities, which each may respectively hold or have granted, and after payment to the said Company of the full amount of such share or shares, note or notes, or securities, such Shareholders, or grantors of notes, shall not be liable for any further sum of money whatever.

XXV.

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XXV. All shares in the Company shall be deemed personal Shares to be property.

XXVI. No dividends shall be declared or paid out of the Capi- No dividend tal Stock of the Company; nor shall any dividend out of the to be paid out said net profits be declared or paid, unless the said Capital of capital. shall be unimpaired, together with such dividends and interest as shall have been collected upon the invested Capital of the Company.

XXVII. Whereas certain doubts have been and are still en- Recital. tertained as to the liability of persons dealing with Insurance Companies doing business upon the mutual principle, and it is desirable that the said Canada Marine Insurance Company should cause its re-assurances to be made with Mutual Insurance Companies: It is therefore expressly enacted, That the lia- Limitation of bility of the said Canada Marine Insurance Company, shall be liability on limited to, and in no case exceed, the amount of premiums paid Scrip of Muor agreed to be paid by the same, to such Mutual Insurance nies. Companies; and that the said Canada Marine Insurance Company may, at any time, and at all times, receive from any such Mutual Insurance Companies, their return premiums, either in cash or scrip, as the case may be, and collect, hold, or dispose * of the same as they may deem expedient and proper; and the said Canada Marine Insurance Company shall be exonerated, and its Stockholders, President and Directors, either collectively or individually, are hereby expressly declared not to be liable for more than the amount of the premiums paid, or expressly stipulated to be paid to such Mutual Insurance Companies.

XXVIII. The operations and business of the said Company Business to be shall be carried on at such place in the City of Montreal as the carried on Directors shall direct, but Agencies, with or without Branch principally at Montreal, Boards of Directors, may be established elsewhere, either in or out of Canada, as the Stockholders shall deem expedient, and which Branch Boards of Directors shall consist of not less Branch Boards than three, who shall be shareholders to the extent of at least may be estabten shares or two hundred and fifty pounds each, and shall be lished. appointed by the Montreal Board of Directors.

XXIX. Suits at Law or in Equity may be prosecuted and maintained by any member against the said Company; and Suits by Memno member of the Company not being in his individual capaci- b. rs against ty a party to such suit, shall be incompetent as a witness in Company. suits and legal proceedings, by or against the Company.

XXX. This Act shall be a Public Act, and shall be subject to the provisions contained in the Interpretation Act of this Public Act. Province, twelfth Victoria, chapter ten, which shall be held to form part hereof, so far as the same shall apply.

CAP. CXXV.

An Act to incorporate the British Farmers' Union Insurance Company.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS Henry Yardington, Doctor Alfred Digby, Alexander Bunnell, Arthur Smith, Frederick George. Charles C. Perley, Henry Lemmon and others, have petitioned the Legislature, praying that an association under the style and title of the "British Farmers' Union Insurance Company," may be incorporated, as well for the purpose of enabling parties, owners of, or interested in buildings or property situated it country places, isolated and comparatively safe from fire, mutually to insure each other, and to extend the benefits of such institution more effectually among the rural and agricultural population in this Province: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Certain persons incorporated.

Corporate name and general powers.

I. The said Henry Yardington, Dr. Alfred Digby, Alexander Bunnell, Arthur Smith, and all such other persons as shall hereafter become members of the said Company, are hereby constituted a body corporate by the style and title of the "British Farmers' Union Insurance Company," and by that name they and their successors shall have continued succession, and shall be capable in law of suing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded, answering and being answered unto, defending and being defended, in all manner of actions, suits, complaints, matters and causes whatsoever; and they and their successors may have a common seal, and may change and alter the same at pleasure; may mutually insure their respective properties under the restrictions, limitations and conditions hereinafter contained; and may also insure the houses and personal property of others for such time and at such premiums as shall be agreed upon be May hold real tween the said Corporation and parties insuring; and also the and their successors, by and under the name of the "British Farmers' Union Insurance Company," shall be capable in law of purchasing, holding and conveying any estate, real or personal, for the use of the said Company, subject to the rules and conditions hereinafter mentioned.

estate under certain provisions.

Stock of Com. pany divided into "Mutual" and " Proprietary."

Mutual Stock.

II. The stock and property of the said Company shall be held liable for the payment of all losses that may from time to time occur to the said Company, and for that purpose shall be dr vided, and consist of two separate and distinct descriptions of stock, namely, Mutual and Proprietary; the Mutual Stock being comprised of premium notes deposited for the purpose of m tual insurance, together with all payments and other property received or held thereon, or in consequence of such mutual is surance; and the Proprietary Stock being composed of stock

Proprietare.

in shares, subscribed and paid for the purpose of fire insurance to others, which Proprietary Stock shall not exceed One Hundred Thousand Pounds, divided into shares of Twenty Pounds each; and also the members of, or persons com- Mutual Memposing the said Company, shall, in like manner, consist of, bers. and be divided into two classes, namely, those who deposit premium notes for the purpose of mutual insurance, denomi- Pro rietary nated Mutual Members, and Proprietary Members, or those Members. who hold shares in the Proprietary Stock of the said Corporation; Provided always, that nothing herein mentioned and Proviso. contained shall prevent the same person from holding at the same time both descriptions of stock.

III. Persons being members of the said Corporation by reason Mutual Memof deposit of premium notes for the purpose of mutual insur- bers not liable ance, shall not be held liable for any claims for losses or pay-beyondamount ments beyond the amount of his, her or their premium notes mium notes, respectively; and neither shall proprietary members be held nor Proprieliable for any claims for losses or payments beyond the amount tary Members of such share or shares of the proprietary stock which each may amount of respectively hold; and also in all the transactions of the said their respect-Company the profits and benefits arising from or on account of ive proprietary the mutual branch of the said Corporation shall be secured to the members thereof; and in like manner, the profits and benefits arising from or on account of the proprietary branch of the said Company shall be secured to the proprietary members; and further, all the expenses necessary and incurred for the As to exconducting and management of the said Company, shall be penses. fairly assessed upon and divided between each branch or department of the said Company.

IV. Provided always, that no dividend or bonus shall be No dividend to declared or paid out of the capital stock of the Company, be declared out of capital whather Proprietory or Maturel whether Proprietary or Mutual.

V. The said Company, by their corporate name aforesaid, Company may shall be capable of purchasing, having and holding, to them and hold real their successors, such estate, real, personal or mixed, as may estate, &c. be requisite for its accommodation in relation to the convenient transaction of its business; and may take and hold any real Also real estate bond fide mortgaged to the said Company, by way of estate mortsecurity for the payment of any debts which may be contracted pany as secuwith the said Company, and may proceed on the said mort-rity for pay gaged securities for the recovery of moneys thereby secured, either in law or equity, in the same manner as any other mortgagee is or shall be authorized to do, and also to purchase on sales made by virtue of any proceedings at law or equity, or otherwise, to receive and to take any real estate in payment, or towards the satisfaction of any debt previously contracted and due to the said Corporation, and to hold the same until they can conveniently and advantageously sell and convert the same into money or other personal property; Provided always, that Proviso: as to

the real estate.

the lands, tenements and hereditaments which it shall be lavful for the said Company to hold, shall be only such as shall be requisite for its accommodation in relation to the convenient transaction of its business, or such as shall have been long fide mortgaged to it by way of security, or conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in the course of its dealings, or purchased at sales upon judgments which shall have been obtained for such debts.

Company not to deal in merchandize, nor engage in Banking, &c.

May hold stock as an investment. VI. It shall not be lawful for the said Company to deal in, use or employ any part of the funds or moneys thereof, in buying or selling any goods, wares or merchandize, in the way of traffic, or banking operations; but it shall nevertheless be lawful for the said Company to purchase or hold any stock, Government securities, or other securities of public companies or funded debt, for the purpose of investing therein any part of their funds or money, and also to sell and transfer the same, and again to renew such investment when and as often as a due regard to the interests of the said Company shall require.

Board of Directors.

First Direct-

Election of Directors.

Election to be by ballot.

Ties.

Directors to elect Presi-

Vacancies, how filled.

VII. The property, affairs and concerns of the said Company, shall be managed and conducted by a Board of seven Directors, one of whom shall be chosen President, and one Vice-President, which Board, in the first instance, and until the first annual general meeting of the Company, and until others may be chosen and appointed as hereinafter provided, shall consist of Henry Yardington, Dr. Alfred Digby, Alexander Bunnell, Arthur Smith, Frederic George, Charles C. Perley, and Henry Lemmon; and of which Board two Directors shall go out of office by rotation each year, but who shall, nevertheless, be immediately eligible for re-election as Directors; and the election of two Directors, in place of those so retiring from office, shall be held and made at the general annual meeting of the Company by such of the members thereof as attend for that purpose, either in their own proper persons or by proxy; and all elections of such Directors shall be by ballot, and the two persons who shall have the greatest number of votes of any election, shall be Directors; and if it shall, at any such election, happen that two or more persons have an equal number of votes, in such manner that a greater number of persons than two shall, by a plurality of votes, appear to be chosen Directors, then the said members hereinbefore authorized to hold such election shall proceed to elect by ballot until it is determined which of the said persons so having an equal number of votes shall be Director or Directors, so as to complete the whole number of seven; and the said Dr rectors so chosen, as soon as may be after the said election, shall proceed to elect one of their number to be President and one other of their number to be Vice-President; and if any vacancy or vacancies shall at any time happen among the Directors, or in the office of President or Vice-President, by .

elect President.

death,

proportion of such loss, and publish the same in such manner and form as they shall see fit or as by the By-laws shall have been prescribed; and the sum to be paid by each mutual member shall always be in proportion to the original amount of his or her premium note or notes, and shall be paid to the Treasurer within thirty days next after the publication of such notice; and if any member shall for the space of thirty days after May recover if the publication of such notice, neglect or refuse to pay the sum assessment is assessed upon him, her or them, or his, her or their proportion not paid. of any loss or damage aforesaid, in such case the Directors may ne for and recover the whole amount of his, her or their premium note or notes with costs of suit; and the money thus collected shall remain with the Treasurer of the Company, subject to the payment of such loss or expense as shall or may accrue during the continuance of his, her or their policy, and the balance, if any remaining, shall be returned to the party from whom it was collected, on demand, after thirty days from the expiration of the term for which such insurance was made: Provided always, that no payment, assessment or instalment Proviso: savshall be called in on the said premium or deposit notes until all ings to be exsavings, profits or funds arising from or on account of payments pended before made or moneys received on account of the mutual branch of premium Insurance of the said Company, shall have been first applied to notes are calland expended upon the payment of losses or damages pre-ed for. viously occurring therein.

XXII. If it shall ever happen that the whole amount of pre- Provision in mium notes shall be insufficient to pay the loss occasioned by case deposit any one fire or fires, in such cases the sufferers insured by the notes are insufficient to said Company shall receive towards making good their respectory cover losses. tive losses a proportionate dividend of the whole amount of such premium notes, according to the sums by them respectively insured; and any member upon payment of the whole of his or her premium note, and surrendering his or her policy before any subsequent loss or expense has been incurred, shall be discharged by the said Company.

XXIII. Whenever any assessment is made on any premium Certificate of note given to the said Company for any hazard taken by the Secretary of said Company, or as consideration for any policy of Insurance assessment on issued or to be issued by the said Company, and an action is to be prima brought to recover such assessment, the certificate of the Secre- facie evidence tary of the Company, specifying such assessment and the thereof. amount due to the Company on such note by means thereof, shall be taken and received as prima facie evidence thereof in all Courts and places whatsoever.

XXIV. When any house or other building shall be alienated Policies to be by sale or otherwise, the policy of mutual Insurance shall be void on sale, void, and be surrendered to the Directors of the Company to &c., of build-be cancelled, and upon such surrender the assured shall be an be cancelled, and upon such surrender the assured shall be entitled to his, her or their deposit note or notes, upon payment of

Directors to make Bylaws and manage business.

XI. Any number of the Directors of the said Company, ben a majority of the said Directors, shall have full power as authority to make, prescribe and alter such By-laws, Rules, Rgulations and Ordinances, as shall appear to them proper an needful, touching the well ordering of the Company, the rate and amount of insurance and issuing policies, the management and disposition of its stock, property, estate and effects, as: also to call in any instalment or instalments, assessment assessments, at such time or season and times and seasons, they shall think fit, giving due notice thereof as hereinafa provided, and also to declare and cause to be paid or distributed to the respective Stockholders of the Company, any divides: or dividends of profits at such times and seasons as they shall deem expedient, and also to appoint a Secretary and Treasure, with such salary and allowance to each, as well as to other officers or agents of the Company, and take security from the for the due performance of their respective duties, as they shall think meet and advisable; Provided always, that for the puposes in this section mentioned, except as hereinafter specially provided, a majority of the Directors shall be present and as sisting, and it shall not be competent for a Board consisting of a less number of persons than were present at the time, to alter, repeal or amend any matter or things so done.

And appoint Officers.

Proviso.

Quorum for business.

Weekly meetings for dispatch of business-

Proviso: a quorum required tor tran-acting business.

XII. There shall be weekly meetings of the Board of Directors of the said Company, and any three or more of the said Directors shall be a quorum for the purpose of transacting and managing the details of the business and affairs of the said Company, and at all meetings of the Board of Directors, all questions before them shall be decided by a majority of voices or votes, and in case of an equality of votes, the President Vice-President or presiding Director shall give the casting volv over and above his proper vote as a Director; Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize the making, prescribing, altering or repealing any by-law or ordinances of the said Company, or calling in an instalments or assessments on Stock, or declaring dividend of profits, or the appointment of Treasurer or Secretary. or the appointment of salaries to, or securities from officer or agents of the said Company, by any less number of Direction tors, or in any other manner than is mentioned and provided i the next preceding section.

Directors to receive reasonable compensation for attendance at the Board.

XIII. The said Directors, and such others as may be chosen by the said Company, shall receive reasonable compensation for their attendance at the Board, to be ascertained and determined by a by-law or rule of the Board, which compensation shall not exceed fifteen shillings to members living in the County, nor seven shillings and six pence to those residing in the Town of Brantford, and the said Directors shall be indernatified and saved harmless by the members of the said Corporation, in proportion to their several interests in the same, in the

in, and which shall be unpaid at the time or times when the same shall be due or payable, which said instalments shall be sued for and recovered with interest thereon, in any action or actions of debt in any Court having jurisdiction in civil cases to the amount; and in any such action, it shall not be neces. What only sary to set forth the special matter in the declaration, but it need be allegshall be sufficient to allege that the defendant is the holder of in action for one or more shares (stating the number) in the stock, and is calls. indebted to the Company in the sum to which the calls in arrears may amount; and in any such action, it shall be sufficient to maintain the same, that the signature of the defendant to some book or paper by which it shall appear that such defendant subscribed for a share or any certain number of shares of the stock of the said Company, be proved by one witness, whether in the employment of or interested in the Company or not, and that the number of calls in arrear have been made.

XVIII. The Proprietary Stock of the said Company shall be Proprietary assignable and transferable, according to such rules as the Stock to be Board of Directors shall make and establish; and no Stock Molder indebted to the Company shall be permitted to make or transfer, or receive a dividend, until such debt be paid or secuthy for its being paid be given to the satisfaction of the Directors.

XXIX. No transferred share or stock shall enable the trans- Votes on smee to vote until the expiration of thirty days from such served vansfer.

XXX. If any insurance on any house or building shall be Double insurand subsist in the said Company, and in any other office, or ance void unfrom and by any other person or persons at the same time, the less made by insurance made in and by this Company shall be deemed and Directors. become void, unless such double insurance subsist with the consent of the Directors signified by endorsement on the policy ligned by the President and countersigned by the Secretary, or therwise, as directed by the By-laws and regulations of the Company.

XXXI. In all actions, suits and prosecutions in which the Officers of said Company may be engaged at any time, the Secretary or Company to be competent witness be competent ther officer of the said Company shall be a competent witness, witnesses, 10twithstanding any interest be may have therein.

XXXII. The said Company, shall on the first day of January in Statement of ach and every year, make to the Governor a full and unreserved affairs to be tatement of the affairs of the Company, of their funds, property made to Leind securities, showing the amount in real estate, in bonds and nortgages, in notes and the securities thereof, in public debt r other stock, and the amount due to and from the said Jompany, and also a list of the Stockholders and of the Directors, and such statement shall be laid before the Legislaure within the first fifteen days of each session.

INLAND

Manner of prolosses by fire occur.

XIX. In case of any loss or damage by fire happening to are ceeding when property insured with the said Company, immediate notice thereof shall be given by the assured to the Secretary of the Company or to the Agent of the Company, if there should be one acting for it in the neighbourhood of the place where such fire occurred, and shall as soon after as may be furnish to such Agent or otherwise to the Secretary, a full statement of all particulars of the said fire as far as can be ascertained, together with a detailed account of all damage done, which statement and account shall be verified upon oath by the parties making Arbitration in the same, if required; and the Directors upon a view of the same, or in such other way as they may deem proper, shall ascertain and determine the amount of such loss or damage, and if the party suffering shall not be satisfied with the determination of the Directors, the question shall then be submitted to three disinterested persons as referees, one of whom shall be named by the suffering party and one by the Board, and in two referees so named shall choose a third, and the decision or award of a majority of them shall be binding; and if the award is not satisfactory, either party may sustain its case in an action at law, and if upon the trial of such action a greater sum shall be recovered than the amount determined on by the

> Directors, the parties suffering shall have judgment therefor against the Company, with interest thereon from the time at which such payment for such loss or damage should have been made by the terms of the policy, had no such question or dis-

Appeal from award to a Jury.

case of dis-

pute.

agreement arisen, with costs of suit, but if no more shall be recovered than the amount so previously determined, or a less sum be awarded, then the plaintiff or plaintiffs in such suit shall not be entitled to costs against the defendants, and the defendants shall be entitled to costs, as in the case of a verdict for them. XX. Every mutual member of the Company shall be and is bers to be held hereby bound and obliged to pay his or her proportion, not exceeding in any case the amount of his, her or their premium his or her policy of Insurance, and all the right, title, interest

Mutual Memto pay their portion of losses happening to mutual branches of Company.

note of all losses and expenses happening or accruing in or 10 the mutual branch of the Company during the continuance of and estate at the time of the insurance of the insured, of, in, or to the building insured by and with the said Company, and in the lands on which the same shall stand, and to all other lands thereto adjacent, which shall be mentioned and declared liable to the policy of insurance, shall stand pledged to the said Company.

Directors to make assessment of sums to be paid by bers in cases of loss by fire.

XXI. The Directors shall, after receiving any notice of any loss or damage by fire sustained by any mutual member, with account and proof thereof, and ascertaining the same, or after Muttal Mem- the recovery of any judgment as aforesaid against the Company for such loss or damage, settle and determine the sums whe paid by the several mutual members thereof, as their respective proportion

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proportion of such loss, and publish the same in such manner and form as they shall see fit or as by the By-laws shall have been prescribed; and the sum to be paid by each mutual member shall always be in proportion to the original amount of his or her premium note or notes, and shall be paid to the Treasurer within thirty days next after the publication of such notice; and if any member shall for the space of thirty days after May recover if the publication of such notice, neglect or refuse to pay the sum assessment is assessed upon him, her or them, or his, her or their proportion not paid of any loss or damage aforesaid, in such case the Directors may sue for and recover the whole amount of his, her or their premium note or notes with costs of suit; and the money thus collected shall remain with the Treasurer of the Company, subject to the payment of such loss or expense as shall or may accrue during the continuance of his, her or their policy, and the balance, if any remaining, shall be returned to the party from whom it was collected, on demand, after thirty days from the expiration of the term for which such insurance was made: Provided always, that no payment, assessment or instalment Proviso: savshall be called in on the said premium or deposit notes until all ings to be exsavings, profits or funds arising from or on account of payments peuded before made or moneys received on account of the mutual branch of premium Insurance of the said Company, shall have been first applied to notes are calland expended upon the payment of losses or damages pre-ed for. viously occurring therein.

XXII. If it shall ever happen that the whole amount of pre- Provision in mium notes shall be insufficient to pay the loss occasioned by case deposit any one fire or fires, in such cases the sufferers insured by the notes are insufficient to said Company shall receive towards making good their respectorer losses. tive losses a proportionate dividend of the whole amount of such premium notes, according to the sums by them respectively insured; and any member upon payment of the whole of his or her premium note, and surrendering his or her policy before any subsequent loss or expense has been incurred, shall be discharged by the said Company.

XXIII. Whenever any assessment is made on any premium Certificate of note given to the said Company for any hazard taken by the Secretary of said Company, or as consideration for any policy of Insurance assessment on issued or to be issued by the said Company, and an action is to be prima brought to recover such assessment, the certificate of the Secre- facie evidence tary of the Company, specifying such assessment and the thereof. amount due to the Company on such note by means thereof, shall be taken and received as prima facie evidence thereof in all Courts and places whatsoever.

XXIV. When any house or other building shall be alienated Policies to be by sale or otherwise, the policy of mutual Insurance shall be void on sale, void, and be surrendered to the Directors of the Company to &c., of buildings insured. be cancelled, and upon such surrender the assured shall be entitled to his, her or their deposit note or notes, upon payment of

Proviso: Alienee may have them continued on certain conditions.

his, her or their proportion of all losses and expenses that have occurred prior to such surrender: Provided always, that the grantee or alienee having the policy assigned to him. her or them, may have the same ratified and conferred to him, her or them, for his, her or their own proper use and benefit upon application to the Directors, and with their consent, within thirty days next after such alienation, on giving proper security to the satisfaction of the Directors for such portion of the premium note as shall remain unpaid; and by such satisfaction and confirmation, the party causing the same shall be entitled to all the rights and privileges, and be subject to all the liabilities to which the original party insured was eatitled and subjected under this Act.

Provision as to buildings situated upon leased lands.

XXV. In case any building or buildings, situated upon destruction of leased lands and mutually insured by the Company, be destroyed by fire, in such cases the Company may retain the amount of the premium note given for the insurance thereof, until the time for which insurance was made shall have expired, and at the expiration thereof the assured shall have the right to demand and receive such part of the retained sum or sums as has not been expended in losses or assessments.

Five per cent. to be paid on each share of Proprietary Stock on sub-Proviso: In-

stalments timited.

non-payment of calls.

XXVI. The said Company shall not commence business until twenty per cent of their Capital Stock shall have been subscribed. Five per cent. on each share of the Proprietary Stock shall be paid as a deposit at the time of subscribing thereto, scribing there and the remainder shall be paid in such instalments as the Directors for the time being shall appoint; Provided that no instalment shall exceed ten per cent. upon the capital stock, or be called for or become payable in less than thirty days after public notice shall have been given in one or more of the several newspapers published in every county, where Forfeiture for stock may be held, to that effect; and if any Shareholder or Shareholders refuse or neglect to pay to the said Directors the instalment due upon any share or shares held by him, her or them, at the time when required by law so to do, such Shareholder or Shareholders as aforesaid, shall forfeit such shares as aforesaid, together with the amount paid thereon; and the said share or shares so forfeited, it shall and may be lawful for the said Directors to sell, and the sum arising from such sale, together with the amount previously paid thereon, shall be accounted for and divided in like manner as the other moneys of the Proprietary Branch of this Corporation.

Directors may of ins alments instead of forfeiting stock, if they think Inchas."

XXVII. In case the said Directors shall think it more expesue for amount dient in any case to enforce the payment of any instalment of instalments of Proprietary Stock in the said Company, held by any person or persons, and called in and unpaid, than to forfeit the same, it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to sue for and recover of and from such person or persons, such instalment or instalments as aforesaid, which shall be so called

expressly authorized among the purposes for which the said Company was incorporated; and the said Company shall be bound and required to do all such acts, and to exercise all such further powers, as may at any time be authorized or given to it by such authority as aforesaid, in such manner and subject to all such limitations, conditions and provisions as may be prescribed and provided by any Act of the said Parliament, whereby such powers shall be given or such acts authorized; and such limitations, conditions and provisions shall have effect in the same manner and to the same extent, as if prescribed and provided by the present or any other Act of the Legislature of this Province; and in case the Imperial Parlia-Effect of rement shall at any time repeal the whole or any part of such peal of any Act or Acts giving further powers, the said powers shall cease Act. in the same manner, and to the same extent, as if such Act or Acts had been repealed by an Act of the Legislature of this Province.

VII. All conveyances to be made by the Company, under or Form of conby virtue of, or in pursuance of the several powers and autho-veyance by the nties given to it by this Act, may be made according to the Compuny. form in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, or as near thereto as the circumstances will admit.

VIII. In any such conveyance of lands to be made by the Effect of the Company, the word "Grant" shall operate as express cove- word "Grant" nants by the Company for themselves and their successors, in such connants by the Company for themselves and their successors, veyauce. with the respective grantees therein named, and their successors. beirs, executors, administrators and assigns of such grantees, according to the quality or nature of such grants, and of the estate or interest therein expressed to be thereby conveyed, as follows, except so far as the same shall be restrained or limited by express words contained in any such conveyance; (that is to say:) A Covenant, that notwithstanding any act or default Covenants done by the Company, they were at the time of the execution carried by the of such conveyance, seized or possessed of the lands or premises thereby granted, for an indefeasible estate of inheritance, in fee simple, free from all incumbrances, done or occasioned by them, or otherwise for such estate or interest as therein expressed to be thereby granted, free from incumbrances done or occasioned by them; A Covenant, that the grantee of such lands, his heirs, successors, executors, administrators and assigns (as the case may be) shall quietly enjoy the same against the Company and their successors, and all other persons claiming under them, and be indemnified and saved harmless by the Company and their successors, from all incumbrances created by the Company; A Covenant for further assurance of such lands at the expense of such grantee, his heirs, successors, executors, administrators or assigns, (as the case may be) by the Company or their successors, and all other persons claiming under them; and all such grantees, and their several successors, heirs, executors, administrators and assigns respectively, according

sums of money and recovering and obtaining repayment thereof and for enforcing the payment of all interest (if any) accraing therefrom, or any conditions annexed to such advances, or any forfeitures consequent on the non-payment thereof, or any parts thereof, respectively, and to give receipts, acquittances and discharges for the same, either absolutely, wholly or partially; and for all and every or any of the foregoing purposes, to lay out and employ the Capital and property for the time being, of the said Company, or any part of the moneys authorized to be hereafter raised by the Company in addition to their Capital for the time being; and to do, assent to and exercise all acts whatsoever in the opinion of the Directors of the said Company, for the time being, requisite or expedient to be done in regard thereto.

Power to hold gage for the transaction of their business: or in satisfaction of debt.

Proviso.

IV. It shall be lawful for the Company to hold any real estate lands by mort- in this Province by mortgage as security for loans, and also to acquire such real estate as may be necessary for the transaction of their business, or may fall to them in course of law in satisfaction of any debt; Provided always, that in the last mentioned case, it shall be incumbent on them to sell the same within two years after it shall have so fallen to them, otherwise the same shall revert to the previous owner or his heirs or assigns.

Power to lease and sell lands acquired as aforesaid.

V. It shall be lawful for the Company, from time to time, to deal with and dispose of all lands acquired and possessed by or held in trust for the Company, or contracted for, or to which the said Company shall be entitled, or of any part thereof, by sale, mortgage, lease or other disposition thereof, which they may deem most conducive to the promoting of the objects and advantages of the Company; and the Company shall be and are hereby authorized and empowered to lay out and invest their capital and property for the time being, or any moneys to be raised by them, in so dealing with and disposing of their lands.

Further powers not inconsistent with this Act, may be given to the Company by the Imperial Parliament.

VI. It shall be lawful for the said Company to be invested with and exercise any further powers not inconsistent with this Act, which the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland shall from time to time, by any Act or Acts to be at any time passed, thereby give to the said Company. and to do all acts necessary for the exercise of such powers, in the same manner and to the same extent as if the said furthe. powers were expressly given, and the said Acts expressly authorized by the present Act; and in such case it shall be lawful for the said Company, in furtherance and execution of the powers so given to it, and in doing the acts so authorize ed, to apply and deal with the property and capital for the time being of the said Company, and the moneys hereafter authorized to be raised by the said Company, in the same num ner, and to the same extent, as if such dealings with, and application of such property, capital and moneys, had been expressi

expressly authorized among the purposes for which the said Company was incorporated; and the said Company shall be bound and required to do all such acts, and to exercise all such further powers, as may at any time be authorized or given to it by such authority as aforesaid, in such manner and subject to all such limitations, conditions and provisions as may be prescribed and provided by any Act of the said Parliament, whereby such powers shall be given or such acts authorized; and such limitations, conditions and provisions shall have effect in the same manner and to the same extent, as if prescribed and provided by the present or any other Act of the Legislature of this Province; and in case the Imperial Parlia- Effect of rement shall at any time repeal the whole or any part of such peal of any Act or Acts giving further powers, the said powers shall cease Act. in the same manner, and to the same extent, as if such Act or Acts had been repealed by an Act of the Legislature of this Province.

VII. All conveyances to be made by the Company, under or Form of conby virtue of, or in pursuance of the several powers and autho-veyance by the nties given to it by this Act, may be made according to the form in the Schedule (A.) to this Act annexed, or as near thereto as the circumstances will admit.

VIII. In any such conveyance of lands to be made by the Effect of the Company, the word "Grant" shall operate as express cove-word "Grant" nants by the Company for themselves and their successors, in such conveyance. with the respective grantees therein named, and their successors, heirs, executors, administrators and assigns of such grantees, according to the quality or nature of such grants, and of the estate or interest therein expressed to be thereby conveyed, as follows, except so far as the same shall be restrained or limited by express words contained in any such conveyance; (that is to say:) A Covenant, that notwithstanding any act or default Covenants done by the Company, they were at the time of the execution carried by the of such conveyance, seized or possessed of the lands or premises thereby granted, for an indefeasible estate of inheritance, in fee simple, free from all incumbrances, done or occasioned by them, or otherwise for such estate or interest as therein expressed to be thereby granted, free from incumbrances done or occasioned by them; A Covenant, that the grantee of such lands, his heirs, successors, executors, administrators and assigns (as the case may be) shall quietly enjoy the same against the Company and their successors, and all other persons claiming under them, and be indemnified and saved harmless by the Company and their successors, from all incumbrances created by the Company; A Covenant for further assurance of such lands at the expense of such grantee, his heirs, successors, executors, administrators or assigns, (as the case may be) by the Company or their successors, and all other persons claiming under them; and all such grantees, and their several successors, heirs, executors, administrators and assigns respectively,

aecording

according to their respective quality or nature, and the estate or interest in such conveyance expressed to be conveyed, may in all actions brought by them, assign breaches of covenant as they might do if such covenant were expressly inserted in such conveyance.

Form of mortin favor of Company.

IX. Every Mortgage and Bond for securing money borrowed gage and bond from the Company, shall be by deed under seal, wherein the consideration shall be duly stated; and every such Mortgage or Bond may be according to the form in the Schedule (B) to this Act annexed, or as near as the circumstances will admit

Company may demand and receive half yearly interest in advance.

X. The said Company may and are hereby empowered to demand and receive in advance from any person or persons, or from the Government of this Province, or from any Municipal Council, Board, Trustee or Commissioners, or other person of persons, the half yearly interest from time to time accruing on any loans granted by the said Company, under and by virtue of the powers given them by this Act; any Law or Statute of this Province, or of the late Province of Upper Canada, notwithstanding.

Capital and number of shares.

XI. The capital of the said Company shall be one million pounds in shares of twenty pounds each: and such shares shall be numbered in arithmetical progression, beginning with number One, and be respectively distinguished by the numbers affixed to them.

Shares to be personal ostale.

XII. All shares in the undertaking shall be personal estate, and transmissible as such, and shall not be of the nature of real estate.

Registry of Shareholders.

XIII. The Company shall keep a book, to be called "The Register Book of Shareholders"; and in such book shall be fairly and distinctly entered, from time to time, the names of the several Corporations, and the names and additions of the several persons, being Shareholders of the Company, the number of shares to which such Shareholders shall be respectively entitled, distinguishing each share by its number, and the amount of the subscriptions paid on such shares; and such book shall be authenticated by the common seal of the Company being affixed thereto.

Addresses of Shareholders.

XIV. In addition to the said register of shareholders the Company shall provide a proper book to be called "The Shar-holders' Address Book," in which the Secretary shall, from time to time, enter the places of abode of the several share holders of all holders of the Company; and every Shareholder, or if sold Shareholder be a Corporation, the Clerk or Agent of such Corporation poration, may at all convenient times peruse suzeh book gralis, and may require a copy thereof, or of any part thereof; and for every hundred words so required to be copied, the Secretary may demand a sum not exceeding six pence. IV.

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XV. On demand of the holder of any share, the Company Certificates of shall cause a certificate of the proprietorship of such share to be shares. delivered to such Shareholder, and such certificate shall have the Common Seal of the Company affixed thereto; and such certificate shall specify the share or number of shares in the undertaking to which such Shareholder is entitled, and the same may be according to the form in the Schedule (C) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect; and for such certificate the Secretary may demand any sum not exceeding two shillings and six pence.

XVI. Such certificate shall be admitted in all Courts as Certificate to prima facie evidence of the title of such Shareholder, his exe-be prima facie cutors, administrators, successors or assigns, to the share therein specified; nevertheless, the want of such certificate shall not prevent the holder of any share from disposing thereof.

XVII. If any such certificate be worn out or damaged, then, Certificate to apon the same being produced at some meeting of the Directors, be renewed such Directors may order the same to be cancelled, and when destroythereupon another similar certificate shall be given to the party in whom the property of such certificate and of the share therein mentioned, shall be at the time vested; or if such certificate be lost or destroyed, then, upon proof thereof, a similar certificate shall be given to the party entitled to the certificate so lost or destroyed; and in either case a due entry of the substituted certificate shall be made by the Secretary in the Register of Shareholders: and for every certificate so given or exchanged, the Secretary may demand any sum not exceeding two shillings and six pence.

XVIII. Subject to the regulations herein contained, every Transfers of Shareholder may sell and transfer his shares, or any of them, shares to be by deed, in which the consideration shall be truly stated, and registered. such deed may be according to the form in Schedule (D) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect; and the same (when duly executed) shall be delivered to the Secretary; and be kept by him; and the Secretary shall enter a memorial thereof in a book, to be called " The Register of Transfers," and shall endorse such entry on the deed of transfer; and for every such entry and endorsement the Secretary may demand any sum not exceeding five shillings, and on the request and at the option of the purchaser of any share, a new certificate shall be granted in the manner aforementioned, and an endorsement of such transfer shall be made on the certificate of such share and new certificate, and for such endorsement the Secretary may demand any sum not exceeding five shillings, and such endorsement, being signed by the Secretary, shall be considered, in every respect, the same as a new certificate; and until such transfer shall have been so delivered to the Secretary as aforesaid, the seller of such share shall remain liable for all future calls, and the purchaser of the share shall not be entitled to receive

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any share of the profits of the said undertaking, or to vote in respect of such share.

Transfer not to be made until calls paid. XIX. No Shareholder shall be entitled to transfer any share until he shall have paid all calls, for the time being due on every share held by him.

Transfer of shares to be made only with consent of Directors, after notice gives.

XX. Every person who shall be desirous of transferring any share or shares in the Company, shall, as soon as he shall have procured any person to be a holder of such share or shares in the Company, give notice thereof in writing, to the Directors of the Company, at the place or principal place of business in London for the time being of the Company, and shall describe in such notice, the name and residence of such other person, and the number or numbers of such share or shares; or such notice may be given by the person proposed to be the holder of such share or shares; and the Directors shall proceed without delay to take every such notice into consideration, and shall under the hands of two or more of them, certify in writing, to the person or persons giving the notice, the approbation or disapprobation of the Directors, of the proposed holder or holders, and such proposed holder or holders shall not be admitted or registered as a shareholder or shareholders, unless he, she or they shall be approved of by the Directors, and shall have complied with the regulations and provisions of the Company, relating to persons in future acquiring shares in the Company.

Transmission of shares by other means than transfer to be authenticated by a declaration.

XXI. And with respect to the registration of shares, the interest in which may become transmitted in consequence of the death, or bankruptcy, or insolvency of any Shareholder, or in consequence of the marriage of a female Shareholder, or by any other legal means than by a transfer according to the provisions of this Act; Be it enacted, that no person claiming by virtue of any such transmission, shall be entitled to receive any share of the profits of the said undertaking, nor to vote in respect of any such share as the holder thereof, until such transmission has been authenticated by a declaration in writing as hereinafter mentioned, or in such other manner as the Directors shall require; and every such declaration shall state the manner in which, and the party to whom, such share shall have been so transmitted, and shall be made and signed by some credible person before a Justice, or before a Master or Master Extraordinary in the Court of Chancery, and such declaration shall be left with the Secretary, and thereupon he shall enter the name of the person entitled under such transmission, in the Register Book of Shareholders of the Company, whereby such person shall be and become a Shareholder in the said undertaking; and for every such entry, the Secretary may demand any sum not exceeding five shillings.

Assignees of Bankrupt or XXII. No assignee of any bankrupt or insolvent shareholder possessed of shares shall become a member of the Company

in respect of such shares as shall be vested in him in such insolvent capacity; but such assignee of a bankrupt or insolvent Shareholders shareholder shall sell and dispose of such shares in the manner not to be and subject to the provisions herein expressed and contained the Company, with respect to the sale and transfer of shares. with respect to the sale and transfer of shares.

XXIII. The assignee of any bankrupt or insolvent shareholder Assignees to in respect of the shares vested in him in such capacity, shall be have dividends entitled to receive such dividends as shall have become due and accrued before shall remain unpaid, on the shares so vested in him in any cement of such capacity as aforesaid, before his title to the same shares their title, but shall have accrued; but no dividend which shall become due not those acon the same shares after his title shall have accrued, shall be payable to or demandable by him, but such last mentioned dividend shall, until some person shall have duly become a shareholder in respect of the same shares, remain in suspense, and shall not be paid until such new holder shall have complied with the regulations and provisions of the Company, in regard to the sale and transfer of shares, whereupon such new holder of the same shares shall be entitled to such last mentioned dividend; and every transfer shall carry with it the profits, interests and shares of capital and surplus or reserve or contingent funds, in respect of the shares transferred, so as to close all the right and interest of the party making such transfer in respect of such transferred shares.

XXIV. If such transmission be by virtue of the marriage of Proof of transa female Shareholder, the said declaration shall contain a copy mission of of the register of such marriage, and shall declare the identity riage, will, of the wife with the holder of such share; and if such trans- &c. mission have taken place by virtue of any testamentary instrument or by intestacy, the probate of the Will, or letters of administration, or an official extract therefrom, shall, together with such declaration, be produced to the Secretary; and upon such production in either of the cases aforesaid, the Secretary shall make an entry of the declaration in the said Register of Transfers.

XXV. With respect to any share to which several persons Notices to may be jointly entitled, all notices directed to be given to the joint proprie-Shareholders, shall be given to such of the said persons whose tors of shares. name shall stand first in the register of Shareholders, and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the proprietors of such share, unless any such joint proprietor shall, by writing under his hand, request such notice to be given to any other or all such joint proprietors.

XXVI. If any money be payable to any shareholder, being a Receipts for minor, idiot, or lunatic, the receipt of the guardian of such mi- money pay nor, or the receipt of the Committee of such idiot or lunatic, able to minors, shall be a sufficient discharge to the Company for the same.

Company not bound to regard trusts. XXVII. The Company shall not be bound to see to the execution of any trust, whether express, implied, or constructive, to which any of the said shares may be subject, and the receipt of the party in whose name any such share shall stand in the books of the Company, shall from time to time be a sufficient discharge to the Company for any dividend or other sum of money payable in respect of such share; notwithstanding any trusts to which such share may then be subject, and whether or not the Company have had notice of such trusts; and the Company shall not be bound to see to the application of the money paid upon such receipt.

Power to make calls.

calls of money upon the respective Shareholders, in respect of the amount of Capital respectively subscribed or owing by them, as they shall think fit, provided that thirty-one days' notice at the least be given of each call, and that no call exceed the amount of Two Pounds per share, and that successive calls be not made at less than the interval of Three Months, and that the aggregate amount of calls made in any one year do not exceed the amount of Eight Pounds per share; and every Shareholder shall be liable to pay the amount of the calls so made in respect of the shares held by him, to the persons and at the times and places from time to time appointed by the Com-

XXVIII. The Company may from time to time make such

Calls limited.

Interest on calls overdue and unpaid. pany.

XXIX. If before or on the day appointed for payment, any Shareholder do not pay the amount of any call to which be may be liable, then such Shareholder shall be liable to pay interest on the same, at the rate of Five Pounds per centum per annum, from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment.

Company may receive payment of stock before call.

XXX. The Company may, if they think fit, receive from any of the Shareholders willing to advance the same, all or any part of the money due upon their respective shares, beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the principal money so paid in advance, or so much thereof as from time to time shall exceed the amount of the calls made upon the shares in respect of which such advance shall have been made, the Company may pay interest at such rate, not exceeding Five Pounds per centum per annum, as the Shareholder paying such sum in advance and the Company shall agree upon.

And allow a limited interest.

Enforcement of calls by action.

XXXI. If at the time appointed by the Company for the payment of any call, the holder of any share fail to pay the amount of such call, the Company may sue such Shareholder for the amount thereof in any court of law or equity having competent jurisdiction, and may recover the same with interest, at the rate of Five Pounds per centum per annum, from the day on which such call may have been made payable.

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XXXII. In any action to be brought by the Company Declaration in against any Shareholder, to recover any money due for any action for calls call, it shall not be necessary to set forth the special matter, out it shall be sufficient for the Company to declare that the defendant is a holder of one share or more in the Company, (stating the number of shares,) and is indebted to the Company in the sum of money to which the calls in arrear shall amount, in respect of one call or more, upon one share or more, (stating the number and the amount of each of such calls) whereby an action hath accrued to the Company by virtue of this Act.

XXXIII. On the trial of such action it shall be sufficient to What matters prove that the defendant, at the time of making such call, was only need be a holder of one share or more in the Company, and that such proved in accall was in fact made, and such notice thereof given, as is directed by this Act; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor any other matter whatsoever; and thereupon the Company shall be entitled to recover what shall be due upon such call, with interest thereon, unless it shall appear either that any such call exceeds the amount of Two Pounds per share, or that due notice of such call was not given, or that the interval of three months between two successive calls had not elapsed, or that calls amounting to more than the sum of Eight Pounds in one year had been made.

tion for calls.

XXXIV. The production of the Register Book of Sharehol- Proof of proders of the Company, shall be prima facie evidence of such de- prietorship. fendant being a Shareholder, and of the number and amount of his shares, and of the sums paid in respect thereof.

XXXV. If the holder of any share fail to pay a call payable Forfeiture of by him in respect thereof, together with the interest, if any, that shares for non-shall have accrued thereon, the Directors, at any time after the calls. expiration of one month from the day appointed for payment of such call, may declare such share forfeited, and that whether the Company have sued for the amount of such call or not.

XXXVI. Before declaring any share forfeited, the Directors Notice of forshall cause notice of such intention to be left at the usual or last feature to be known place of abode of the person appearing by the Register given before Book of Proprietors to be the proprietor of such share; and if thereof. the proprietor of any such share be abroad, or if the interest in any such share shall be known by the Directors to have become transmitted otherwise than by transfer as hereinbefore mentioned, but a declaration of such transmission shall not have been registered as aforesaid, and so the address of the parties to whom the same may have been transmitted shall not be known to the Directors, the Directors shall give public notice of such intention in the London Gazette, and also by advertisement in a newspaper as hereinafter provided; and the several notices aforesaid

aforesaid shall be given twenty-one days at least before the Directors shall make such declaration of forfeiture.

Forfeiture to be confirmed by a general meeting.

XXXVII. Such declaration of forfeiture shall not take effect so as to authorize the sale or other disposition of any share, until such declaration has been confirmed at some general meeting of the Company, to be held after the expiration of two months at the least from the day on which such notice of intention to make such declaration of forfeiture shall have been given, and it shall be lawful for the Company to confirm such forseiture at any such meeting, and by an order at such meeting, or at any subsequent general meeting, to direct the share Sale of forfeit- so forfeited to be sold or otherwise disposed of; and after such confirmation the Directors may sell the forfeited shares, and either separately or together, or in lots, as to them shall seem fit.

ed shares.

Evidence as to forfeiture of shares.

XXXVIII. A declaration in writing by an officer or servant of the Company, or by some credible person (not interested in the matter,) made before any Justice, or before any Master or Master Extraordinary in the Court of Chancery, that the call in respect of a share was made, and notice thereof given, and that default in payment of the call was made, and that the forfeiture of the share was declared and confirmed in manner hereinbefore required, shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated; and such declaration, and the receipt of the Secretary of the Company for the price of such share, shall constitute a good title to such share, and thereupon such purchaser shall be deemed the proprietor of such share, discharged from all calls made prior to such purchase; and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to such purchaser, upon his signing the undertaking to hold the said shares so purchased by him as aforesaid, subject to the provisions of this Act, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to any such sale.

No more shares to be sold than sufficient for payment of calis.

XXXIX. The Company shall not sell or transfer more of the shares of any such defaulter than will be sufficient, as nearly as can be ascertained at the time of such sale, to pay the areas then due from such defaulter on account of any calls, together with interest, and the expenses attending such sale and declaration of forfeiture; and if the money produced by the sale of any such forfeited share, be more than sufficient to pay all arrears of calls and interest thereon due at the time of such sale, and the expenses attending the declaration of forfeiture and sale thereof, the surplus shall, on demand, be paid to the defaulter, or in default thereof, applied in and towards satisfaction of any calls made thereafter, but prior to such demand being made as last aforesaid, in respect of the remaining unsold shares of such defaulter.

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XL. If payment of such arrears of call, and interest and ex- On payment penses, be made before any share so forfeited and vested in the of calls before Company shall have been sold, such share shall revert to the shares to reparty to whom the same belonged before such forfeiture, in vert to owner. such manner as if such calls had been duly paid.

XLI. No Shareholder of the Company shall be liable for or Extent of charged with the payment of any debt or demand due from liability of the Company, beyond the extent of his shares in the capital of Shareholders. the Company not then paid up.

XLII. If any execution, either at law or in equity, shall have Execution been issued, taken out or used against the lands, property or against Shareeffects of the Company, and if there cannot be found sufficient holders to the whereon to levy such execution, then such execution may be tal not paid up. issued against any of the Shareholders of the Company, to the extent of their shares, respectively, in the capital of the Company, not then paid up: Provided always, that no such exe- Proviso. cution shall issue against any Shareholder, except upon an order of the Court in which the action, suit, or other proceeding shall have been brought or instituted, made upon motion in open Court, after twenty days' notice in writing to the persons sought to be charged; and upon such motion such Court may order execution to issue accordingly; and for the purpose of ascertaining the names of the Shareholders and the amount of capital remaining to be paid upon their respective shares, it shall be lawful for any person entitled to any such execution, at all reasonable times, to inspect the Register Book of Shareholders without fee.

XLIII. If, by means of any such execution, any shareholder Re-imburseshall have paid any sum of money beyond the amount then due ment to Sharefrom him in respect of calls already made, and for interest paying. thereon, if any, and all costs and expenses in respect thereof, he shall forthwith be reimbursed such additional sum by the Directors out of the funds of the Company.

XLIV. In case the money hereby authorized to be raised Power to the shall be found insufficient for the purposes of the Company, it Company to shall be lawful for the Company to borrow on mortgage or borrow mouey. bond, such sums of money as shall from time to time be authorized to be borrowed by an order of a general meeting of the Company, not exceeding in the whole the sum of one million Amount limitof pounds, and for securing the repayment of the money so edborrowed, with interest, at a rate not exceeding eight per centum, to mortgage all or any of the lands and hereditaments Security. of the Company, and the future calls on the Shareholders of the Company, and to give bonds or mortgages in manner hereinafter mentioned.

XLV. If, after having borrowed any part of the money so Re-borrowing authorized to be borrowed on mortgage or bond, the Company after paying

pay off the same, it shall be lawful for them again to borow the amount so paid off, and so from time to time; but such power of re-borrowing shall not be exercised without the authority of a general meeting of the Company, unless the money be so re-borrowed in order to pay off any existing mortgage or bond.

Form of mortgages and bonds given by the Company. XLVI. Every mortgage and bond for securing money borowed by the Company, shall be by deed under the Common Seal of the Company, wherein the consideration shall be truly stated; and every such mortgage deed or bond may be according to the form in the Schedule (E) or (F) to this Actumenzed, or to the like effect.

Rights of mortgagees.

XLVII. The respective mortgagees shall be entitled, one with another, to their respective proportions of the rents, lands and premises comprised in such mortgage, and of the future calls payable by the Shareholders of the Company, according to the respective sums in such mortgages mentioned to be advanced by such mortgagees, respectively, and to be repaid the sums so advanced, with interest, without any preference one above another, or above the bond-creditors of the Company, by reason of priority of the date of any such mortgage, or of the meeting at which the same was authorized, or on any other account whatsoever.

Rights of Obligees.

XLVIII. The respective obligees in such bonds shall proportionally, according to the amount of the money secured thereby, be entitled to be paid out of the property or effects of the Company, and of the future calls payable by the Shareholders of the Company, the respective sums in such bonds mentioned, and thereby intended to be secured, without any preference one above another, or above the mortgagees of the Company, by reason of priority of date of any such bond, or of the meeting at which the same was authorized, or otherwise howsore.

Register of mortgages and bonds.

XLIX. A Register of mortgages and bonds shall be kept by the Secretary, and within fourteen days after the date of any such mortgage or bond, an entry or memorial, specifying the number and date of such mortgage or bond, and the names of the parties thereto, with their proper additions, shall be made in such register; and such register may be perused at all reasonable times by any of the Shareholders, or by any mortgagee or bond-creditor of the Company, or by any person interested in any such mortgage or bond, without fee or reward.

Transfer of moriguges and bonds.

Form.

L. From time to time, any party entitled to any such more gage or bond, may transfer his right and interest therein to any other person, by deed wherein the consideration shall be truly stated; and every such transfer may be according to the form in the Schedule (G) to this Act annexed, or to the like effect.

LI. Within thirty days after the date of every such transfer, Entry of transif executed within the United Kingdom, or otherwise within fers of mortthirty days after the arrival thereof in the United Kingdom, it gages and bonds shall be produced to the Secretary, and thereupon the Secretary shall cause an entry or memorial thereof to be made, in the same manner as in the case of the original mortgage, and after such entry, every such transfer shall entitle the transferee, his executors, administrators or assigns, to the full benefit of the original mortgage or bond, in all respects; and no party having made such transfer shall have power to make void, release or discharge the mortgage or bond so transferred, or any money thereby secured; and for such entry the Secretary may demand a sum not exceeding the amount of two shillings and six pence.

LII. The interest of the money borrowed upon any such Payment of mortgage or bond, shall be payable and paid half-yearly to the terest on several parties entitled thereto, and in professore to any divi several parties entitled thereto, and in preference to any dividends payable to the Shareholders of the Company.

LIII. The Company may, if they think proper, fix a period Re-payment for the repayment of the principal money so borrowed, with the of money borrowed at a interest thereof, and in such case the Company shall cause such time fixed. period to be inserted in the mortgage deed or bond, and upon the expiration of such period the principal sum, together with the arrears of interest thereon, shall be paid to the party entitled to such mortgage or bond.

LIV. If no time be fixed in the mortgage deed or bond, for the Re-payment re-payment of the money as borrowed, the party entitled to the of money bormortgage or bond may, at the expiration, or at any time after rowed where the expiration of twelve months from the date of such mortgage fixed. or bond, demand payment of the principal money thereby secured, with all arrears of interest, upon giving six months. previous notice for that purpose, and the Company may at all times pay off the money borrowed, or any part thereof, on giving the like notice; and such notice, if given by a mortgagee or bond creditor, shall be by writing delivered to the Secretary, and if given by the Company shall be by writing given either personally to such mortgagee or bond-creditor, or if such mortgagee or bond creditor be unknown or cannot be found, such notice shall be given by advertisement in the London Gazette, and in some newspaper as after mentioned; and at the expiration of the said notice, when given by the Company, interest shall cease to be payable on the money secured by such mortgage or bond, unless on demand of such money the Company shall fail to pay the same pursuant to such notice.

LV. And in order to provide for the recovery of arrears of Provision for interest and costs, or the principal and interest and costs of any enforcing paysuch mortgage or bond, at the respective times at which such terest or prininterest, or such principal and interest and costs, become due; cipal in arrear. Be it enacted, that if such interest, or any part thereof, shall,

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for thirty days after the same shall have become due, and demand thereof shall have been made in writing, remain unpaid, the mortgagee or bond creditor may either sue for the interest so in arrear, by action of debt in any of the Superior Courts, or he may require the appointment of a receiver, by an application to be made as hereinafter provided.

Further provision for enforcing the payment of principal and interest.

LVI. And with respect of such principal money, interest and costs; Be it enacted, that if such principal money and interest be not paid within six months after the same has become payable and after demand thereof in writing, the mortgage or bond creditor may sue for the same in any of the Superior Courts of law or equity, or if his debt amount to the sum of five thousand pounds, he may alone, or if his debt does not amount to the sum of five thousand pounds, he may in conjunction with other more gagees or bond creditors, whose debts being so in arrear after demand as aforesaid, shall, together with his, amount to the sum of ten thousand pounds, require the appointment of a receiver, by an application to be made as hereinafter provided.

Appointment

LVII. Every such application for a receiver in the cases of a Receiver. aforesaid shall, if made in this Province, be made to the Court of Chancery, or to any of the Courts of Queen's Bench, or to any Judge or Judges of the said Courts, or to any Judge of a County Court within his County; and on any such application so made, and after hearing the parties, it shall be lawful for such Judges or Courts, by order in writing, to appoint some person to receive the whole or a competent part of the sum liable to the payment of such interest, or such principal and interest, as the case may be, until such interest or until such principal and interest, as the case may be, together with all costs, including the charges of receiving the sums aforesaid, be fully paid; and upon such appointment being made, all such sums of money as aforesaid shall be paid to and received by the person so to be appointed; and the money so to be received shall be so much money received by or to the use of the party to whom such interest, or such principal and interest, or as the case may be, shall be then due, and on whose behalf such receiver shall have been appointed; and after such interest and costs, or such principal, interest and costs have been so received. the power of such receiver shall cease.

Mortgagees : not to vote as Shareholders.

LVIII. No party shall, in right of any mortgage, be deemed a Shareholder, or be capable of acting or voting as such at any meeting of the Company.

Access to account books by mortga-

LIX. At all reasonable times, the books of account of the Company shall be open to the inspection of the respective more gagees and bond-creditors thereof, with liberty to take extract therefrom without fee or reward.

LX. It shall be lawful for the Company, with the consent of Power to enny extraordinary meeting of the Shareholders, specially con-large capital to ened for that purpose, from time to time to raise by contribu-£2,000,000. ion amongst themselves, or by the admission of other persons s subscribers to the said undertaking, or in part by each of those neans, a further sum or further sums of money, not exceeding n the whole the sum of one million pounds, in shares of twenty ounds each, in such manner and upon such terms and condiions, and under such regulations, as shall be approved and greed upon at such meeting; and such shares shall be numpered in regular succession from and in continuation of the numbers affixed to the shares of the Company then already ssued, in arithmetical progression, and every such share shall always be distinguished by the number to be appointed to the

LXI. The holders of the said new shares, so long as the Rights of deposits and calls made in respect thereof, shall amount to less owners of than the sums called for and payable in respect of the new shares said original shares, shall only be entitled to such an Capital. amount of dividend in respect thereof, in case any dividend be then declared and become payable under the provisions of this Act, as by the meeting of proprietors authorizing the creation of the new capital in aid of which such new shares may have been issued, shall be declared and agreed upon.

LXII. The capital so to be raised by the creation of new New capital to shares shall be considered as part of the general capital, and be considered shall be subject to the same provisions in all respects, whether as part of the with reference to the payment of calls, and interest upon arrears original capithereof, or the forfeiture of shares on non-payment of calls, or shares to be otherwise, as if it had been part of the original capital, except liable to the as to the time of making calls for such additional capital and sions. the amount of such calls, which respectively it shall be lawful for the Company, from time to time, to fix as they shall think

LXIII. If at the time of any such augmentation of capital If old shares taking place by the creation of new shares, the then existing at a premium, shares of the capital stock of the Company be at a premium or new shares to of greater actual value than the nominal value thereof, then the original Sharesum so to be raised shall be divided into shares of such amounts holders. as will conveniently allow the said sum to be apportioned among the then Shareholders, in proportion to the existing shares held by them, respectively; and such new shares shall be offered to the then Shareholders in the proportion of one for every existing share held by them respectively; and such offer shall be made by letters, under the hand of the Secretary, given to or sent by post to each Shareholder, or left at his usual or last place of abode; and such new shares shall vest in and belong to the Shareholders who shall accept the same and pay the value thereof to the Company, at the time and by the

instalments

instalments which shall be fixed by the Company; and if an Shareholder fail, for one month after such offer of new shars to accept the same and pay the instalment called for in respect thereof, it shall be lawful for the Company to dispose of such shares to any party willing to become the purchaser thereof, is such sum as the Company can obtain for the same, or in such other manner as may be deemed expedient.

If not at a premium, to be issued as Company think fit.

LXIV. If at the time of such augmentation of capital taking place, the existing shares of the capital stock of the Company be not at a premium, then such new shares may be of such amount, and may be issued in such manner, as the Company shall think fit.

Votes of Shareholders at general meetings. LXV. At all meetings of the Company, every Shareholder shall be entitled to vote according to the scale of voting hereafter mentioned, that is to say: every Shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for every five shares held by him, but a Shareholder shall be entitled to vote at any meeting, unless be shall have paid all the calls then payable upon all the sharehold by him.

Manner of voting.

LXVI. Such votes may be given either personally or by proxies, the holders of such proxies being Shareholders authorized by writing according to the form of Schedule (H) to this Act annexed, or in a form to the like effect, under the hand of the Shareholder nominating such proxy, or if such Shareholder be a Corporation, then under their Common Seal; and every proposition at any such meeting shall be determined by show of hands, or, upon demand of any proprietor after such show of hands, by the majority of the votes of the parties present, including proxies; the Chairman of the meeting being entitled to vote not only as a principal or proxy, but to have a casting vote if there be an equality of votes.

Regulation as to proxies.

LXVII. No person shall be entitled to vote as a proxy, unless the instrument appointing such proxy have been transmitted to the Clerk or Secretary of the Company five clear days before the holding of the meeting at which such proxy is to be used and no person shall at any one meeting represent, as proxy, more than thirty Shareholders; neither shall any person, not being a Shareholder qualified to vote, be entitled to speak as any meeting in right of any proxy which he may hold on be half of any absent Shareholder.

Votes of joint Shareholders. LXVIII. If several persons be jointly entitled to a share, the person whose name stands first on the Register of Shareholder as one of the holders of such share, shall, for the purpose of voting at any meeting, be deemed the sole proprietor thered and on all occasions the vote of such first named Shareholder alone, either in person or by proxy, shall be allowed as the vote in respect of such share, and no proof of the concurrence of the other holders thereof shall be requisite.

LXIX. If any Shareholder be a lunatic or idiot, such lunatic Votes of lunor idiot may vote by his committee, and if any Shareholder be atics and mina minor, he may vote by his guardians, or any one of his ors. guardians, and every such vote may be given either in person or by proxy.

LXX. Such persons shall be the first Directors, Auditors and Appointment other Officers of the said Company, as shall be named in a of Directors Royal Charter of Incorporation, or in an Act of the Parliament cers of the of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for grant- Company. ing to the said Company the powers and authorities in Great Britain, necessary for carrying on and accomplishing the undertaking authorized by this Act; and the election of future Election of Directors and Officers, and also the times, place and mode of future Directcalling and holding General or Extraordinary, or other Meetings Officers. of the said Company, and of the Directors and other Officers of the said Company, and the proceedings at such General or Meetings of Extraordinary or other Meetings of the said Company, and of the Company the Directors of the said Company, shall (save and except so far as Directors, and they are herein specially provided for) be subject to and regu- their powers. lated by such rules, regulations and provisions, and the said General or Extraordinary or other Meetings of the said Company, and of the Directors and other Officers of the said Com- To be regulpany, shall have such powers, privileges and authorities, as may ated by Royal be set forth and directed by such Royal Charter of Incorpora-Act of the Imtion, or by such Act of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain, perial Parliaas above mentioned: Provided that such powers, privileges or inent. authorities are not contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions Proviso. of this Act.

LXXI. And with respect to the exercise of the powers of Certain powthe Company; Be it enacted, that the Directors shall have the ers of the management and superintendence of the affairs of the Com- Company to be exercised pany, except as to such matters as are directed by this Act to by the Directbe transacted by a general meeting of the Company; And ors. amongst other powers to be exercised by the Directors,—they may use and affix, or cause to be used and affixed, the Seal of the Company to any Document or Paper which in their judgment may require the same; they may make and enforce the calls upon the shares of the respective Shareholders; they may declare the forfeiture of all shares on which such calls are not duly paid; they may make any payments, loans and advances, on such securities as they may deem expedient, which are or shall at any time be authorized to be made by or on behalf of the Company, and enter into all contracts for the execution of the purposes of the Company, and for all other matters necessary for the transaction of its affairs; they may generally deal with, treat, sell and dispose of and exercise all other acts of ownership over the lands, property and effects of the Company for the time being, in such manner as they shall deem expedient and conducive to the benefit of the Company, in such and the same manner as if the same lands, property and effects were

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Further powers may be granted by Charter or

held and owned according to the tenure, and subject to the liabilities, if any, from time to time affecting the same, not by a body corporate, but by any of Her Majesty's subjects being sui juris, and of full age; they may do and authorize, assent to or adopt all acts required for the due exercise of any further powers and authorities which may be reafter be at any time Imperial Act. granted to the Company by the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, or by the Legislature of this Province, or for the performance and fulfilment of any conditions or provisions from time to time prescribed by the said Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. or by the Legislature of this Province, in giving such powers and authorities, or in altering or repealing the same, respectively. or any of them; but all the powers so to be exercised shall be exercised in accordance with, and subject to the provisions of this Act in that behalf, and the exercise of all such power shall be subject also to the control and regulation of any general meeting specially convened for that purpose, but not so as to render invalid any act done by the Directors prior to any resolution passed by such general meeting.

Powers of the Company not to be exercised by the Directors.

LXXII. The following powers of the Company, that is to say: the choice and removal of Directors, Auditors and Treasurer, unless in the event hereby specially authorized, the determination as to the remuneration of the Directors and of the Auditors, the determination as to the borrowing of money on mortgage, the determination as to the augmentation of Capital, and the declaration of Dividends, shall be exercised only at a General meeting of the Company.

Proceedings of Directors to be entered in a book, and to be open for inspection.

LXXIII. The Directors shall cause notices, minutes or copies as the ease may require, of all appointments made, or contracts entered into by the Directors and Committees of Directors, to be duly entered in books to be from time to time provided for that purpose, which shall be kept under the superintendence of the Directors; and every such entry shall be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which the matter in respect of which such entry is made, was moved or discussed, at or previously to the next meeting of the said Company, Directors, or Committee of Directors, as the case may be; and such entry so signed shall be received as evidence in all Courts and before all Judges, Justices, and others, without proof of such repective meeting having been duly convened, or of the persons making or entering such orders or proceedings being Shareholders or Directors, or Members of the Committee, respectively, or by the signature of the Chairman, all of which last mentioned matters shall be presumed; and all such books shall at any reasonable time, be open to the inspection of any of the Shareholders.

Informalities of Directors not to ivalid-

LXXIV. All acts done by any meeting of the Directors, of in appointment of a Committee of Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, shall, notwithstanding it may be afterwards discovered

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hat there was some defect or error in the appointment of any ate all proerson attending such meeting as a Director, or acting as afore-ceedings. aid, or that such person was disqualified, be as valid as if uch person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be Director.

LXXV. No Director, by being a party to, or making, signing Indemnity of r executing, in his capacity of Director, any contract or other Directors. nstrument on behalf of the Company, or otherwise lawfully executing any of the powers given to the Directors, shall be subject to be sued or prosecuted, either collectively or indiidually, by any person whomsoever; and the bodies or goods, or lands of the Directors, or any of them, shall not be liable to execution of any legal process by reason of any contract or other instrument so entered into, signed or executed by them or any of them, or by reason of any other lawful act done by them or any of them in the execution of any of their powers as Directors; and the Directors, their heirs, executors and administrators, shall be indemnified out of the Capital of the Company for all payments made or liabilities incurred in respect of any acts done by them, and for all losses, costs, and damages which they may incur in the execution of the powers granted to them; and the Directors for the time being of the Company shall apply the existing funds and capital of the Company for the purposes of such indemnity, and shall, if necessary for that purpose, make calls of the capital remaining unpaid.

LXXVI. Every officer or person employed by the Company Officers to shall from time to time, when required by the Directors, make account on out and deliver to them, or to any person appointed by them for demand. that purpose, a true and perfect account in writing under his hand, of all money received by him on behalf of the Company: and such account shall state how, and to whom and for what purpose such money shall have been disposed of, and together with such account, such officer shall deliver the vouchers and receipts for such payments; and every such officer shall pay to the Directors, or to any person appointed by them to receive the same, all money which shall appear to be owing from him upon the balance of such accounts.

LXXVII. If any such officer fail to render such account, or Summary to produce and deliver up all the vouchers and receipts relating remedy to the same in his possession or power, or to pay the balance against Off-thereof when thereunto required, or if, for three days after being account. thereunto required, he fail to deliver up to the Directors, or to any person appointed by them to receive the same, all papers and writings, property, effects, matters and things in his possession or power relating to the execution of this Act, or belonging to the Company, then on complaint thereof being made to a Justice, such Justice shall, by Summons or Warrant, under his hand, cause such officer to be brought before any two or more Justices, and upon such officer being so brought before him, or

if such officer cannot be found, then in his absence, such Justice may hear and determine the matter in a summary way, and may adjust and declare the balance owing by such officer; and if it appears, either upon the confession of such officer, or upon evidence, or upon inspection of the account, that any money of the Company is in the hands of such officer, or owing by him to the Company, such Justice may order such officer to pay the same, and if he fail to pay the amount, it shall be lawful for such Justices to grant a Warrant to levy the same by distress, or in default thereof to commit the offender to gaol, there to remain without bail for a period not exceeding three months; and in any of the following cases, that is to say: if any such officer do not appear before the Justices at the time and place appointed for that purpose; or if such officer appear, but fail to make out such account in writing; or if such officer refuse to produce and deliver to the Justices the several vouchers and receipts relating to such account; or if such officer refuse to deliver up any books, papers or writings, property, effects, matters or things in his possession or power, belonging to the Company, such Justices may lawfully commit such offender to Gaol; and in every such case of commitment, the prisoner shall remain in custody without bail, until he have made out and delivered such accounts, and delivered up the vouchers and receipts, if any, relating thereto, in his possession or power, and have delivered up such books, papers, writings, property, effects, matters and things, if any, in his possession or power.

Sureties not to be discharged.

LXXVIII. No such proceeding against, or dealing with any such officer as aforesaid, shall deprive the Company of any remedy which they might otherwise have against any surely of such officer.

Accounts to be kept.

LXXIX. Full and true accounts shall be kept of all sums of money received or expended on account of the Company by the Directors, and all persons employed by or under them, and of the articles, matters and things for which such sums of money shall have been received or disbursed and paid.

Dividend not to reduce capital.

LXXX. The Company shall not make any dividend whereby their capital stock will be in any degree reduced.

Fund for contingencies.

LXXXI. Before apportioning the profits aforesaid, the Directors may, if they think fit, set aside thereout such sum as they may think proper to meet contingencies, or for enlarging or improving the estates of the Company, or any part thereof, or promoting the objects and purposes for which they are incorporated, and may divide the balance only among the proprietors.

Dividend not payable on paid.

LXXXII. No dividend shall be paid in respect of any share, until all calls then due, in respect of that, or of any other share any share paid held by the person to whom such dividend may be payable, unless all calls shall have been said shall have been paid. LXXXIII.

LXXXIII. And with respect to the power of the Company Power to to make By-laws; Be it enacted, that it shall be lawful for the make By-laws. Company, from time to time, to make such By-laws as they for the Officers of the Commay think fit for the purpose of regulating the conduct of the pany. officers and servants of the Company, and for providing for the due management of the affairs of the Company in all respects whatsoever, and from time to time to alter or repeal any such By-laws, and make others, provided such By-law be not repugnant to the laws of this Province or of that part of the United Kingdom, or of those of Her Majesty's Colonial possessions. and their dependencies, where the same are to have effect, or to the provisions of this Act; and such By-laws shall be reduced into writing, and shall have affixed thereto the Common Seal of the Company; and a copy of such By-laws shall be given to every officer and servant of the Company.

LXXXIV. The Company may impose such reasonable fines Fines for and forfeitures upon all persons, being officers or servants of breach of such the Company, offending against such private By-laws. the Company, offending against such private By-laws, as the Company think fit, not exceeding five pounds for any one offence, and such fines and forfeitures may be recovered in the manner hereinafter provided.

LXXXV. The production of a written or printed copy of Proof of Bythe By-laws of the Company, having the Common Seal of the laws. Company affixed thereto, shall be sufficient evidence of such last mentioned By-laws, in all cases of prosecution under the same.

LXXXVI. And for the purpose of providing for the recovery Penalties of penalties or forseitures imposed by this Act, or by any By- under this Act laws made in pursuance thereto, the recovery of which is not to be sum-to otherwise provided for; Be it enacted, that every such penalty ered before or forfeiture may be recovered by summary proceedings, upon two Justices, complaint made before two or more Justices; and on the complaint or more. being made to any such Justice, he shall issue a Summons requiring the party complained against to appear on a day and at a time and place to be named in such Summons; and every such Summons shall be served on the party offending, either in person, or by leaving the same with some inmate at his usual place of abode; and either upon the appearance, or upon the default to appear, of the party offending, it shall be lawful for any two or more Justices to proceed to the hearing of the complaint, and although no information in writing or in print shall have been exhibited before them; and upon proof of the offence, either by confession of the party complained against or upon the oath of one credible witness or more, it shall be lawful for any two or more Justices to commit the offender, and upon such conviction, to adjudge the offender to pay the penalty or forfeiture incurred, as well as such costs attending the conviction, as such Justices shall think fit.

Penalties to be levied by distress. LXXXVII. If forthwith upon any such adjudication as aforesaid, the amount of the penalty or forfeiture and of such costs as aforesaid, be not paid, the amount of such penalty and costs, together with the costs of the distress, shall be levied by distress, and any two Justices shall issue their warrant of distress accordingly.

Imprisonment in detault of distress.

LXXXVIII. It shall be lawful for the Justices to order any offender so convicted as aforesaid, to be detained and kept in safe custody until return can be conveniently made to the Warrant of distress to be issued for levying such penalty or forfeiture and costs, unless the offender give sufficient security by way of recognizance or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the Justices, for his appearance before them on the day appointed for such return, such day not being more than eight days from the time of taking such security; but if before issuing such warrant of distress, it shall appear to the Justices, by the admission of the offender or otherwise, that no sufficient distress can be had whereon to levy such penalty or forfeiture and costs, they may, if they think fit, refrain from issuing such Warrant of distress, and in such case, or if such warrant shall have been issued, and upon the return thereof such insufficiency as aforesaid shall be made to appear to the Justices, then such Justices shall, by Warrant, cause such offender to be committed to gaol, there to remain without bail, for any term not exceeding three months, unless such penalty or forfeiture and costs be sooner paid and satisfied.

Application of populties.

LXXXIX. And with respect to the application of any peralties or forfeitures recovered by virtue of this Act, the application whereof is not herein otherwise provided for; Be it enacted, that the Justices by whom any such penalty or forfeiture shall be imposed, shall award one half thereof to the informer, and the other half to the Crown.

Penalties to be sued for within six months. XC. No person shall be liable to the payment of any penalty or forfeiture imposed by virtue of this Act, for any offence hereinbefore made cognizable before a Justice, unless the complaint respecting such offence, shall have been made before such Justice within six months next after the commission of such offence.

Penalty on witness making default. XCI. It shall be lawful for any Justice to summon any person to appear before him as a witness in any matter in which such Justice shall have jurisdiction under the provisions of this Act, at a time and place mentioned in such summons, and to administer to him an oath to testify the truth in such matter; and if any person who shall be summoned as a witness before any Justice touching any offence committed against this Act, or any matter in which Justice shall have jurisdiction by the provisions of this Act, shall without reasonable excuse, refuse or neglect to appear at the time and place appointed for that purpose,

purpose, having been paid or tendered a reasonable sum for his expenses, or if any person appearing shall refuse to be examined upon oath, or to give evidence before such Justice, every such person shall forfeit a sum not exceeding five pounds for every such offence.

XCII. The Justices, before whom any person shall be convicted Form of conof any offence against this Act, may cause the conviction to be victiondrawn up according to the form in the Schedule (I) to this Act annexed.

XCIII. Where in this Act any sum of money, whether in the Distress how nature of penalty or otherwise, is directed to be levied by dis- to be levied. tress, such sum of money shall be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the party liable to pay the same, and the overplus arising from the sale of such goods and chattels, after satisfying such sum of money and the expenses of the distress and sale, shall be returned, on demand, to the party whose goods shall have been distrained.

XCIV. No distress levied by virtue of this Act shall be Distress not deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be unlawful for deemed a trespasser, on account of any defect or want of form. in the summons, conviction, warrant of distress or other proceedings relating thereto, nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser ab initio on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him, but all persons aggrieved by such defect or irregularity, may recover full satisfaction for the special damage in an action upon the case.

XCV. If any person shall think himself aggrieved by any Patties may determination or adjudication of any Justice under the pro- appeal to visions of this Act, he may appeal to the General Quarter Sessions on given sions for the County in which the cause of appeal shall have ing security. arisen; but no such appeal shall be entertained unless it be made within four months next after the making such determination or adjudication, and unless ten days' notice in writing of such appeal, stating the nature and grounds thereof, be given to the party against whom the appeal shall be brought, and unless the appellant, forthwith after such notice, enter into recognizances, with two sufficient sureties, before a Justice, conditioned duly to prosecute such appeal and to abide the order of the Court thereon.

XCVI. At the Quarter Sessions for which such notice shall Court to make be given, the Court shall proceed to hear and determine the such order as appeal in a summary way; or they may, if they think fit, they think adjourn it to the following Sessions; and upon the hearing of such appeal, the Court may, if they think fit, mitigate any penalty or forfeiture, or they may confirm or quash the adjudication, and order any money paid by the appellant, or levied by distress upon his goods, to be returned to him; and may also

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order such further satisfaction to be made to the party injured as they may judge reasonable; and they may make such order concerning the costs both of the adjudication and of the appeal as they may think reasonable.

Service of notices upon Company.

XCVII. And with respect to the service of notices, and demands to be made upon the Company; Be it enacted, that any summons, notice, demand or writ, or other proceeding at law or in equity, requiring to be served or made upon the Company, may be served or made by the same being given personally to the Agent or the Principal Officer of the Company resident in Canada, or being left at the office of the Company in Canada, or being delivered to some inmate at the place of abode of such Agent or other Principal Officer, or in case there be no such Agent or other Principal Officer resident in Canada, or the place of abode of the Agent or other Principal Officer shall not be found, then by being given to any one Shareholder of the said Company, or being delivered to some inmate of the place of abode of any such Shareholder.

Service by Company on Shareholders. XCVIII. And with respect to any such notice required to be served by the Company upon the Shareholders; Be it enacted, that unless any such notice be expressly required to be served personally, it shall be sufficient to transmit the same by post directed according to the registered address or other known address of the Shareholder, within such period as to admit of its being delivered in the due course of delivery within the period (if any) prescribed for the giving of such notice; and in proving such service, it shall be sufficient to prove that such notice was properly directed, and that it was so put into the Post Office.

Notice by advertisement.

XCIX. All notices required by this Act to be given by advertisement in a newspaper, shall be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which such notices shall be directed to be given, or by the Secretary or other Officer of the Company, and shall be advertised in two or more of the London and Canada newspapers, unless otherwise specially provided by this Act, and the same shall thereupon be deemed and considered the same as personal notices.

Authentication of notices.

C. Every summons, demand or notice, or other such document requiring authentication by the Company, may be signed by one Director or by the Treasurer or the Secretary of the Company, and the same may be in writing or in print, or partly in writing and partly in print.

Release to witnesses.

CI. In all legal proceedings under this Act, general or other releases for the purpose of qualifying any person in the service of the Company to give evidence as a witness, may be granted by any two or more of the Directors; and every such release the discharge under the hands and seals of two of the Directors.

shall be as effectual for the purpose aforesaid as if made under the common seal of the Company.

CII. In case any Fiat in Bankruptcy shall be awarded against How debts to any person who shall be indebted to the Company, or against Company may whom the Company shall have any claim or demand, it shall be cases of banklawful for any person who shall, from time to time, in that be-ruptcy. half, be appointed by writing under the hands of any three or more of the Directors of the Company for the time being, to appear, and he is hereby authorized to appear and act on behalf of the Company in respect of any such claim, debt or demand, before the Commissioners under any such Fiat in Bankruptcy, either personally or by his affidavit sworn and exhibited in the usual manner, in order to prove and establish any such debt, claim or demand, under such Fiat; and such person to be so appointed shall, in all such cases, be admitted and allowed to make proof, or tender a claim, under any such commission, on behalf of the Company in respect of such debt, claim or demand, and shall have such and the same powers and privileges as to voting in the choice of assignees and signing certificates, and otherwise, in respect of any such debt admitted to be proved on behalf of the Company, as any other person being a creditor of such bankrupt, in his own right, would have in respect of the debt proved by him under such Fiat.

CIII. And with respect to actions brought in respect of any Tender of proceeding under the provisions of this Act; Be it enacted, that amends in case of proif before action brought, any party having committed any irre-secution for gularity, trespass or other wrongful proceeding in the execution any thing done of this Act, or by virtue of any power or authority given, make in carrying out this Act. tender of sufficient amends to the party injured, such party shall not recover in any action brought on account of such irregularity, trespass, or other wrongful proceeding; and if no such tender shall have been made, it shall be lawful for the defendant, by leave of the Court where such action shall be pending, at any time before issue joined, to pay into Court such sum of money as he shall think fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into Court.

lawfully

CIV. In this Act the following words and expressions shall Interpretation have the several meanings hereby assigned to them, unless clause. there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction, that is to say: words importing the singular num- Number. ber shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number, words im-Gender. porting the masculine gender shall include females; the word Month. "Month," shall mean Calendar Month; the expression "Superior Supreme Courts," shall mean Her Majesty's Supreme Courts of Record Court. in the Province of Canada, or at Westminster or Dublin, as the case may require; the word "Oath," shall include affirmation Oath. in the case of Quakers, or other declaration or solemnity

Secretary. Lands. Justica.

lawfully substituted for an oath, in the case of other persons exempted by law from the necessity of taking an oath; the word "Secretary," shall include the word "Clerk"; the word "Lands" shall extend to messuages, lands, tenements and hereditaments of any tenure; the word "Justice," shall mean Justice of the Peace for the County, City, liberty or place, in England or Canada, where the matter requiring the cognizance of any Justice shall arise, and who shall not be interested in the matter; and where the matter shall arise in respect of lands being the property of one and the same party situate not wholly in any one County, City, liberty or place, where any part of such lands shall be situate, and who shall not be interested in The Company, such matter; the expression "The Company," shall mean the Canadian Loan and Investment Company, in this Act men-Directors and tioned and described; the expression "The Directors" and "The Secretary," shall mean the Directors and the Secretary,

Secretary.

Public Act.

. CV. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act, and shall be judicially taken notice of as such.

respectively, for the time being, of the said Company.

SCHEDULES REFERRED TO BY THE FOREGOING ACT.

SCHEDULE A.

By virtue of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the year of the Reign of Queen Victoria, intituled, (here set forth the title of this Act) We, the Canadian Loan and Investment Company, in consideration of the sum of to us paid by A. B., of , do hereby grant to the said A. B., his heirs and assigns, all (describing the premises to be conveyed) together with all ways, rights and appurtenances thereto belonging, and all such estate, right, title and interest in and to the same, as we, the said Company, are or shall become possessed of, or are by the said Act empowered to convey. To hold the said premises to the said A. B., his heirs and assigns, or ever. Given under the Common Seal of the said Company, this _ , in the year of our Lord, day of

SCHEDULE B.

FORM OF MORTGAGE DEED.

By virtue of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in year of the Reign of Queen Victoria, intituled, the (here insert the title of this Act) I, A. B., of consideration of the sum of paid to me by the Canadian Loan and Investment Company, do hereby, pursuant to the said Act, convey to the said Company, their successor and assigns, all (describing the real or personal property to be

conveyed) and all such estate, right, title and interest in and to the same, as I am or shall become or be possessed of. To hold the same to the said Company, their successors and assigns, for ever, subject to redemption on payment to the said Company, their successors or assigns, of the said sum of day of , with interest eighteen for the same, at the rate of for every hundred pounds, by the year, payable half yearly, on the day of day of in every year, (add any special powers which may be agreed on.) In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal, the day of year of Our Lord

FORM OF BOND.

By virtue of an Act of the Legislature of Canada, passed in the year of the Reign of Queen Victoria, intituled (here insert the title of this Act), I, A. B., in consideration of the sum of to me in hand paid by the Canadian Loan and Investment Company, am held and firmly bound to the said Company, their successors and assigns, in the penal sum of pounds, to be paid to the said company, their successors or assigns.

The condition of the above obligation is such, that if the said A. B. his heirs, executors or administrators, shall pay to the said Company, their successors or assigns, on the day of which will be in the year eighteen, the principal sum of together with the interest for the same, at the rate of per centum per annum, payable half-yearly, on the day of and day of, then the above written obligation is to become void, otherwise to remain in full force and virtue. In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal, the day of in the year of Our Lord

SCHEDULE C.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF SHARE.

Canadian Loan and Investment Company. Number

These are to certify that A. B. is a proprietor of the share Number of the Canadian Loan and Investment Company, subject to the rules, regulations and orders of the said Company, and that the said A. B. his executors, administrators, (in successors) and assigns, is and are entitled to the profits and advantages of such share.

Given under the Common Seal of the said Company, the day of in the year of Our Lord

SCHEDULE D.

FORM OF TRANSFER OF SHARES.

I, of in consideration of the sum of paid to me by of do hereby assign and transfer to the said share (or shares, as the case may be) numbered of and in the undertaking called the Canadian Loan and investment Company, to hold unto the said his executor, administrators and assigns (or successors and assigns) subject to the same conditions as I held the same immediately before the execution hereof; and I, the said do hereby agree to accept and take the said share (or shares) subject to the same conditions. As witness our hands and seals, the day of

SCHEDULE E.

FORM OF MORTGAGE DEEDS.

Number

By virtue of an Act passed in the year of the Reign of Queen Victoria, intituled, (here set forth the title of the Act,) By virtue of an Act passed in the We, the Canadian Loan and Investment Company, in consideration of the sum of to us paid by A. B. of assign unto the said A. B. his executors, administrators and assigns, (here describe the property, profits, calls, capital or other security upon which the money shall have been agreed to be advanced) and all estate, right, title and interest of the said association of, in and to the same, and power to make and enforce payment of all or any of the calls hereby assigned or intended so to be; to hold unto the said A. B. his executors administrators and assigns until the said sum of with the interest for the same after the rate of for every one hundred pounds for a year, shall be fully paid and satisfied

Given under our Common Seal, this in the year of Our Lord

SCHEDULE F.

FORM OF BOND.

The Canadian Loan and Investment Company.

Bond Number

By virtue of an Act passed by the Legislature of Canada, in the year of the Reign of Queen Victoria, intituled, there insert the title of this Act), We, the Canadian Loan and Investment Company, in consideration of the sum of pounds to us in hand paid by A. B. of do bind ourselves and our successors unto the said A. B. his executors, administrators and assigns, in the penal sum of pounds.

The

day of

The condition of this obligation is such, that if the said Company shall pay unto the said A. B. his executors, administrators or assigns, on the day of which will be in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and the principounds, together with interest for the same, at pal sum of the rate of pounds per centum per annum, payable half yearly, on the day of and the day of then the above written obligation is to become void, otherwise to remain in full force.

Given under our Common Seal, this day of

SCHEDULE G.

FORM OF TRANSFER OF MORTGAGE OR BOND.

I, A. B of in consideration of the sum of paid by of do hereby transfer a certain mortgage (or bond) Number, made by the Canadian Loan and Investment Company to, bearing date the day of for securing the sum of and interest, and all my right, estate and interest in and to the possessions, profits, calls, and property (as the case may be) thereby assigned, together with all covenants and other securities granted or entered into by or on behalf of the said association in respect thereof.

Dated this day of in the year of our Lord

SCHEDULE H.

FORM OF PROXY.

A. B. of one of the Shareholders of the Canadian Loan and Investment Company, doth hereby appoint C. D. of to be proxy of the said A. B., in his absence to vote in his name upon any matter relating to the undertaking, proposed at the meeting of the Shareholders of the Company, to be held on the day of next, in such manner as the said C. D. doth think proper. In witness whereof, the said A. B. doth hereunto set his hand (or if it be a Corporation, say the Common Seal of the Corporation) the day of

SCHEDULE I.

FORM OF CONVICTION.

District, County &c. To wit:

Re it remembered, that on the day of in the year of our Lord C. D. and E. F. two of Her Majesty's Justices

Justices of the Peace in and for the County of , in Upper Canada (here describe the offence generally, and the time and place, and when and where committed) contrary to the provisions of the Canadian Loan and Investment Company Act, passed in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

Given under our hands and seals, the day and year firs above written.

C. D. E. F.

CAP. CXXVII.

An Act to authorize the Reverend Henry Patton to convey in fee simple a portion of a certain Glebe.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Proamble.

THEREAS the Station House, Engine House and all the other buildings connected with the Station on the line of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, at the Town of Cornwall in the County of Stormont in Upper Canada, and also the said Railway for the distance of about one mile, are situate on that part of the Glebe of the Rectory of Cornwall aforesaid, situate immediately in rear of the said Town and in front of the second concession of the Township of Cornwall, in the County aforesaid, and which in the Patent granting the same is described as containing sixty-four acres, more or less; And whereas beretofore on the thirteenth day of June in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, a certain provisional agreement was made between the Reverend Henry Patton, the then and present Incumbent of said Rectory, and Messieurs Jackson, Peto, Brassey and Betts, the Contractors for the construction of that portion of said Railway affecting the said Lands. for the sale of the said portion of the said Glebe above described: And whereas the said parties desire to have the said agreement carried out, and that power should be given to the said Henry Patton to convey in fee simple the said portion of the said Glebe so agreed to be conveyed to the parties in the said agreement mentioned, and that the moneys arising from the sale should be reinvested in a manner more advantageous and profitable to the said Rectory than the land now is, and it is expedient to grant such power: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

The Rector of Cornwall empowered to convey certain Glebe land to the Grand Trunk Railway Company.

I. The said the Reverend Henry Patton, the Rector of Comwall aforesaid, may and he is hereby empowered to convey in fee simple the said lands above mentioned and hereinafter described, in pursuance of the said agreement in the Preamble of this Act referred to and according thereto, that is to say all that portion of the Glebe of the Rectory of Cornwall situate immediately

1856.

immediately in rear of the said Town of Cornwall, and in front of the second concession of the Township of Cornwall in the County of Stormont, and which in the original grant thereof from the Crown, is described as containing by admeasurement sixty-four acres, be the same more or less; and such conveyange may be made by the usual and ordinary deed of bargain and sale to the said parties named above in the Preamble of this Act or their certain Attorney, and such deed when executed by the said Henry Patton in his own name in the usual manner, shall vest in the grantees therein named, their heirs and assigns, the fee simple of the said lands and tenements in this section above described, as fully and effectually as if the same had been granted by the Crown in the first instance to the said Henry Patton, his heirs and assigns, to his and their own use for ever; Provided always, that there shall be reserved from Proviso. the cast and west end of the said Glebe, for the public use, the usual road allowance.

II. Upon and after the delivery of the said deed in the pre- Grantees to ceding section mentioned, the grantee or grantees therein named hold the said shall and may hold, possess and deal with the said lands therein trusts, &c. and in the preceding section hereinabove mentioned, in all respects freed from all trusts, charges or limitations other than those incidental to the ordinary grants of lands in fee simple from the Crown to purchasers.

III. The said the Reverend Henry Patton may receive from The Rector the said parties to the said agreement the amount agreed by may receive them to be paid as purchase money, on the execution of the money and said deed, and the said money shall be invested for the benefit discharge the of the said Rectory in the manner hereinafter mentioned; and grantees. the said grantee or grantees in the said deed of conveyance, or the said parties paying the purchase money, shall not be bound to see to the disposal thereof, nor shall they after payment of the purchase money to the said Henry Patton, be further liable in respect thereof, and the receipt of the said Henry Patton for the same shall, as against all persons whomsoever, relieve the persons paying the same, or the said grantee or grantees, from all claims and demands connected with the said lands or the purchase money therefor.

IV. The said purchase money in the last preceding section Purchase mentioned, shall be invested for the benefit of the said Rectory money to be and for the support of the present Incumbent and his successors, invested and interest only in the name of such Incumbent the said the Reverend Henry to be used by Patton and the Churchwardens of Trinity Church in the said Incumbent. Town of Cornwall, in Provincial Securities, the interest only to be received by the said Incumbent and his successors, and to be applied to his and their use as such Incumbent: Provided al- Proviso: Act ways nevertheless, that nothing in this Act contained shall not to affect extend to supersede or interfere with any legal proceedings now decision as to pending in any Court of Law or Family in this Provided in legality of pending in any Court of Law or Equity in this Province, in Rectories,

except that the money is to stand in the stead of the lands.

which the legality of the Patent constituting the said Rectory is involved, or with any legislation affecting the Rectories generally; and in the event of any such legislation or of any such judicial decision being adverse to the said Patent, then and in such case the said purchase money invested as aforesaid shall stand in place of the said lands, and shall be affected in the same manner as the said lands would have been but for the passing of this Act.

Public Act.

V. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. CXXVIII.

An Act to amend and consolidate the several Acts. incorporating the Mount Royal Cemetery Company.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.

Preamble.

THEREAS it is expedient to amend and consolidate the several Acts now in force in this Province incorporating the Mount Royal Cemetery Company: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. From and after the passing of this Act the Act passed in

iesty's Reign, and intituled, An Act to incorporate the Mont-

real Cemetery Company, and the two Acts passed in the

Session held in the sixteenth year of Her Majesty's Reign, and

Certain Acts repealed, viz: the session held in the tenth and eleventh years of Her Ma-

10 & 11 V. ,c. 67.

16 V. c. 56.

intituled, respectively, An Act to amend the Act to incorporate the Montreal Cemetery Company, and for other purposes therein mentioned, and An Act to amend the Act incorporating the .16 V. c. 118. Mount Royal Cemetery Company, shall be and the same are hereby repealed.

The present Corporation continued.

II. The present Stockholders, being severally the proprietors of a Lot or Lots in the said Cemetery for which they shall have paid to the said Company the sum of Five pounds Currency or more, and such others as may hereafter become Shareholders, having paid to the said Company for a Lot or Lots in the said Cemetery the sum of Five pounds Currency or more, and their successors for ever, shall continue to be and are hereby constituted a body politic and corporate in fact and in name by the name of "The Mount Royal Cemetery Company;" and by that name they and their successors shall have perpetual succession, and a common seal, with power to alter and make new the same at pleasure, and may by that name contract and be contracted with, sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded in all Courts and places whatsoever, and shall have full power and authority to take, purchase, and acquire by any title whatsoever, and to hold, possess, and enjoy without letters of mortmain (saving always the droit d'indemnité of the Seignior) any lands

Corporate name and general powers.

1856.

lands for immoveable property within the Island of Montreal, Real property. but without the present limits of the city, not exceeding two hundred arpents in extent, and may also take and hold moveable property for the purposes hereinafter mentioned: Provided Proviso: real always, that such immoveable property shall be held and used property to be solely for the purpose of a Public Cemetery and Garden and held for certhe necessary and convenient roads and access to the same.

III. The Capital Stock of the said Company shall be divided Capital of the into shares of Five pounds Currency each; and each share- Company to holder, except those who have already entered their names in £5 each. the Books of Subscription heretofore opened by the Company, shall, before he shall be considered a shareholder, enter his name Subscription in the Book or Books of the Company to be kept for that pur-books. pose, and shall after his name enter in the said Book or Books Subscribers to that one of the several religious denominations hereinafter men-state the denotioned to which he chooses to be deemed to belong, that is to which they say, Members of the Church of England, Presbyterians, Metho-belong. dists, Congregationalists, Baptists or Unitarians.

IV. There shall be an annual General Meeting of the Com- Annual meetpany and an Election of Trustees on some two days in each iuge and elecyear appointed or to be appointed from time to time by the By-tion of Trus-Laws of the Company; and the Trustees shall always remain Term of office. in office, as shall the Trustees now in office, until the end of the day appointed for the election of their successors and until the appointment of their successors as hereinafter mentioned, but shall always be re-eligible if qualified as shareholders.

V. Twenty-one Trustees shall be annually elected to manage Election of the affairs of the said Company in the following manner: A 21 Trustees Public Meeting of all the Shareholders shall be called once a annually. year by advertisement in one of the Newspapers published in the City of Montreal, announcing the time and place when and where such Public Meeting will be held, or in such other manner as may be provided for by the By-Laws of the Company; and at the said meeting the Chairman and Secretary who shall then be appointed for that purpose shall ascertain the number of shares held by persons of each of the religious denominations asoresaid: and the shareholders of each such denomination Number to be shall be entitled to elect a number of Trustees bearing such elected by proportion to Twenty-one as the shares held by persons of each denomination, how such denomination shall bear to the whole amount of the determined. Capital Stock; and the Chairman and Secretary shall declare such proportion; Provided that each one of the said Proviso: each denominations shall be entitled to elect at least one Trustee, to have at least and that if by such proportion there be a fractional number one Trustee. equal to more than half the number which would entitle any denomination to elect another Trustee, such denomination shall be entitled to elect such other Trustee, but if the fractional number be less than this, it shall not be reckoned; and if any Provision in question shall arise as to the number of Trustees to be elected case of dif-

36 *

. 566

for the use thereof as shall be from time to time fixed by the Trustees.

Graves for the poor gratis.

Broken lots.

XII. The said Company shall furnish graves for the poor belonging to the several denominations mentioned in the third section of this Act free of charge on the certificate of a Minister or Clergyman of the denomination to which such poor belong, that the relations of the deceased are poor and cannot afford to purchase a Lot in the said Cemetery; and the Trustees of the said Company shall have power to make broken or irregular Lots of less or more than one hundred superficial feet, and to charge for the same in proportion to the superficies thereof.

XIII. All the funds of the said Company, except in so far as

To what pur-Companyshall be applied.

poses only the it may be deemed expedient by the Trustees to make investfunds of the ments thereof as hereinafter mentioned shall be appropriated ments thereof as hereinafter mentioned, shall be appropriated and applied solely to the purchasing, laying out, fencing, ornamenting, and keeping up the said Cemetery, and roads and access to the same, and for the other purposes authorized by this Act, and the defraying of the necessary expenses of the No dividend to Company; and no dividend or profit of any kind shall be paid by the said Company to any member or members thereof; and Price of lots to the price of all Lots sold and of all rates or fees received for the use of any part thereof, or of any property of the Company, shall go into the general fund of the Company and be appropriated The said Trustees are hereby and applied as aforesaid. invest moneys nevertheless authorized and empowered to make investments from time to time in Provincial Stocks or Public Securities or in such other way as they may deem expedient of such portions of the funds of the Company as they may deem requisite for the purpose of creating a fund in aid of fees to defray wages and other expenses incurred in the management of the affairs of the Company.

Trustees may for certain purposes.

Trustees may employ Offi-

cers and Ser-

vants.

make part of

be paid.

funds.

XIV. The said Trustees shall have power to employ such surveyors, architects, gardeners, superintendents, clerks, and other officers and servants as they may think necessary, and to pay them such remuneration as may be deemed proper, subject always to any By-Laws made or to be made in that behalf.

The whole ground to be under Chief Gardener, &c.

Proviso: as to erection of Chapels, &c. by any denomination.

XV. The whole Cemetery shall be under the management of the same Chief Gardener or Superintendent, and subject to the general regulations now in force or which are or shall be prescribed by any By-Law made or to be made for the laying out, planting, and ornamenting of the Cemetery: Provided always, that the members of any religious denomination may, on ground belonging to members of the Company of their own persuasion, and with the consent of such members, erect a Church or Chapel thereon, at the expense of such members of such persuasion, and have the same consecrated or set apart for Divine Service, according to the rites and ceremonies of such persuasion, and

and may have their own manager for all purposes connected with the burial of their Dead and with the keeping of their Registers, and for all other purposes, saving and excepting the laying out, planting or ornamenting of the Cemetery: but nothing herein contained shall be held to exempt the mem- All to contribers of any such denomination from contributing to all the ex-bute to certain penses of the Company for the purposes mentioned in the expenses. thirteenth section, or from the payment of the rates or fees therein mentioned.

XVI. The Lots in the said Cemetery shall be held to be im- Lots to be real moveable property, and shall be inherited or may be devised or property. assigned and conveyed accordingly, saving only that it shall not How transferbe necessary that such conveyance or assignment be before a Notary or Notaries, but may be made in writing and executed before two witnesses in the form of Schedule A to this Act annexed, which shall be a valid conveyance thereof: Provided Proviso: nevertheless that no such conveyance shall be valid and effectual be registered. until the same shall be entered or enregistered in a book or books to be kept by the Company for that purpose, nor until the person or persons making the same shall previously discharge all debts actually due by him or them to the said Company upon the Lot or Lots so conveyed or assigned; and no hypothec Note subject or incumbrance shall in any wise subsist upon any such Lot, to hypothec, nor shall any other registration of the conveyance or assignment &c. be requisite to its validity.

XVII. The Trustees shall have full power to collect all pay- Trustees may ments or instalments due on Lots heretofore subscribed for, compel paywith interest thereon from the dates at which the said payments ments, &c. became due, or in their discretion to forfeit and declare forfeited the Instalments paid and all right to the Lots so subscribed

XVIII. In the event of the consecration of the said Cemetery Consecration or any part thereof, by any religious denomination holding not to give property therein, such act of consecration shall not be held to powers, &c. invest the said religious body with any exclusive powers of jurisdiction either spiritual or temporal within the said Cemetery, saving the powers invested in such religious bodies under the provisions contained in the fifteenth section of this Act.

XIX. No religious denomination shall be entitled to elect Amount of one Trustee, unless the members of such Religious denomination are subscribers of twenty shares of the Capital Stock of tion to a the said Company.

XX. The real estate of the said Company, and the lots or Lots not liable plots, when conveyed by the Company to individual proprieto taxation, tors, shall be exempt from taxation or assessment of any kind, and not liable to be seized or sold on execution, or attached, or applied to the payment of debts by assignment under any Bankrupt or Insolvent Law.

XXI. Any person who shall wilfully destroy, mutilate, de-

Penalty for injuring the Cemetery, or property in it;

face, injure or remove any tomb, monument, grave-stone or other structure placed in the Cemetery aforesaid, or any fence, railing or other work for the protection of the said Cemetery, or of any tomb, monument, grave-stone or other structure aforesaid, or of any lot within the Cemetery aforesaid, or shall wilfully destroy, cut, break or injure any tree, shrub or plant within the limits of the said Cemetery, or play at any game or sport, or discharge fire arms (save at a military funeral) in the Cemeters aforesaid, or who shall wilfully or unlawfully disturb any persons assembled for the purpose of burying any body therein. or who shall commit any nuisance in such Cemetery, shall be How enforced deemed guilty of misdemeanour, and shall upon conviction

thereof, before any Justice of the Peace, or other Court of competent jurisdiction, be punished by a fine of not less than one pound nor more than ten pounds, according to the nature of the offence, and in default of payment of the said fine shall be liable to imprisonment in the common gaol of the District of Montreau, for a period of not less than fifteen days nor more than thirty Company may days; and such offender shall also be liable to an action of

also recover damages.

trespass to be brought against him in any court of competent jurisdiction, in the name of the said company, to pay all damages which shall be occasioned by his unlawful act or acts: which money, when recovered, shall be applied under the direction of the Trustees, to the reparation and reconstruction of Members, &c. the property destroyed or injured; and members and officers of the Company may be competent witnesses in such suits.

may be witnesses.

> XXII. The said Corporation shall make regulations for ensuring that all burials within the said Cemetery are conducted in a decent and solemn manner.

By-laws for -regulating burials.

XXIII. No body shall be buried in any Vault under any No burials under Chapels, Chapel or other building in the said Cemetery.

Cemetery to

XXIV. The said Corporation shall make all proper and nebe properly cessary sewers and drains in and about the draining it and keeping it dry; and they may from time to drained by the draining it and keeping it dry; and they may from time to time, as occasion requires, cause any such sewer or drain to Powers for that open into any existing sewer, with the consent in writing of the persons having the management of the street or road, and of the owners and occupiers of the lands through which such opening is made, doing as little damage as possible to the road or ground wherein such sewer or drain may be made, and restoring it to the same or as good condition as it was in be-

purpose.

Company may take land for road from Côte des Neiges.

fore being disturbed.

XXV. The said Company shall have full power and authority to designate and establish, take, appropriate, have and hold the requisite land adjoining the site of the Cemetery. adapted and required for the purposes of the said Company. and for the more easy ingress and egress to and from the said

Cemetery

Cemetery from the City of Montreal and from the Côte des Neiges road, according to the provisions hereinafter contained for acquiring the same; and to dig, take, and carry away stone, Powers for gravel, sand, earth, and other like materials from any adjoining that purpose. or neighbouring lands, and also to cut, make and keep in repair, upon such adjoining or neighbouring lands such ditches, drains and water courses as may be necessary for the effectual draining and carrying off the water from the said Cemetery, and the roads leading thereto; and for the purposes aforesaid, the said Company, and their agents, servants and workmen, are hereby authorized and empowered to enter into and upon the lands and grounds of any person or persons, body or bodies, corporate or politic.

lands which the said Company may be desirous of acquiring for settling for the purposes aforesaid, or from which materials are to be paid in case taken, shall, upon demand made by the Trustees of the said Company and Company, neglect or refuse to agree upon the price or amount proprietor do of damages to be paid for such land, and the appropriation thereof to the use of the said Company, or for the exercise of any such powers as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to name one arbitrator, and for the owner or occupier of such land so required, or with regard to which such power is intended to be exercised as aforesaid, to name another arbitrator, and for the said two arbitrators to name a third, to arbitrate upon, adjudge and determine the amount which the said Company shall pay before taking possession of such land, or exercising such power as aforesaid; and upon such sum being ascertained, due attention being had by the arbitrators in ascertaining the same to the benefits to accrue to the party requiring compensation, it shall be lawful for the said Company Company to to tender such sum to the said party claiming compensation, pay or tender who shall thereupon execute a conveyance to the said Com-awarded, and pany, or such other document as may be requisite, and the said may then Company shall after such tender, whether such conveyance or exercise the document be executed or not, be fully authorized to enter upon tion. and take possession of such land to and for the uses of the said Company, and to hold the same, or to exercise such powers as aforesaid, in such and the like manner as if such conveyance thereof or other document had been executed as aforesaid: Provided always, That if such owner or occupier shall neglect Proviso: in to name an arbitrator for the space of twenty days after having default of appointment of been notified so to do by the said Company, or if the said two Arbitrator or arbitrators do not agree upon such third arbitrator within twenty third Arbitradays after the appointment of the second arbitrator, then upon tor. the application of the said Company, or of the other party, a Circuit Judge shall nominate the second or third arbitrator, in lieu of the one so to be appointed and named, but not appointed or agreed upon by the party or the two first named arbitrators as aforesaid; and any award made by the majority of the said A ward of arbitrators shall be as binding as if the three arbitrators had majority bindconcurred in and made the same.

XXVI. If the owner or owners, occupier or occupiers of any Arbitration

Appointment of Arbitrator on the part of absentees, or unknown proprietors.

XXVII. Whenever any lands or grounds required by the sai Company for the purposes aforesaid are held or owned by an person or persons, bodies politic, corporate, or collegiate who: residence may not be within this Province, or unknown to the said Company, or where the titles to any such lands or grounds may be in dispute, or when the owner or owners of such lands or grounds are unable to treat with the said Company for the sale thereof, or to appoint arbitrators as aforesaid, it shall and may be lawful for the said Company to nominate one indifferent person, and for a Circuit Judge, having jurisdiction in the District of Montreal, on the application of the said Company, to nominate and appoint one other indifferent person, who together with one other person, to be chosen by the persons so named before proceeding to business, or in the event of their disagreeing as to the choice of such other person, to be appointed by any such Judge as aforesaid, before the others preceed to business, shall be arbitrators, to award, determine, adjudge, and order the respective sums of money, which the said Company shall pay to the respective parties entitled to receive the same, for the said lands or damages as aforesaid, and the decision of the majority of such arbitrators shall be binding; which said amount so awarded, the said Company shall pay or cause to be paid to the several parties entitled to the same when demanded: and in any case under this Act, where there shall be no deed conveying the property in question to the Company, a record of the award or arbitration shall be made up and signed by the said arbitrators, or a majority of them, specifying the amount awarded and the cost of such arbitration, which may be settled by the said arbitrators or a majoriy of them, which record shall be registered in the Registry Office for the County of Montreal; and that the expenses of any arbitration under this Act, shall be paid by the said Company, and by them deducted from the amount of such award, if the Company shall, before the appointment of their arbitrator, have tendered an equal or greater sum than that awarded by the arbitrators, and otherwise by the opposite parties, and the arbitrators shall specify in their award by which of the parties the said costs are to be paid.

Payment of amount awarded.

Award in certain cases to stand in place of a Deed.

Costs of arbitration how paid.

Interpretation clause.

XXVIII. In construing this Act, words importing the maculine gender or the singular number only, shall be deemed to include more than one person or thing, and females as well as males, unless there be something in the context repugnant to or inconsistent with such construction; and if there be any omitted case or matter touching which it is necessary that provision be made in order to give full effect to this Act, and to the true intent and object thereof, such provision may be made by any By-Law of the Company not inconsistent with or repugnant to this Act: Provided always, that no By-Law of the Company shall be repugnant to the Laws of Lower Canada, except in a far as the same are modified by this Act.

Proviso.

XXIX. This Act shall be a Public Act.

Public Act.

SCHEDULE A.

FORM OF CONVEYANCE AND ASSIGNMENT.

For value received from do hereby convey and as-, present accepting m unto the said , that certain Lot of land in the Cemetery of the Mount syal Cemetery Company, Parish of Montreal, designated on e plan of the ground and in the books of the Company as Lot , Section , containing sperficial feet, together with all the rights and privileges ereunto belonging, subject however to the By-Laws and reilations from time to time made by the Company.

Witness our hands hereunto subscribed, at this ıy of one thousand eight hundred and

Witnesses,

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CAP. CXXIX.

n Act to cancel part of the Letters Patent for the endowment of a Rectory in the Township of Warwick.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

HEREAS lot number twenty-five, in the first concession Preamble. south of the Egremont Road, in the Township of Warick, was by mistake set apart as an endowment for the first ectory of the said Township, constituted on the twenty-first y of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; ad whereas before the issue of the Letters Patent so setting art the said Lot together with other lands, the said Lot was gularly sold to one R. H. Alison, through whom and from hom one James Shaw now claims the same; And whereas is expedient to cancel so much of the said Letters Patent as gards the said lot: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the vice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of mada, enacts as follows:

I. After the passing of this Act, so much of the said Letters Patent for the tent as relates to Lot number twenty-five in the first conces- said lot 25 n south of the Egremont Road, in the Township of Warwick, a new Patent ill be and be taken to be cancelled to all intents and purposes, may issue. that the Governor in Council may cause a new Patent to issued instead thereof to the party or parties justly entitled reto.

CAP. CXXX.

An Act to amend the Act to enable Ministers of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in this Province to solemnize Matrimony and to keep Registers of Marriages, Baptisms and Burials.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

18 V. c. 58.

HEREAS it is expedient to amend the Act passed in the eighteenth year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled, A Act to enable Ministers of the Evangelical Lutheran Church! this Province to solemnize Matrimony and to keep Registere Marriages, Baptisms and Burials; Therefore, Her Majesty, 5 and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Section 1 of the said Act. repealed.

I. The first section of the Act mentioned in the preamble s this Act is hereby repealed; and the following section shall be substituted in lieu thereof, and shall be held to be the first section of the said Act:

Ministers of the said persuasion to have the benefit of the Act of U.C., 11 G. 4, c. 36, although not Majesty, provided they take the oath of allegiance and otherwise comply with the said Act.

"In Upper Canada, all the powers, privileges and advantage by the Act of the Legislature of the late Province of Upp: Canada, passed in the eleventh year of the reign of His Majest King George the Fourth, and intituled, An Act to make valid certain Marriages heretofore contracted and to provide for the future solemnization of Matrimony in this Province, confered subjects of Her upon or vested in any Clergyman or Minister of any of the several religious denominations mentioned in the third section of the said Act, shall be and the same are hereby conferred upon and vested in any Clergyman, Minister, or Pastor of in said Religious denomination called The Evangelical Luther: Church, whether he be or be not a subject of Her Majesty birth or naturalization, (provided he shall take the oath of allgiance to Her Majesty and otherwise comply with the requirments of the fourth section of the said last cited Act,) as full and effectually to all intents and purposes, and upon the sar conditions and restrictions with respect to his ordination, es stitution and appointment as such Clergyman, Minister Pastor, as if the Evangelical Lutheran Church aforesaid bbeen among the number of religious denominations mentions in the said third section, and subject to all the penalties impose by the said Act for any contravention of the provisions thered

Public Act.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

3.

CAP. CXXXI.

Act to incorporate the Society called the Union f St. Joseph of Montreal.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

THEREAS an Association under the name of the Union Preamble. of St. Joseph of Montreal, has existed for several years the City of Montreal, having for its object the aid of its nbers in case of sickness, and the ensuring of like assistance other advantages to the widows and children of deceased nbers; And whereas the members of the said Association e prayed to be incorporated, and it is expedient to grant r petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the ice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly Canada, enacts as follows:

. Louis Leclaire, S. T. Rathé, Jacques Alexis Plinguet, Certain pervid Leblanc, Antoine Bazinet, J. B. Duplessis, L. Théophile sons incorporscarbeau, Michel Cyr, Louis Chabot, C. A. Rochon, Alexis vreau, Louis Longpré, together with such other persons as w are members of the said institution, or may hereafter come members thereof, in virtue of this Act, shall be, and they hereby constituted a body politic and corporate, in fact and name, under the name of the Union of St. Joseph of Montreal, Corporate d by that name shall have power from time to time, and at name and geny time hereafter to purchase, acquire, possess, hold, exchange, cept and receive for themselves and their successors, all Amount of ids, tenements and hereditaments, and all real or immoveable real property tate, being and situated in Lower Canada, necessary for the limited. tual use and occupation of the said Corporation, and the said operty to hypothecate, sell, alienate and dispose of, and to quire other instead thereof for the same purposes; and any Majority to ajority whatsoever of the said Corporation, for the time being, make Byall have full power and authority to make and establish such laws. les, regulations and by-laws, in no respect inconsistent with is Act, nor with the laws then in force in Lower Canada, as ey may deem expedient and necessary for the interests and lministration of the affairs of the said Corporation, and for e admission of members thereof; and the same to amend ad repeal, from time to time, in whole or in part, and also ich regulations and by-laws as may be in force at the time of le passing of this Act; such majority may also execute and Further iminister, or cause to be executed and administered all and powers of very the other business and matters appertaining to the said majority. orporation, and to the government and management thereof, 1 so far as the same may come under their control, respect eing nevertheless had to the regulations, stipulations, proisions and by-laws to be hereafter passed and established.

II. Provided always, that the rents, revenues and profits Appropriation rising out of every description of moveable property belonging o

Union of St. Joseph—Incorp.

certain purposes only.

to the said Corporation, shall be appropriated and employe exclusively for the benefit of the members of the said Coron tion, and for the erection and repair of the buildings necesse for the purposes of the said Corporation, and for the payme of expenses legitimately incurred in carrying out any of the objects above referred to.

III. All real and personal estate at present the property (

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Property of Association transferred to Corporation.

the said Association, or which may hereafter be acquired b the members thereof in their capacity as such, by purchase donation or otherwise, and all debts, claims and rights which they may be possessed of in such capacity, shall be and they are hereby transferred to the Corporation constituted by this Act and the said Corporation shall be charged with all the liabilities and obligations of the said Association, and the rules, regula tions and by-laws now or hereafter to be established for the management of the said Association, shall be and continue w be the rules, regulations and by-laws of the said Corporation, until altered or repealed in the manner prescribed by this Act

Also liabili-

Corporation to appoint Officers, &c.

IV. The members of the said Corporation, for the time being, or the majority of them, shall have power to appoint administrators or managers for the administration of the property of the Corporation, and such officers, managers, administrators of servants of the said Corporation, as may be required for the due management of the affairs thereof, and to allow to them respectively a reasonable and suitable remuneration; and all officers so appointed shall have the right to exercise such other powers and authorities for the due management and administration of the affairs of the said Corporation, as may be conferred upon them by the regulations and by-laws of the said Corporation.

Annual Report ture.

V. The said Corporation shall be bound to make annual to the Legisla- reports to both Branches of the Legislature, containing a general statement of the affairs of the Corporation, which said reports shall be presented within the first twenty days of every Session of the Legislature.

Public Act.

VI. This Act shall be a Public Act.

CAP. CXXXII.

An Act to incorporate the Lachute College.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

HEREAS a number of the principal inhabitants of the Village of Lachute and others in the County of Argenhave represented that in order to the well working of a certain educational and agricultural establishment commenced in the Village of Lachute, and for the greater advantage of Education

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ducation in the said County, it is desirable that certain perns should be incorporated under the name of the "Lachute ollege"; And whereas it is expedient to grant their prayer, asmuch as such incorporation would be advantageous to the elfare and progress of Education, as well in the said locaies in particular, as for the country in general: Therefore, Her ajesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative ouncil and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. John Meikle, Thomas Christie, the Rev. Thomas Henry, Certain pere Rev. Walter Scott, the Rev. James Bishop, Thomas Lockie, sons incorporhomas Pollock, John McAllister, and Thomas Morrison, all ated. the Village of Lachute, in the County of Argenteuil, and ach other persons as shall, under the provisions of this Act, acceed them in the offices, duties and obligations which they hall perform and hold under this Act, shall be and they are ereby constituted a body politic and corporate in deed and in ame, by the name of the "Lachute College," and shall, by Corporate he same name, from time to time and at all times hereafter, name and gene able and capable to enter into contracts generally, and to eral powers. ourchase, acquire, hold, possess, exchange, sell, accept and May hold real eceive for them and their successors, to and for the uses and property and surposes of the said Corporation, any lands, tenements, here-constituted litaments situate in this Province, and required for the actual ase and occupation only of the said corporation, or any consituted rents in money, also in this Province, and to sell, and dienate the same, and acquire others by any title whatsoever for the same purposes; and they shall have full power and By-laws. authority to make and establish such By-laws, Rules and Regulations as they shall think proper for the government of the said College, which shall not be altered or repealed otherwise than in such manner and by such number of votes as they shall have determined in making and establishing the same, at the general meetings of the Corporation, which are to be called by the Secretary-Treasurer, (hereafter to be appointed,) by order of the President or three of the Directors, and at which any Quorum of seven members shall form a Quorum, and be entitled to pass Directors. Resolutions and give decisions, adopt plans and measures, and put the same into execution, in order to promote and advance Education, for which purpose they are constituted a Corporation as aforesaid: Provided always, that nothing in the Proviso. aforesaid By-laws, Rules and Regulations, Decisions, Plans and Measures, shall be contrary to this Act or the laws in force in this Province.

ll. Provided always, that all the rents, revenues, issues and Funds to be profits whatsoever, of the said Corporation, shall be appro-devoted solely priated and exclusively applied to the support of the said Col- to education. lege, the welfare of Education, and to the construction, repairing and renting of buildings necessary for the purposes of the Corporation, and in such manner as the members of the Corporation shall judge best to attain the said purposes, which shall

not be other than those of Education.

Power to sue,

Service of process.

III. Under the said corporate name of the "Lachute Corlege," the said Corporation may sue and be sued in any Coun of Law or Equity in this Province, and for the purposes of such suits or actions, service of process may and shall be made upon the President of the said Corporation, and not otherwise.

IV. The Directors of the said Corporation for the time being.

Directors may nies and

appoint Attor- or a majority of them, in such manner as shall be provided by Teachers, &c. their By-laws, shall have power to appoint such Attornies as Administrators of the property of the Corporation, and such persons as they shall think proper for the purposes of Education, and to grant them respectively such salary or remuneration as they shall think proper, and entrust such persons with the duty of teaching on such charges and conditions, and in such forms and under such system as they shall deem preferable: May enter into and the Directors of the Corporation may enter into an agree ment with the School Trustees of their School Municipality, and the said Trustees, under this Act, may also enter into an agreement with the said members of the Corporation, so as to unite their efforts and resources in order to place the Elementary Schools in connection or in relation with the College, and thus favour Elementary Education.

agreements with School Trustees.

Directors how chosen.

under this Act, to be elected before the first of October next, Term of office, shall act as Directors for the space of three years, except that after the first Election of the Board of Directors, two of them. (to be determined by lot) shall go out of office at the end of one year, and two more (to be determined in like manner) shall go out at the end of two years, and the remaining three at the end of three years -to be computed from the day on which the first meeting of the members of the Corporation shall take place, at which meeting they shall be elected, and which may be called at any time after the passing of this Act, by any three of the

V. Seven of the said members of the Corporation created

Election.

Quorum.

Replacing, bers.

President, &c. above named members; and the said Directors so chosen, shall. from their number, elect a President and Secretary-Treasurer: and the said Board of Directors shall always be composed of seven members, and no more, and four of whom shall form a Quorum; and the Directors shall, on retiring from office, be retiring Mem- replaced by others, to be elected at the General Annual Meeting of the said Corporation.

Casual vacancies how tilled.

VI. If one or more vacancy shall happen among the Directors, by reason of permanent absence from the District, death. or incapacity by sickness, or otherwise, they shall be replaced by the members of the Corporation called together for that purpose by order of the President, at which meeting, he may, or, in his absence, any one of the Directors may be chosen to preside.

As to re elec-

VII. No Director shall be re-elected, except by his own contion of Direct sent, during three years next after his going out of office.

VIII.

VIII. The said Corporation shall, when required by either Returns may of the three branches of the Legislature, transmit a Return, be required by shewing the amount of real or other property held by them the Legislature. under the provisions of this Act, and the income derived therefrom, together with a List of the Directors and officers of the said Corporation, a Copy of the By-laws, and a Statement of the course of Study pursued.

IX. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

1856.

Public Act.

CAP. CXXXIII.

An Act to amend the Act incorporating the Order of the Sons of Temperance in Canada West.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

HEREAS the Act passed in the Session held in the Preamble. fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty's Reign, 14 & 15 V. "to incorporate the Grand Division and Subordinate Divisions c. 159." "of the Order of the Sons of Temperance in Canada West," does not contain any provision whereby the members of the Corporations thereby created are rendered competent as witnesses in cases to which such Corporations may be parties, and it is desirable to supply the omission of such provision: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. Each and every member of the Corporation of "the Grand Members of "Division of the Order of the Sons of Temperance in Canada the Corpora-"West," created by the Act referred to in the Preamble of this competent Act, or of any subordinate Division of the said Order, incorpo-witnesses in rated under the provisions of the said Act, shall be competent suits where it to be examined as a witness for or on behalf of or against any party in any suit, or proceeding either at law or in equity, to which the Corporation of which he is a member may be a party; any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. This Act shall be a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. CXXXIV.

An Act to authorize the Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas, and Chancery, for Upper Canada, to admit Geoffry Hawkins to practise as an Attorney and Solicitor therein respectively.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

THEREAS it appears that Geoffry Hawkins, of the City Preamble. of Toronto, Gentleman, hath been duly admitted, and of Toronto, Gentleman, hath been duly admitted, and now is an Attorney of Her Majesty's Courts of Common Law 37

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at Westminster, and a Solicitor in Her Majesty's High Cour. of Chancery in England, and that the said Geoffry Hawkins hath been in actual service, not under articles, for upwards of one year with practising Attornies in Upper Canada; And whereas the said Geoffry Hawkins hath presented his petition, praying that the Court of Queen's Bench, the Court of Common Pleas, and the Court of Chancery for Upper Canada, may be authorized in their discretion to admit him to practise as an Attorney and Solicitor therein respectively, and it is reasonable and expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

The said Courts may, in their discretion, admit G. Hawkins to practise.

I. It shall and may be lawful for the Court of Queen's Bench. the Court of Common Pleas, and the Court of Chancery in Upper Canada, respectively, in their discretion to admit the said Geoffry Hawkins to practise as an Attorney and Solicito: therein respectively, any Law or Statute to the contrary not withstanding.

Public Act.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. CXXXV.

An Act to authorize the Courts of Queen's Bench. Chancery, and Common Pleas, in Upper Canada, to admit Benjamin Walker to practise as an Attorney and Solicitor therein respectively.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

THEREAS Benjamin Walker, of the City of Toronto. Gentleman, hath, by his petition, represented that he is duly admitted and enrolled as an Attorney of the Count of Queen's Bench, and Solicitor of the High Court of Chancery of England, and was for several years engaged in the practice of his profession in the Island of Jamaica, and has since been Her Majesty's Vice-Consul at Charleston, in the State of South Carolina, that he is now settled in Upper Canada, and intendto become a permanent resident therein, and is desirous of practising his profession, but is advised that he cannot be admitted as an Attorney and Solicitor in the Courts there without a Special Act, which he has prayed may be passed; And whereas it is expedient to grant the prayer of his petition Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts 35 follows:

The said Courts may, in their dis-

I. It shall and may be lawful for the Court of Queen's Bench. the Court of Common Pleas, and the Court of Chancery, " Upper Canada, respectively, in their discretion to admit the 93.6 said Benjamin Walker to practise as an Attorney and Solicitor cretion, admit therein respectively; any Law or Statute to the contrary not-B. Walker to withstanding.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. CXXXVI.

An Act to authorize the Court of Chancery, and the Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas, in Upper Canada, to admit Thomas Wright Lawford to practise as a Solicitor and Attorney.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

MI HEREAS by an Act of the Legislature of Upper Canada, Preamble. passed in the second year of the Reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled, An Act to repeal part of Act of U. C., and amend an Act passed in the thirty-seventh year of His late 2 G. 4, c. 5. Majesty's Reign, intituled, 'An Act for the better regulating 'the practice of the law,' and to extend the provisions of the same, it is amongst other things enacted, That from and after the passing of the said Act, no person shall be admitted by the Court of King's Bench to practise as an Attorney unless upon an actual service under articles for five years with some practising Attorney; And whereas it appears by the Petition of Thomas Wright Lawford of the Town of London, in the County of Middlesex in this Province, gentleman, and by certificates and documents attached thereto and produced in support thereof, that the Petitioner was duly articled to John Jackson Price, of Swansea, in the County of Glamorgan, in the United Kingdom, then a practising Attorney of Her Majesty's Courts of Exchequer, Queen's Bench and Common Pleas, as also a Solicitor in Her Majesty's High Court of Chancery in England, and studied with the said John Jackson Price, for the term of two years and a half, and was then assigned to Edward Lawford of the City of London, in England, also an Attorney of all Her Majesty's said Courts, and remained with the said Edward Lawford, for a further period of two years and a half, making in all five years; And whereas it also appears that the Petitioner has taken the usual oaths of allegiance for admission, and was duly admitted and is now an Attorney of Her Majesty's Courts of Exchequer, Queen's Bench and Common Pleas, and also a Solicitor of the High Court of Chancery in England; And whereas it also appears that the Petitioner came into this Province in the month of September last, and settled in the Town of London, with the intention of practising his profession; And whereas the said Petitioner is desirous of practising in the Courts of Law and Equity in this Province, and it is expedient to relieve him from the disability imposed by the said Act: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Courts of Q. B, C. P. and Chancery may, in their discretion, admit T. W. Lawford to practise there-

I. It shall and may be lawful for the Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas in Upper Canada, in their discretion, to admit the said Thomas Wright Lawford, without further servitude or oath of allegiance, to practise as an Attorney of the said Courts; and it shall also be lawful for the Court of Chancery in Upper Canada, in its discretion, to admit the said Thomas Wright Lawford to practise as a Solicitor in the said Court of Chancery, without further oath of allegiance or servitude; any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Public Act.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. CXXXVII.

An Act to authorize the Courts of Queen's Bench, Common Pleas and Chancery in Upper Canada, to admit Hewitt Bernard to practise as an Attorney and Solicitor therein.

THEREAS Hewitt Bernard, of the Town of Barrie, in the

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

County of Simooe, in this Province, hath by his Petition set forth, that after a period of five years' service under articles of Clerkship, he hath been admitted an Attorney of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature of the Island of Jamaica, and a Solicitor of Her Majesty's High Court of Chancery for that Island; And whereas by the certificates produced by the said Hewitt Bernard it appears that the said Hewitt Bernard was admitted as such Attorney as of October Term in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-six; And whereas the said Hewitt Bernard hath been under articles of Clerkship to a practising Attorney or Attornies of Her Majesty's Courts of Queen's Bench and Chancery of Upper Canada, since the fourteenth day of May in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, and hath served for a period of nearly four years under such articles in this Province; And whereas by a certain Act of the Parliament of Upper Canada, passed in the seventh year of the Reign of King William the Fourth, intituled, An Act to amend the Law for the admission of Barristers and Al-7 W. 4, c. 15. tornies, and to provide for the further relief of William Convay Keele, it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for the Court of King's Bench, in its discretion, to admit any duly admitted Attorney or Solicitor of His Majesty's Courts of Law or Equity in England or Ireland, or any writer to the signet or Solicitor before the Higher Courts in Scotland, to practise as an Attorney of the Court of King's Bench in this Province, upon sufficient proof being given that such Attorney, Solicitor or writer to the signet aforesaid, has served under articles of Clerkship to 8 practising Attorney in this Province for the space of three years; And whereas the said Hewitt Bernard is now desirous that the

privilege of such admission should be extended to him, and

Act of U. C.,

that he should be admitted to practise at Law as an Attorney and Solicitor in this Province; And whereas it is reasonable under the circumstances of the case that the Courts of Law and Equity in this Province should be authorized, in their discretion, to admit the said Hewitt Bernard to practise as such Attorney and Solicitor: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. It shall and may be lawful for the Courts of Queen's The said Bench and Common Pleas and the High Court of Chancery of Courts may, Upper Canada, in their discretion and upon sufficient proof in their dis-cretion, admit being given that the said Hewitt Bernard has served under H. Bernard articles of Clerkship to a practising Attorney in this Province to practise for the space of three years, to admit the said Hewitt Bernard therein. as an Attorney and Solicitor of those Courts respectively; any Law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

Public Act.

CAP. CXXXVIII.

An Act to authorize the Court of Chancery, and the Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas, in Upper Canada, to admit William Lynn Smart, to practise as an Attorney and Solicitor.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

THEREAS by an Act of the Legislature of Upper Canada, Preamble. passed in the second year of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fourth, intituled, An Act to repeal part of, Act of U.C., and amend an Act passed in the thirty-seventh year of His late ² G. 4, c. 5. Majesty's reign, intituled, ' An Act for the better regulating the practice of the law,' and to extend the provisions of the same, it is amongst other things enacted, that from and after the passing of the said Act, no person shall be admitted by the Court of King's Bench to practise as an Attorney, unless by an actual service under articles for five years with some practising Attorney; And whereas it appears by the Petition of William Lynn Smart, of the Town of Woodstock, County of Oxford, and Province of Canada, gentleman, and by certificates and documents produced in support thereof, that the Petitioner was duly articled for five years to John Edward Buller, of Lincoln's Inn Fields, in the County of Middlesex, England, in the United Kingdom, a practising Attorney of Her Majesty's Courts of Queen's Bench, Exchequer and Common Pleas, also a Solicitor in Her Majesty's High Court of Chancery in that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain called England; And whereas it also appears that the Petitioner having passed the usual examination and taken the oaths of allegiance for admission, was duly admitted, and now is an Attorney of Her Majesty's

Courts

Courts of Queen's Bench, Exchequer, Common Pleas and Bankruptcy, and also a Solicitor of the High Court of Chancery in England, and practised as such until May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, when the Petitioner left England for this Province; And whereas the said Petitioner is desirous of practising in the Courts of Law and Equity in this Province, and it is expedient to relieve him from the disability imposed by the said Act: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

The said Courts may, in their discretion, admit W. L. Smart to practise therein.

I. It shall and may be lawful for the Courts of Queen's Bench and Common Pleas in Upper Canada, in their discretion, to admit the said William Lynn Smart, without further servitude or oath of allegiance, to practise as an Attorney of the said Courts; And it shall also be lawful for the Court of Chancery in Upper Canada aforesaid, in its discretion, to admit the said William Lynn Smart, to practise as a Solicitor in the said Court of Chancery, without further servitude or oath of allegiance as aforesaid; any law or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Public Act

II. This Act shall be deemed a Public Act.

CAP. CXXXIX.

An Act to naturalize Alfred Falkenberg.

[Assented to 1st July, 1856.]

Preamble.

WHEREAS Alfred Falkenberg, late of Gottenburg, in the Kingdom of Sweden, and now of Quebec, in this Province, merchant, hath represented by his Petition, that he has been a resident in this Province during the last three years, and that he has determined to become a permanent resident in this Province, and has prayed that he may be naturalized as a subject of Her Most Gracious Majesty; And whereas it is expedient that his prayer should be granted: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

Alfred Falkenberg to be deemed a British Subject.

Proviso: to take Oath of Allegiance within a certain time. I. The said Alfred Falkenberg shall be deemed, adjudged and taken to be, and to have been ever since he has resided in this Province, a natural born British subject of Her Majesty and of Her Royal Predecessors, to all intents, constructions and purposes whatsoever, as if he had been born in this Province; Provided always, that in order to entitle himself to the benefit of this Act, the said Alfred Falkenberg shall take and subscribe, within three months from the date of the passing of this Act, before the Clerk of the Peace of the District of Quebec, (who is hereby authorized and directed to administer the same,) the oath of Allegiance to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, and that such oath so taken and subscribed shall be kept by the said Clerk of the Peace among the records of his office.

Public Act.

II. This Act shall be taken to be a Public Act.





STATUTES

OF THE

PROVINCE OF CANADA

PASSED IN THE

NINETEENTH AND TWENTIETH YEARS OF THE REIGN OF HER: MAJESTY

QUEEN VICTORIA

AND IN THE SECOND SESSION OF THE FIFTH PARLIAMENT OF CANADA.

Begun and holden at Toronto on the Fifteenth of February, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-Six.

RESERVED ACT.



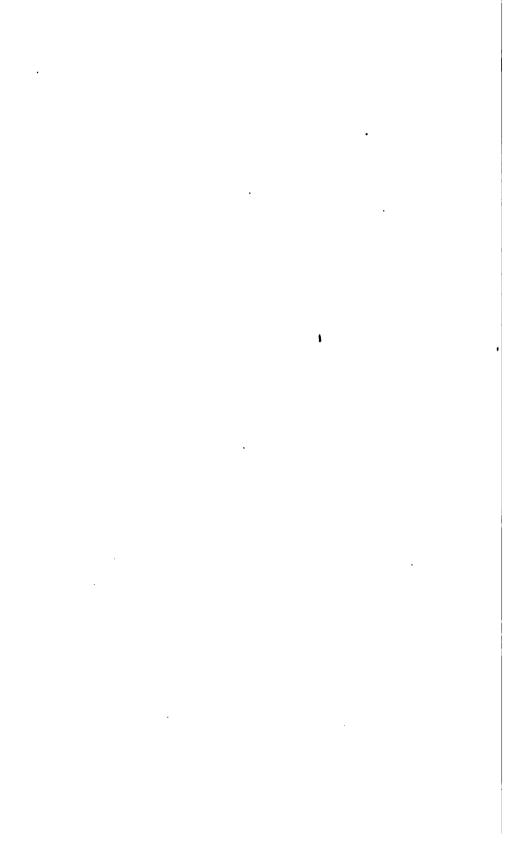
HIS EXCELLENCY

SIR EDMUND WALKER HEAD, BARONET, GOVERNOR GENERAL.

TORONTO:

PRINTED BY STEWART DERBISHIRE & GEORGE DESBARATS, Law Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

Anno Domini, 1856.





ANNO DECIMO-NONO ET VICESIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ.

CAP. CXL.

An Act to change the Constitution of the Legislative Council by rendering the same Elective.

Reserved for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure 16th May, 1856. The Royal Assent given by Her Majesty in Council on the 24th June, 1856; and Proclamation thereof made by His Excellency Sir EDMUND WALKER HEAD, Governor General, in the Canada Gazette of the 14th July, 1856.

TAT HEREAS by an Act of the Parliament of the United Preamble. Kingdom passed in the seventeenth and eighteenth Imperial Act, years of the Reign of Her Most Gracious Majesty, chaptered 17 & 18 V. one hundred and eighteen " to empower the Legislature of c. 118. "Canada to alter the Constitution of the Legislative Council " for that Province, and for other purposes," it is enacted, That the Legislature of this Province may change the Constitution of the Legislative Council of the said Province, and make other provisions relative to the same subject and to other subjects therein mentioned: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The Legislative Council shall hereafter be composed of How the Lethe present Members thereof, and of forty-eight Members to be gislative Council shall elected, in the proportion and at the times and in the manner be constituted hereinafter provided; and to this end, the Province shall be hereafter. divided into forty-eight Electoral Divisions, twenty-four in Upper Canada and twenty-four in Lower Canada, in the manner set forth in Schedule A.

II. The present Councillors shall continue to hold their seats Present Counas heretofore, subject to the conditions contained in the Impeciallors contained in the Impecial rial Act of the third and fourth Victoria, chapter thirty-five, "to re-unite the Provinces of Upper and Lower Canada and " for the Government of Canada."

III. The Elective Members shall be elected for eight years. Term of ser-

Qualification of Elective Councillors.

IV. No person shall be eligible or shall sit or vote as a Legilative Councillor unless he be a British Subject by birth or naturalization, resident in Canada, of the full age of thirty years, and be legally or equitably seized as of freehold, for his own use and benefit, of lands or tenements held in free and common soccage, or seized or possessed, for his own use and benefit, of lands or tenements held in fief, franc-aleu or roture in this Province, of the value of two thousand pounds currency over and above all debts, charges and dues, nor unless his residence or his lands or tenements as aforesaid to the value aforesaid be within the limits of the Electoral Division for which he shall seek to be, or shall have been, elected.

V. No person shall be elected a Legislative Councillor who Disqualification in certain is a public defaulter, or shall have been convicted of felony. cases. or of any infamous crime.

Members of the other House.

VI. No Member of one House shall be elected a member of the other.

Forfeiture of Seat of Elective Councillors in certain CREES.

VII. The seat of an Elective Legislative Councillor shall be forfeited in any of the following cases: if he be a public defaulter, or become a Bankrupt, or insolvent, or take the benefit of any law whatsoever in relation to insolvent debtors, or be convicted of felony or of any infamous crime, or shall cease to hold a property qualification required by the fourth clause.

Writs for the

VIII. Upon or before the first day of September next following first Election. the day on which this Act shall receive the Royal Assent, the Governor shall issue Writs for the election of twelve Legislative Councillors to represent the twelve Electoral Divisions first entitled to return Members to the Legislative Council as hereinafter provided; and the said Writs shall be transmitted to the Returning Officers by the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery, and be returnable on the first Tuesday of November following: and in every second year thereafter Writs for the periodical elections shall be issued on or before the first day of September, and returnable the first Tuesday of November.

And for subsequent periodical Elections.

Form of Writs.

IX. The Writs of Election shall be in the form of Schedule B.

Governor to appoint Returning Offi-

X. The Governor shall appoint the Returning Officers for the Electoral Divisions, from among those persons who might by law be Returning Officers at Elections of Members of the Legislative Assembly for places within the limits of such Divisions.

Place of Elec-

XI. The Returning Officer for any Electoral Divisions shall fix a place as nearly as may be in the centre of such Division. for the nomination of Candidates and the proclamation of the Candidate elected.

XII. The electors of Legislative Councillors shall, as regards Electors: quatheir qualification, be the same as those of Members of the lification, &c., Legislative Assembly, and shall vote at the places at which ing. they ordinarily vote at the election of the latter: The boundaries Boundaries of and extent of the Electoral Divisions are defined by Sche-Divisions. dule A.

XIII. The laws relating to the election of Members of the Present Elec-Legislative Assembly, as regards the qualification of Electors,—tion Laws to the issue and return of Writs of Election,—Returning Officers,—manner as the powers and duties of Returning Officers and of Deputy they do to the Returning Officers, and of Election and Poll Clerks,-the Legislative prevention or punishment of offences committed at elections or with respect to elections,—to controverted elections,—and to all matters connected with or incidental to elections,—shall, except where such laws may be inconsistent with this Act, apply in analogous cases to elections of Legislative Councillors.

XIV. Every candidate for election to the Legislative Council Candidates, if shall, if thereunto required by another candidate, or by an required to elector, or by the Returning Officer, make in person a written ration of prodeclaration in the form of Schedule C; and the provisions of perty qualifithe election laws which prior to the passing of this Act related cation. to the declaration of qualification of candidates for election to the Legislative Assembly, shall, with the exception of the amount of property qualification, apply in a precisely similar manner to the declaration of qualification of the candidate for election to the Legislative Council.

XV. The period for which the Legislative Councillors shall Period of serserve shall commence on the day of the return of the Writs, vice of Councillos, how and shall end upon the day next preceding the return day of reckoned. the Writs for the election of their successors.

XVI. Every Legislative Councillor shall, before taking his Oath of office. seat, take the oath in the Schedule D. before the Clerk of the said Council.

XVII. The order in which the Electoral Divisions shall be Determination by lot of the entitled to return Members to the Legislative Council shall be order in which determined by lot, as soon as possible after the commencement the several of this Act, in the manner provided in the Schedule E, and visions shall shall forthwith be made known by Proclamation.

XVIII. For the purpose of such determination by lot, the Proclamation. electoral divisions shall be united in groups of four each, as in Divisions to Schedule F.

XIX. Periodical Elections of Legislative Councillors to re-Periodical present the several electoral divisions shall take place in the Elections of order determined by lot and made known by Proclamation as Councillors. aforesaid;

become entitled to representatives. be formed into groups.

aforesaid; the twelve Electoral Divisions named in the List the "First Drawing" being those first entitled to return Menbers to the said Council, those named in the List of the "Second Drawing" being those next entitled to return Members w the said Council, and so on.

Elective Councillors may resign, &c.

May be reelected.

XX. An Elective Councillor may resign his seat in the same manner and under the same circumstances as a member of the Legislative Assembly; and he may hold his seat until the day next preceding that of the return of the Writ of Election In case of his resigning or going out at the of his successor. expiration of the period for which he is elected, he may be re-elected subject to the conditions contained in this Act.

To be subject to Laws for securing Indepence of Legislative Assembly.

XXI. Elective Legislative Councillors shall, under the same circumstances as Members of the Legislative Assembly, be subject to the laws for securing the independence of the Legislative Assembly of this Province.

Appointment XXII. The acceptance by a Council shall not, however, vacate as Speaker not Speaker of the Legislative Council shall not, however, vacate his seat.

Power of Speaker, &c. in case of vacancy.

XXIII. In cases of accidental vacancy provided for by Sections twenty and twenty-one the Speaker of the Legislative Council, the Legislative Council and the several Member thereof, shall have the same powers and duties as the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly, the Legislative Assembly and the several Members thereof; and the Writs shall be made returnable within fifty days at furthest from the issue thereof.

As to vacancies a short time before periodical vacancy of same seat

XXIV. An accidental vacancy of the seat for any Electoral Division happening within the three months next before the regular periodical vacancy of such seat, shall not be filled until the time appointed for filling such periodical vacancy.

Period of service of Councillors elected to fill accidental vacancies.

XXV. In case of any accidental vacancy of the seat for any electoral division, not provided for by the next preceding section, the period of service of the Councillor elected to fil such vacancy shall be that at which his predecessor would regularly have gone out.

Appointment of Speaker.

XXVI. The Speaker of the Legislative Council shall, as heretofore, be appointed by the Governor, and shall be selected from amongst the Members of the said Council.

Present Speaker to remain till replaced.

XXVII. The Councillor who shall be Speaker at the time of the passing of this Act shall continue to be so until he be replaced by another.

New Assembly to make new Parliament.

XXVIII. Each General Election of Members of the Legislative Assembly shall make a new Parliament, as heretofore.

LOWER

1856.

Cap. 140.

LOWER CANADA.

SCHEDULE A.

	•
Names of Electoral Divisions.	Limits of Electoral Divisions.
Gulf	The Counties of Gaspé, Bonaventure and Rimouski.
Grandville	The Counties of Temiscouata and Kamouraska, the Parishes of St. Roch des Aulnets and St. Jean Port Joli, and the prolongation thereof in a straight line to the Province Line in the County of L'Islet.
De la Durantaye	The remainder of the County of L'Islet, the Counties of Montmagny and Bellechasse and the Parishes of St. Joseph, St. Henri and Notre Dame de la Victoire, in the County of Lévi.
Lauzon	The remainder of the County of Lévi, the Counties of Dorchester and Beauce.
Kennebec	The Counties of Lotbinière, Megantic and Arthabaska.
De la Vallière	The Counties of Nicolet and Yamaska, the Townships of Wendover, Grantham, and that part of Upton which lies in the County of Drummond.
Wellington	The remainder of the County of Drummond, the County of Richmond, the Town of Sherbrooke, the Counties of Wolfe, Compton and Stanstead.
Saurel	The Counties of Richelieu and Bagot, the Parishes of St. Denis, La Présentation, St. Barnabé, and St. Jude, in the County of St. Hyacinth.
Bedford	The Counties of Missisquoi, Brome and Shefford.
Rougemont	The remainder of the County of St. Hyacinth, the Counties of Rouville and Iberville.
Montarville	. The Counties of Verchères, Chambly and Laprairie.
De Lorimier	The Counties of St. John's and Napierville; St. Jean Chrysostôme and Russeltown in the County of Chateauguay; Hemmingford in the County of Huntingdon.
The Laurentides	The Counties of Chicoutimi, Charlevoix, Saguenay and Montmorency, the Seigniory of Beauport, the Parish of Charlesbourg, the Townships of Stoneham and Tewkesbury, in the County of Quebec.

Names of Electoral Divisions.	Limits of Electoral Divisions.
La Salle	The remainder of the County of Quebec, the County of Portneuf, and all that part of the Banlieue of Quebec which lies within the Parish of Notre Dame de Quebec.
Stadacona	The remainder of the City and Banlieue of Quebec.
Shawinegan	The Counties of Champlain and St. Maurice, the Town of Three Rivers, the Parishes of River du Loup, St. Léon, St. Paulin, and the Township of Hunterstown and its augmentation, in the County of Maskinongé.
De Lanaudière	The remainder of the County of Maskinongé, the Counties of Berthier and Joliette, with the exception of the Parish of St. Paul, the Township of Kildare and its augmentation, and the Township of Cathcart.
Repentigny	The Parish of St. Paul, the Township of Kildare and its augmentation, and the Township of Cathcart, in the County of Joliette, the Counties of L'Assomption and Montcalm.
Mille Isles	The Counties of Terrebonne and Two Mountains.
Inkerman	The Counties of Argenteuil, Ottawa and Pontiac.
Alma	The Parishes of Long Point, Pointe aux Trembles, River des Prairies, Sault aux Récollets, in the County of Hochelaga, and that part of the Parish of Montreal which lies to the East of the prolongation of St. Denis Street; the County of Laval, that part of the City of Montreal which lies to the East of Bonsecours and St. Denis Streets, and their prolongation.
Victoria	The remainder of the City of Montreal exclusive of the Parish.
Rigand	The remainder of the Parish of Montreal, and the Counties of Jacques Cartier, Vaudreuil and Soulanges.
De Salaberry	The remainder of the County of Chateauguay, the remainder of the County of Huntingdon, and the County of Beauharnois.

Cap. 140.

UPPER CANADA.

Names of Electoral Divisions	Limits of Electoral Divisions.
Western	The Counties of Essex and Kent.
St Clair	The County of Lambton and the West Riding of Middlesex.
Malahide	The East and West Ridings of Elgin, the East Riding of Middlesex and the City of London.
Tecumseth	The Counties of Huron and Perth.
Saugeen	The Counties of Bruce and Grey and the North Riding of Simcoe.
Brock	The North and South Ridings of Wellington and the North Riding of Waterloo.
Gore	The South Riding of Waterloo and the North Riding of Oxford.
Thames	The South Riding of Oxford and the County of Norfolk
Erie	The East and West Ridings of Brant and the County of Haldimand.
Niagara	The Counties of Lincoln and Welland and the Town of Niagara.
Burlington	The North and South Ridings of Wentworth and the City of Hamilton.
Home	The Counties of Halton and Peel.
Midland	The North Riding of York and the South Riding of Simcoe.
York	. The City of Toronto and the Township of York.
King's	The East and West Ridings of York (except the Town ship of York) and the South Riding of Ontario.
Queen's	The North Riding of Ontario, the County of Victori and the West Riding of Durham.
Newcastle	The East Riding of Durham and the East and West Ridings of Northumberland.
Trent	The County of Peterborough, the North Riding Hastings and the County of Lennox.

Cap. 140.

UPPER CANADA.

	
Names of Electoral Divisions.	Limits of Electoral Divisions.
Quinté	The South Riding of Hastings and the County of Prince Edward.
Cataraque	The Counties of Addington and Frontenac, and the City of Kingston.
Bathurst	The South Riding of Leeds and the North and South Ridings of Lanark.
Rideau	The Counties of Renfrew and Carleton and the City of Ottawa.
St. Lawrence	The Town of Brockville and Township of Elizabeth- town, the South Riding of Grenville, the North Ri- ding of Leeds and Grenville and the County of Dun- das.
Eastern	The Counties of Stormont, Prescott, Russell, Glengarry and the Town and Township of Cornwall.

SCHEDULE B.

PROVINCE OF CANADA.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

To the Returning Officer of

Greeting:

WHEREAS

We therefore command you, firmly enjoining that having first made Proclamation in the said Electoral Division of

, immediately after the receipt of this our Writ, and thereby notified (giving not less than eight days' notice thereof) a day and place for electing a Legislative Councillor to serve for the said Electoral Division of , in our Legislative Council, you cause on the said day and place a Legislative Councillor, the most fit and discreet, to be freely and indifferently chosen to represent the said Electoral Division of , in our Legislative Council, by those who shall be present at the day of election to be fixed by such Proclamation as aforesaid, and the name of such Legislative Councillor so chosen, in certain Indentures between you and those who shall be present at such election (whether the person

person so chosen shall be present or absent) you cause to be inserted, and cause the said person so chosen as aforesaid to come to the said Legislative Council, so that the said Legislative Councillor have full and sufficient power for himself and the commonalty of the said Electoral Division of severally from them to do and consent to those things which then and there by the favor of God shall happen to be ordained by the Common Council of our said Province, upon the said affairs, so that for default of such powers or through improvident election of such Legislative Councillor, the said affairs remain not undone in any wise.

And we will not that any minister of the Churches of England or Scotland, or a Minister, Priest, Ecclesiastic or Teacher, either according to the rites of the Church of Rome or under any other form or profession of religious faith or worship, by any means be chosen. And that you certify forthwith unto Us, into our Chancery at the City of , the said election so made, distinctly and openly, under your seal and the seals of those who shall be present at such election, sending unto Us one part of the said Indentures annexed to these presents, together with this Our Writ.

In testimony whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Our said Province of Canada to be hereunto affixed.

Witness,

At Our Government House, at the City of in Our said Province of Canada, the day of in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and and in the year of Our Reign.

By Command,

A. B.,

Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.

SCHEDULE C.

DECLARATION OF QUALIFICATION.

I, A. B., declare and testify that I am of the full age of thirty years, that I am a British subject, and that I am a resident in (here insert name of Electoral Division in which Candidate resides), that I am duly seized at law (or in equity) as of freehold for my own use and benefit, of the following lands (or tenements) held in free and common soccage, (or duly seized and possessed for my own use and 38 benefit

benefit of lands) (or tenements) held en fief or en roture or en franc-aleu (as the case may be) that is to say, of (here inset a correct and clear description of the lands or tenements forming the property qualification of the candidate and of their local situation,) which said lands (or tenements) I declare to be of the full value of two thousand pounds currency, over and above all rents, mortgages, charges and incumbrances charged upon or due or payable out of or affecting the same: and i further declare that I have not collusively or colourably obtained a title to or become possessed of the said lands (or tenements; or any part thereof, for the purpose of qualifying or enabling me to be returned as a Member of the Legislative Council of this Province.

SCHEDULE D.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

I, A. B., do sincerely promise and swear that I will be faithful and bear true Allegiance to Her Majesty Queen Victoria, as lawful Sovereign of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of this Province of Canada dependent on and belonging to the said United Kingdom; and that I will defend Her to the utmost of my power against all traitorous conspiracies and attempts whatever, which shall be made against Her Person, Crown and Dignity; and that I will do my utmost endeavour to disclose and make known to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, all treasons and traitorous conspiracies and attempts which I shall know to be against Her or any of them; and all this I do swear without any equivocation, mental evasion or secret reservation, and renouncing all pardons and dispensations from any person or persons whatever to the contrary:—So help me God.

SCHEDULE E.

DRAWING BY LOT.

- 1. The Speaker of the Legislative Council shall cause to be placed before the Governor in Council twelve boxes marked respectively 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.
- 2. The names of the forty-eight Electoral Divisions shall be plainly written separately, upon a like number of pieces of paper of the same shape and size.
- 3. The Clerk of the Legislative Council shall place these papers in the boxes, one by one, having first shewn them and then folded them so as to conceal the writing.
- 4. He shall place in each box the names of the Electoral Divisions which form the group in Schedule F, corresponding in number to such box.

- 5. Having shaken the boxes, he shall four several times withdraw one piece of paper from each box in succession, unfold each piece of paper in turn as it is withdrawn, exhibit it, and declare aloud and write down on a list the name written thereon.
- 6. Four lists of names of Electoral Divisions shall in this way be made by the Clerk of the Legislative Council, or four separate pieces of paper previously headed respectively "First Drawing" "Second Drawing" "Third Drawing" and "Fourth Drawing" in each of which lists there will be twelve names.
- 7. These lists shall be then and there authenticated by the signatures of the Executive Councillors present and the counter-signature of the Clerk of the Legislative Council, and shall remain of record in the office of the Executive Council.
- 8. The result of the drawing shall be embodied in a Minute of Council and communicated without delay to the Governor.

SCHEDULE F.

GROUPS OF ELECTORAL DIVISIONS.

LOWER CANADA.

GROUP 1.

Gulf, Grandville, De la Durantaye and Lauzon.

GROUP 2.

The Laurentides, La Salle, Stadacona and Shawinegan.

GROUP 3.

Kennebec, De la Vallière, Wellington and Saurel.

GROUP 4.

De Lanaudière, Repentigny, Mille-Isles and Inkerman.

GROUP 5.

Bedford, Rougemont, Montarville and De Lorimier.

GROUP 6.

Alma, Victoria, Rigaud and De Salaberry.

38* UPPER

UPPER CANADA.

GROUP 7.

Western, St. Clair, Malahide and Tecumseth.

GROUP 8.

Saugeen, Brock, Gore and Thames.

GROUP 9.

Erie, Niagara, Burlington and Home.

GROUP 10.

Midland, York, King's and Queen's.

GROUP 11.

Newcastle, Trent, Quinté and Cataraque.

GROUP 12.

Bathurst, St. Lawrence, Rideau and Eastern.

TORONTO:—PRINTED BY S. DERBISHIRE & G. DESBARATS,
Law Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.





STATUTE

OF THE

PROVINCE OF CANADA

PASSED IN THE

NINETEENTH AND TWENTIETH YEARS OF THE REIGN OF HER MAJESTY

QUEEN VICTORIA

AND IN THE SECOND SESSION OF THE FIFTH PARLIAMENT OF CANADA.

Begun and holden at Toronto on the Fifteenth day of February, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-Six.

RESERVED ACT.

Reprint Title pp. 599-600



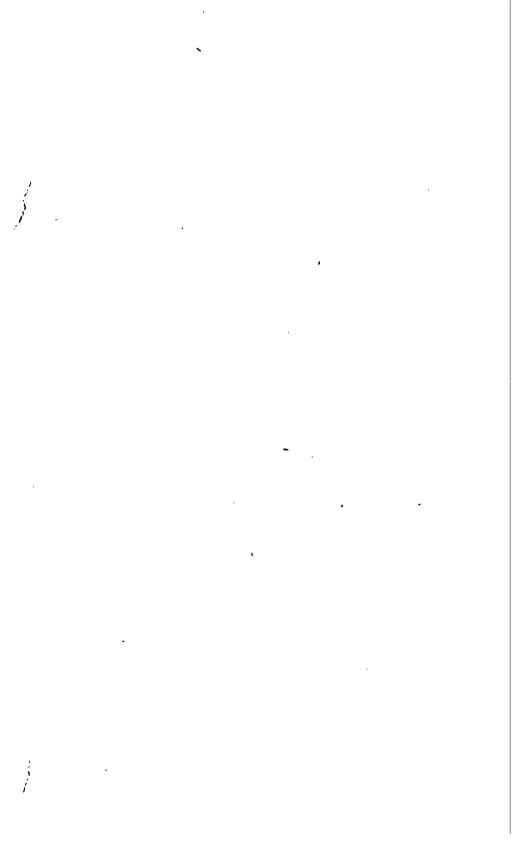
HIS EXCELLENCY

SIR EDMUND WALKER HEAD, BARONET, GOVERNOR GENERAL.

TORONTO:

PRINTED BY STEWART DERBISHIRE AND GEORGE DESBARATS,
LAW PRINTER TO THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

Anno Domini, 1856.





ANNO DECIMO-NONO ET VICESIMO

VICTORIÆ REGINÆ

CAP. CXLI.

An Act to enable the Members of the United Church of England and Ireland in Canada to meet in Synód.

Reserved for the signification of Her Majesty's pleasure, 19th June, 1856.

The Royal Assent given by Her Majesty in Council on the 6th May, 1857; and Proclamation thereof made by His Excellency Sir EDMUSD WALKER HEAD, Baronet, Governor General, in the Canada Gazette of the 28th May, 1867.

WHEREAS doubts exist whether the members of the Uni-Preamble. ted Church of England and Ireland in this Province have the power of regulating the affairs of their Church, in matters relating to discipline, and necessary to order and good government, and it is just that such doubts should be removed, in order that they may be permitted to exercise the same rights of self-government that are enjoyed by other religious communities: Therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of Canada, enacts as follows:

I. The Bishops, Clergy and Laity, members of the United Bishops, ClerChurch of England and Ireland in this Province, may meet in gy and Laity of their several Dioceses, which are now, or may be hereafter of England in constituted in this Province, and in such manner and by such each Diocese proceedings as they shall adopt, frame constitutions and make frame constitutions for enforcing discipline in the Church, for the aptutions and pointment, deposition, deprivation, or removal of any person the governbearing office therein, of whatever order or degree, any rights of ment of the the Crown to the contrary notwithstanding, and for the convenient in such Dioand orderly management of the property, affairs and interests cese. of the Church in matters relating to and affecting only the said Church, and the officers and members thereof, and not in any manner interfering with the rights, privileges or interests of other religious communities, or of any person or persons not being a member or members of the said United Church of

1 *

England

Proviso.

Cap. 141.

England and Ireland: Provided always that such constitutions and regulations shall apply only to the Diocese or Dioceses adopting the same.

They may meet in general assembly sentatives from each Diocese, and frame a constitution and regulations for the said Church, in this Province.

II. The Bishops, Clergy and Laity, members of the United Church of England and Ireland in this Province, may meet in by their repre- general Assembly within this Province, by such Representatives as shall be determined and declared by them in their several Dioceses; and in such general Assembly frame a Constitution and regulations for the general management and good government of the said Church in this Province; Provided

shall impose no tax.

Proviso.

always, that nothing in this Act contained shall authorize the imposition of any rate or tax upon any person or persons whomsoever, whether belonging to the said Church or not, Proviso: they or the infliction of any punishment, fine or penalty upon any person, other then his suspension or removal from an office in the said Church, or exclusion from the meetings or proceedings of the Diocesan or General Synods; And provided also, nothing in the said constitutions or regulations, or any of them, shall be contrary to any Law or Statute now or hereafter in force in this Province.

> TORONTO: -- PRINTED BY S. DERBISHIRE & G. DESBARATS. Law Printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

1856.—19 & 20 VICTORIÆ.

SECOND SESSION, FIFTH PARLIAMENT.

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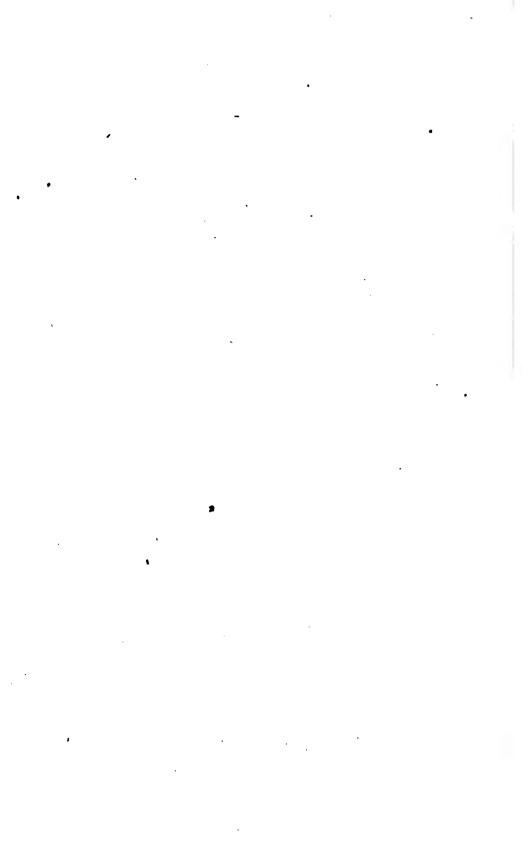
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